

DIGITAL SUPPLEMENT G[†]

Maps and figures for **full hurdle model (zero and non-zero count)** power analyses and significance tests.

Maps depict results in BOEM Atlantic OCS lease blocks.

The user should keep in mind that the spatial distribution of information in maps is dependent on the input data used. There are a variety of reasons that some datasets may not be reflected in these maps: some datasets existed but were not available to us, others were excluded because they were not of a consistent high scientific quality, and others may not yet been collected or made available at the time of this analysis. These maps are intended as a demonstration of the methods described in OCS Study BOEM 2012-101.

SECTION I. Summary Statistic Maps Calculated for All Species [Pages 3-42]

Summary statistics (number of times each lease block was surveyed and average, maximum, and minimum hotspot and coldspot power) were calculated across all species in all seasons combined and for each season individually.

Figures G1-G7. All Seasons Combined [Pages 3-10]

Number of times each lease block was surveyed, summed over all seasons
Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 3x hotspots of abundance
Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 1/3x coldspots of abundance

Figures G8-G14. Spring [Pages 11-18]

Number of times each lease block was surveyed in spring
Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 3x hotspots of abundance
Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 1/3x coldspots of abundance

Figures G15-G21. Summer [Pages 19-26]

Number of times each lease block was surveyed in summer
Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 3x hotspots of abundance
Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 1/3x coldspots of abundance

Figures G22-G28. Fall [Pages 27-34]

Number of times each lease block was surveyed in fall
Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 3x hotspots of abundance
Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 1/3x coldspots of abundance

Figures G29-G35. Winter [Pages 35-42]

Number of times each lease block was surveyed in winter
Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 3x hotspots of abundance
Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 1/3x coldspots of abundance

[†]A digital file supporting OCS Study BOEM 2012-101 / NOAA Technical Memorandum NOS NCCOS 158

Citation for main document:

Kinlan, B.P., E.F. Zipkin, A.F. O'Connell, and C. Caldow. 2012. Statistical analyses to support guidelines for marine avian sampling: final report. U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Office of Renewable Energy Programs, Herndon, VA. OCS Study BOEM 2012-101. NOAA Technical Memorandum NOS NCCOS 158. xiv+77 pp.

SECTION II. Species-specific Power Analysis Maps and Figures [Pages 43-246]

Results of the full hurdle model (for zero and non-zero counts) are presented as a set of 5 figures for each included species in each season. Within each season, species are presented in the same order as in Table 4 of the main document, except that only species for which maps were created (“Maps created?” = “Yes” in 3rd column of Table 4) are included.

Figures G36-G90. Spring power analysis maps and figures (11 species x 5 figures per species). [Pp.43-98]

Figures G91-G125. Summer power analysis maps and figures (7 species x 5 figs. per species). [Pp.99-134]

Figures G126-G185. Fall power analysis maps and figures (12 species x 5 figs. per species). [Pp.135-195]

Figures G186-G235. Winter power analysis maps and figures (10 species x 5 figs. per species). [Pp.196-246]

1st Figure for each Species: Map of the mean count (including any zeros) for this species in this season in BOEM Atlantic OCS lease blocks.

2nd Figure for each Species: Power vs. sample size curves for 3x hotspot and 1/3x coldspot detection for this species, given the selected model fit, reference mean, and reference prevalence.

3rd Figure for each Species: Map of power to detect 3x hotspots of abundance.

4th Figure for each Species: Map of power to detect 1/3x coldspots of abundance.

5th Figure for each Species: Combined map of hotspot (red) and coldspot (blue) significance test p-values, based on one-sample, one-tailed (hotspot) Monte Carlo significance tests of the mean count in each lease block compared to the expectation from the reference mean/prevalence. Darker shading indicates greater statistical significance. Lease blocks that did not approach statistical significance ($p>0.2$) are shown in grey, with the intensity of the shading proportional to the average of 3x hotspot and 1/3x coldspot power values for that cell. That is, the darkest grey shading indicates lease blocks not identified as significant hotspots or coldspots, and for which we can be confident in that result because there was relatively high power to detect a hotspot or coldspot, had it existed. In contrast, light grey shading indicates lease blocks not identified as significant hotspots or coldspots, but for which there was little or no power to detect a hotspot or coldspot, had it existed. The darkest blue lease blocks can therefore be regarded as the most significant coldspots, the darkest red lease blocks as the most significant hotspots, and the darkest grey blocks as places most likely to be neither hotspots nor coldspots. Blank (white) polygons indicate lease blocks that were not surveyed in this season. Hotspot (coldspot) significance does not consider whether high (low) abundances persisted across years or occurred in the same year; if inter-annual persistence is of concern, the temporal distribution of the data should be examined. P-values are not corrected for the large number of simultaneous tests performed (two tests for each lease block that was surveyed in this season), so many of the lighter red and blue lease blocks are likely false positives. Note that there are many more tests performed in these maps than in the corresponding maps presented in Digital Supplement F, because of the larger number of lease blocks considered; the number of false-positives will be correspondingly higher. The most significant values (darkest red and blue) are more reliable, but will still contain some false positives. Similarly, the lightest grey cells have the highest chance of being false negatives, whereas the darkest grey cells have the lowest chance of being false negatives.

DIGITAL SUPPLEMENT G

Full Hurdle Model (Zero & Non-Zero Counts) Results

SECTION I. Summary Statistic Maps Calculated for All Species

Figures G1-G7. All Seasons Combined

- Number of times each lease block was surveyed, summed over all seasons
- Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 3x hotspots of abundance
- Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 1/3x coldspots of abundance

Survey Effort (All Seasons)

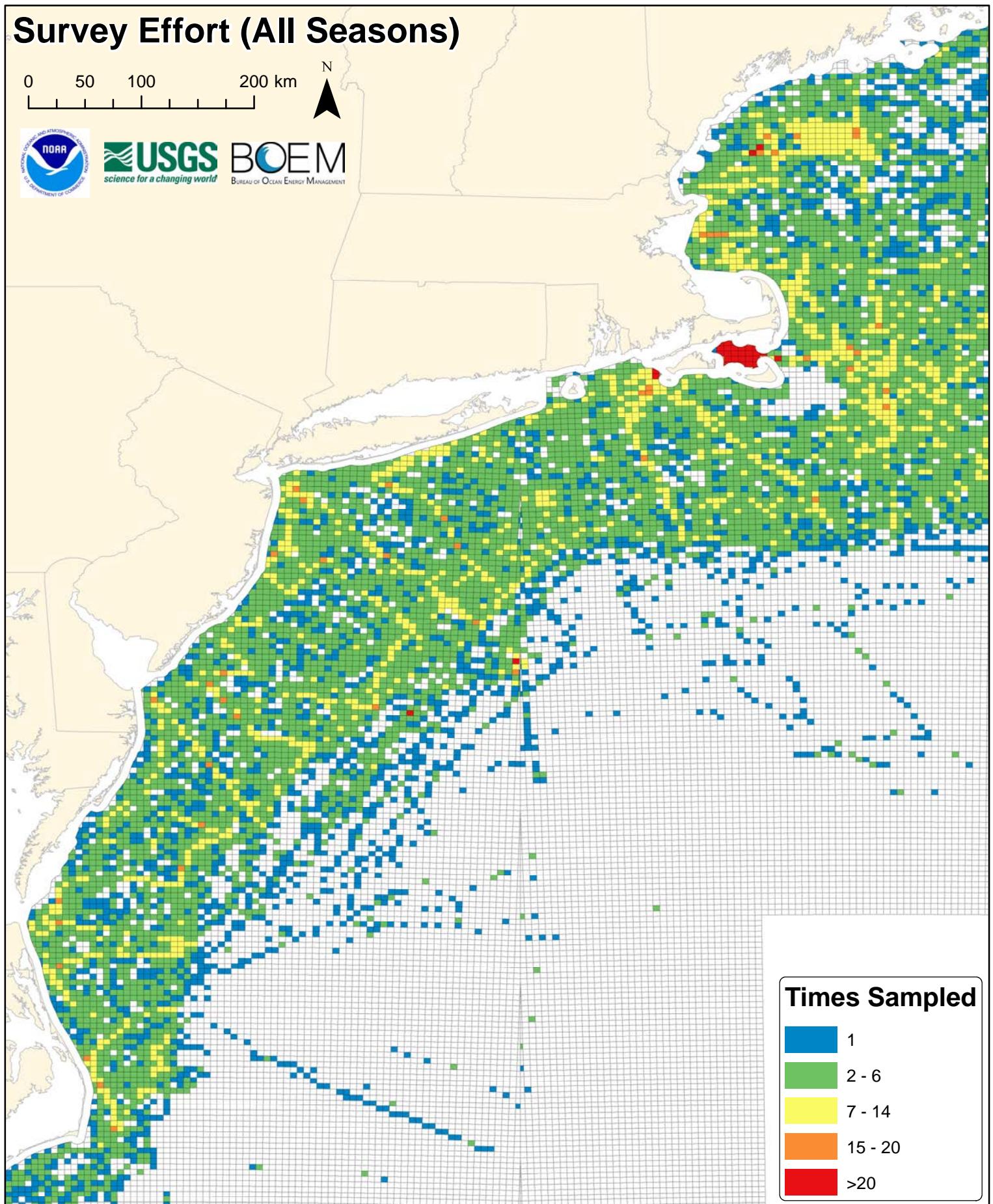
0 50 100

200 km



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Times Sampled

1
2 - 6
7 - 14
15 - 20
>20

All Species - All Seasons

Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km

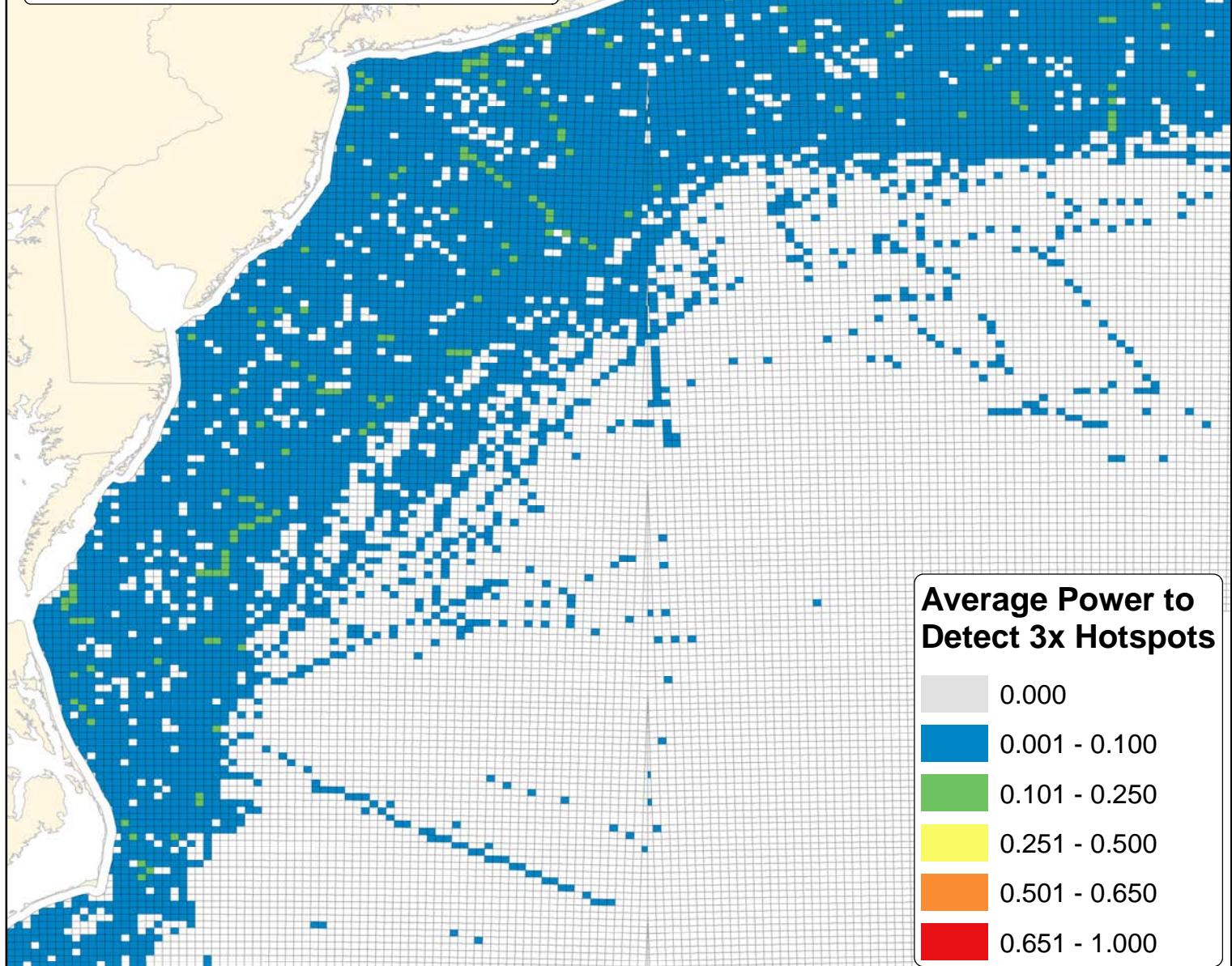


Spring Species (11): COEI, COLO, COTE, GRSH, HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, REPG, WISP, WWSC

Summer Species (7): COTE, GBBG, GRSH, LAGU, LTDU, RAZO, WISP

Fall species (12): BLKI, BLSC, COSH, GBBG, GRSH, HERG, LAGU, NOFU, NOGA, RAZO, RTLO, SUSC

Winter Species (10): BLKI, COEI, COLO, DOVE, HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, SUSC, WWSC



All Species - All Seasons

Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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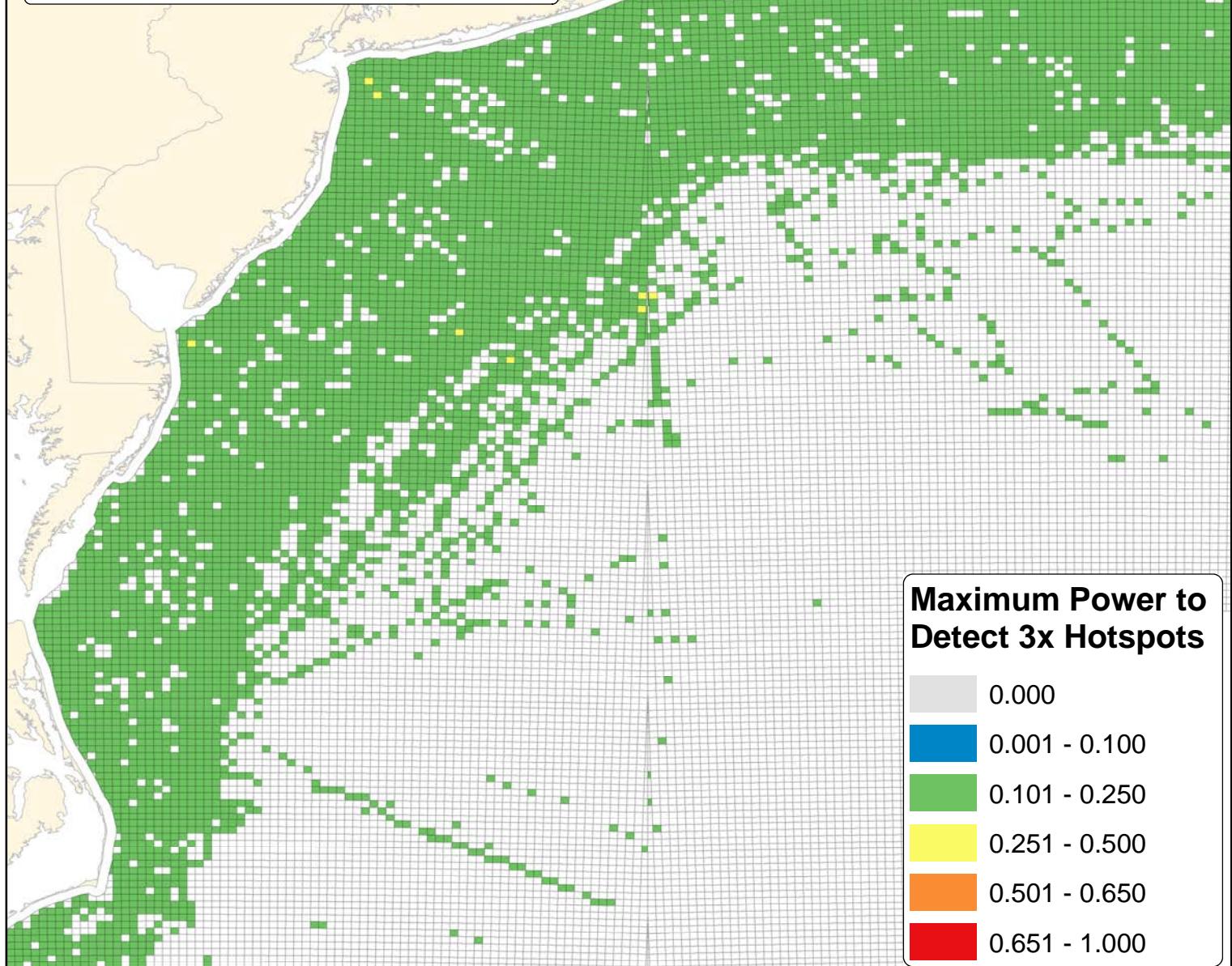
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Spring Species (11): COEI, COLO, COTE, GRSH, HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, REPG, WISP, WWSC

Summer Species (7): COTE, GBBG, GRSH, LAGU, LTDU, RAZO, WISP

Fall species (12): BLKI, BLSC, COSH, GBBG, GRSH, HERG, LAGU, NOFU, NOGA, RAZO, RTLO, SUSC

Winter Species (10): BLKI, COEI, COLO, DOVE, HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, SUSC, WWSC



All Species - All Seasons

Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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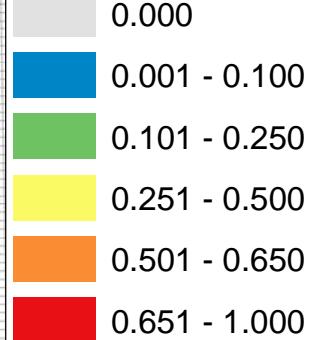
Spring Species (11): COEI, COLO, COTE, GRSH, HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, REPG, WISP, WWSC

Summer Species (7): COTE, GBBG, GRSH, LAGU, LTDU, RAZO, WISP

Fall species (12): BLKI, BLSC, COSH, GBBG, GRSH, HERG, LAGU, NOFU, NOGA, RAZO, RTLO, SUSC

Winter Species (10): BLKI, COEI, COLO, DOVE, HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, SUSC, WWSC

Minimum Power to Detect 3x Hotspots



All Species - All Seasons

Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km

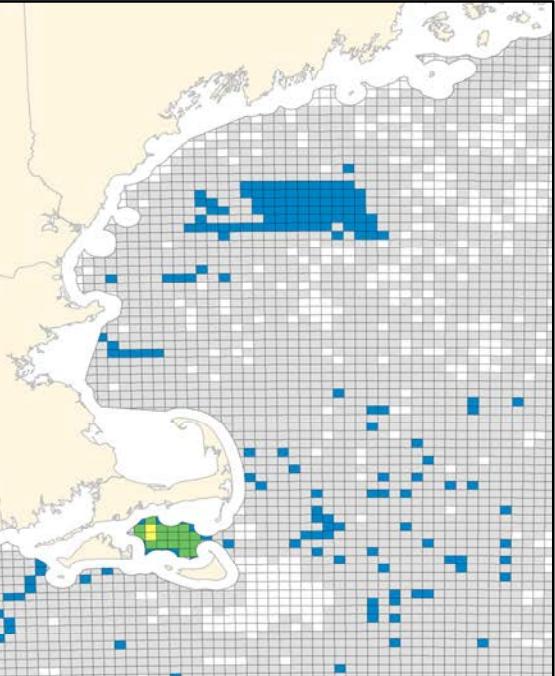


Spring Species (11): COEI, COLO, COTE, GRSH, HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, REPG, WISP, WWSC

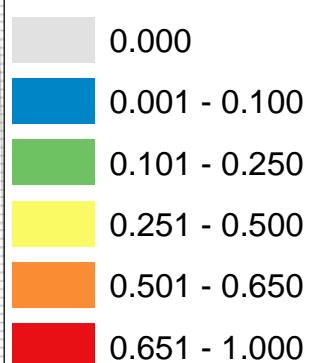
Summer Species (7): COTE, GBBG, GRSH, LAGU, LTDU, RAZO, WISP

Fall species (12): BLKI, BLSC, COSH, GBBG, GRSH, HERG, LAGU, NOFU, NOGA, RAZO, RTLO, SUSC

Winter Species (10): BLKI, COEI, COLO, DOVE, HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, SUSC, WWSC



Average Power to Detect 1/3x Coldspots



All Species - All Seasons

Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km

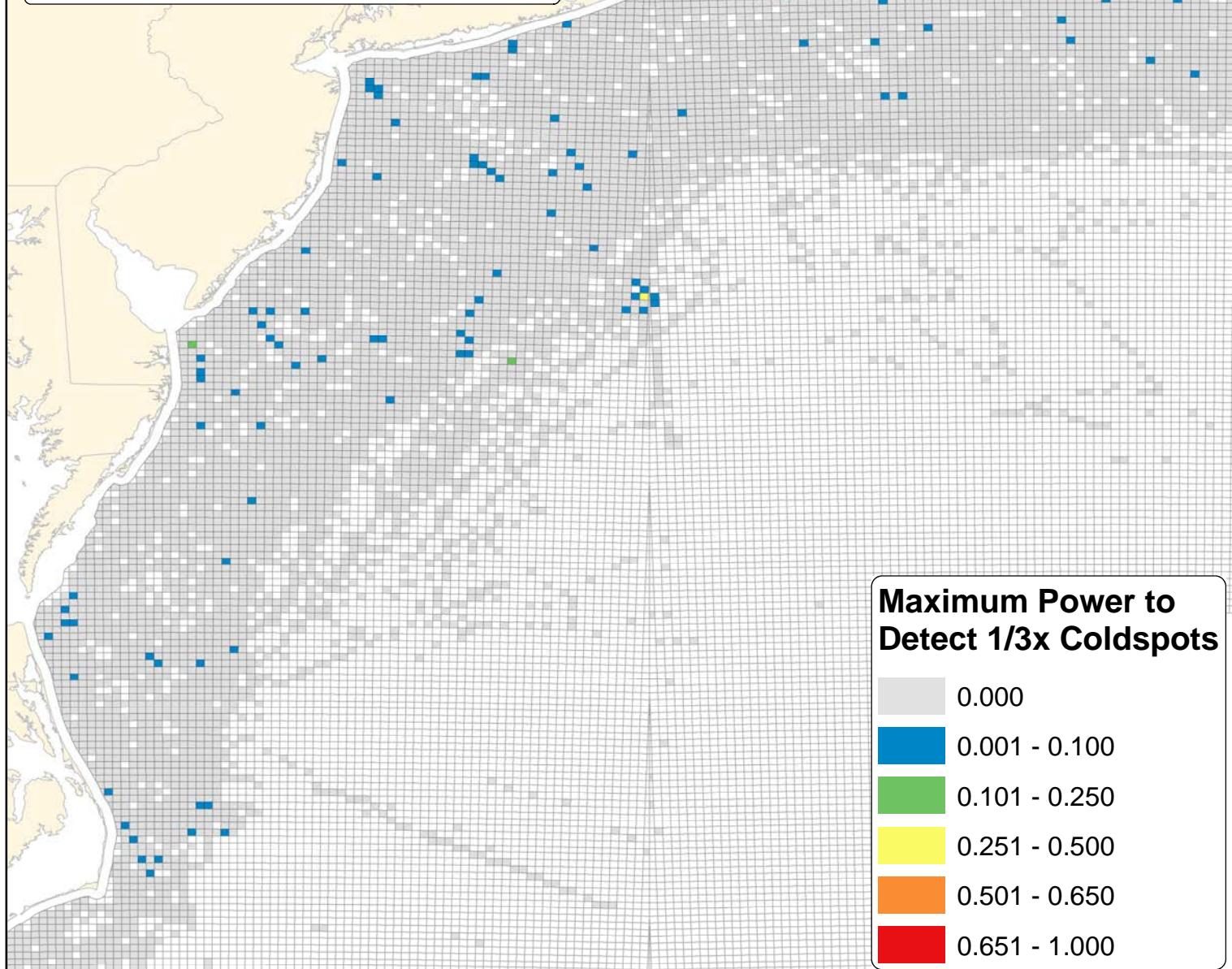


Spring Species (11): COEI, COLO, COTE, GRSH, HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, REPG, WISP, WWSC

Summer Species (7): COTE, GBBG, GRSH, LAGU, LTDU, RAZO, WISP

Fall species (12): BLKI, BLSC, COSH, GBBG, GRSH, HERG, LAGU, NOFU, NOGA, RAZO, RTLO, SUSC

Winter Species (10): BLKI, COEI, COLO, DOVE, HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, SUSC, WWSC



All Species - All Seasons

Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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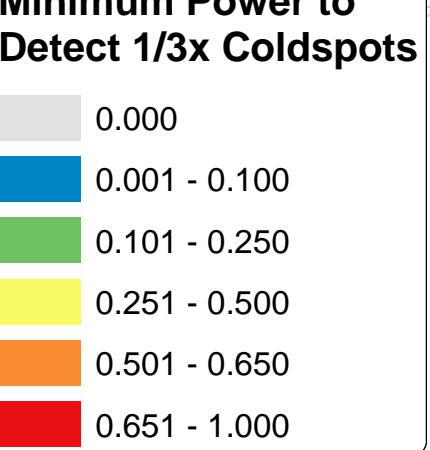
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Spring Species (11): COEI, COLO, COTE, GRSH, HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, REPG, WISP, WWSC

Summer Species (7): COTE, GBBG, GRSH, LAGU, LTDU, RAZO, WISP

Fall species (12): BLKI, BLSC, COSH, GBBG, GRSH, HERG, LAGU, NOFU, NOGA, RAZO, RTLO, SUSC

Winter Species (10): BLKI, COEI, COLO, DOVE, HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, SUSC, WWSC



DIGITAL SUPPLEMENT G

Full Hurdle Model (Zero & Non-Zero Counts) Results

SECTION I. Summary Statistic Maps Calculated for All Species

Figures G8-G14. Spring

- Number of times each lease block was surveyed in spring
- Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 3x hotspots of abundance
- Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 1/3x coldspots of abundance

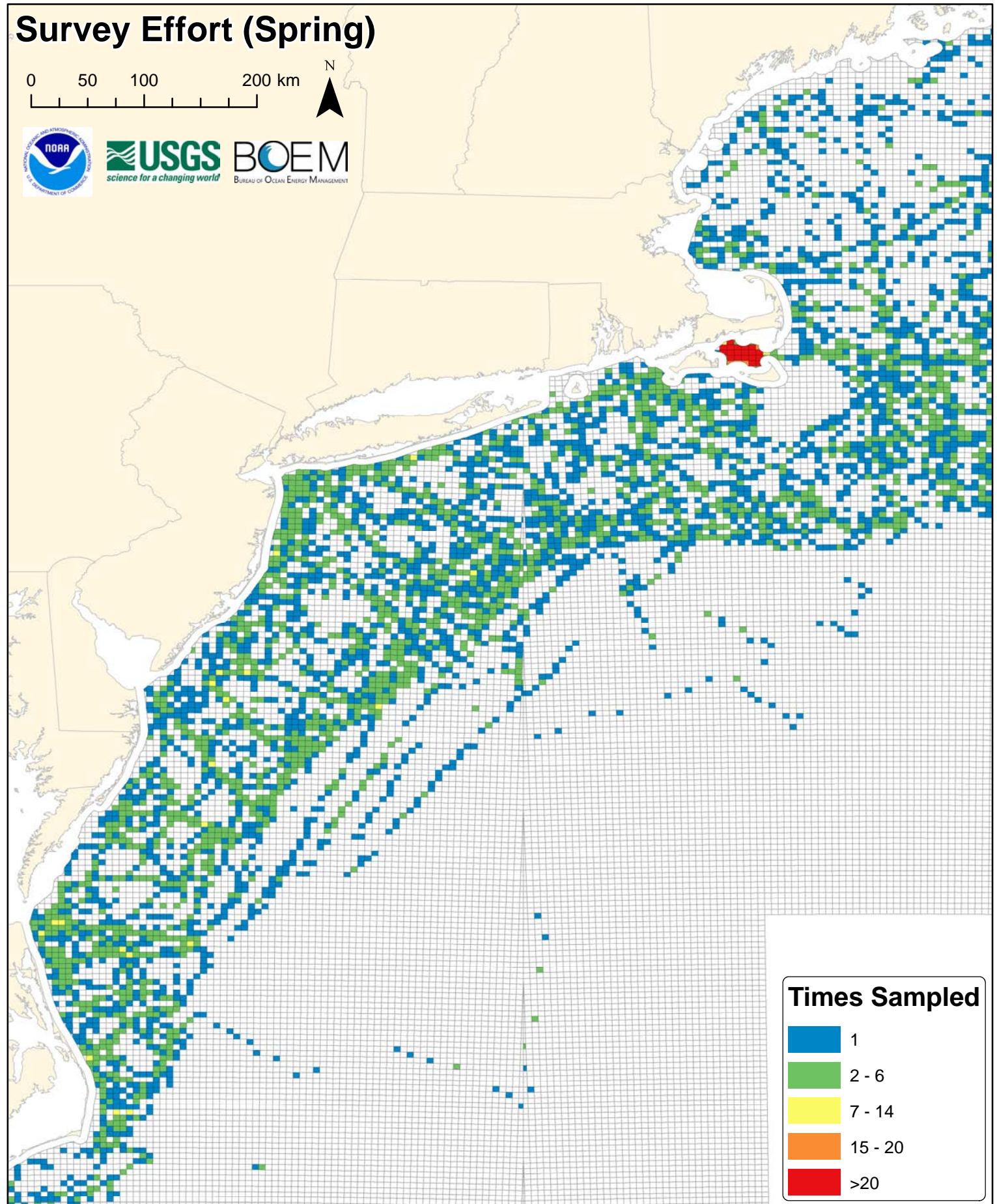
Survey Effort (Spring)

0 50 100 200 km



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All Species - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km

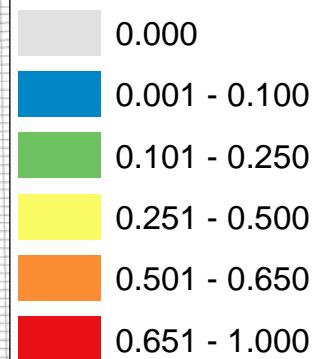


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Spring Species (11): COEI, COLO, COTE, GRSH,
HERG, LDU, NOFU, NOGA, REPG, WISP, WWSC

Average Power to
Detect 3x Hotspots



All Species - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km

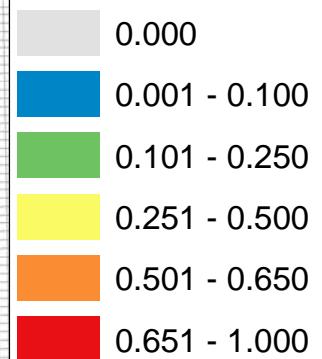


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Spring Species (11): COEI, COLO, COTE, GRSH,
HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, REPG, WISP, WWSC

**Maximum Power to
Detect 3x Hotspots**



All Species - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



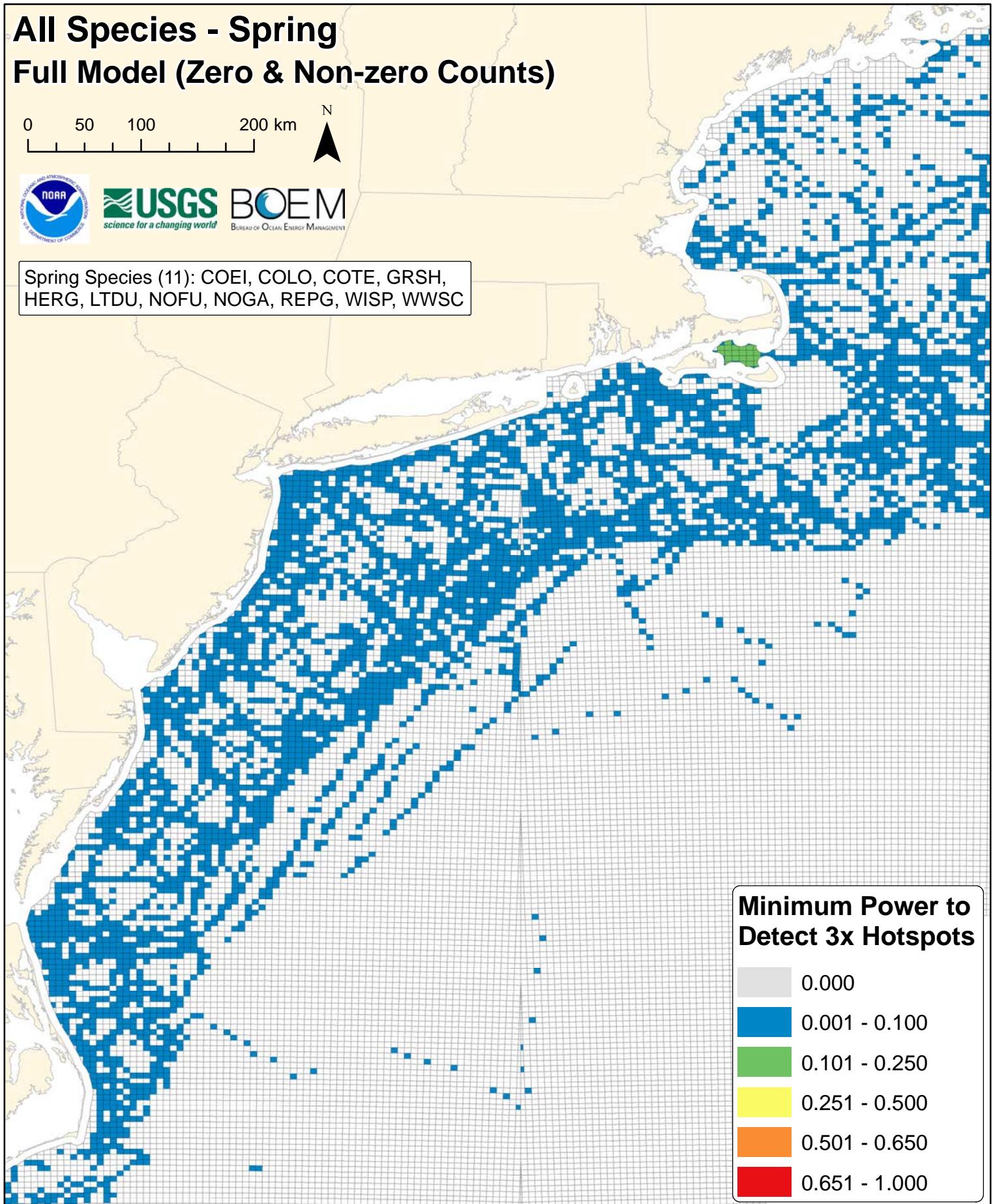
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Spring Species (11): COEI, COLO, COTE, GRSH,
HERG, LDU, NOFU, NOGA, REPG, WISP, WWSC

Minimum Power to Detect 3x Hotspots

0.000
0.001 - 0.100
0.101 - 0.250
0.251 - 0.500
0.501 - 0.650
0.651 - 1.000



All Species - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

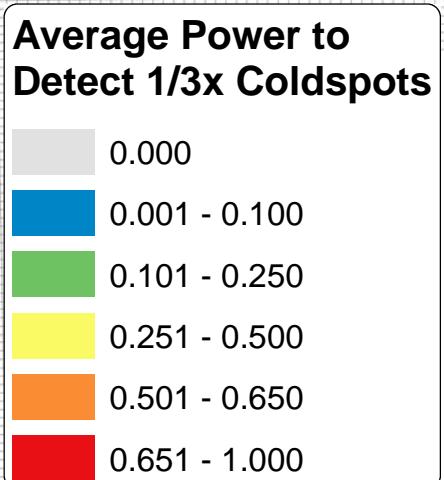
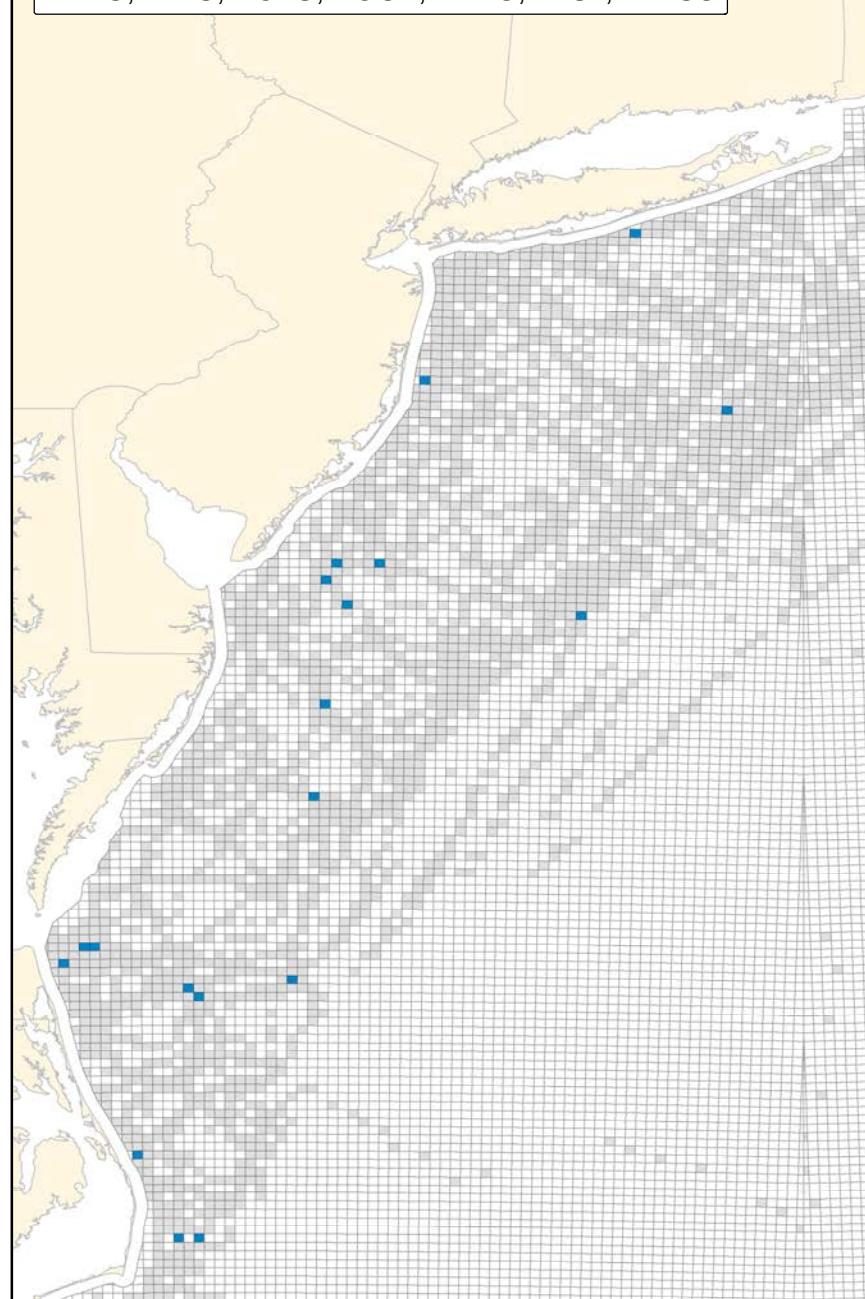
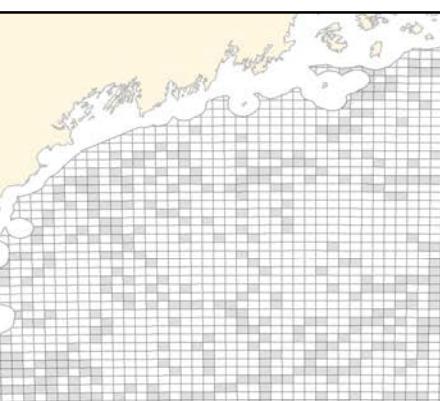
0 50 100 200 km



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Spring Species (11): COEI, COLO, COTE, GRSH,
HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, REPG, WISP, WWSC



All Species - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

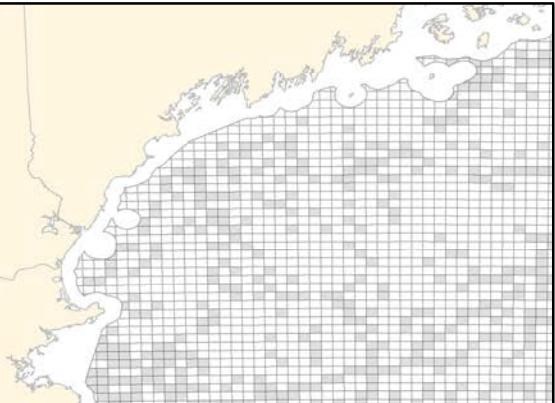
0 50 100 200 km



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Spring Species (11): COEI, COLO, COTE, GRSH,
HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, REPG, WISP, WWSC



**Maximum Power to
Detect 1/3x Coldspots**

0.000
0.001 - 0.100
0.101 - 0.250
0.251 - 0.500
0.501 - 0.650
0.651 - 1.000

All Species - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km

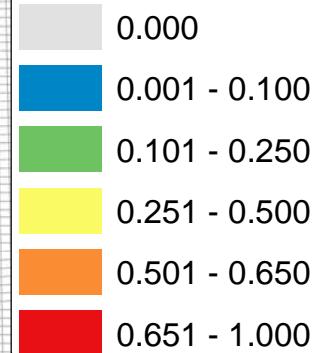


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Spring Species (11): COEI, COLO, COTE, GRSH,
HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, REPG, WISP, WWSC

Minimum Power to Detect 1/3x Coldspots



DIGITAL SUPPLEMENT G

Full Hurdle Model (Zero & Non-Zero Counts) Results

SECTION I. Summary Statistic Maps Calculated for All Species

Figures G15-G21. Summer

- Number of times each lease block was surveyed in summer
- Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 3x hotspots of abundance
- Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 1/3x coldspots of abundance

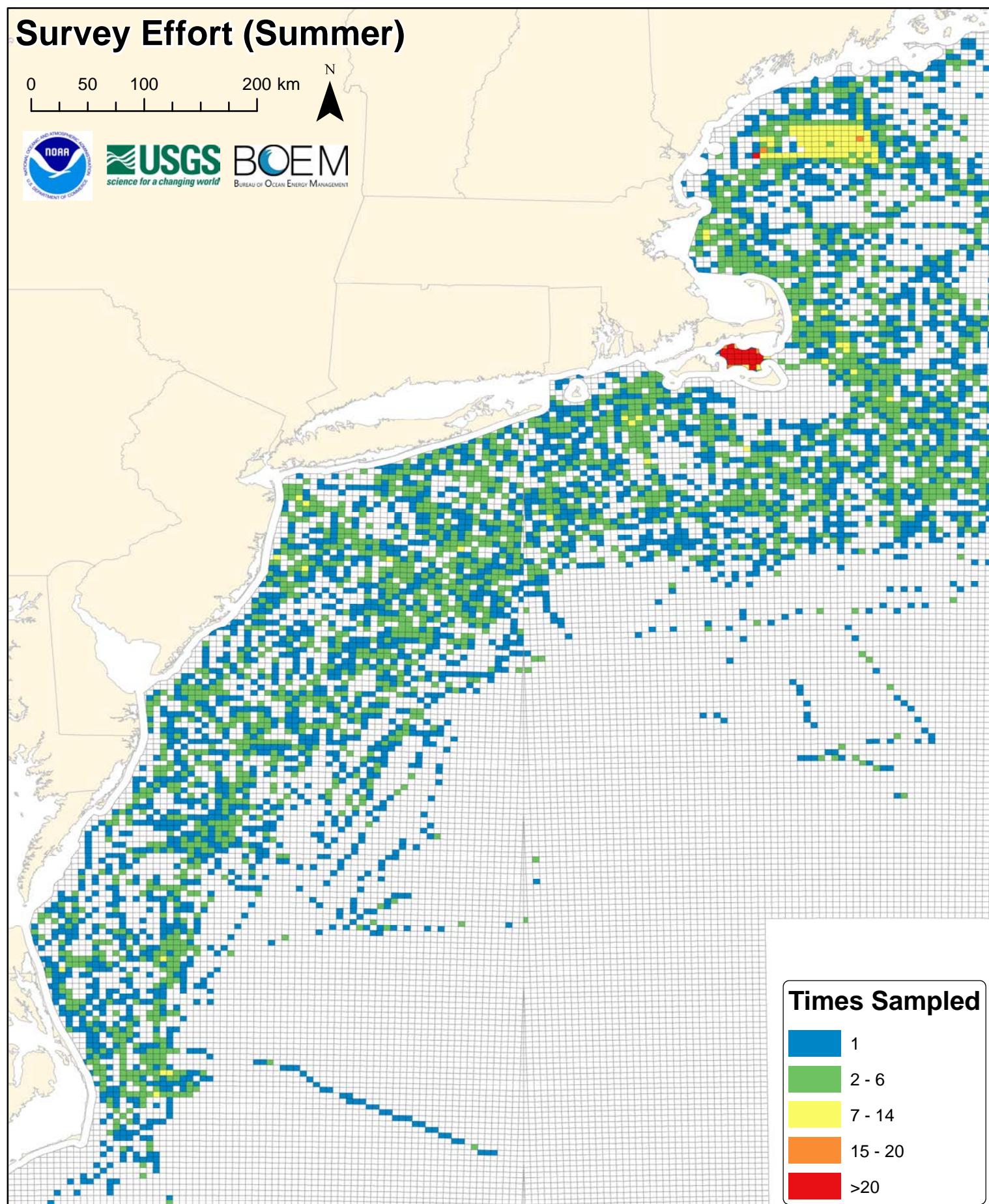
Survey Effort (Summer)

0 50 100 200 km



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All Species - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

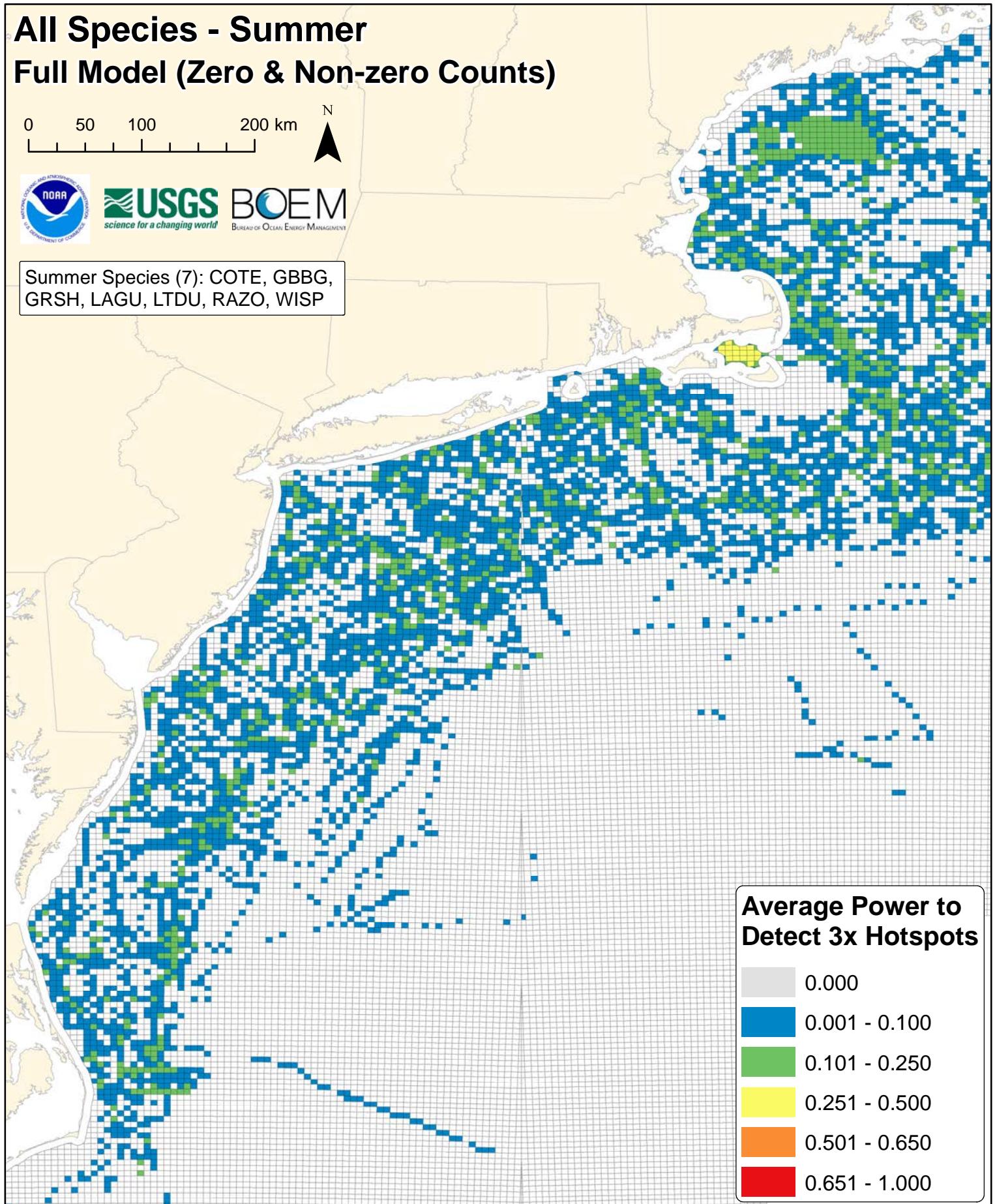
0 50 100 200 km



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Summer Species (7): COTE, GBBG,
GRSH, LAGU, LTDU, RAZO, WISP



All Species - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

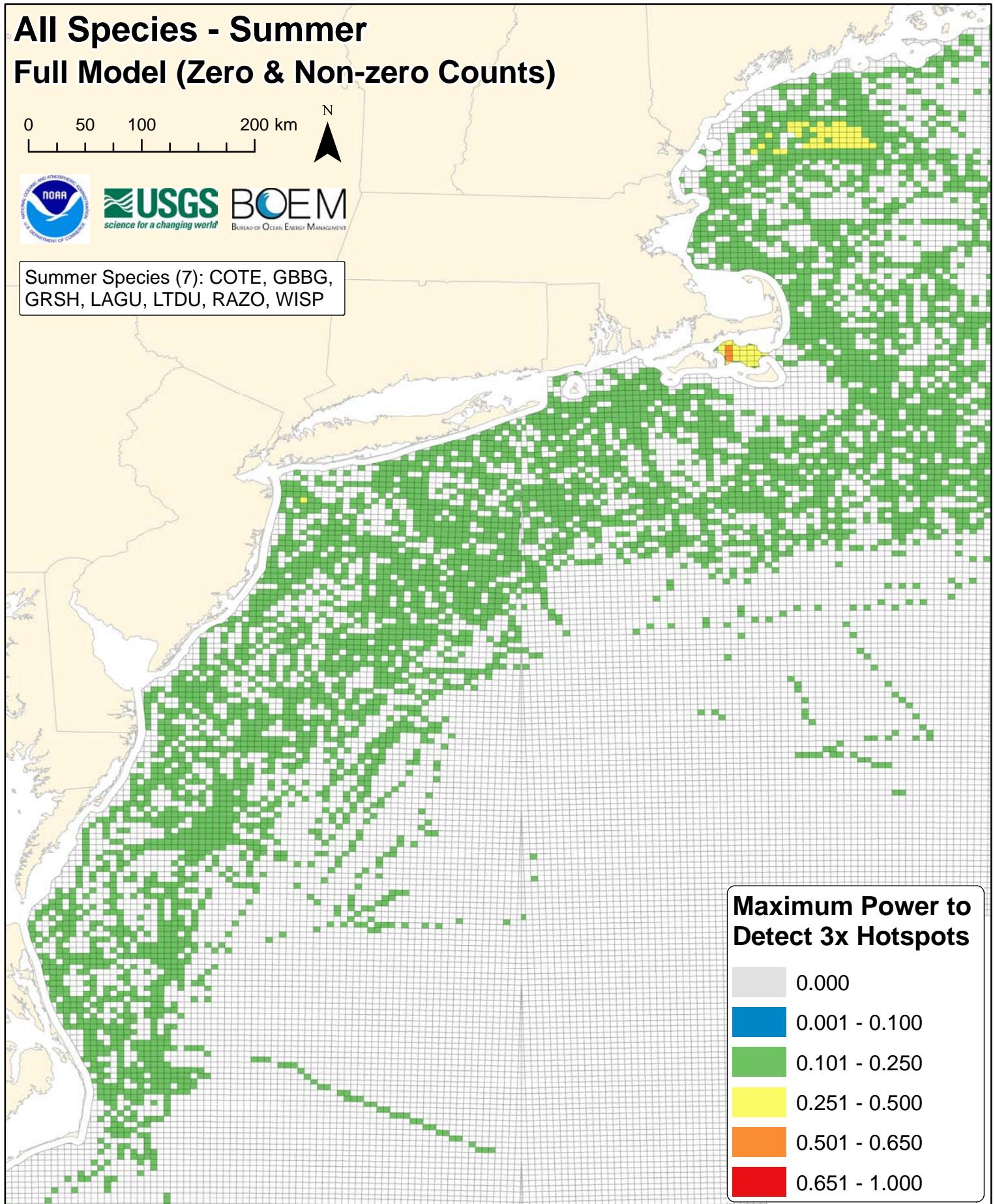
0 50 100 200 km



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Summer Species (7): COTE, GBBG,
GRSH, LAGU, LTDU, RAZO, WISP



All Species - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

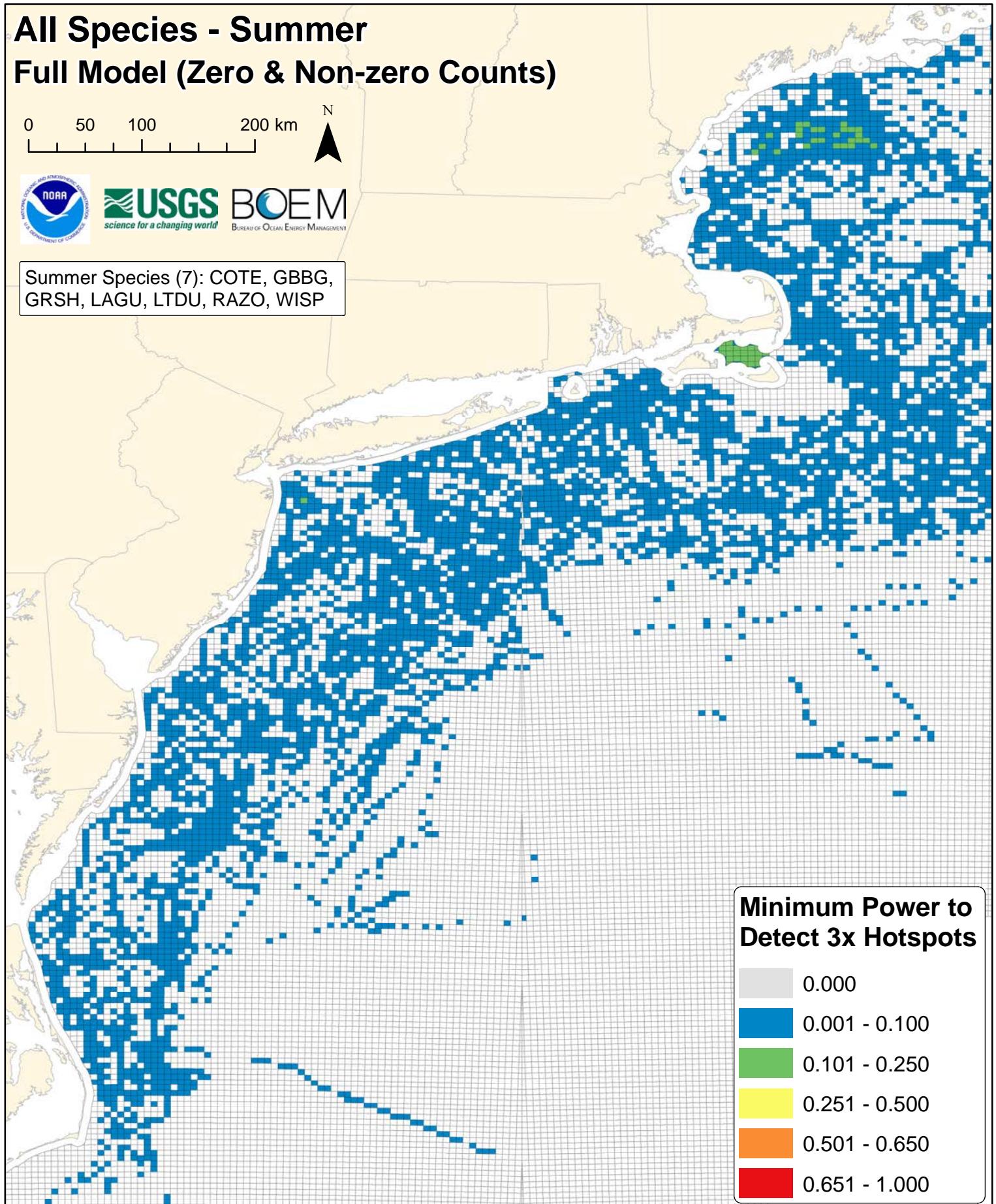
0 50 100 200 km



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Summer Species (7): COTE, GBBG,
GRSH, LAGU, LTDU, RAZO, WISP



All Species - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

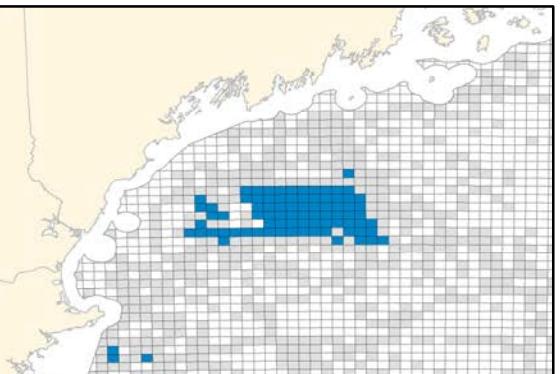
0 50 100 200 km



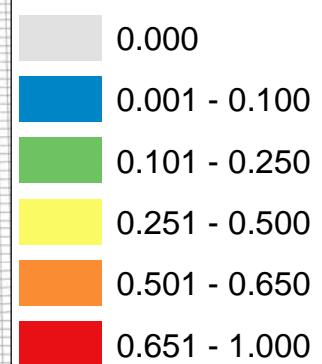
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Summer Species (7): COTE, GBBG,
GRSH, LAGU, LTDU, RAZO, WISP



Average Power to
Detect 1/3x Coldspots



All Species - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

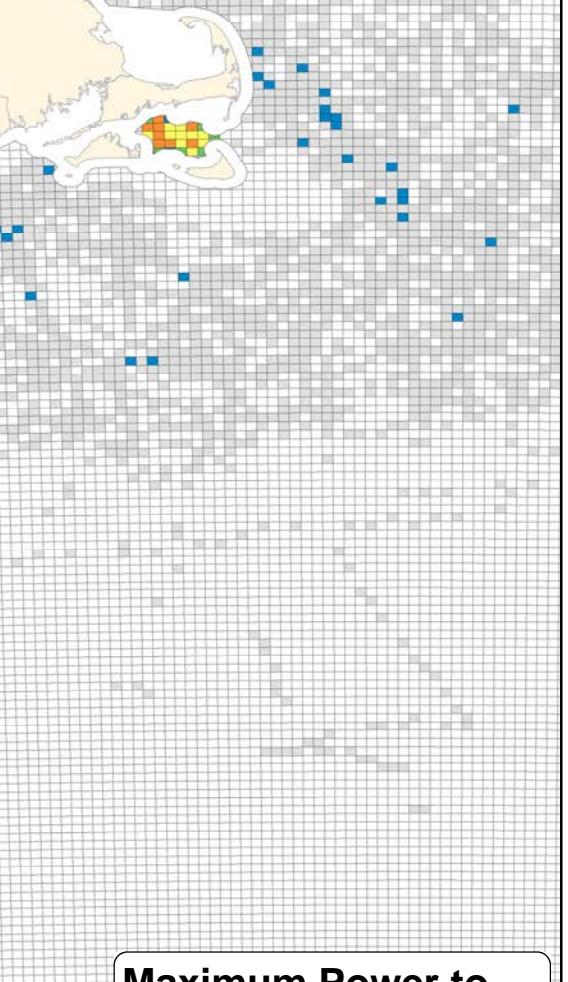
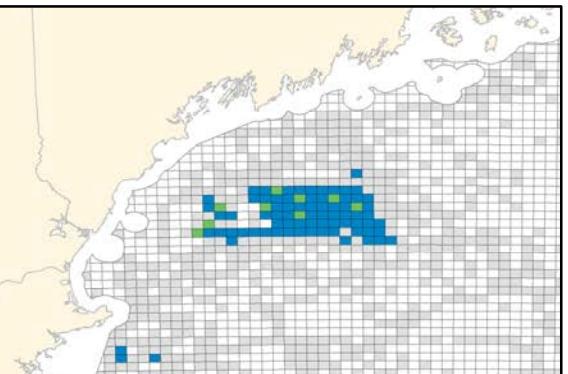
0 50 100 200 km



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Summer Species (7): COTE, GBBG,
GRSH, LAGU, LTDU, RAZO, WISP



**Maximum Power to
Detect 1/3x Coldspots**

0.000
0.001 - 0.100
0.101 - 0.250
0.251 - 0.500
0.501 - 0.650
0.651 - 1.000

All Species - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

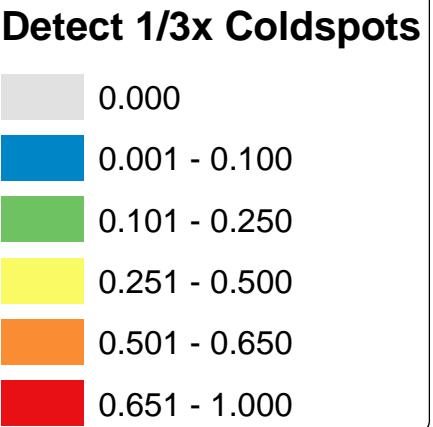
0 50 100 200 km



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Summer Species (7): COTE, GBBG,
GRSH, LAGU, LTDU, RAZO, WISP



DIGITAL SUPPLEMENT G

Full Hurdle Model (Zero & Non-Zero Counts) Results

SECTION I. Summary Statistic Maps Calculated for All Species

Figures G22-G28. Fall

- Number of times each lease block was surveyed in fall
- Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 3x hotspots of abundance
- Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 1/3x coldspots of abundance

Survey Effort (Fall)

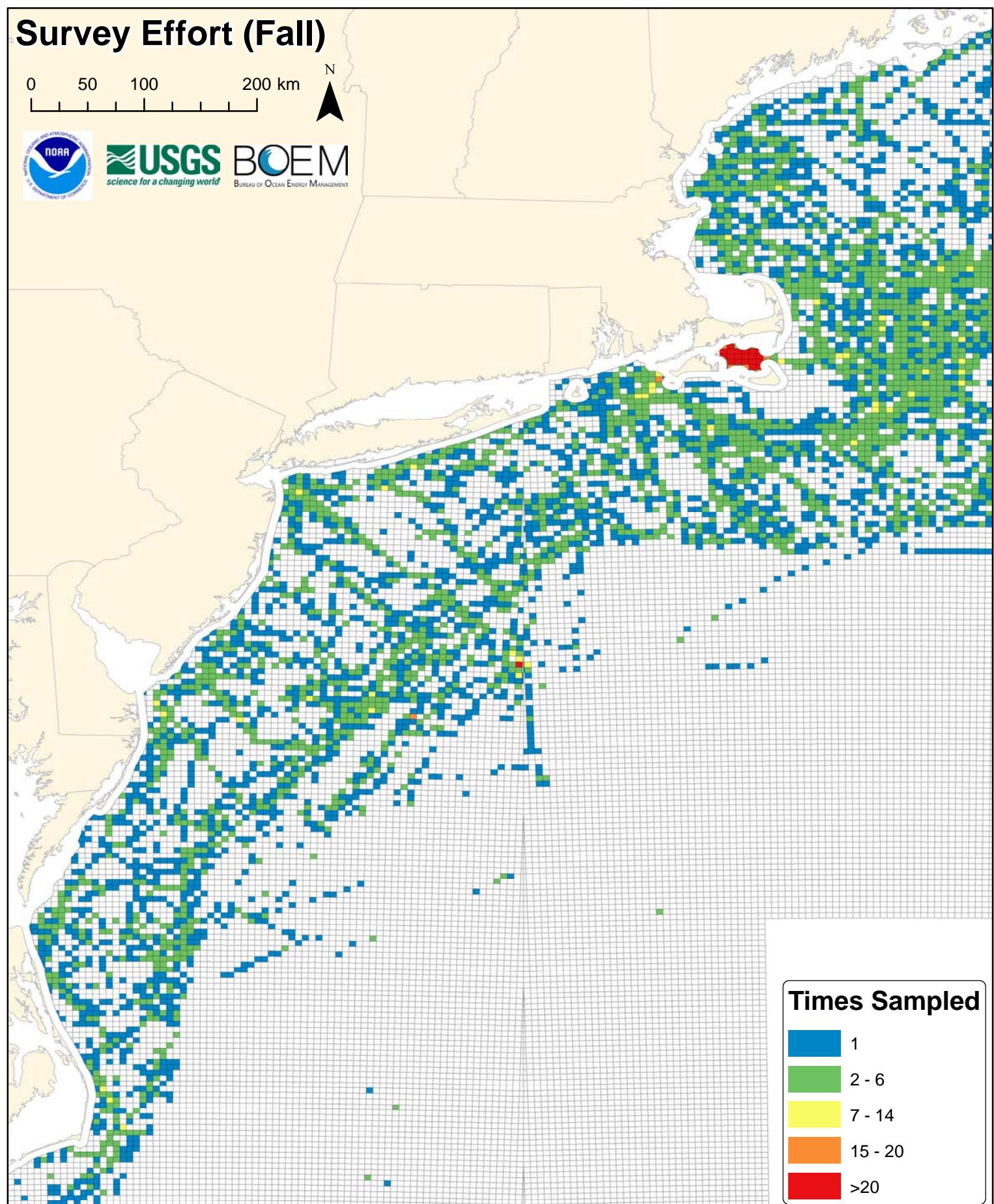
0 50 100

200 km



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Times Sampled

1
2 - 6
7 - 14
15 - 20
>20

All Species - Fall

Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

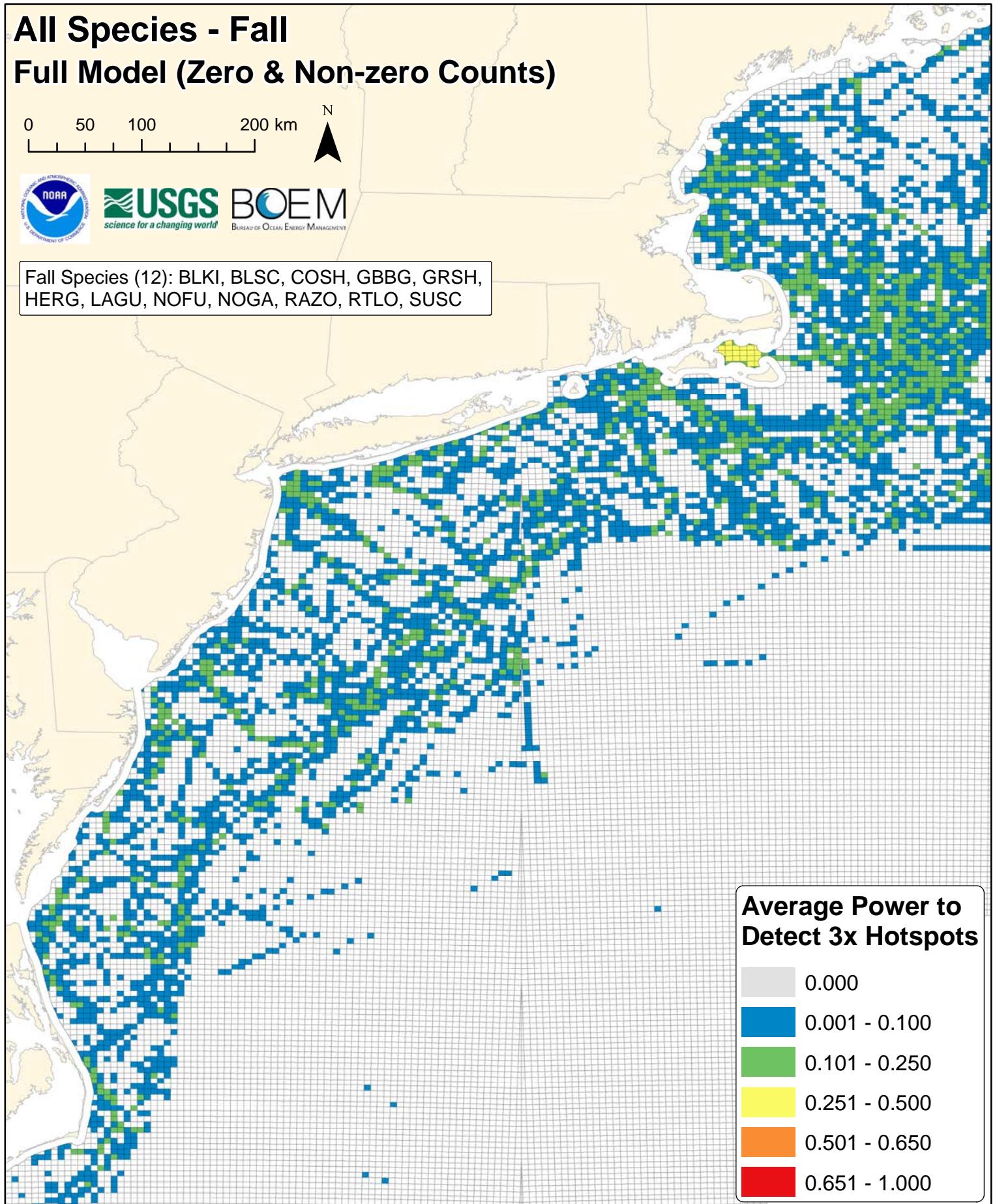
0 50 100 200 km



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Fall Species (12): BLKI, BLSC, COSH, GBBG, GRSH,
HERG, LAGU, NOFU, NOGA, RAZO, RTLO, SUSC



All Species - Fall

Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

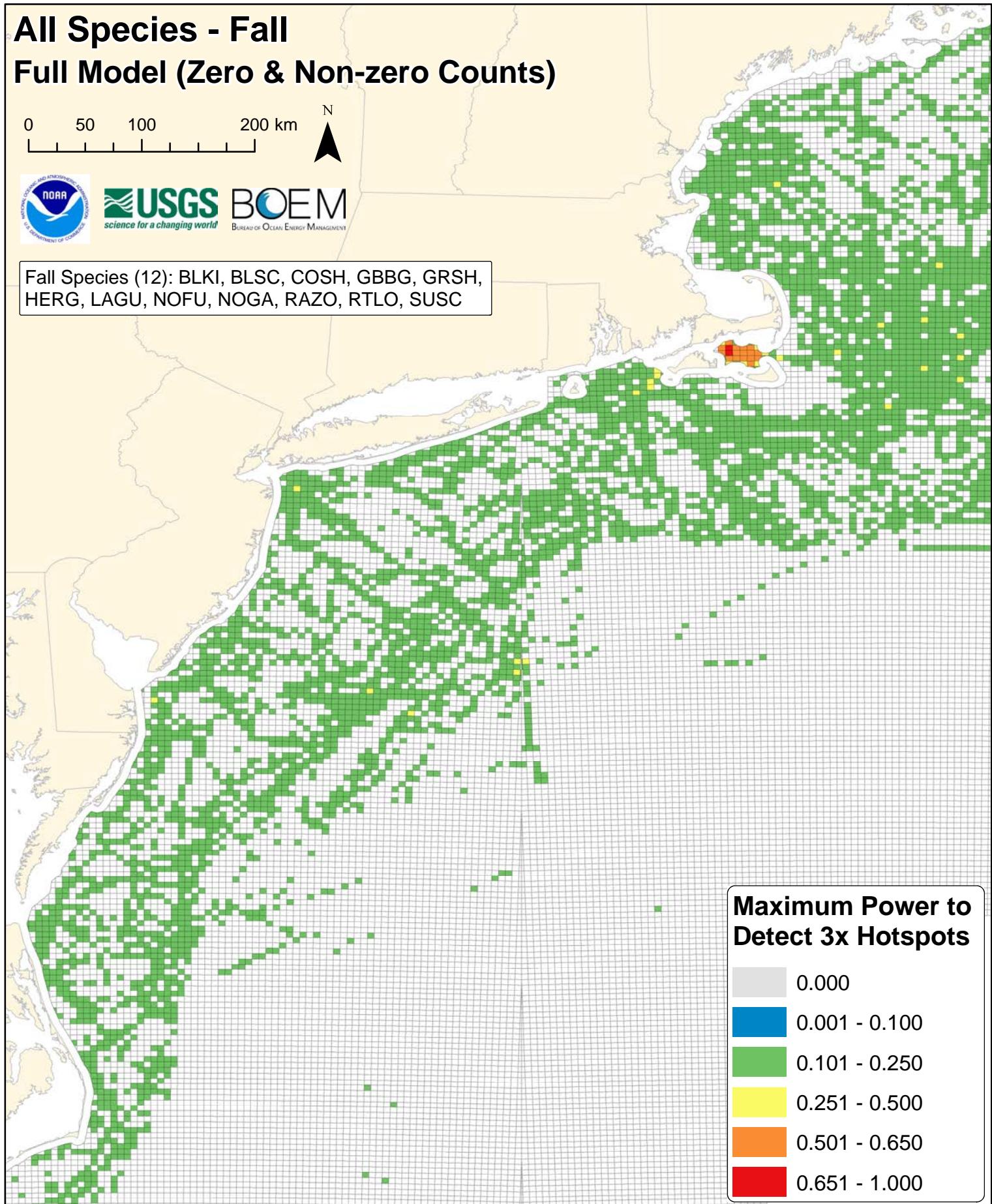
0 50 100 200 km



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Fall Species (12): BLKI, BLSC, COSH, GBBG, GRSH,
HERG, LAGU, NOFU, NOGA, RAZO, RTLO, SUSC



All Species - Fall

Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Fall Species (12): BLKI, BLSC, COSH, GBBG, GRSH,
HERG, LAGU, NOFU, NOGA, RAZO, RTLO, SUSC

Minimum Power to Detect 3x Hotspots

0.000
0.001 - 0.100
0.101 - 0.250
0.251 - 0.500
0.501 - 0.650
0.651 - 1.000

All Species - Fall

Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

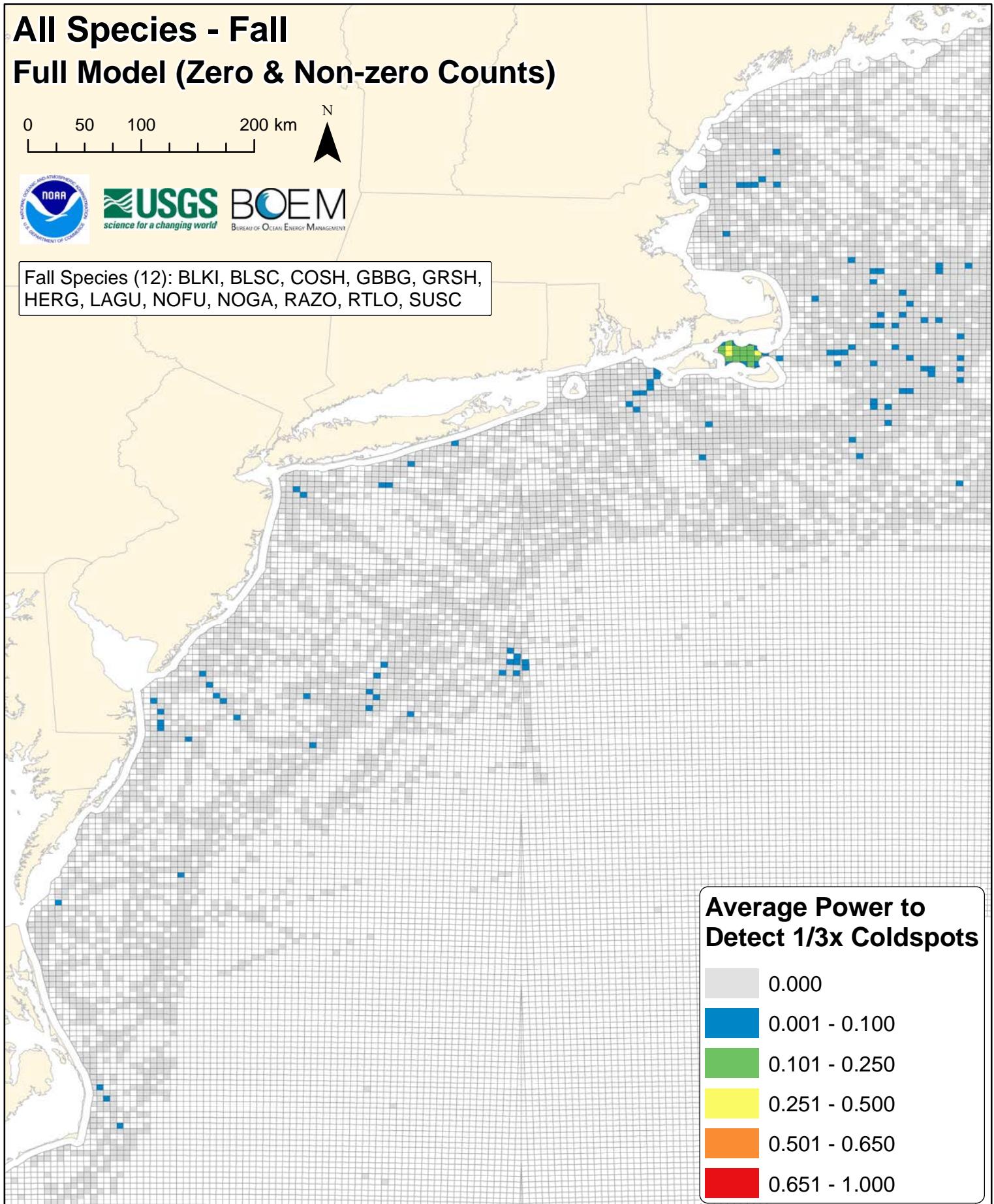
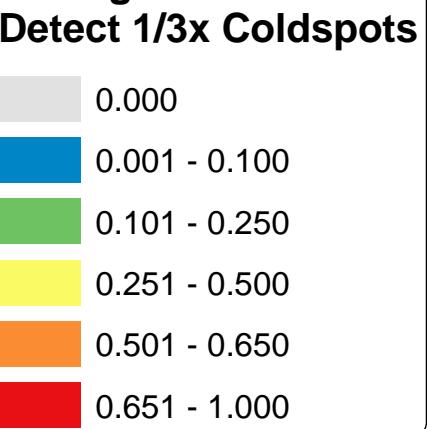
0 50 100 200 km



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Fall Species (12): BLKI, BLSC, COSH, GBBG, GRSH,
HERG, LAGU, NOFU, NOGA, RAZO, RTLO, SUSC



All Species - Fall

Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

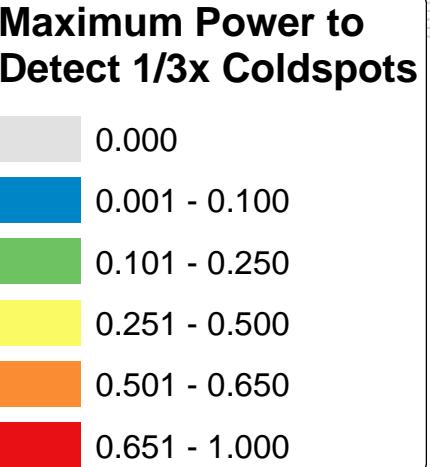
0 50 100 200 km



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Fall Species (12): BLKI, BLSC, COSH, GBBG, GRSH,
HERG, LAGU, NOFU, NOGA, RAZO, RTLO, SUSC



All Species - Fall

Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km

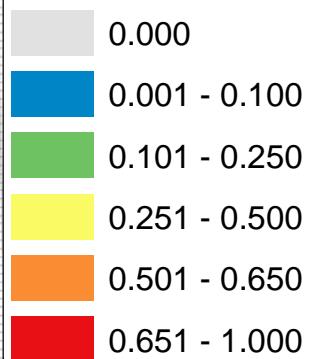


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Fall Species (12): BLKI, BLSC, COSH, GBBG, GRSH,
HERG, LAGU, NOFU, NOGA, RAZO, RTLO, SUSC

Minimum Power to Detect 1/3x Coldspots



DIGITAL SUPPLEMENT G

Full Hurdle Model (Zero & Non-Zero Counts) Results

SECTION I. Summary Statistic Maps Calculated for All Species

Figures G29-G35. Winter

- Number of times each lease block was surveyed in winter
- Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 3x hotspots of abundance
- Average, maximum, and minimum power to detect 1/3x coldspots of abundance

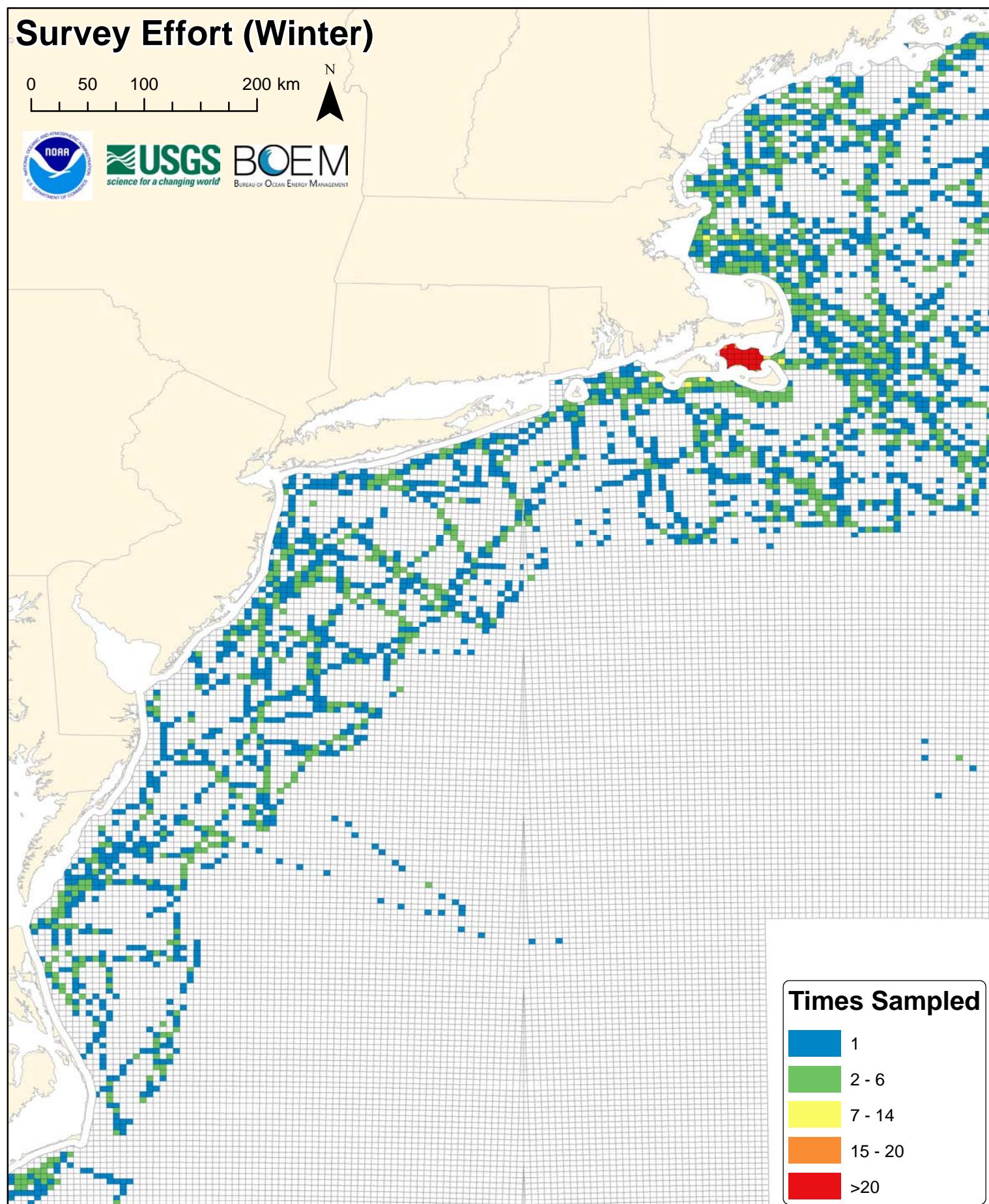
Survey Effort (Winter)

0 50 100 200 km



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Times Sampled

1
2 - 6
7 - 14
15 - 20
>20

All Species - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

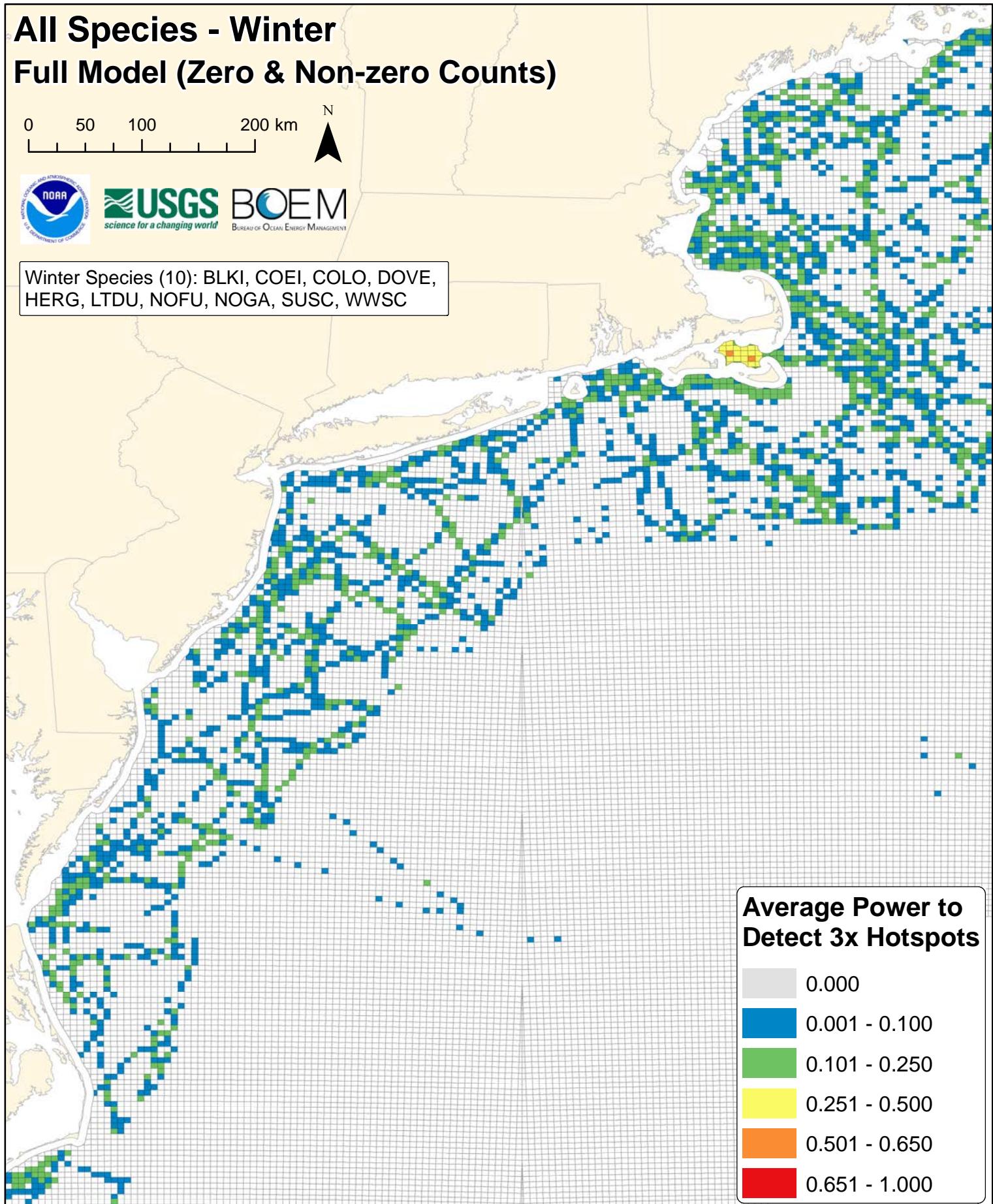
0 50 100 200 km



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Winter Species (10): BLKI, COEI, COLO, DOVE,
HERG, LDU, NOFU, NOGA, SUSC, WWSC



All Species - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km

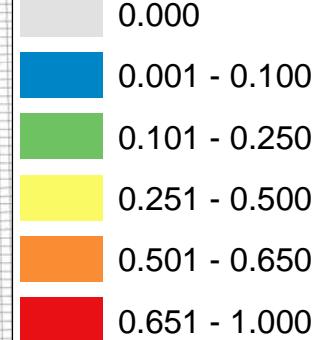


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Winter Species (10): BLKI, COEI, COLO, DOVE,
HERG, LDU, NOFU, NOGA, SUSC, WWSC

Maximum Power to Detect 3x Hotspots



All Species - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



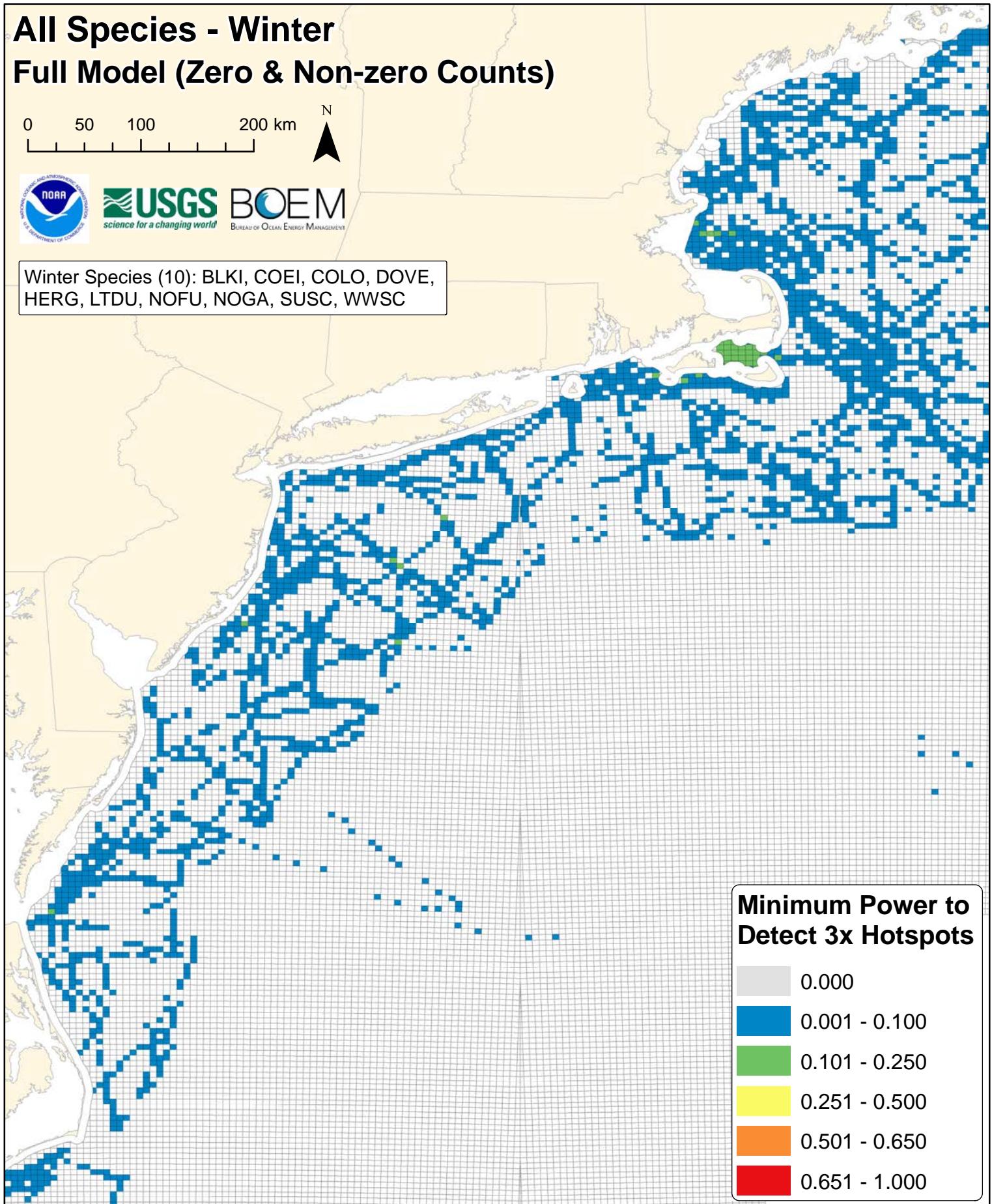
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Winter Species (10): BLKI, COEI, COLO, DOVE,
HERG, LDU, NOFU, NOGA, SUSC, WWSC

Minimum Power to Detect 3x Hotspots

0.000
0.001 - 0.100
0.101 - 0.250
0.251 - 0.500
0.501 - 0.650
0.651 - 1.000



All Species - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

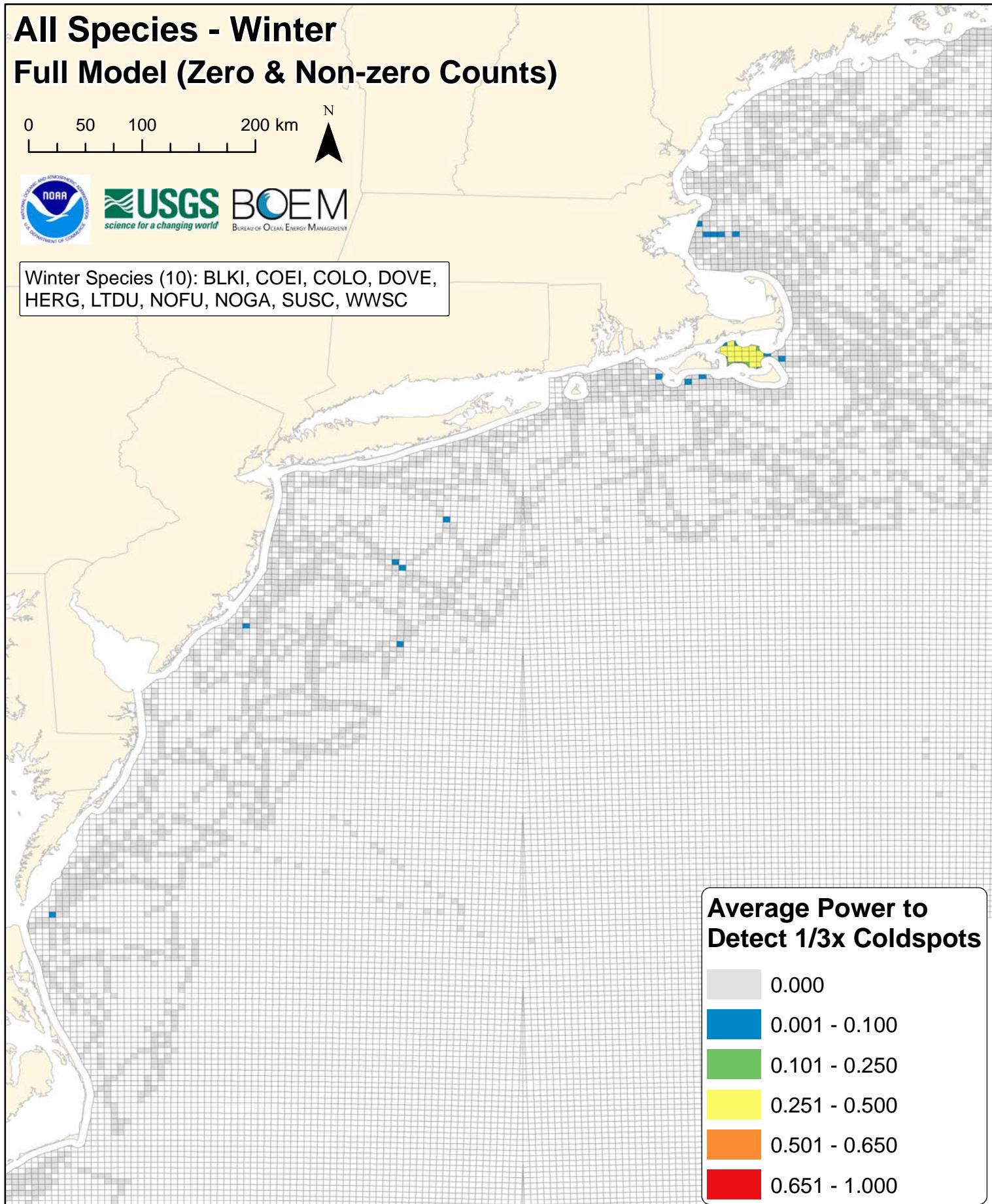
0 50 100 200 km



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Winter Species (10): BLKI, COEI, COLO, DOVE,
HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, SUSC, WWSC



All Species - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

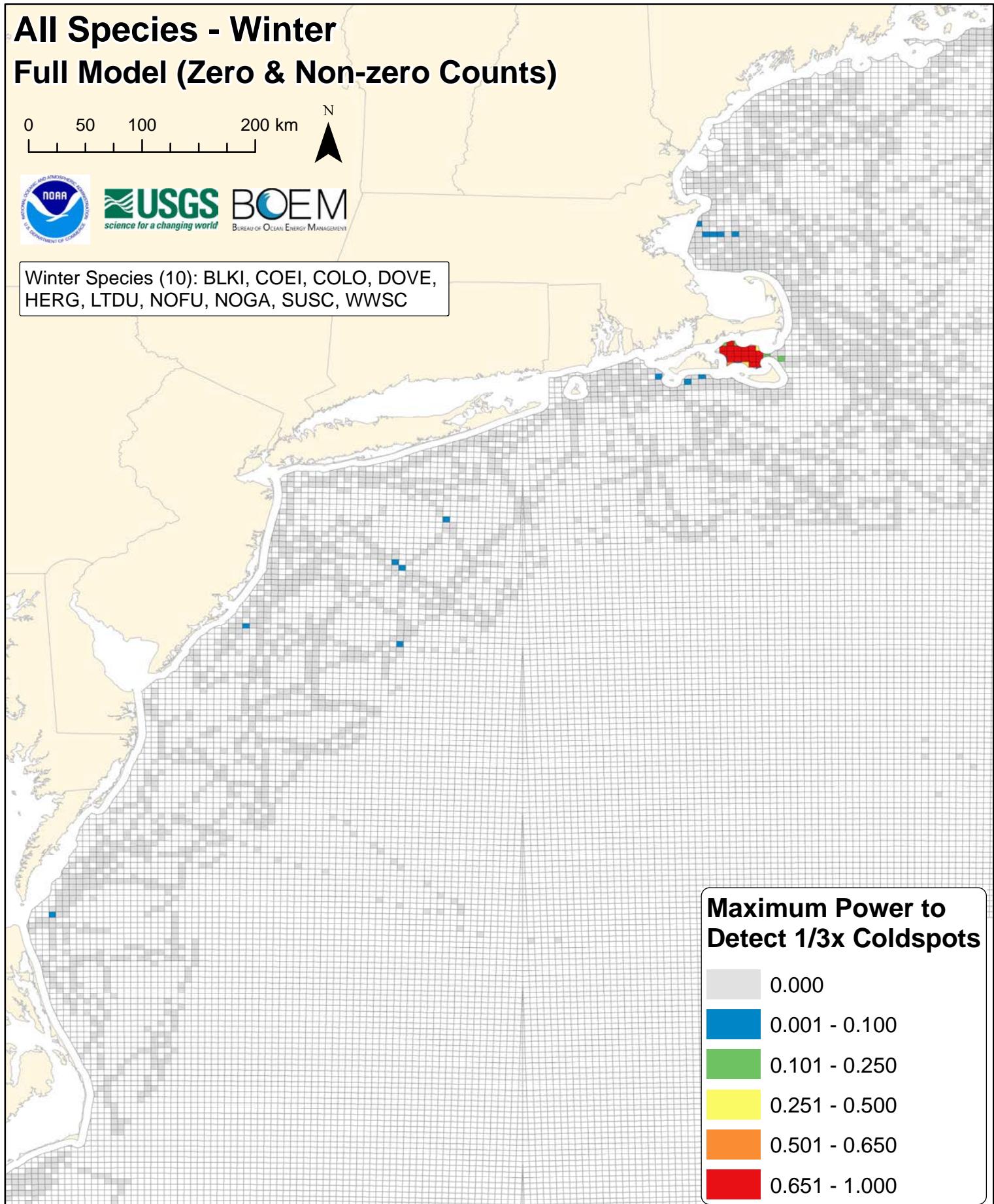
0 50 100 200 km



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Winter Species (10): BLKI, COEI, COLO, DOVE,
HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, SUSC, WWSC



All Species - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

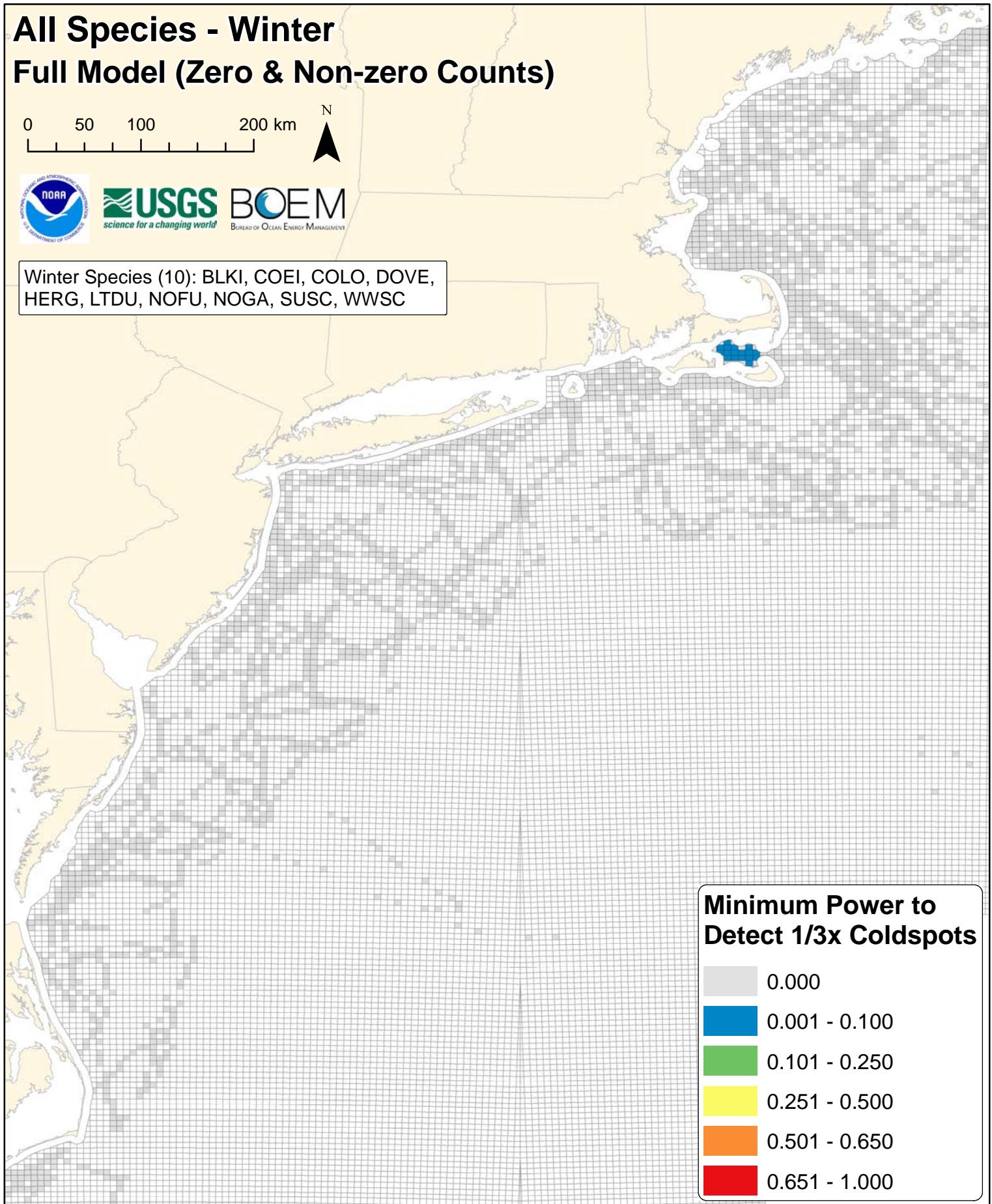
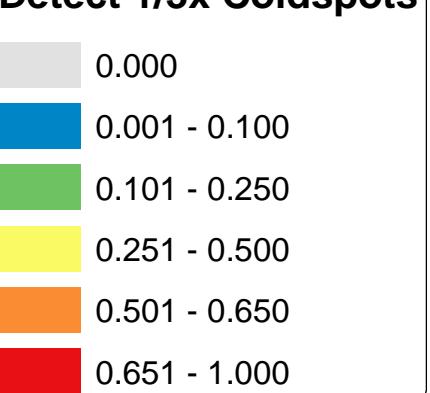
0 50 100 200 km



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Winter Species (10): BLKI, COEI, COLO, DOVE,
HERG, LTDU, NOFU, NOGA, SUSC, WWSC



DIGITAL SUPPLEMENT G

Full Hurdle Model (Zero & Non-Zero Counts) Results

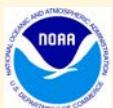
SECTION II. Species-specific Power Analysis

Maps and Figures

Figures G36-G90. Spring power analysis maps and figures (11 species x 5 figures per species).

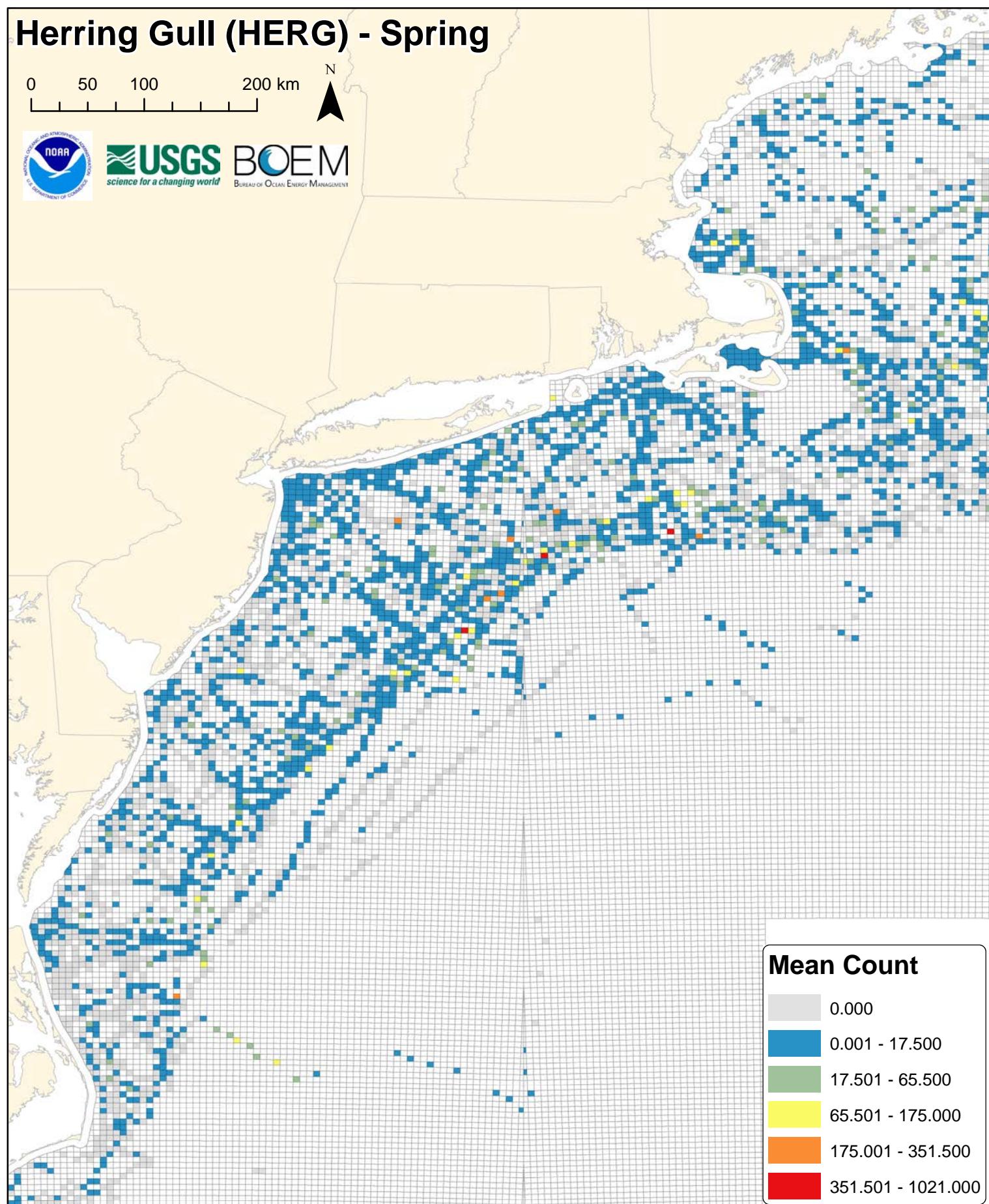
Herring Gull (HERG) - Spring

0 50 100 200 km



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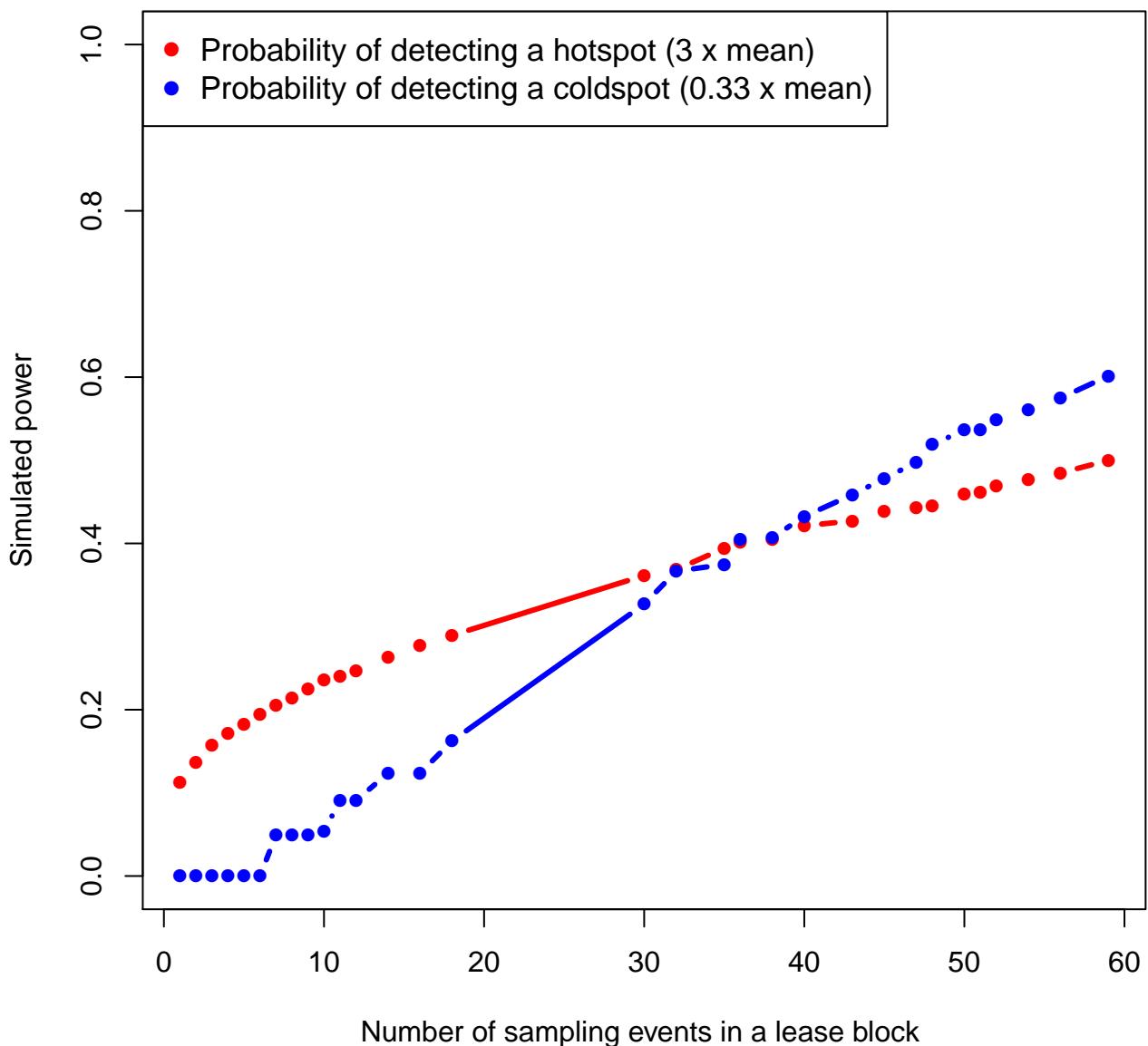
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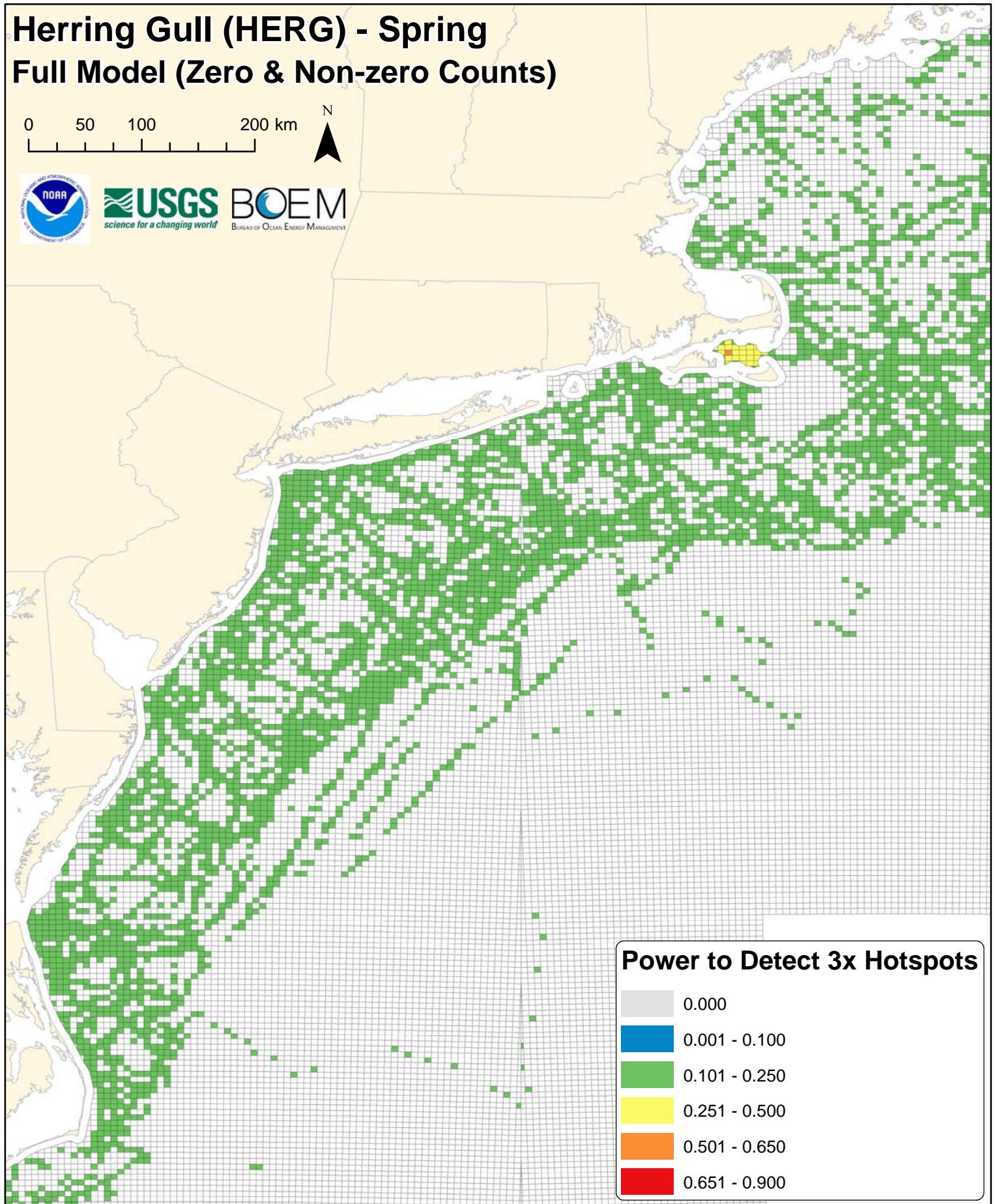
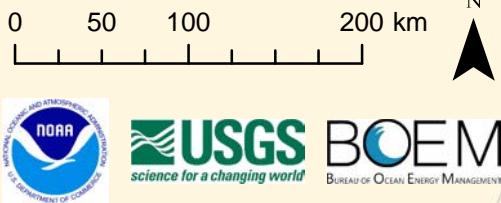
Mean Count

0.000
0.001 - 17.500
17.501 - 65.500
65.501 - 175.000
175.001 - 351.500
351.501 - 1021.000

herg



Herring Gull (HERG) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)



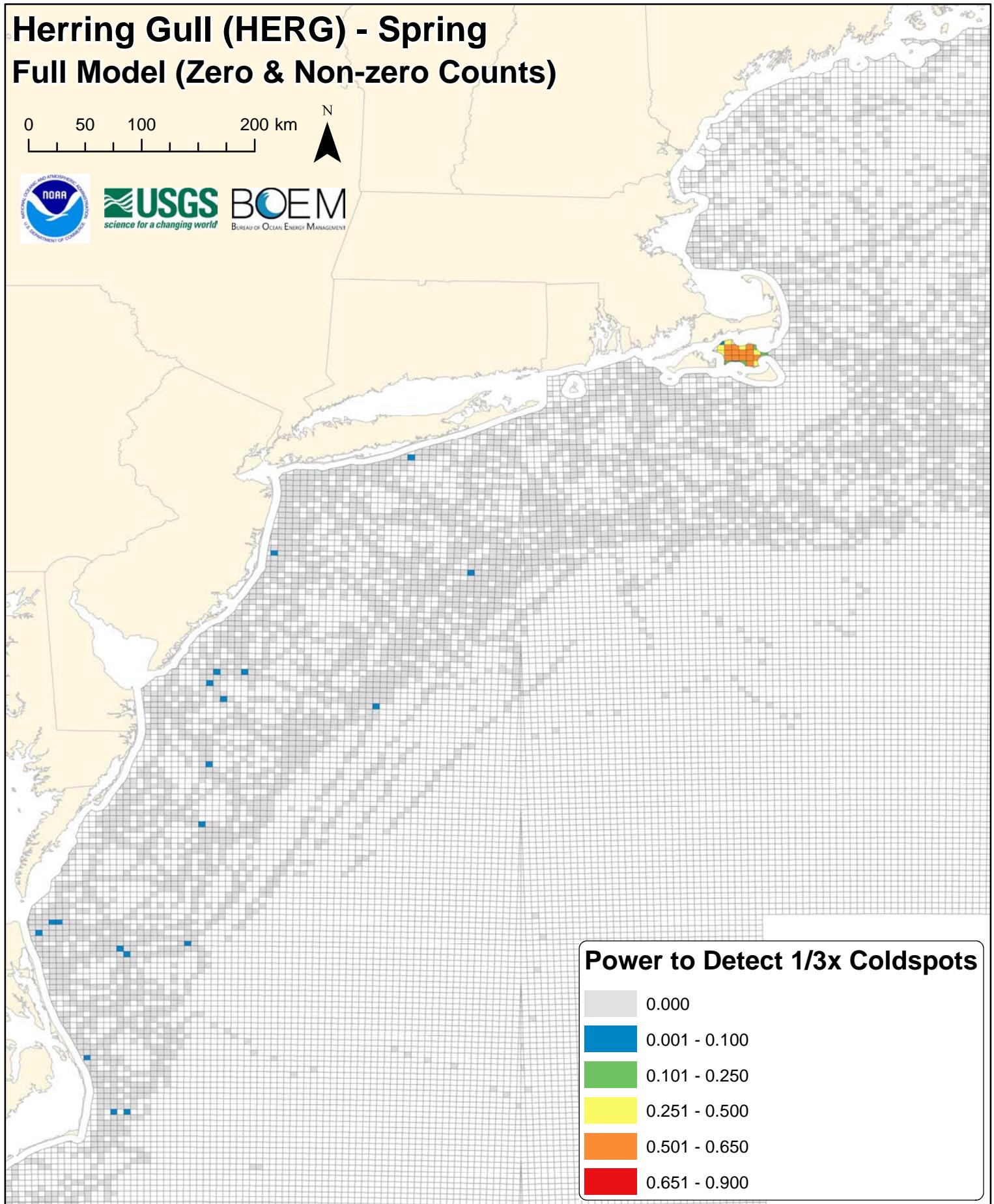
Herring Gull (HERG) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Power to Detect 1/3x Coldspots

Light Gray	0.000
Blue	0.001 - 0.100
Green	0.101 - 0.250
Yellow	0.251 - 0.500
Orange	0.501 - 0.650
Red	0.651 - 0.900

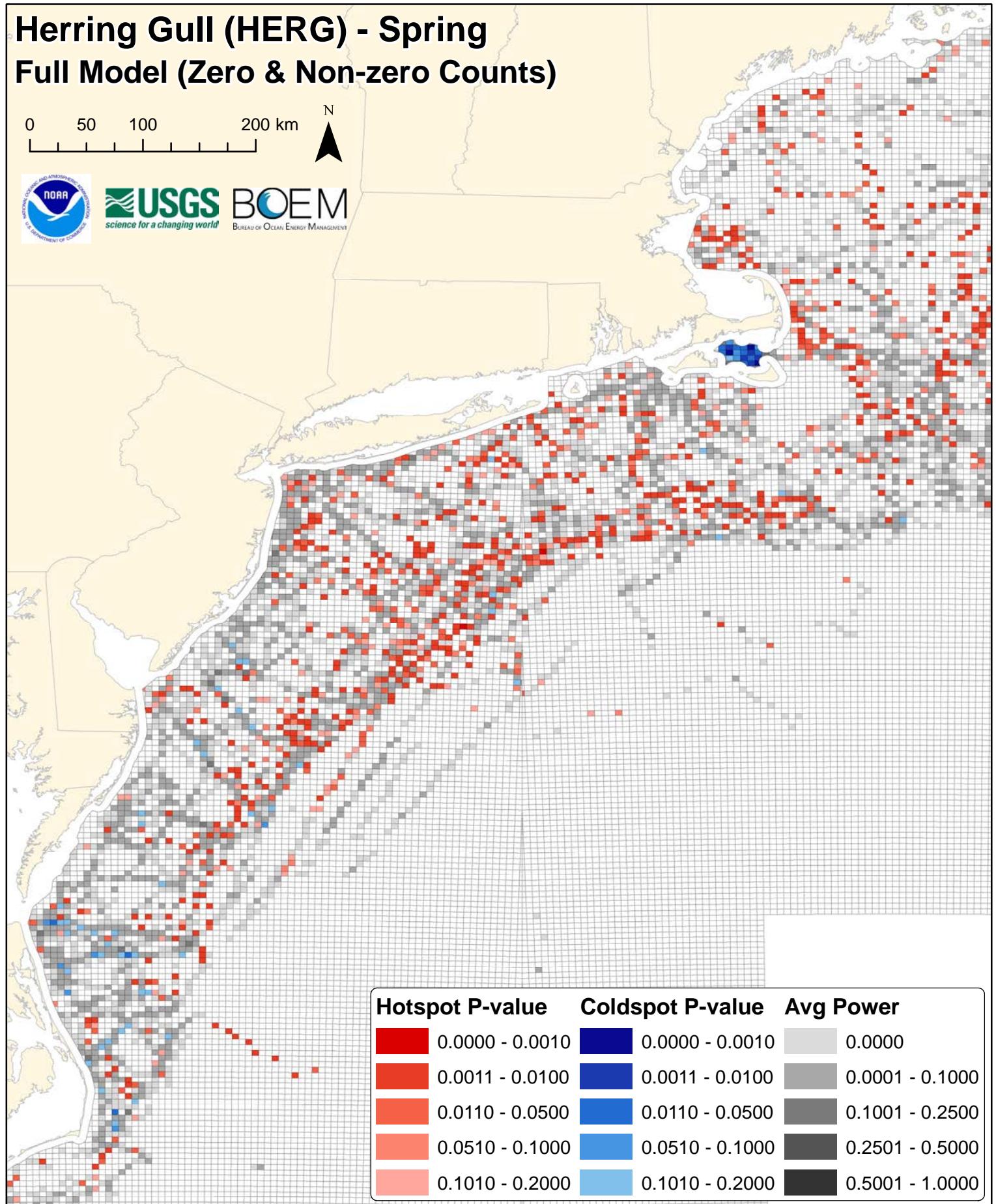
Herring Gull (HERG) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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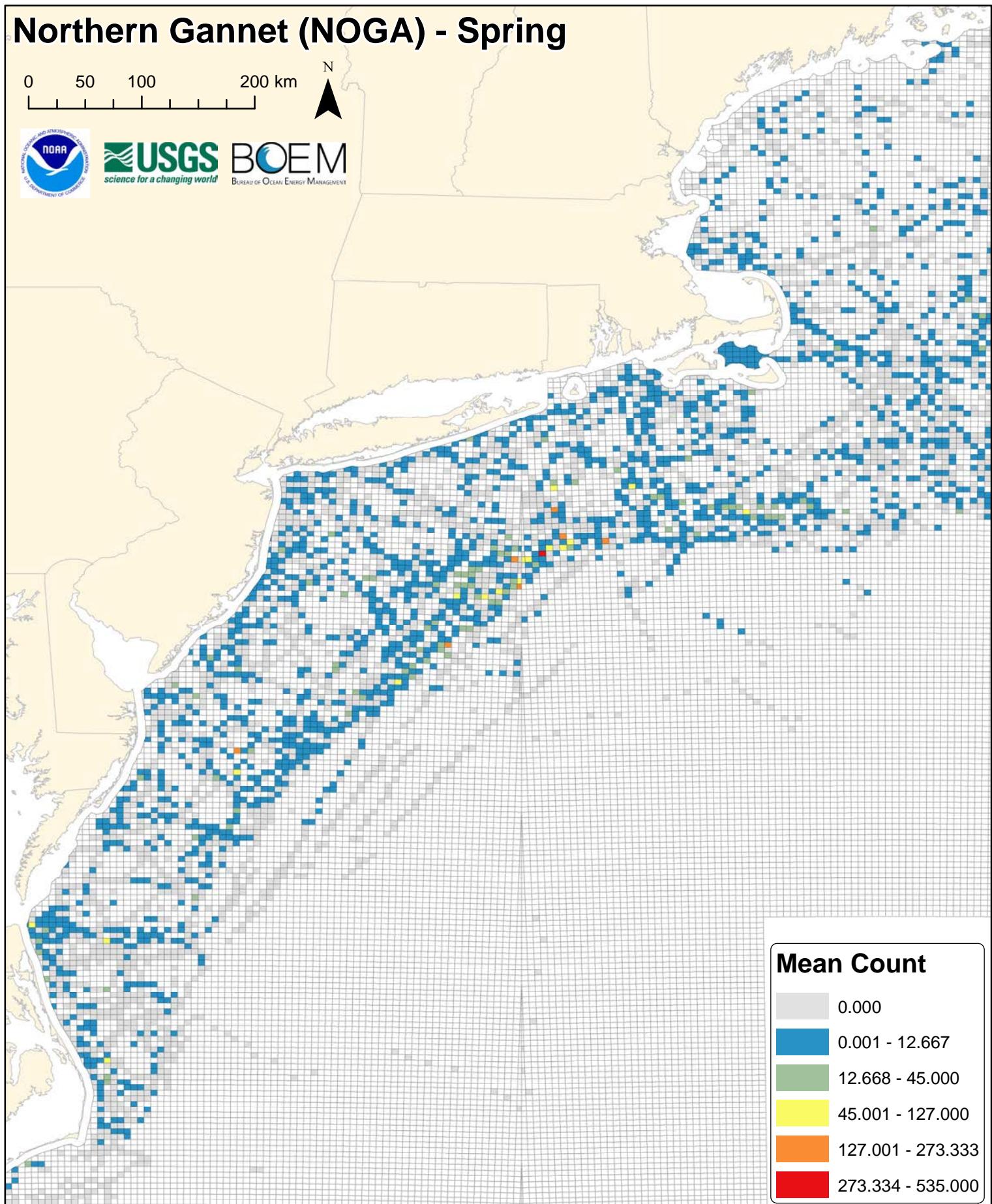
Northern Gannet (NOGA) - Spring

0 50 100 200 km



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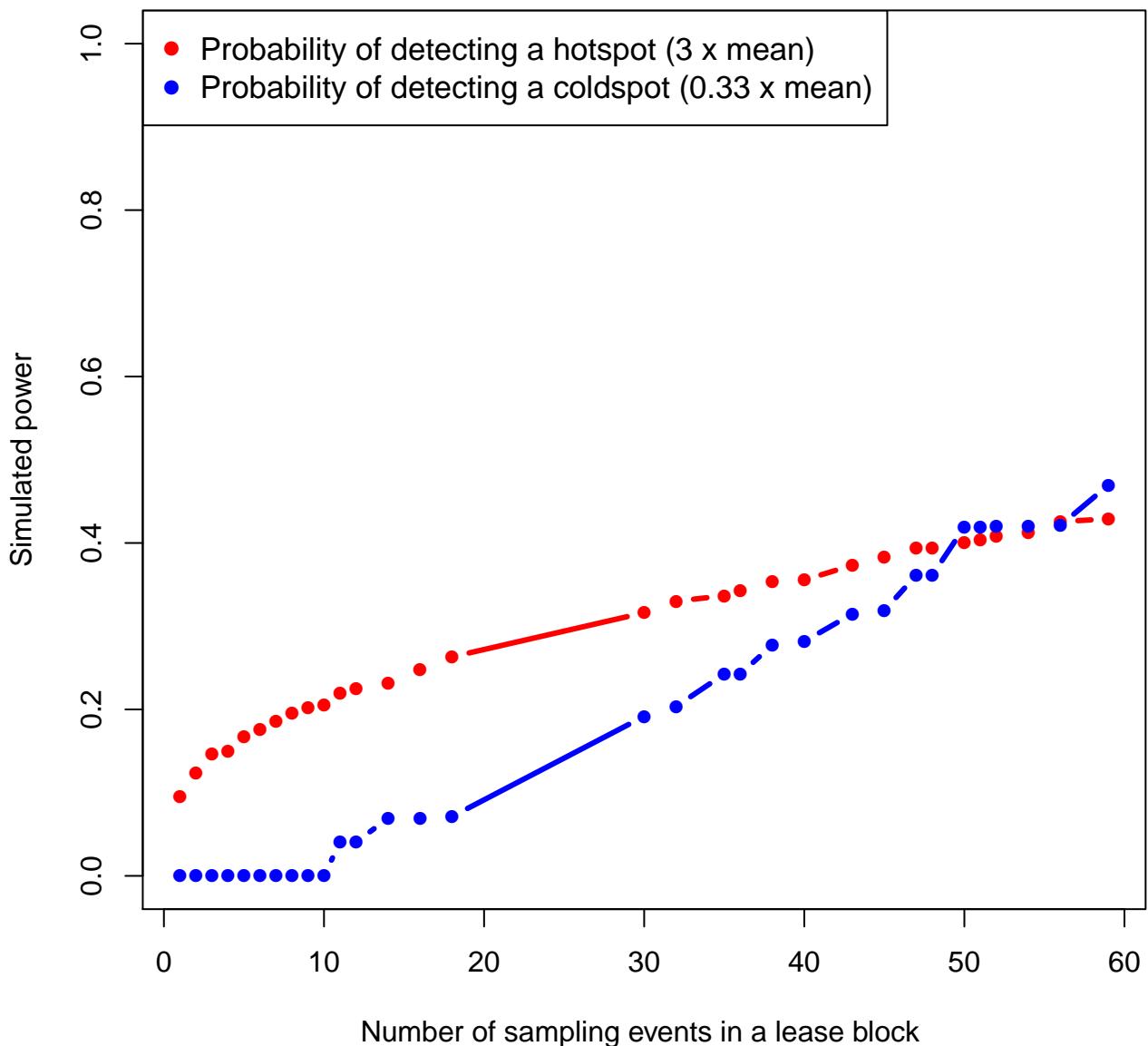
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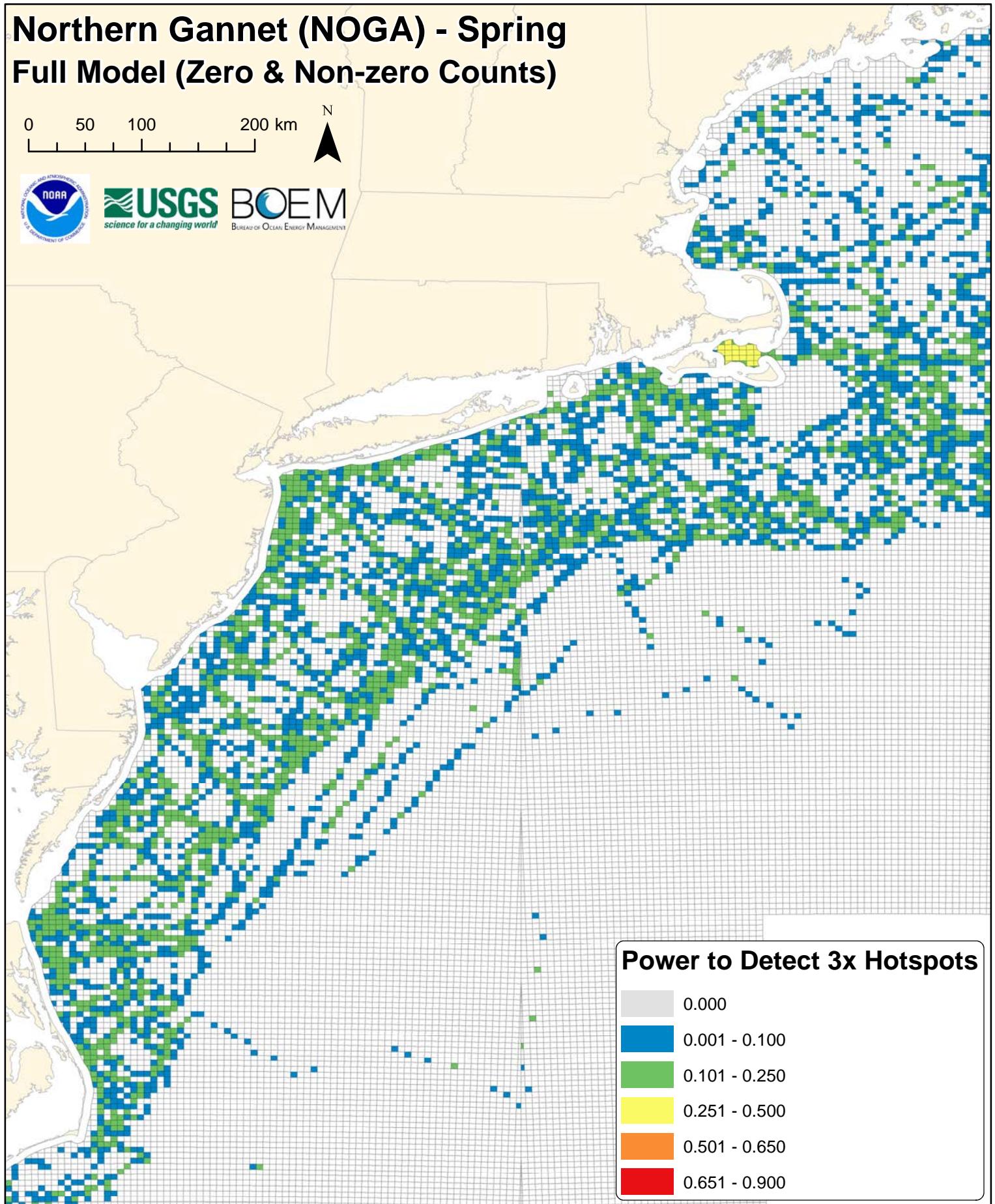
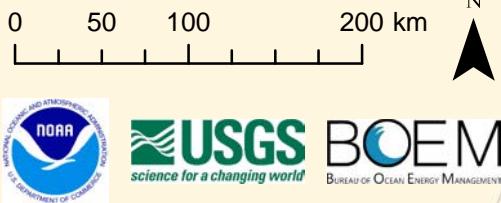
Mean Count

0.000	Light Gray
0.001 - 12.667	Medium Blue
12.668 - 45.000	Greenish Blue
45.001 - 127.000	Yellow
127.001 - 273.333	Orange
273.334 - 535.000	Red

noga



Northern Gannet (NOGA) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)



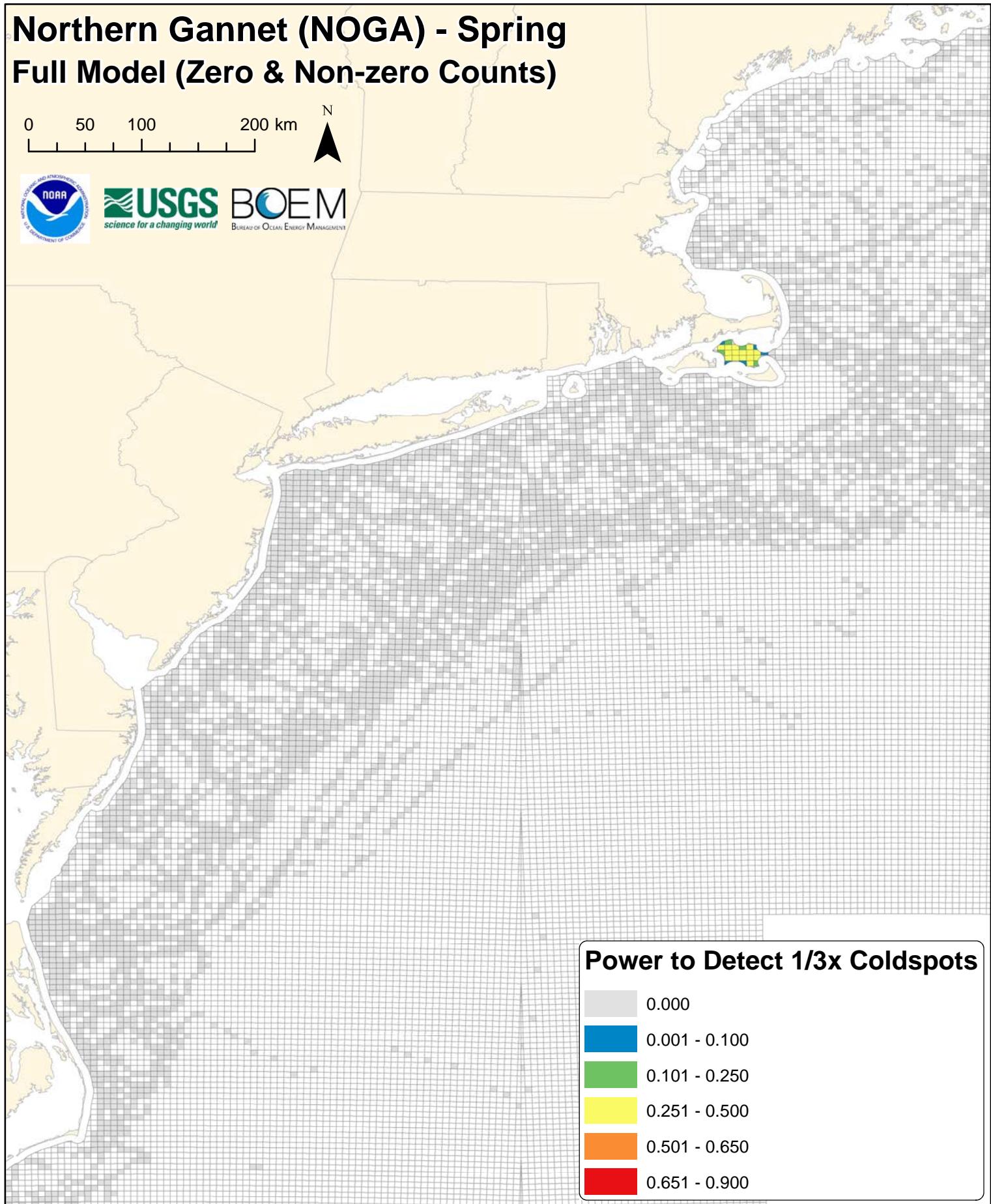
Northern Gannet (NOGA) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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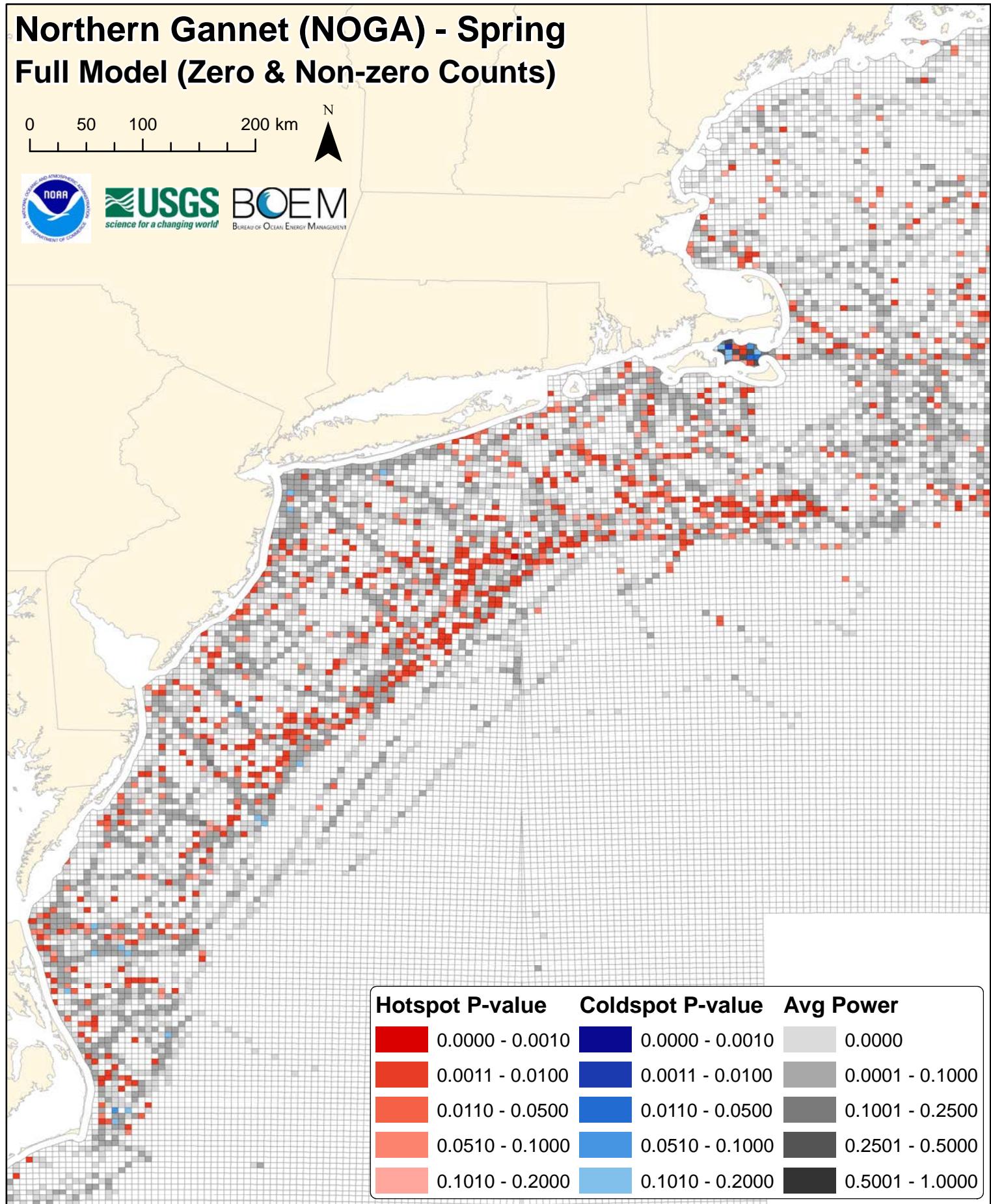
Northern Gannet (NOGA) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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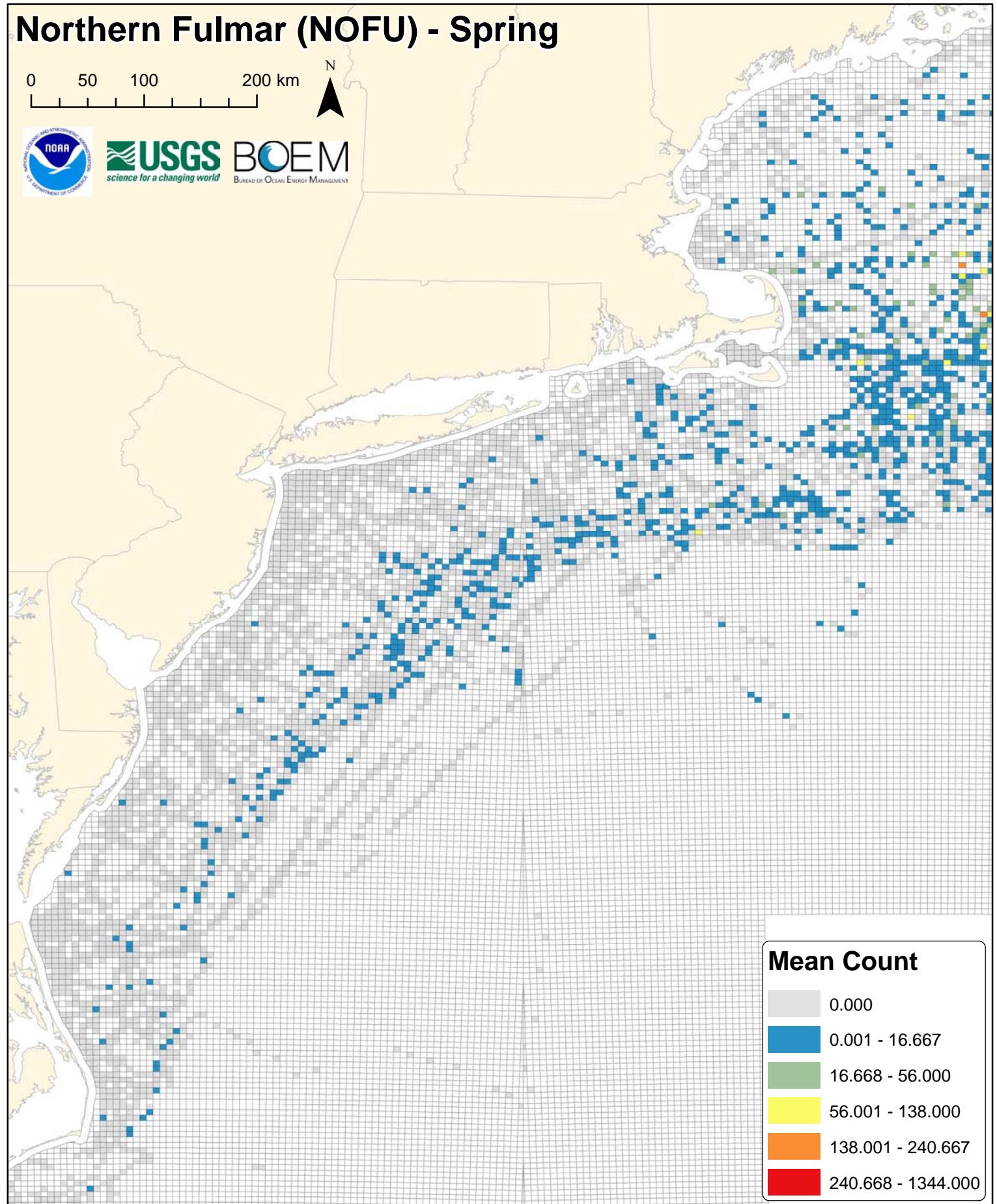
Northern Fulmar (NOFU) - Spring

0 50 100 200 km

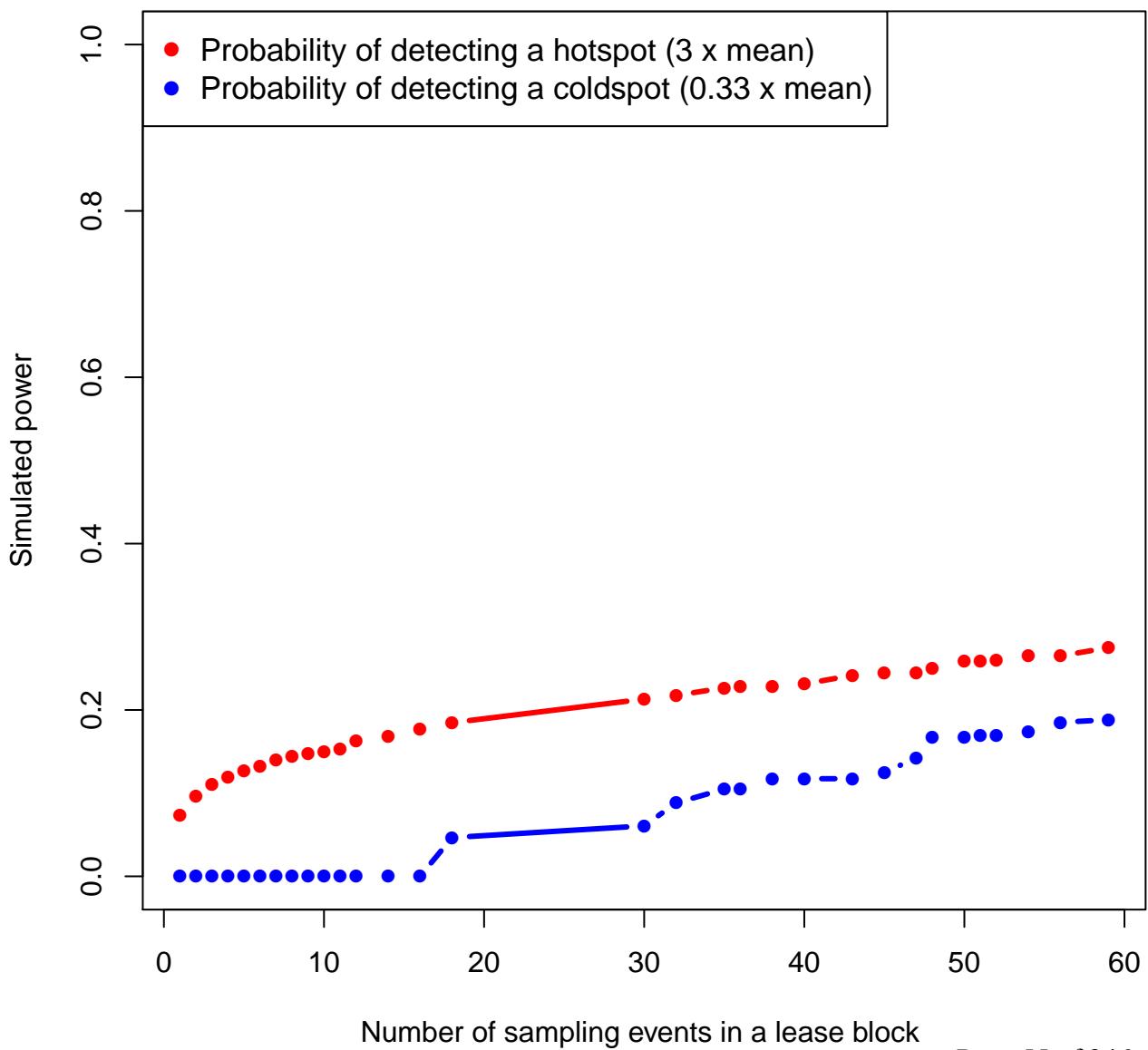


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nofu



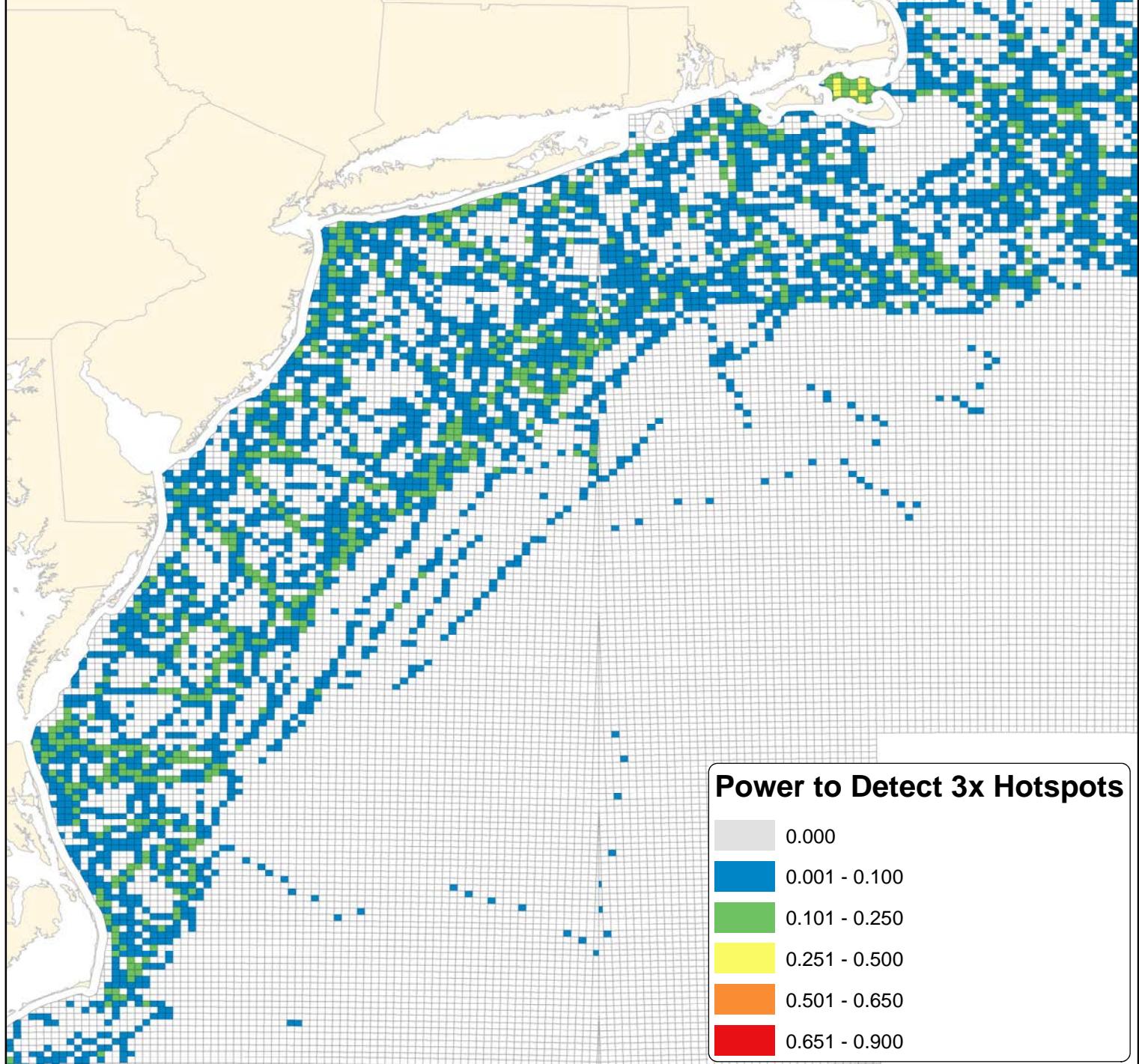
Northern Fulmar (NOFU) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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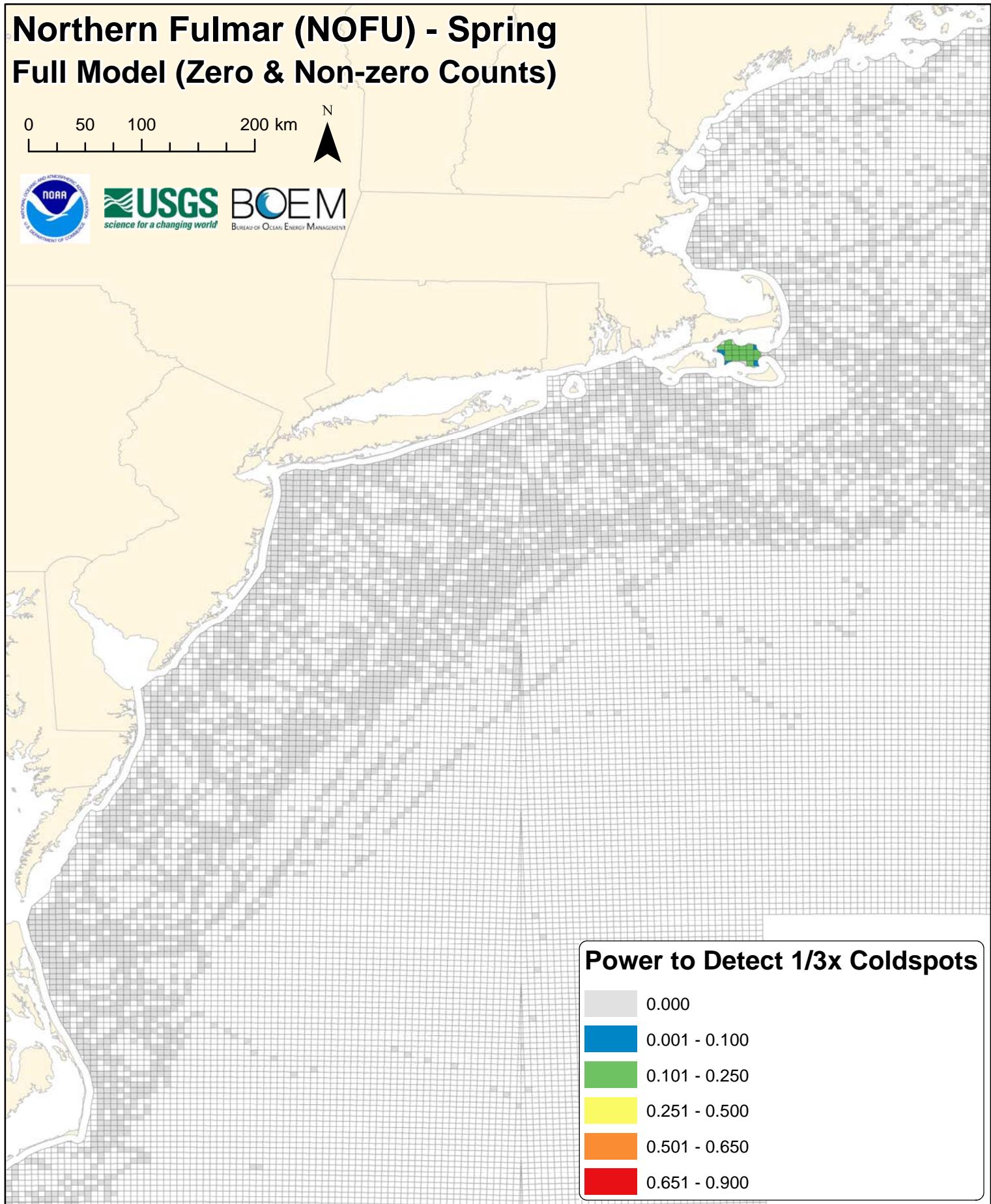
Northern Fulmar (NOFU) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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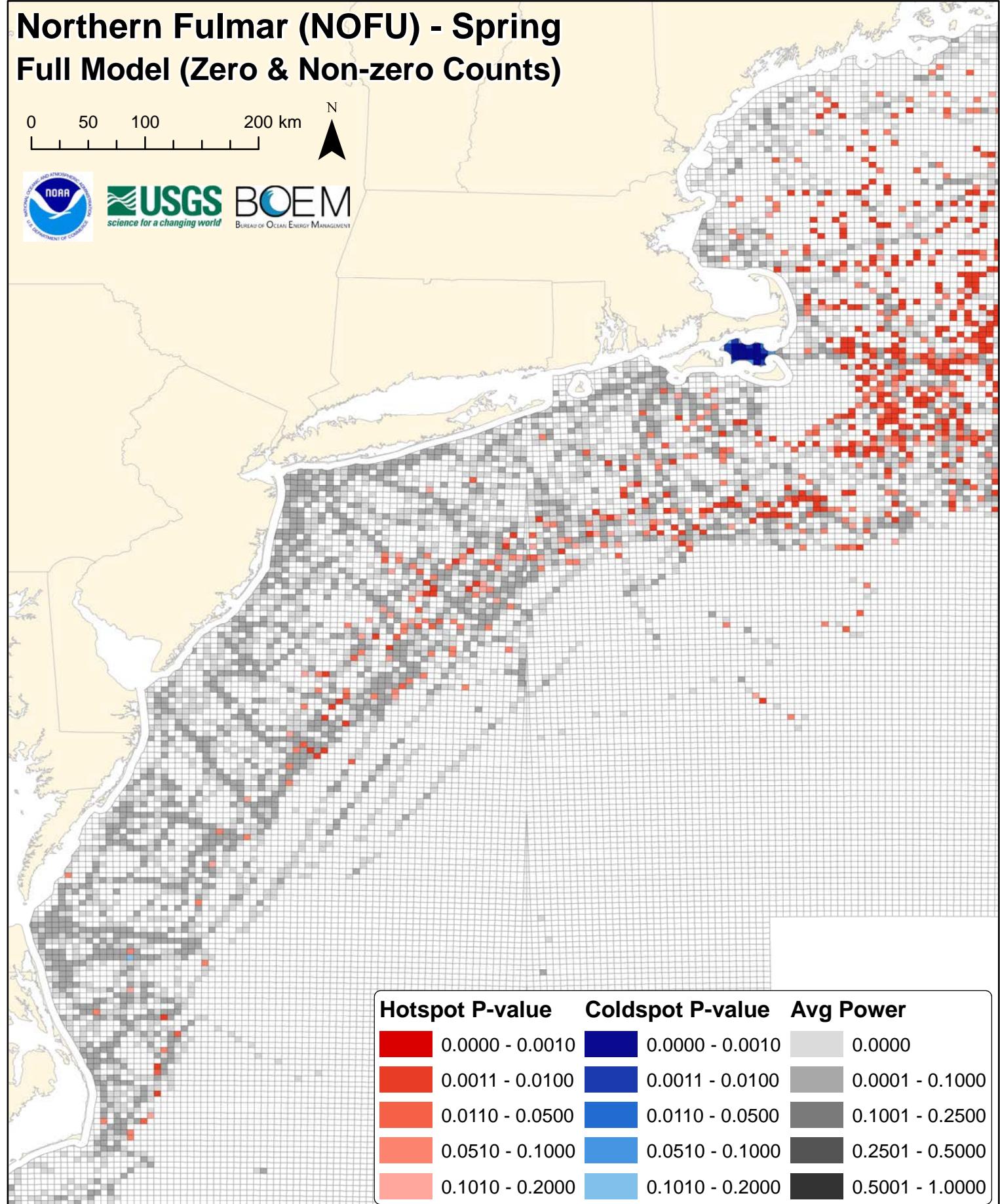
Northern Fulmar (NOFU) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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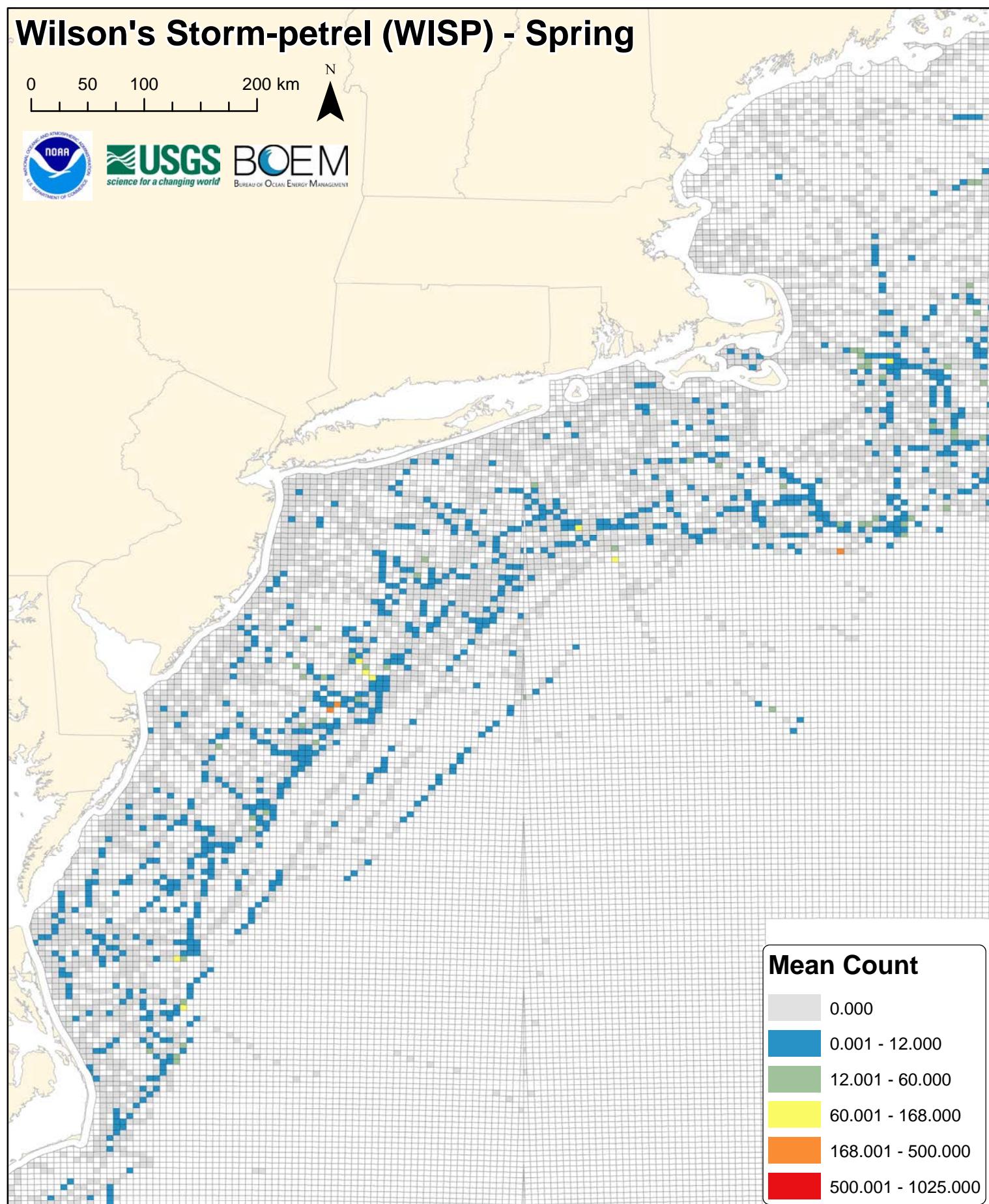
Wilson's Storm-petrel (WISP) - Spring

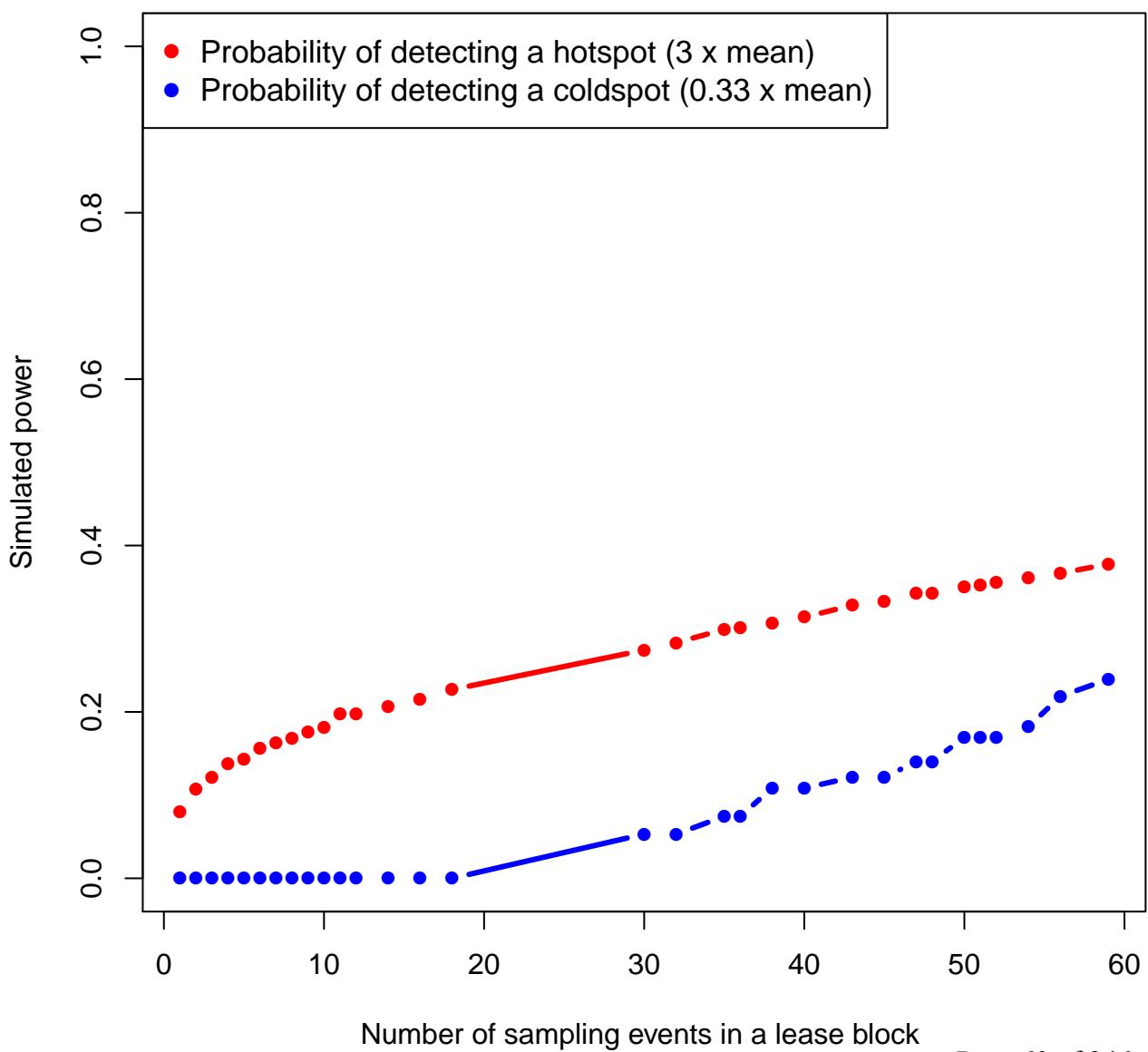
0 50 100 200 km



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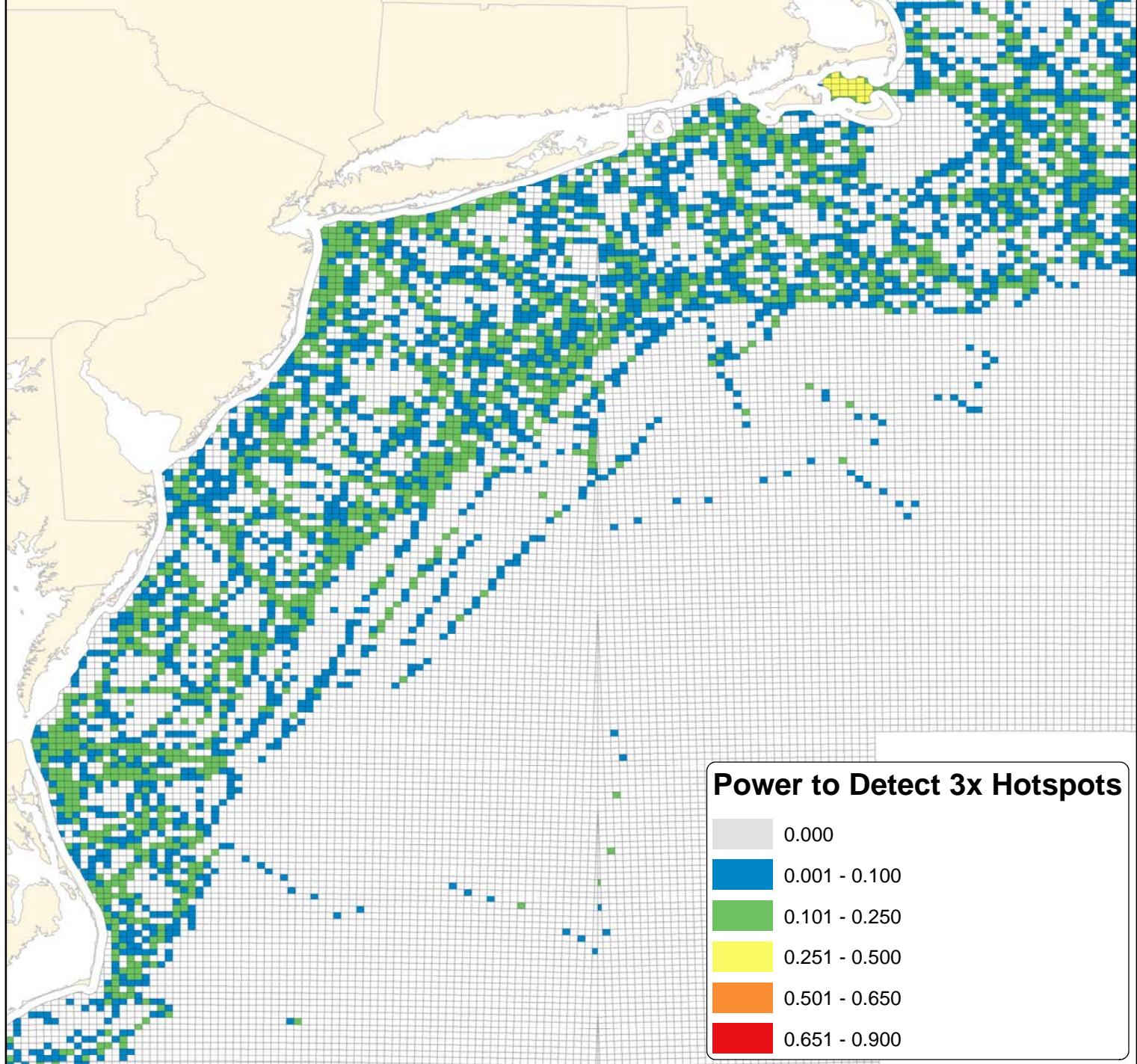
Wilson's Storm-petrel (WISP) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Power to Detect 3x Hotspots

0.000
0.001 - 0.100
0.101 - 0.250
0.251 - 0.500
0.501 - 0.650
0.651 - 0.900

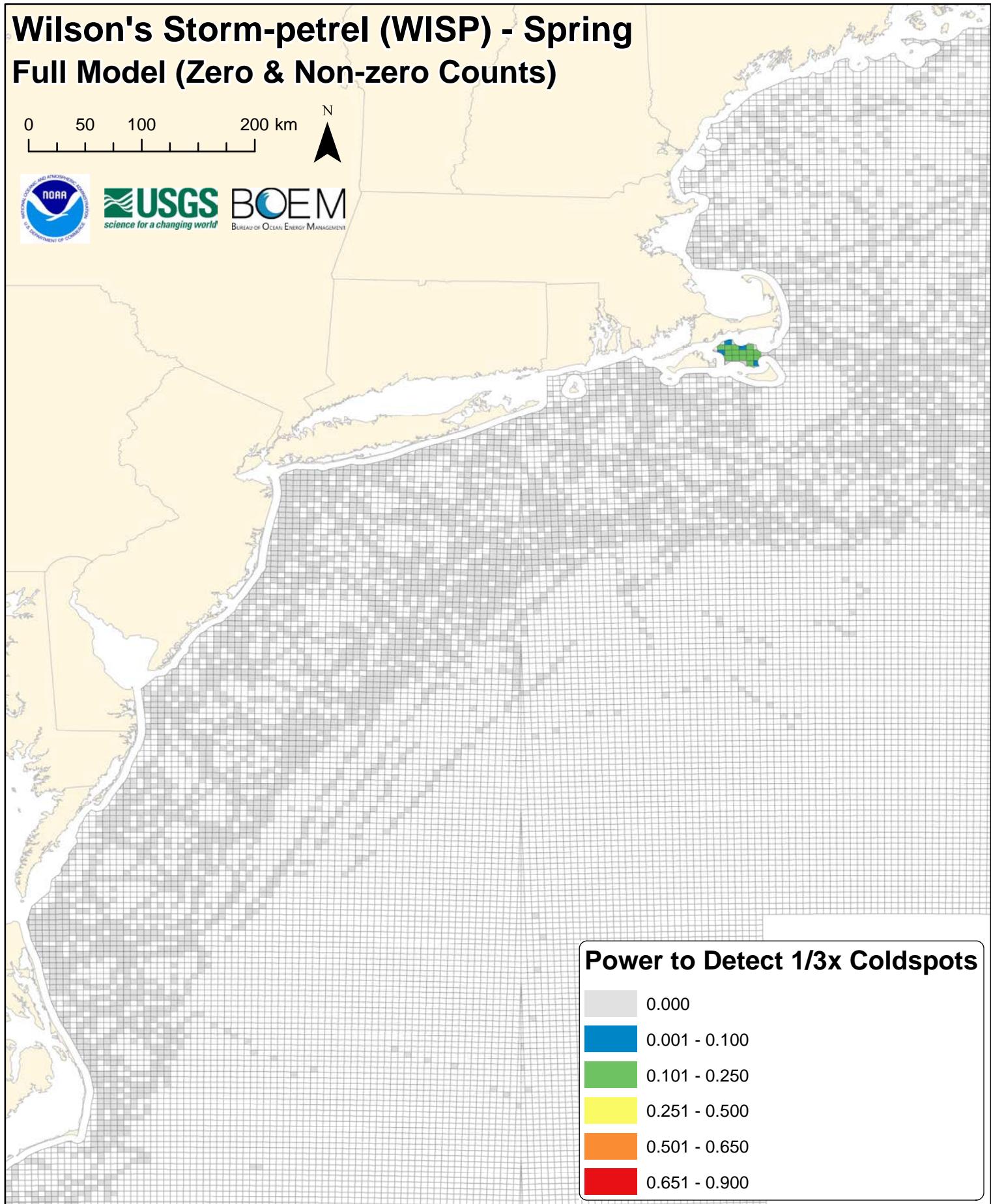
Wilson's Storm-petrel (WISP) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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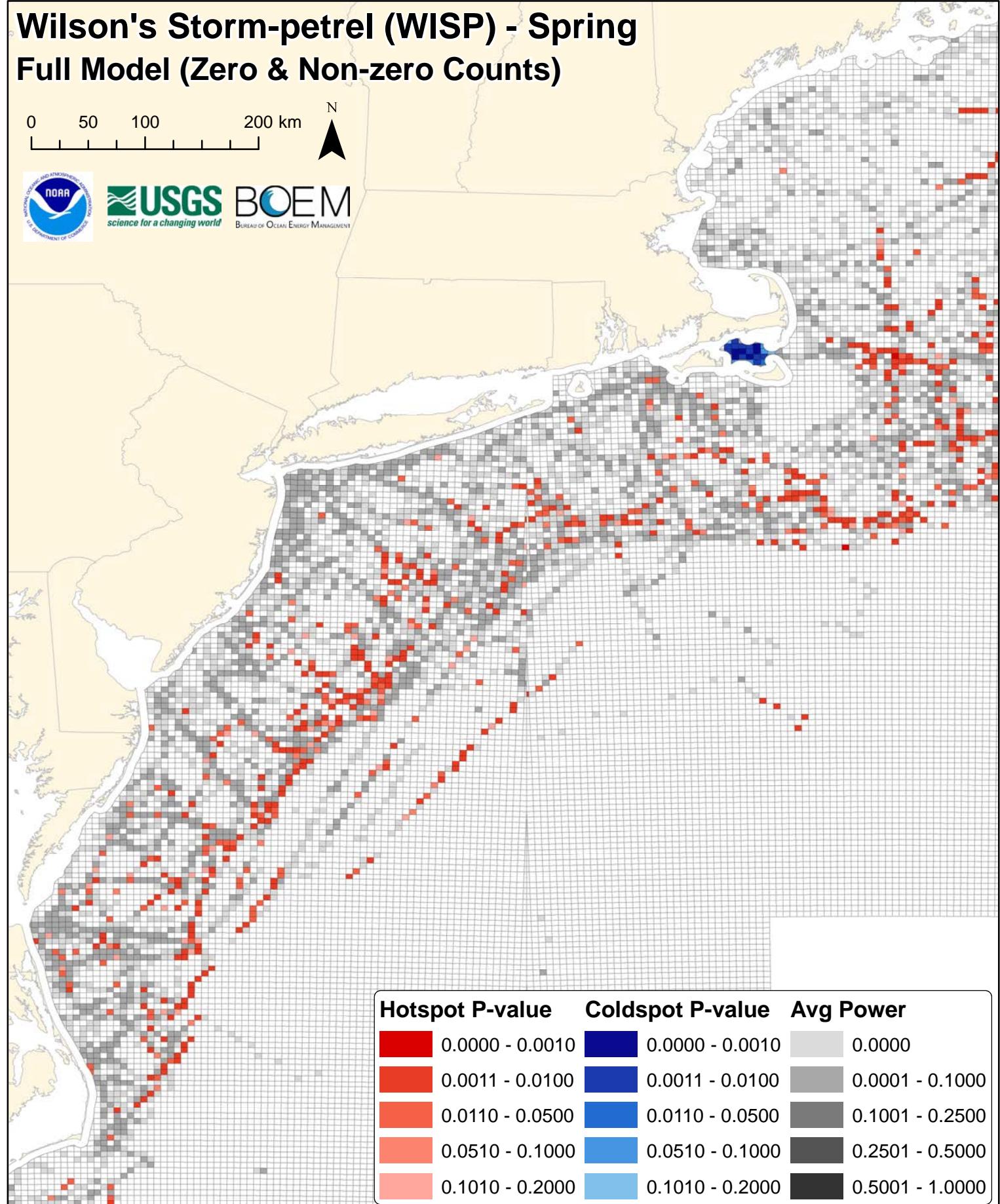
Wilson's Storm-petrel (WISP) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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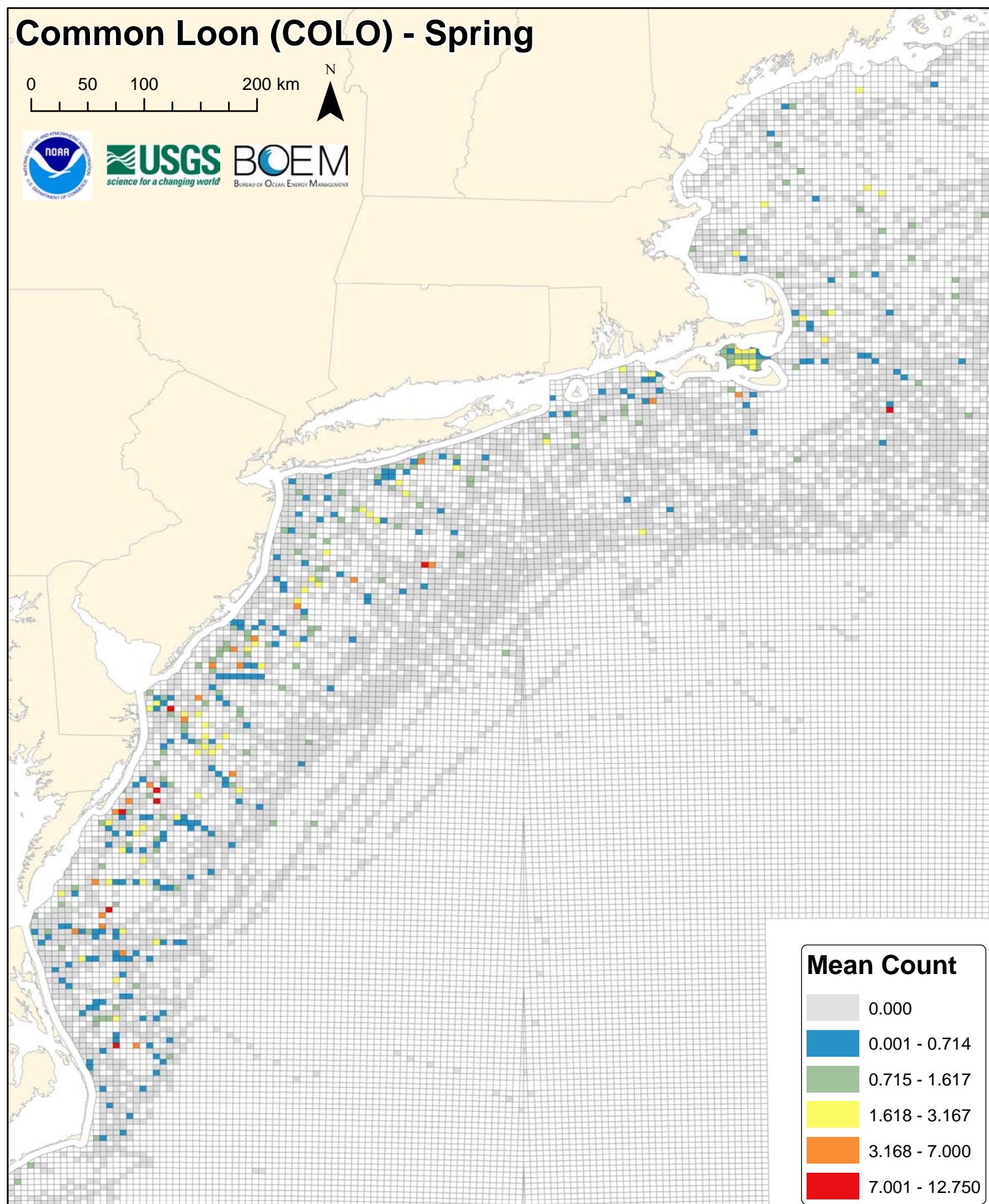
Common Loon (COLO) - Spring

0 50 100 200 km

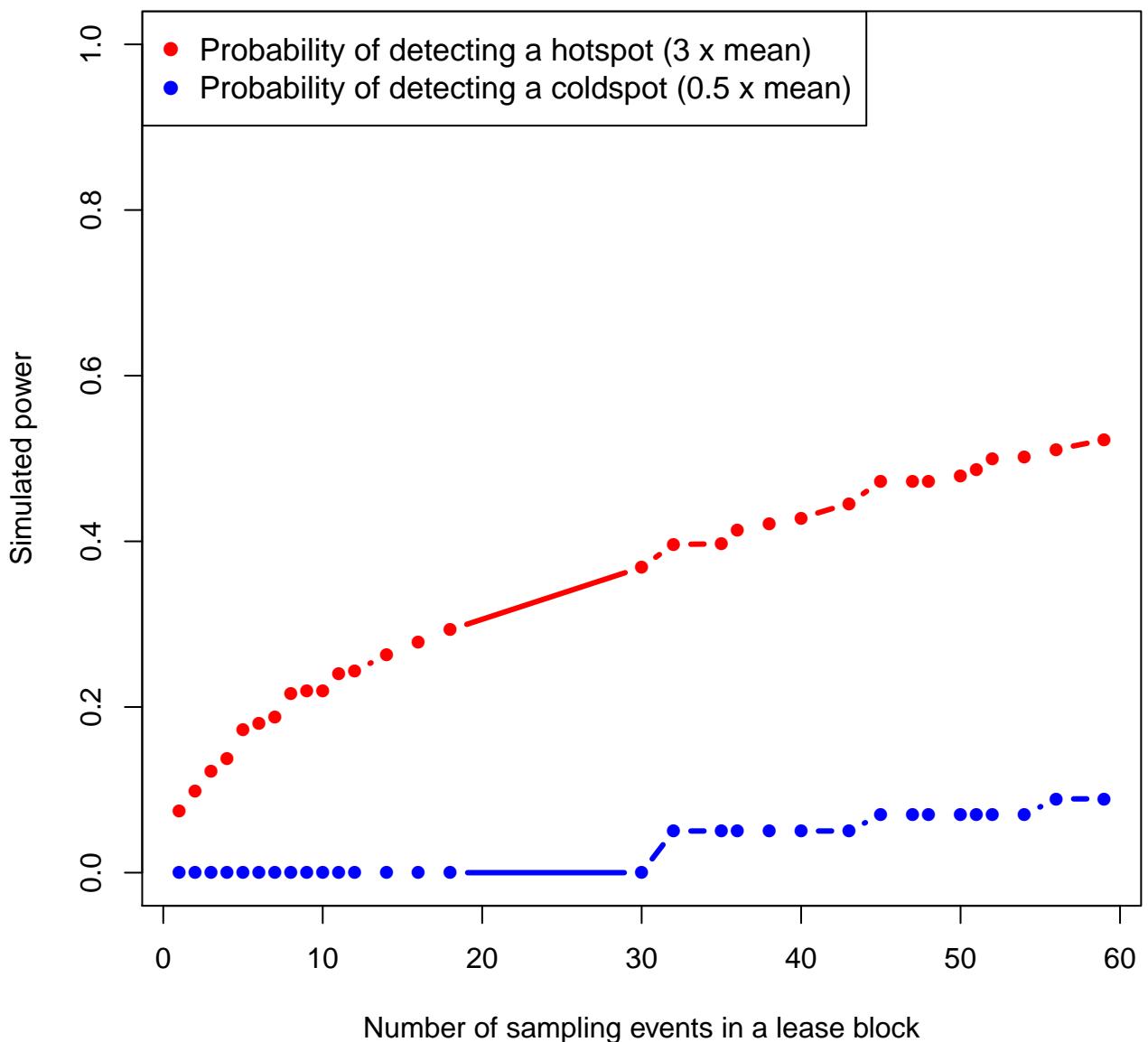


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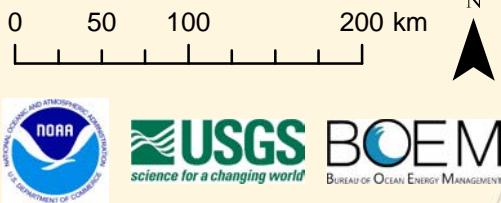
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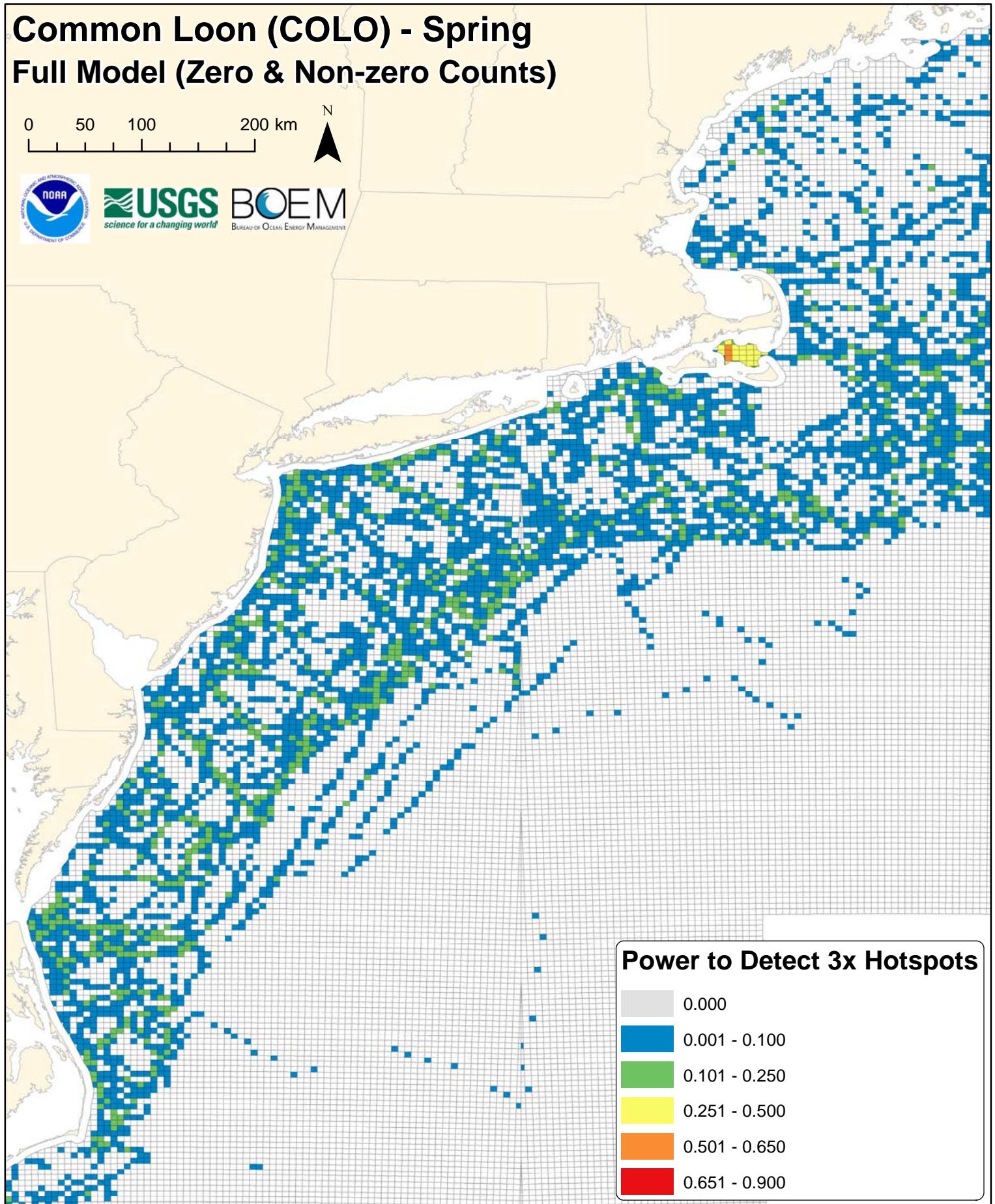
colo



Common Loon (COLO) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)



0 50 100 200 km



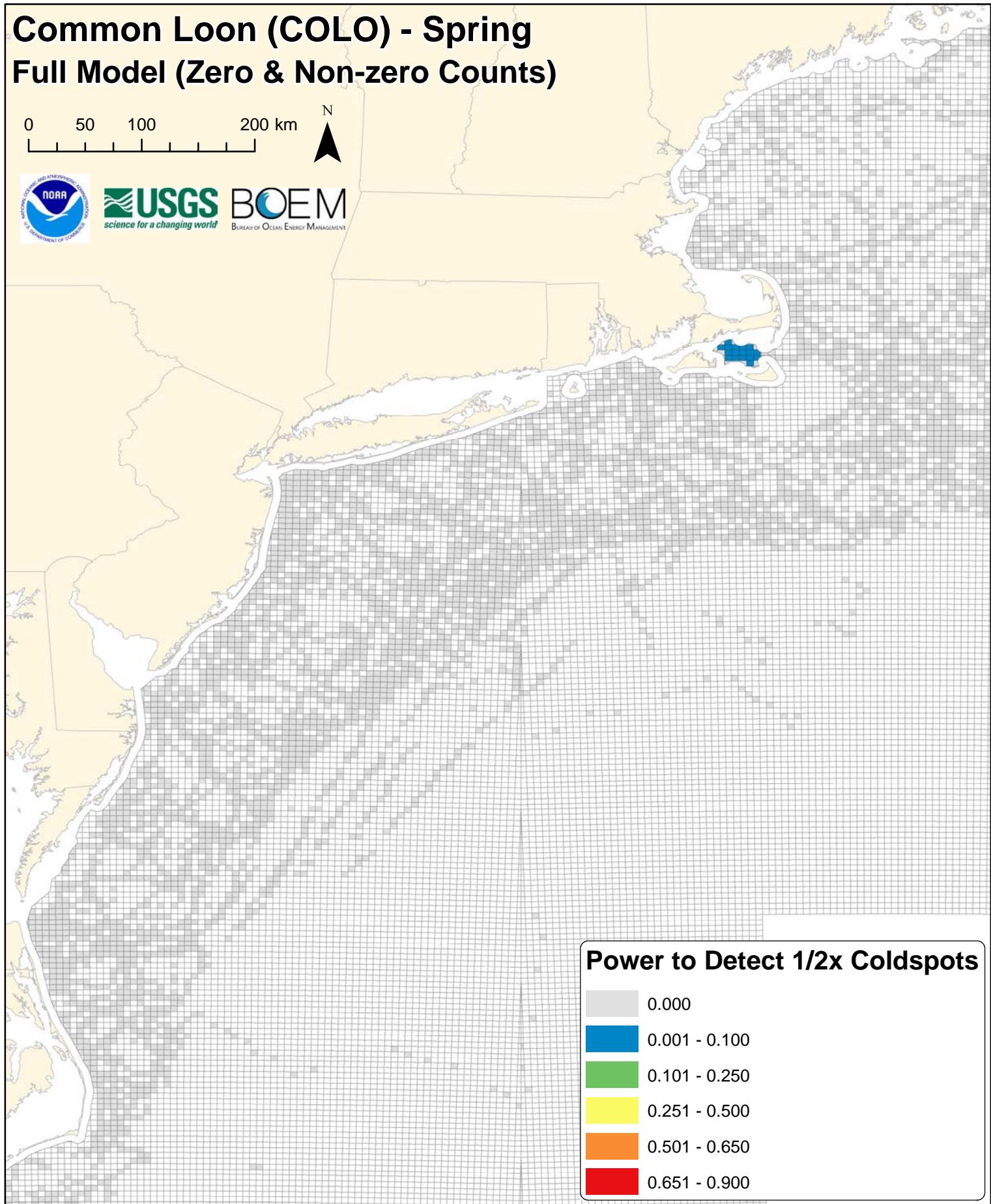
Common Loon (COLO) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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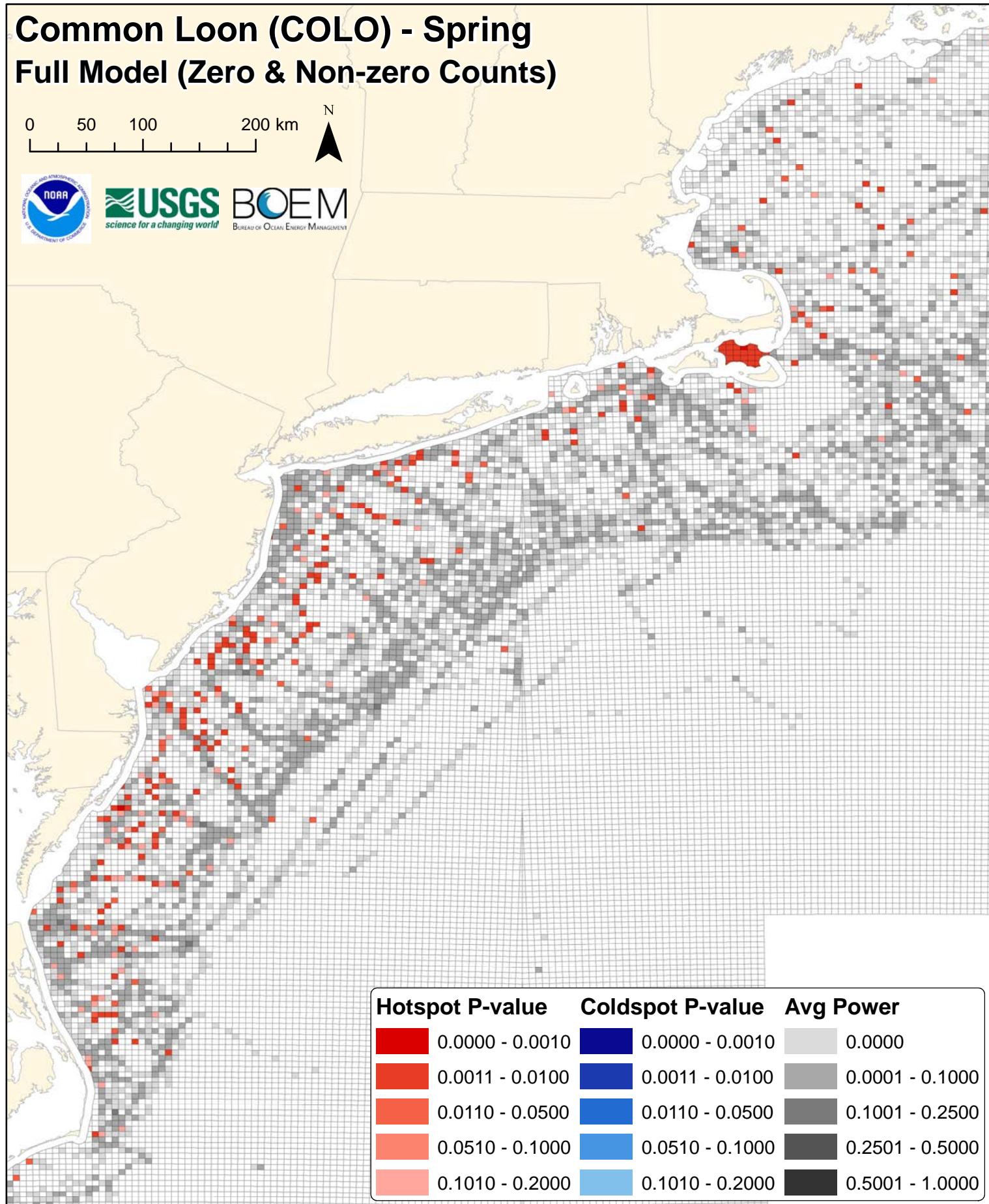
Common Loon (COLO) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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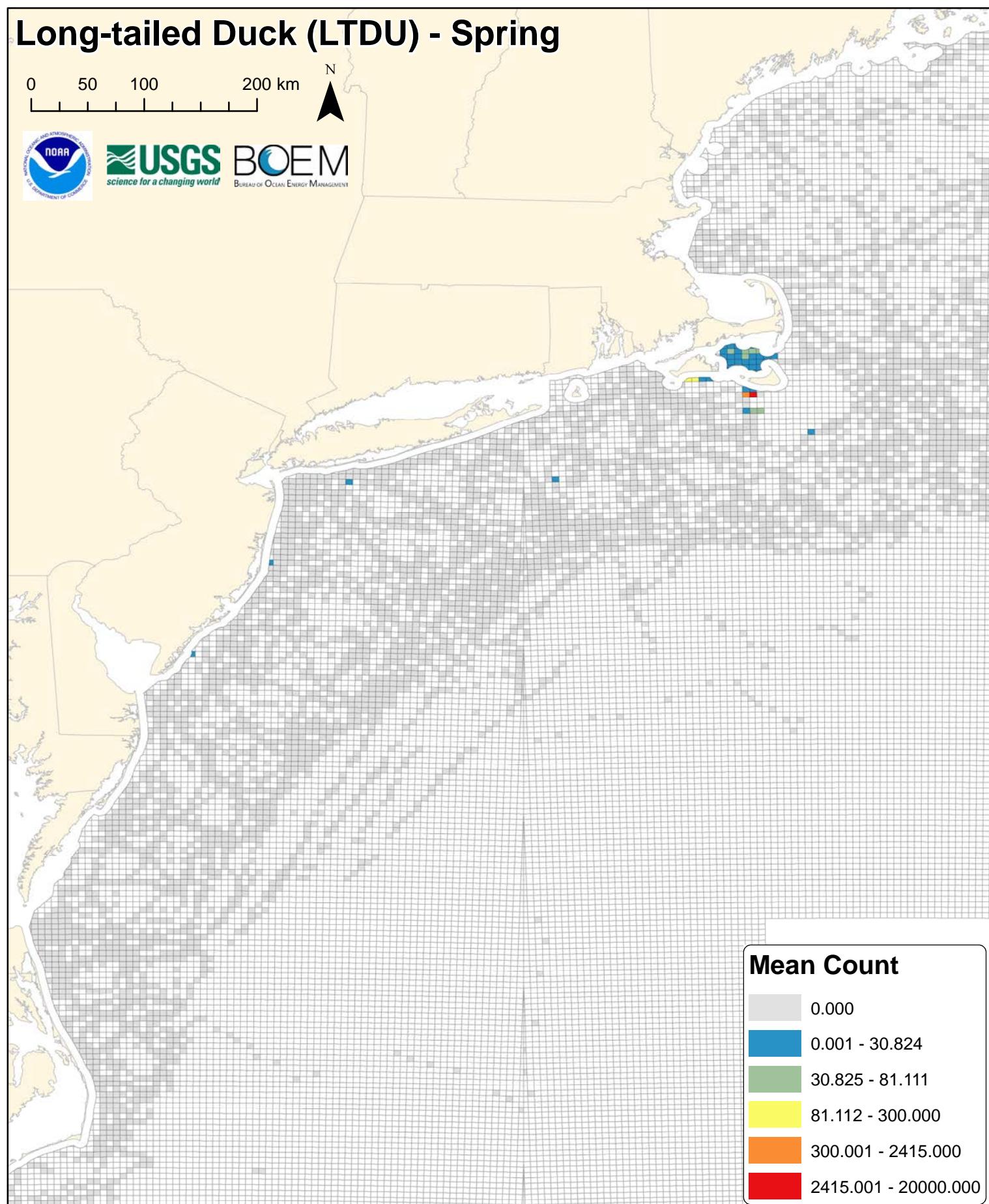
Long-tailed Duck (LTDU) - Spring

0 50 100 200 km

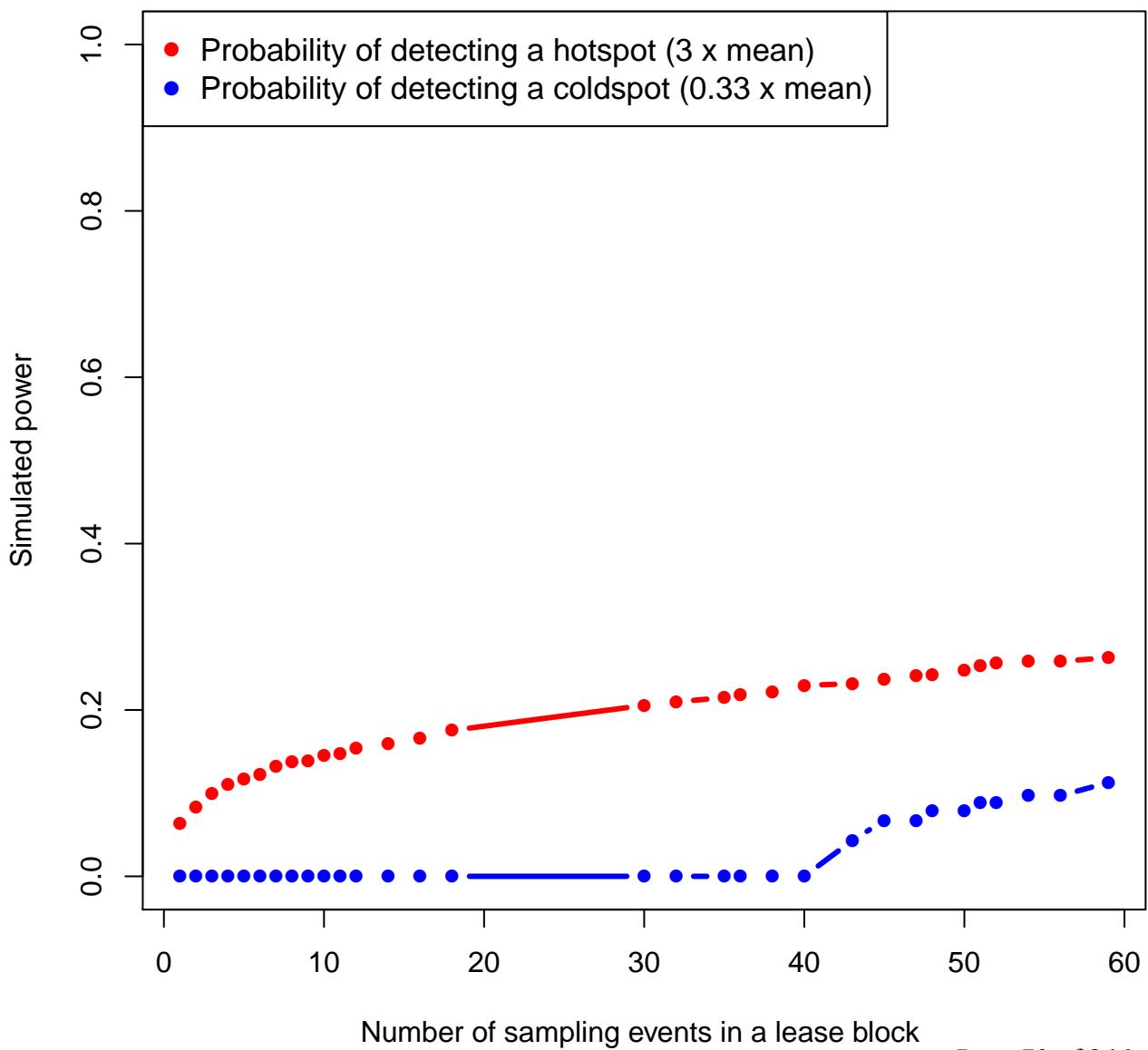


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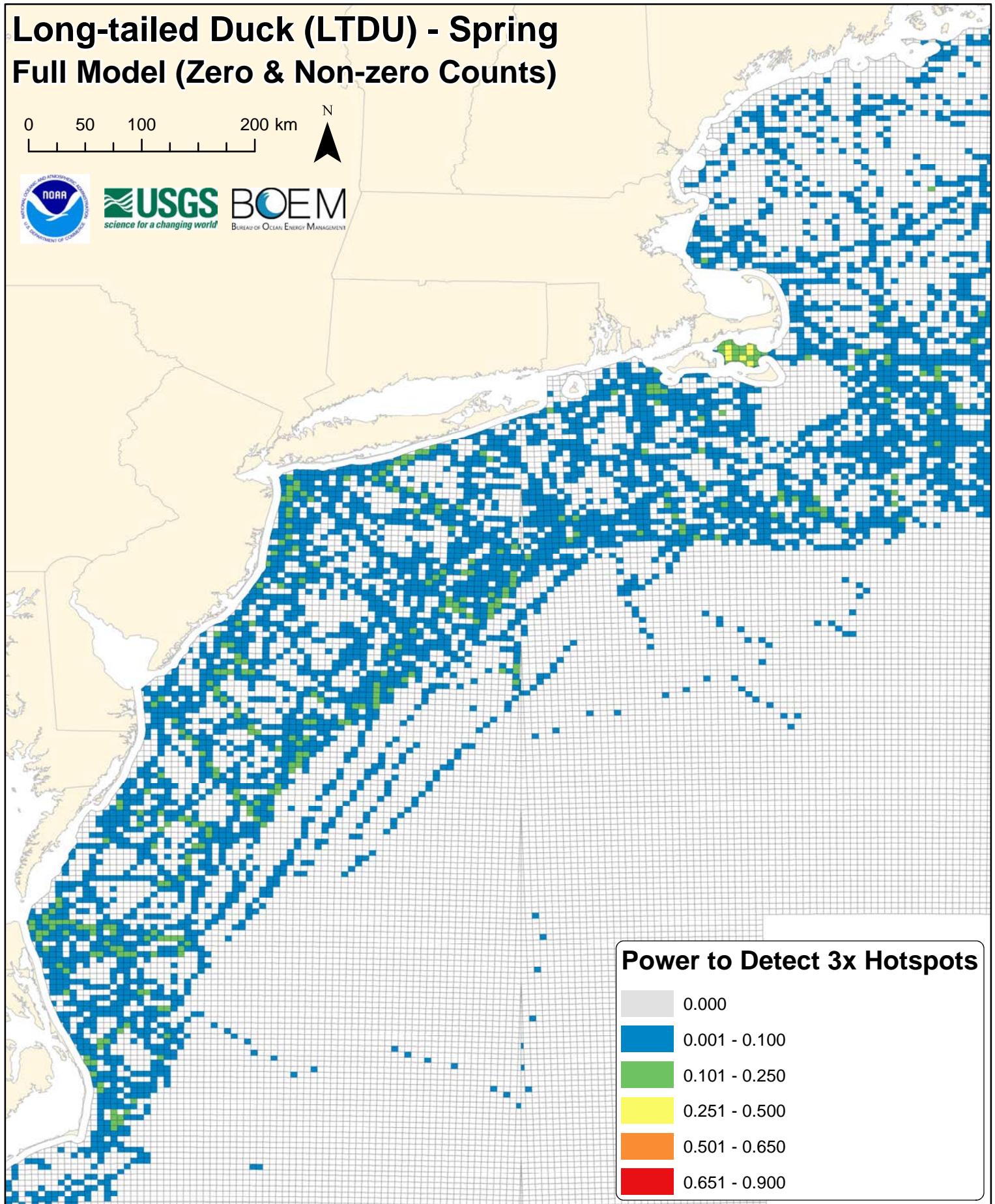
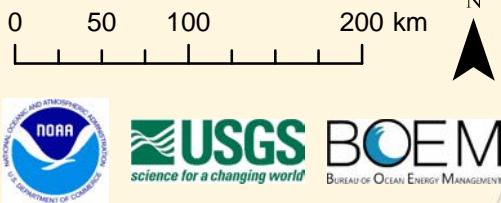
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Itdu



Long-tailed Duck (LTDU) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)



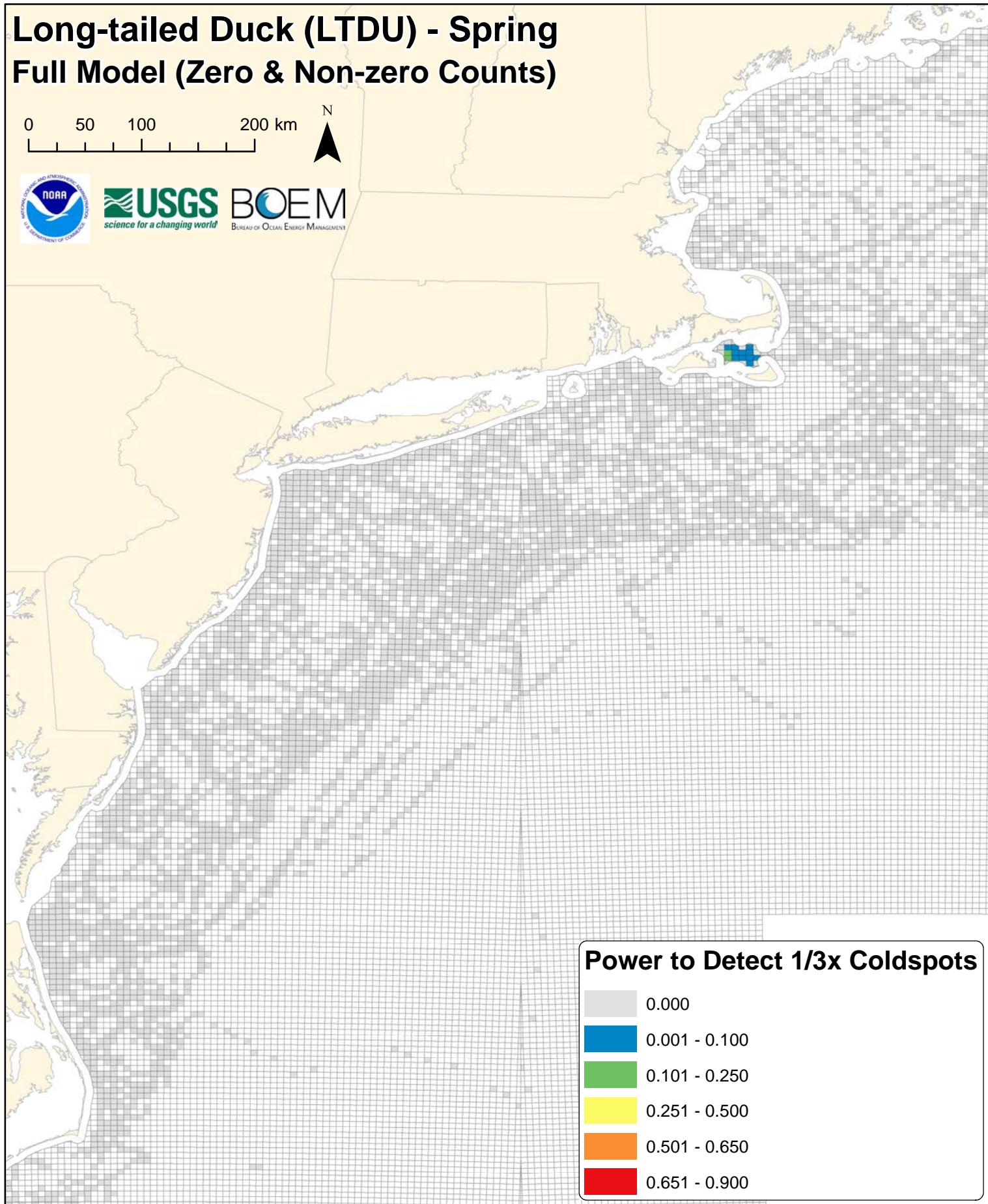
Long-tailed Duck (LTDU) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Power to Detect 1/3x Coldspots

Light Gray	0.000
Blue	0.001 - 0.100
Green	0.101 - 0.250
Yellow	0.251 - 0.500
Orange	0.501 - 0.650
Red	0.651 - 0.900

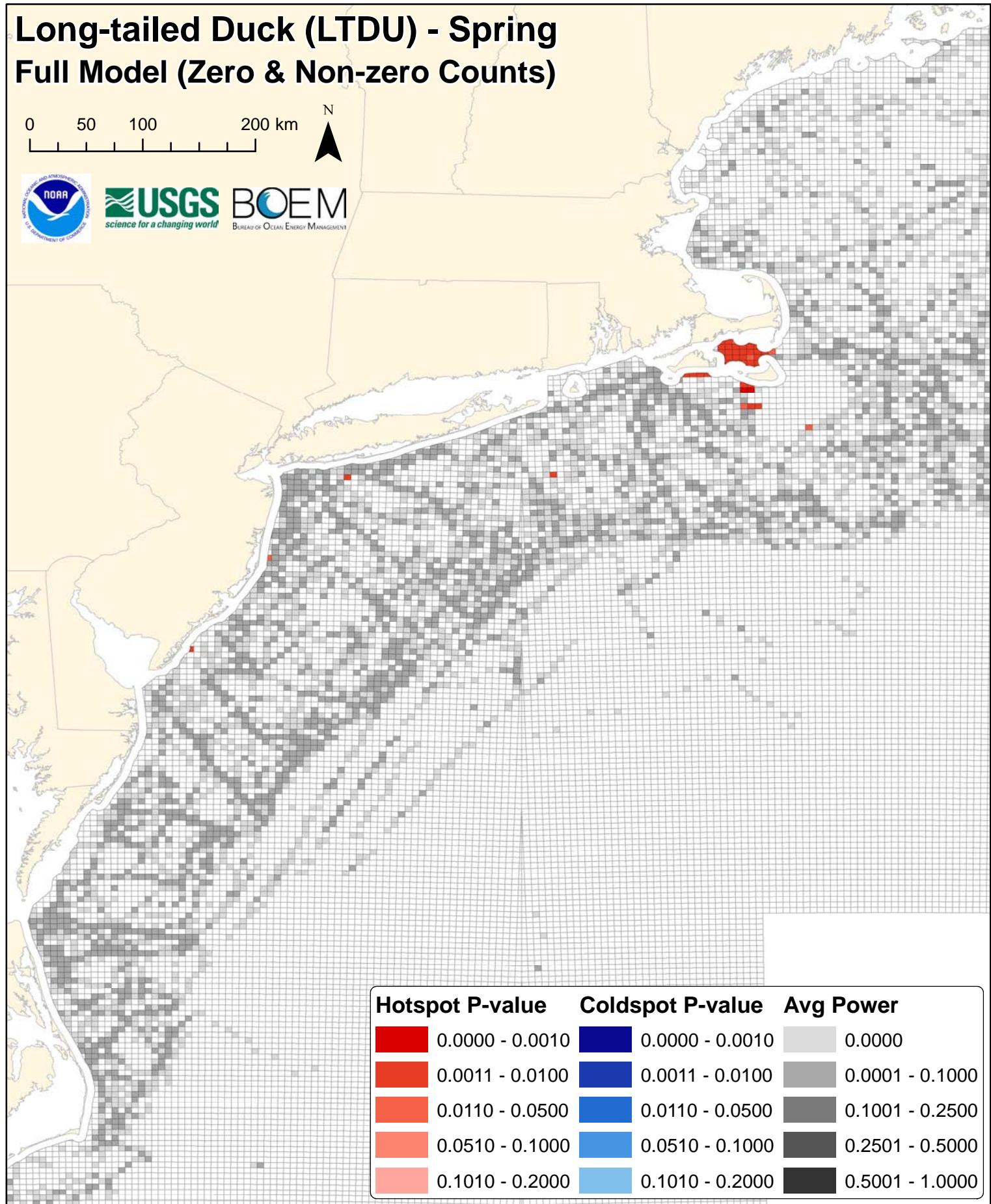
Long-tailed Duck (LTDU) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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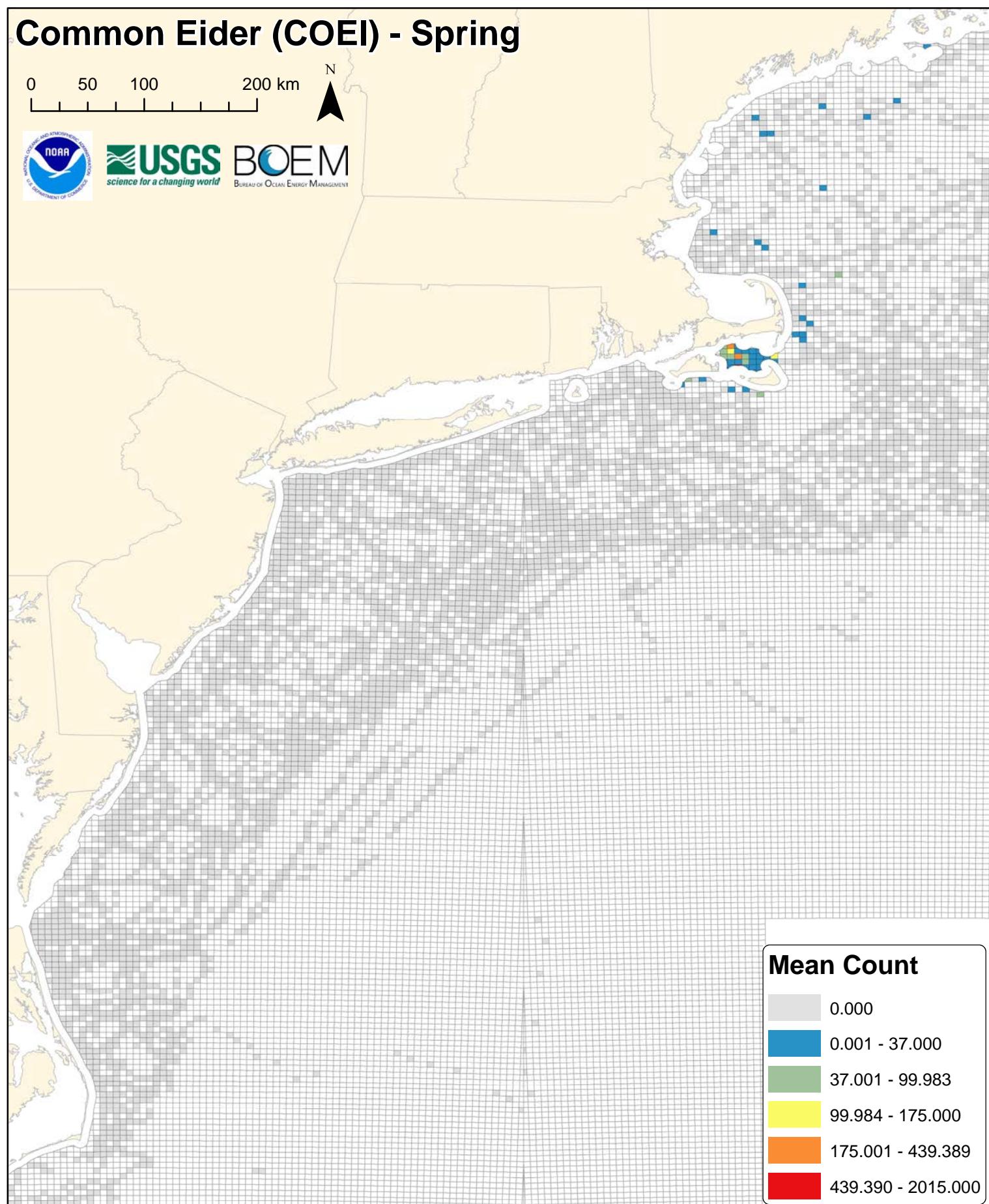
Common Eider (COEI) - Spring

0 50 100 200 km



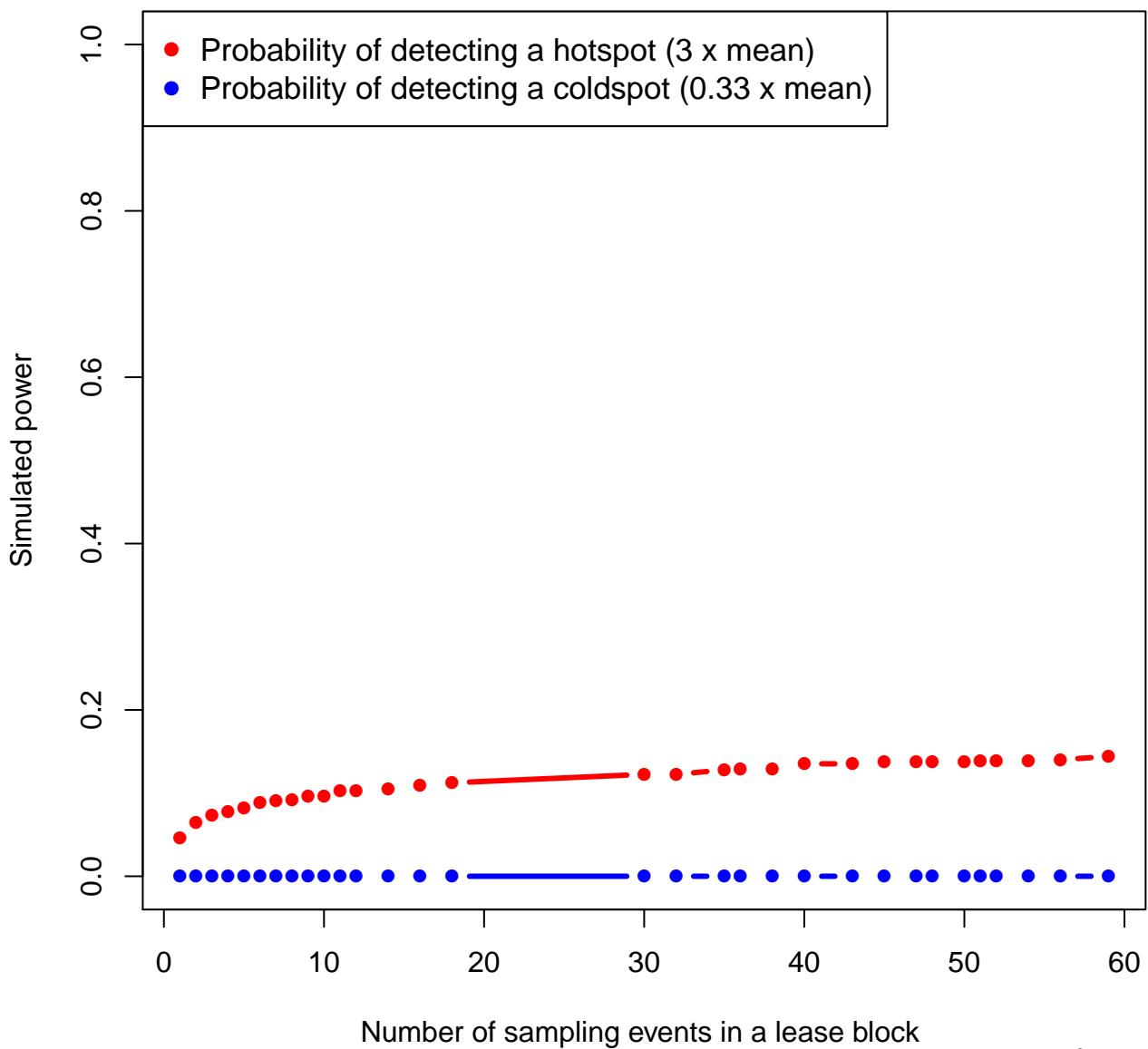
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Mean Count

0.000
0.001 - 37.000
37.001 - 99.983
99.984 - 175.000
175.001 - 439.389
439.390 - 2015.000



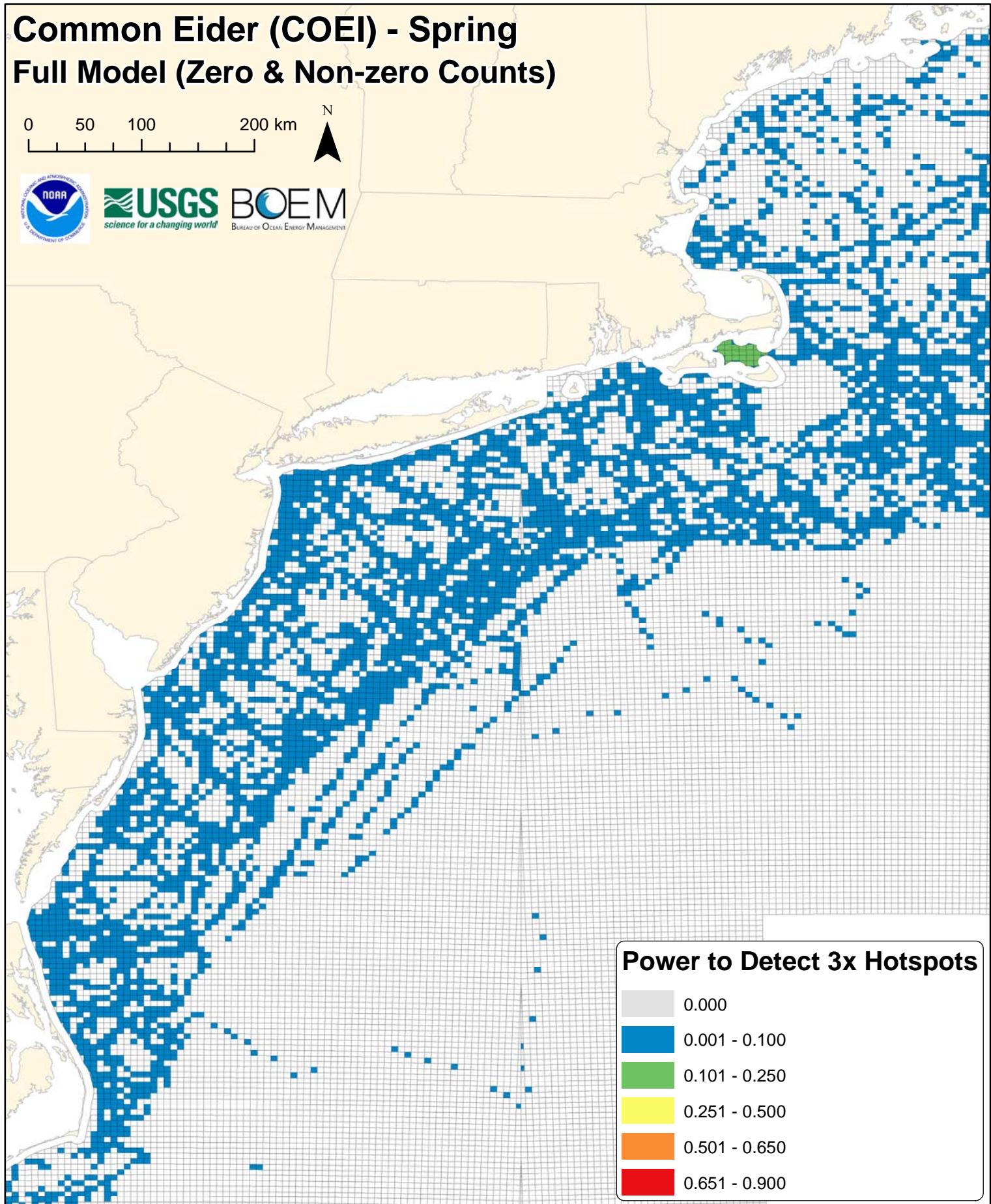
Common Eider (COEI) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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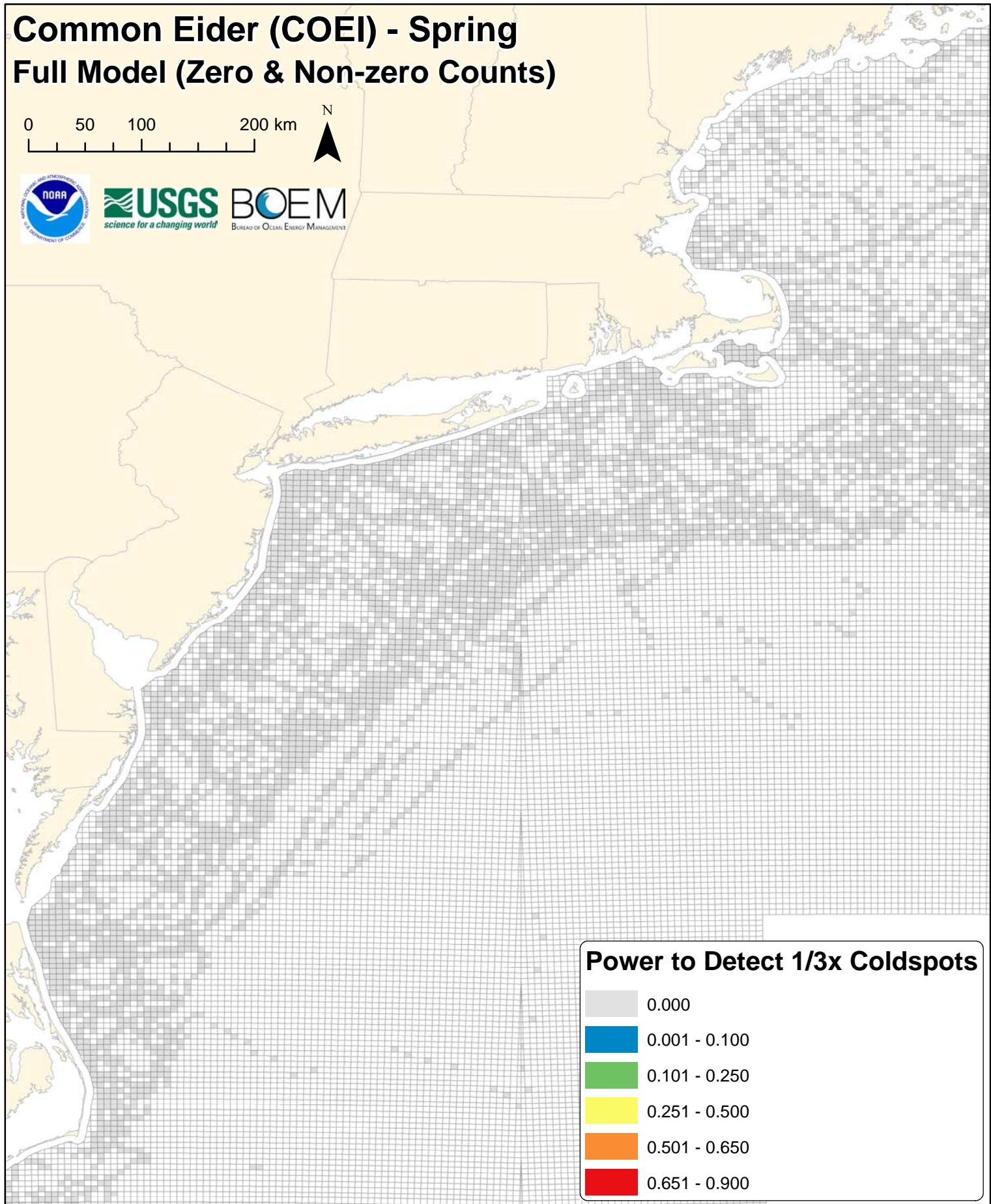
Common Eider (COEI) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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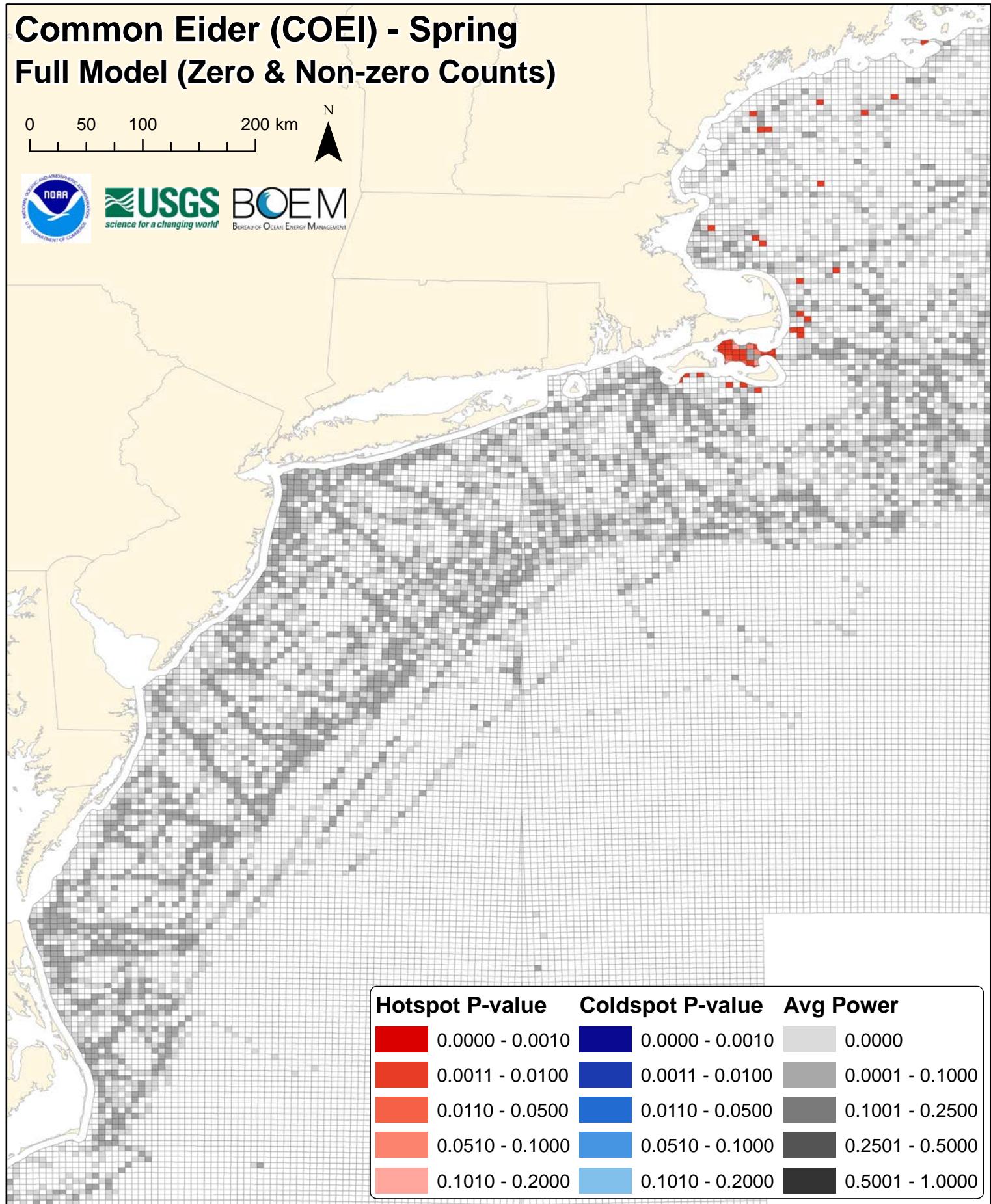
Common Eider (COEI) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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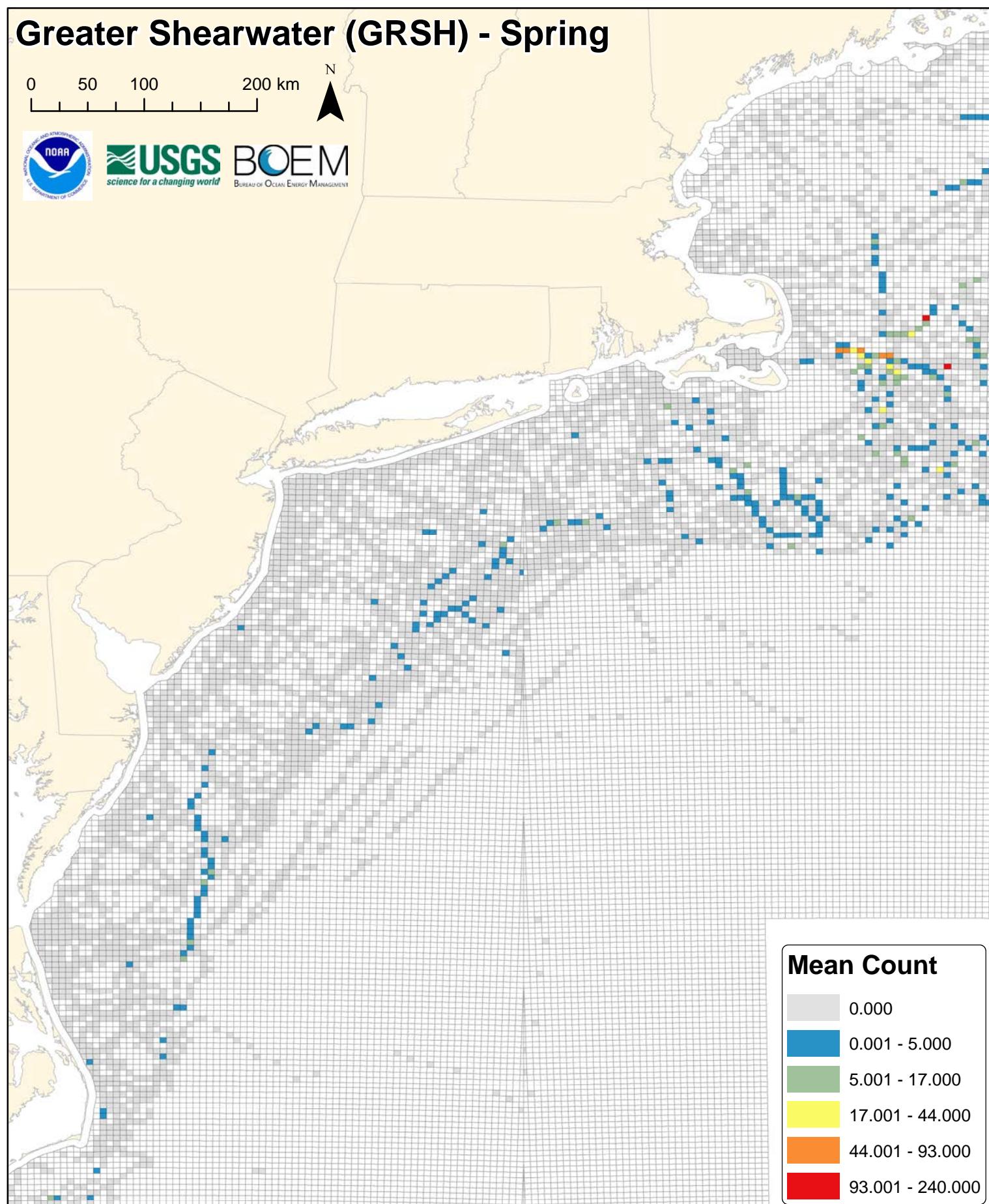
Greater Shearwater (GRSH) - Spring

0 50 100 200 km

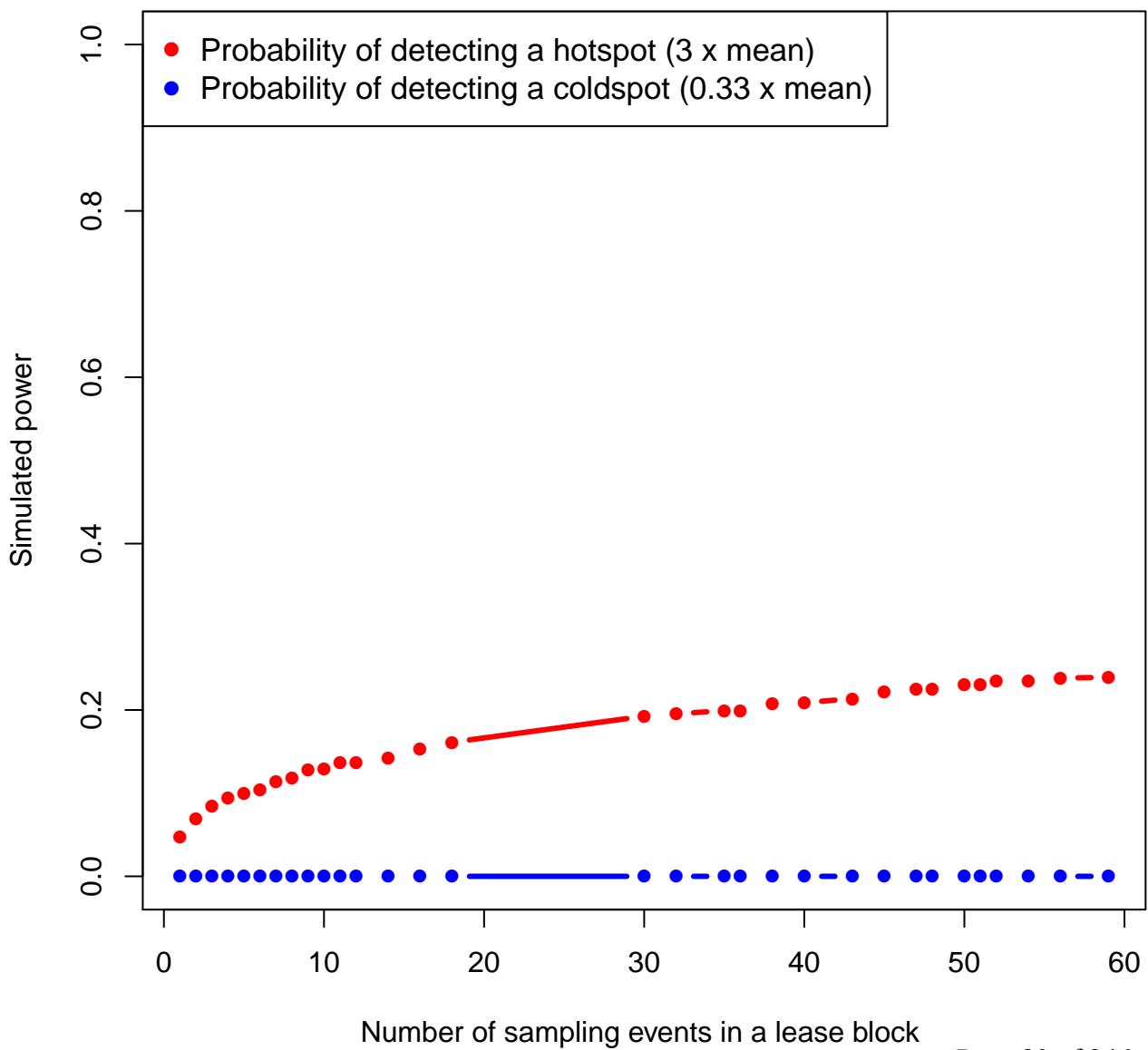


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grsh



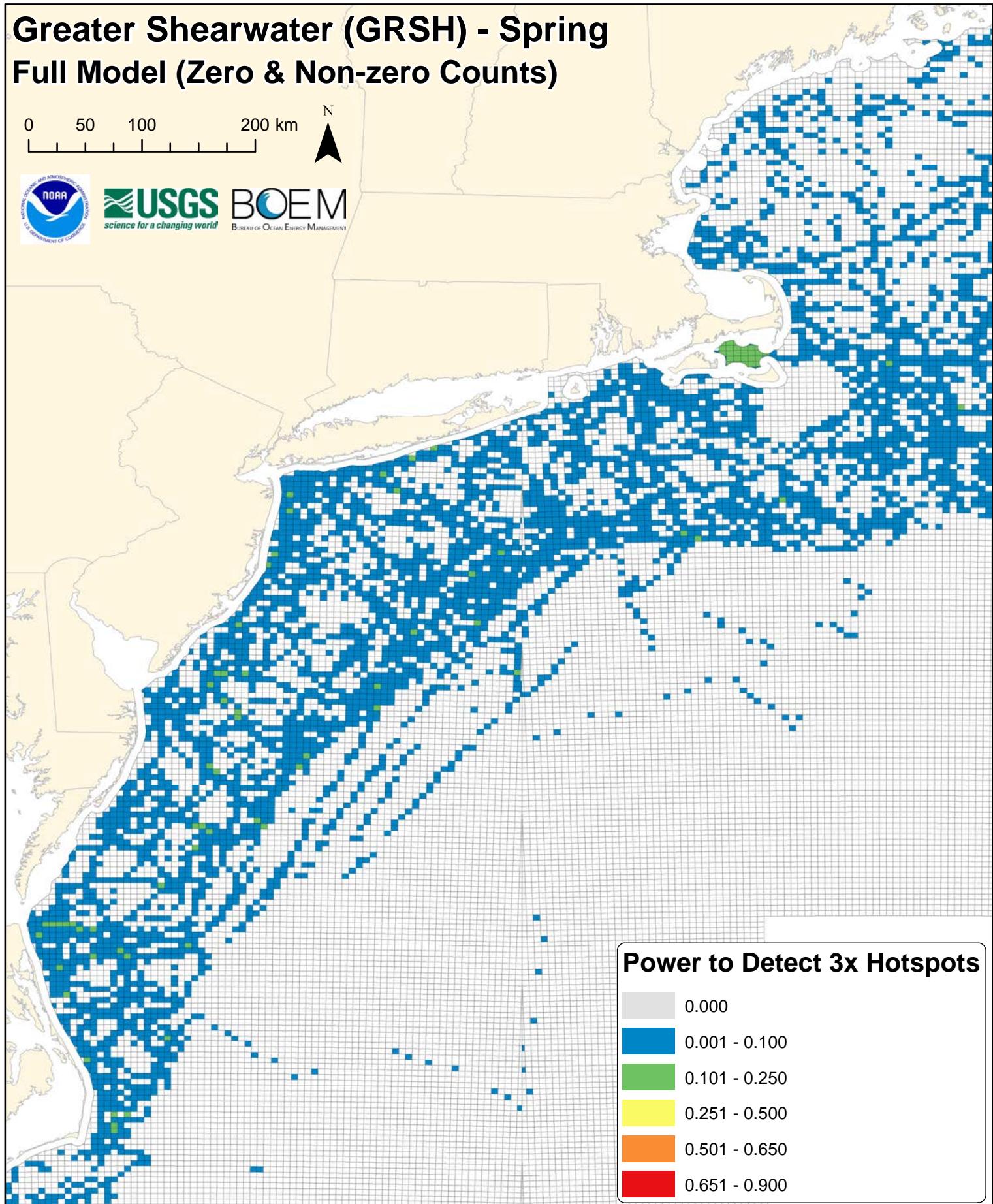
Greater Shearwater (GRSH) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Power to Detect 3x Hotspots

0.000
0.001 - 0.100
0.101 - 0.250
0.251 - 0.500
0.501 - 0.650
0.651 - 0.900

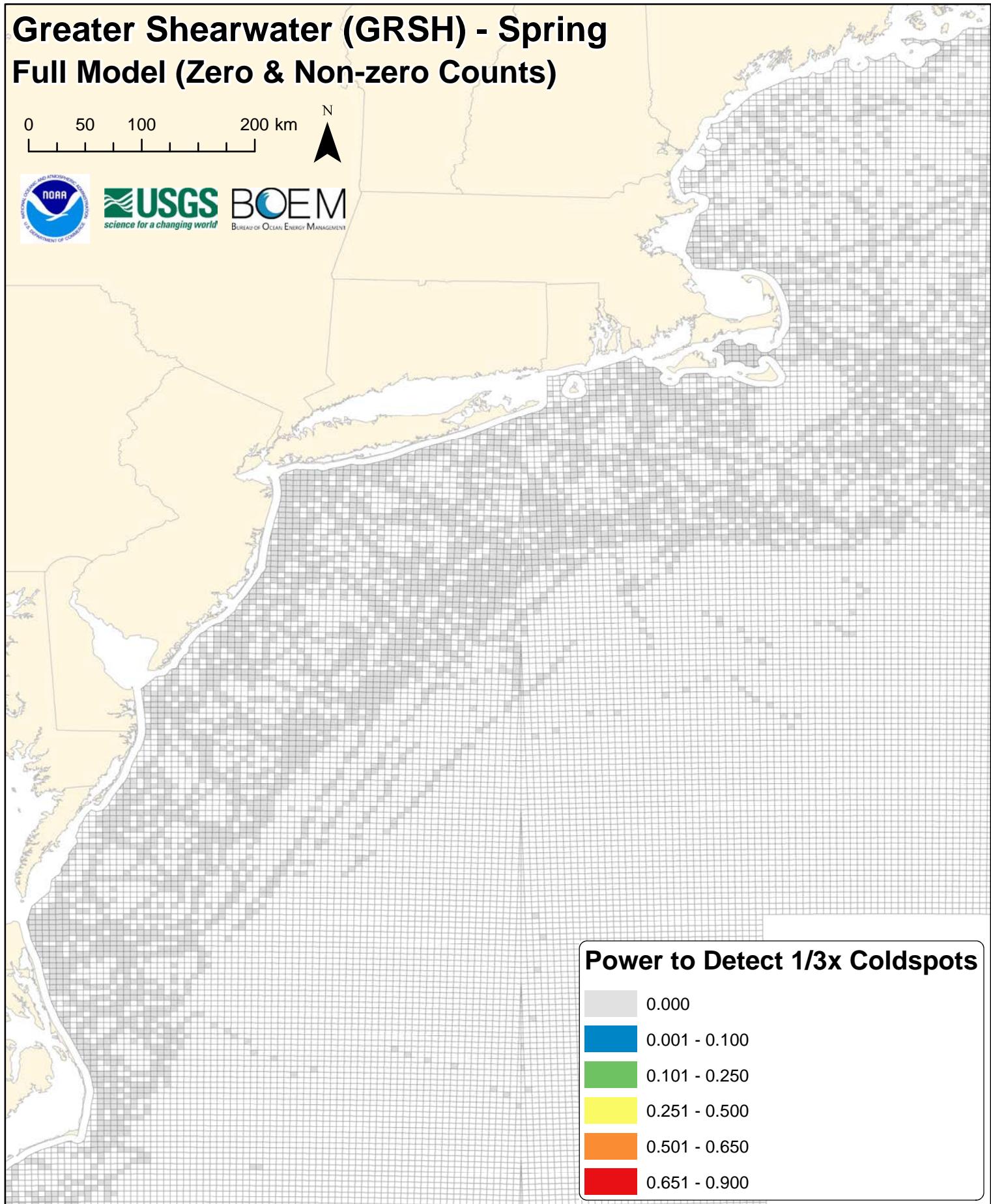
Greater Shearwater (GRSH) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Power to Detect 1/3x Coldspots

0.000
0.001 - 0.100
0.101 - 0.250
0.251 - 0.500
0.501 - 0.650
0.651 - 0.900

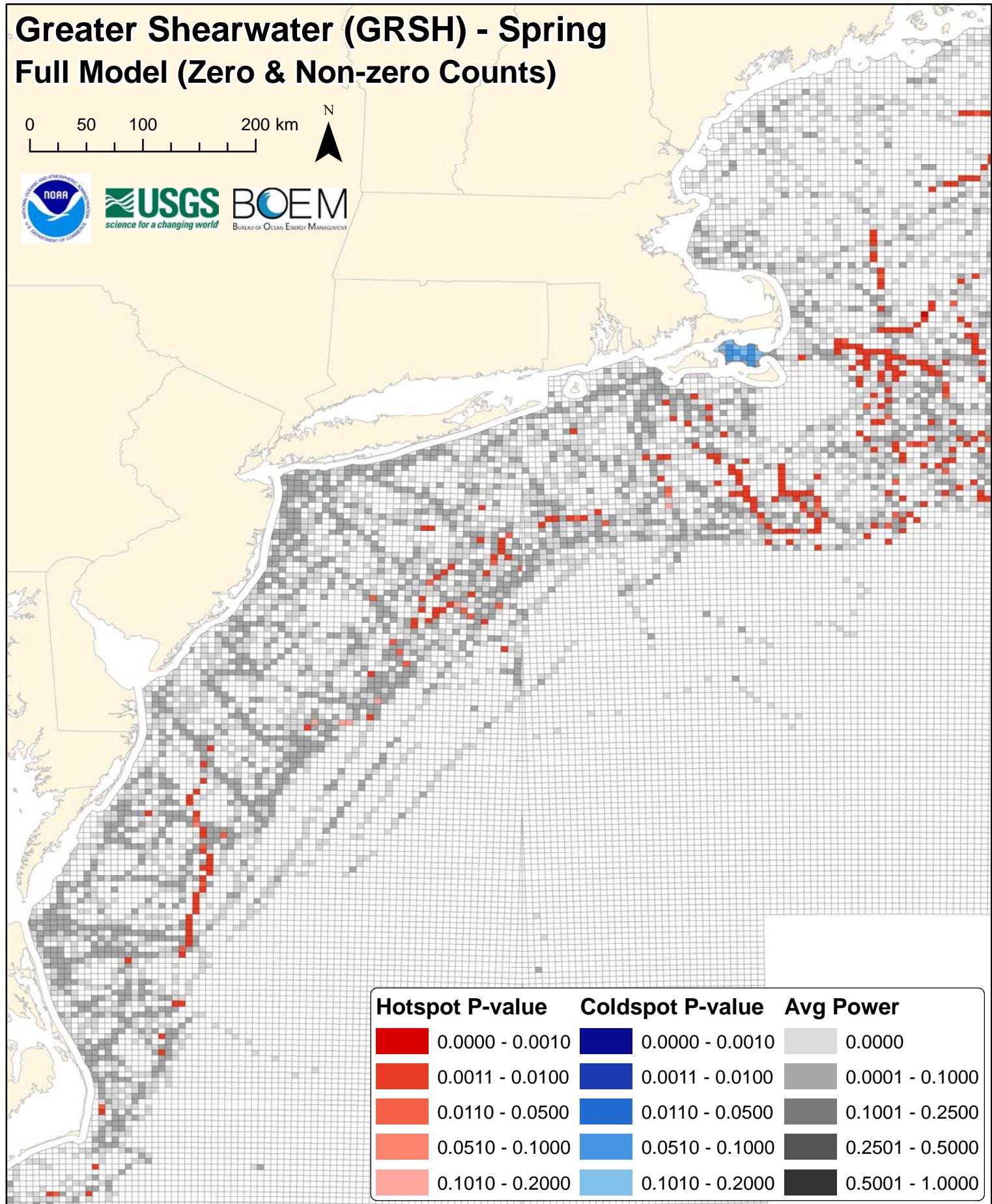
Greater Shearwater (GRSH) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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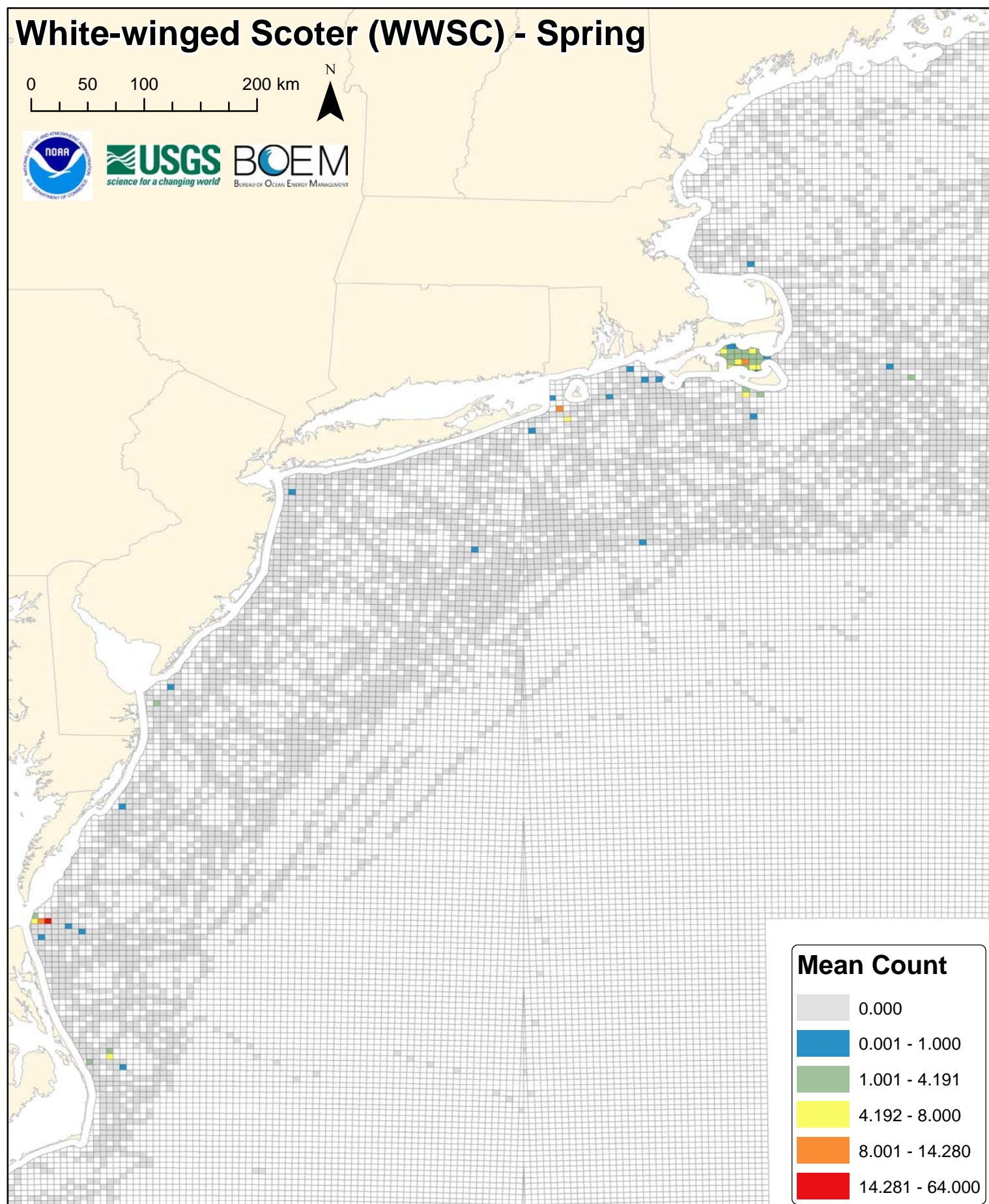
White-winged Scoter (WWSC) - Spring

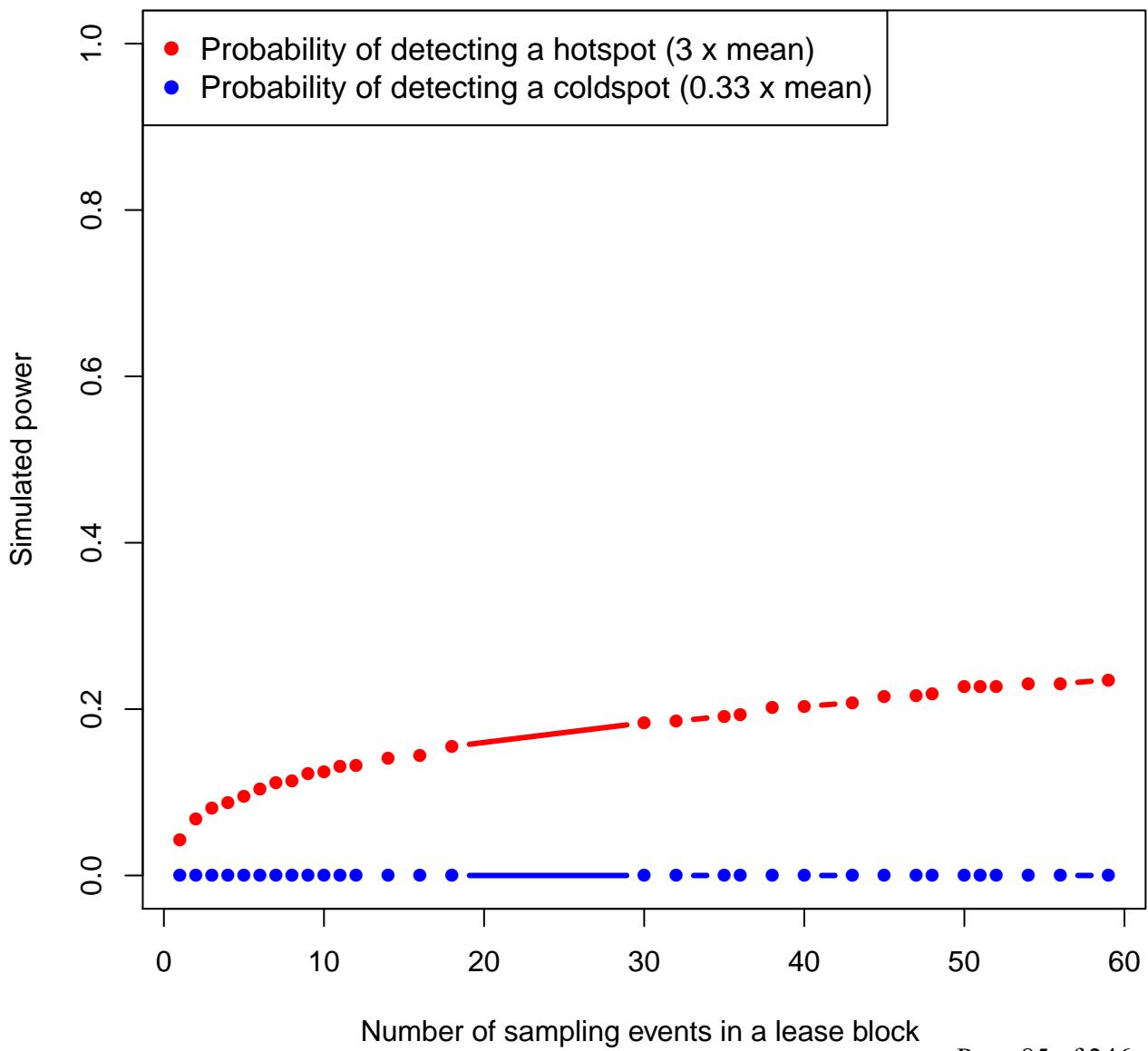
0 50 100 200 km



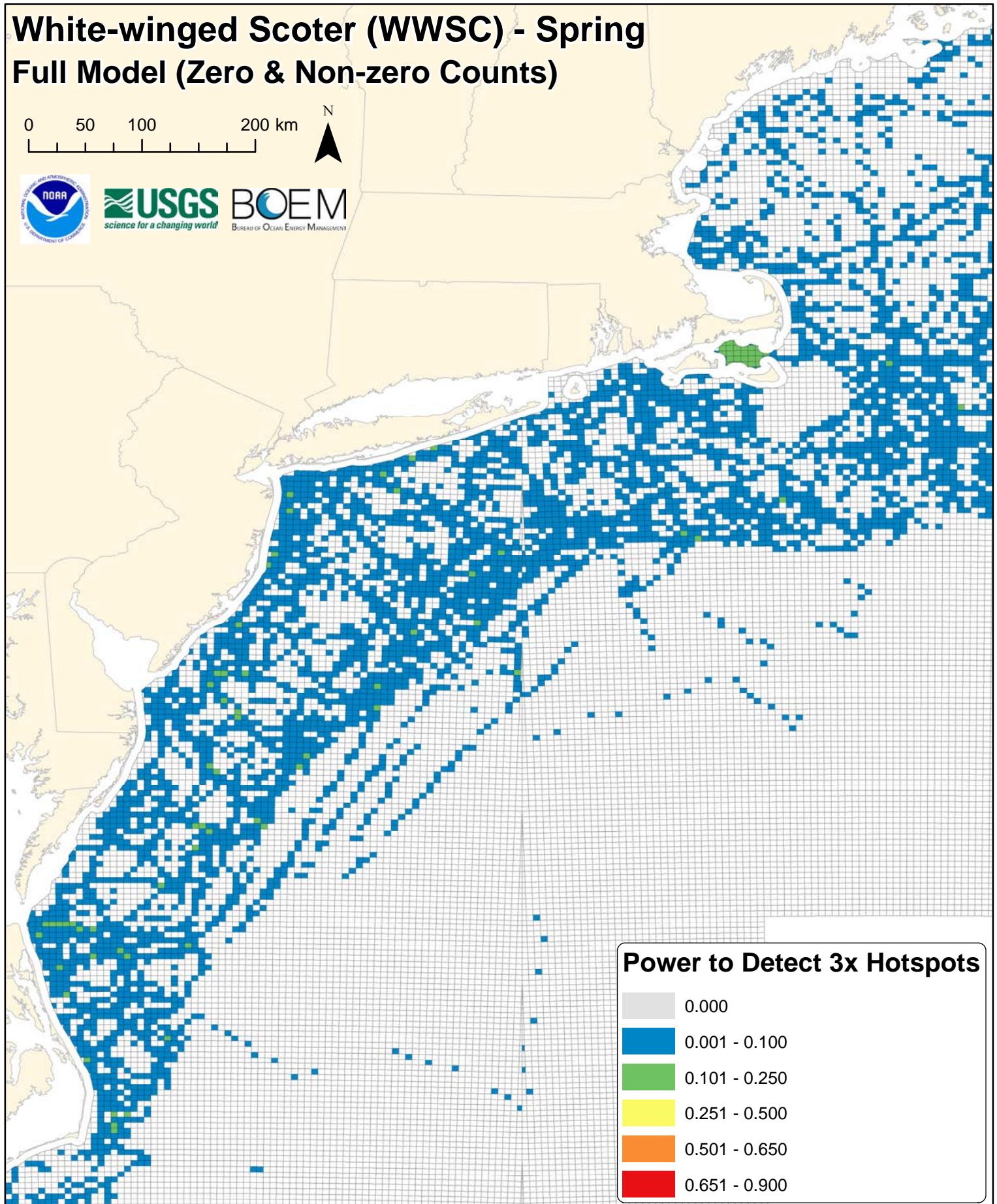
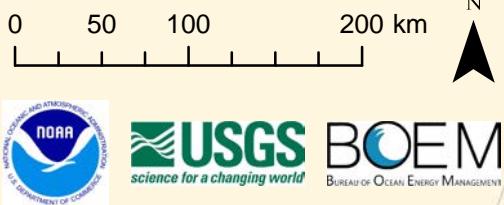
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White-winged Scoter (WWSC) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)



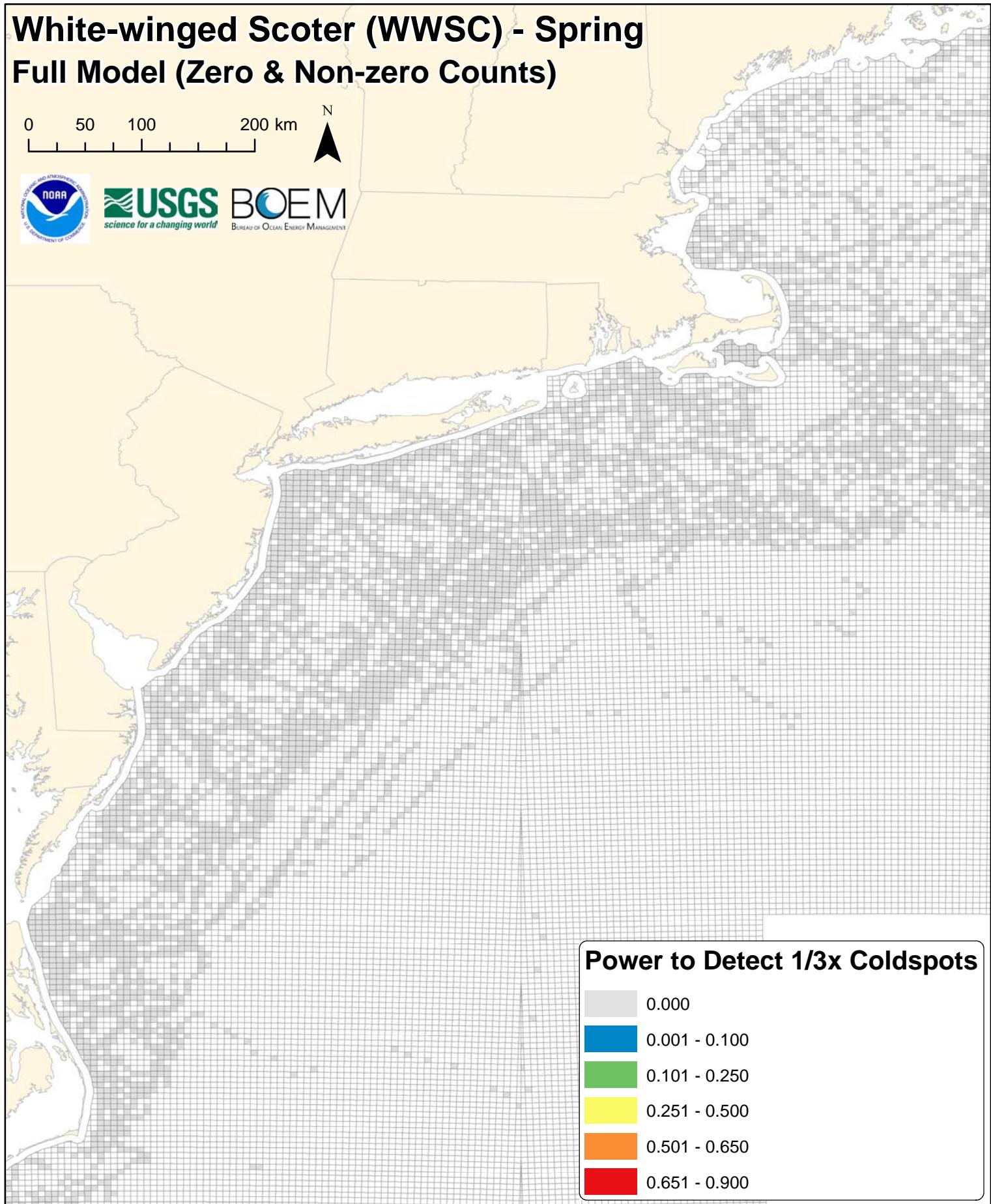
White-winged Scoter (WWSC) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Power to Detect 1/3x Coldspots

Light Gray	0.000
Blue	0.001 - 0.100
Green	0.101 - 0.250
Yellow	0.251 - 0.500
Orange	0.501 - 0.650
Red	0.651 - 0.900

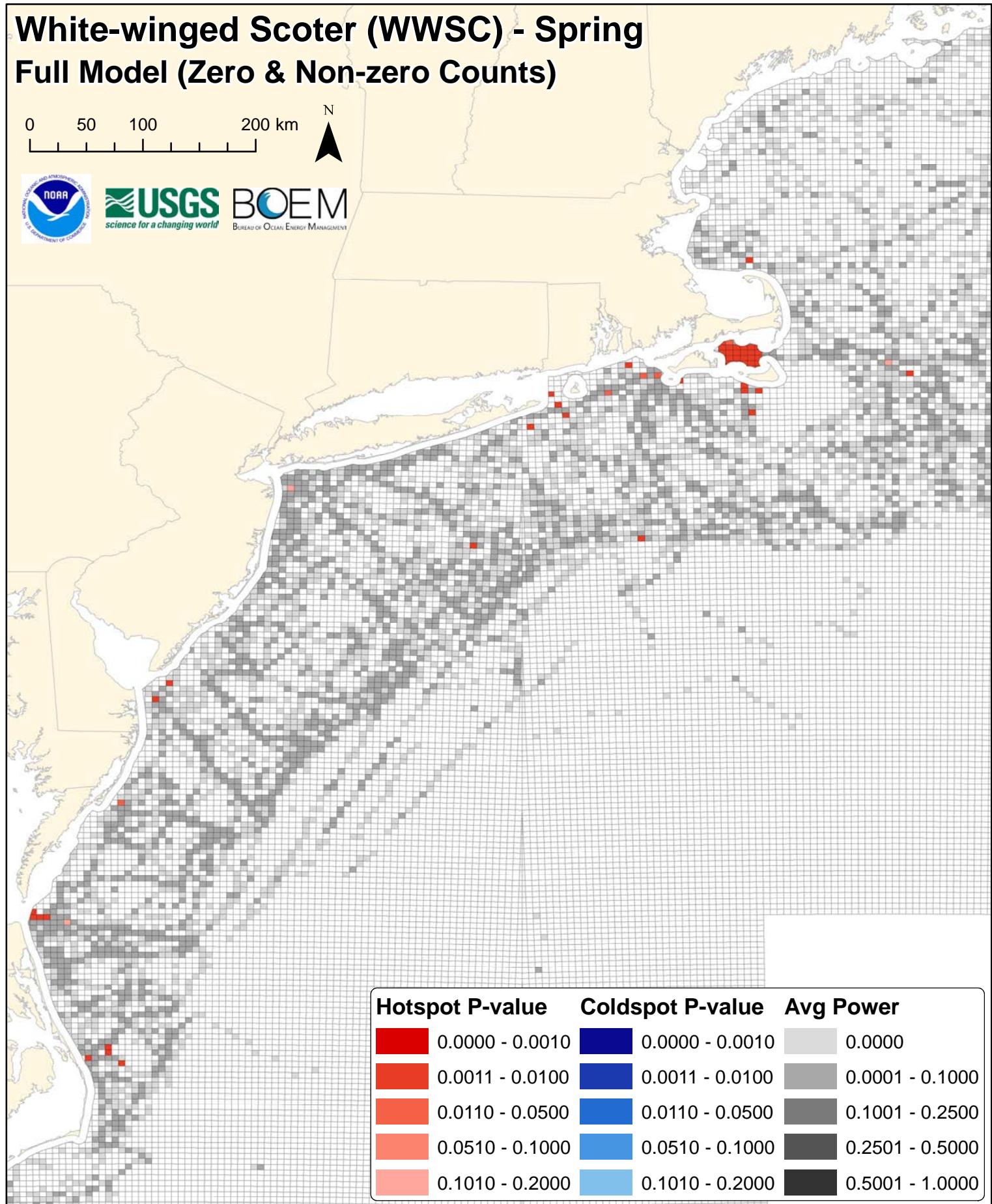
White-winged Scoter (WWSC) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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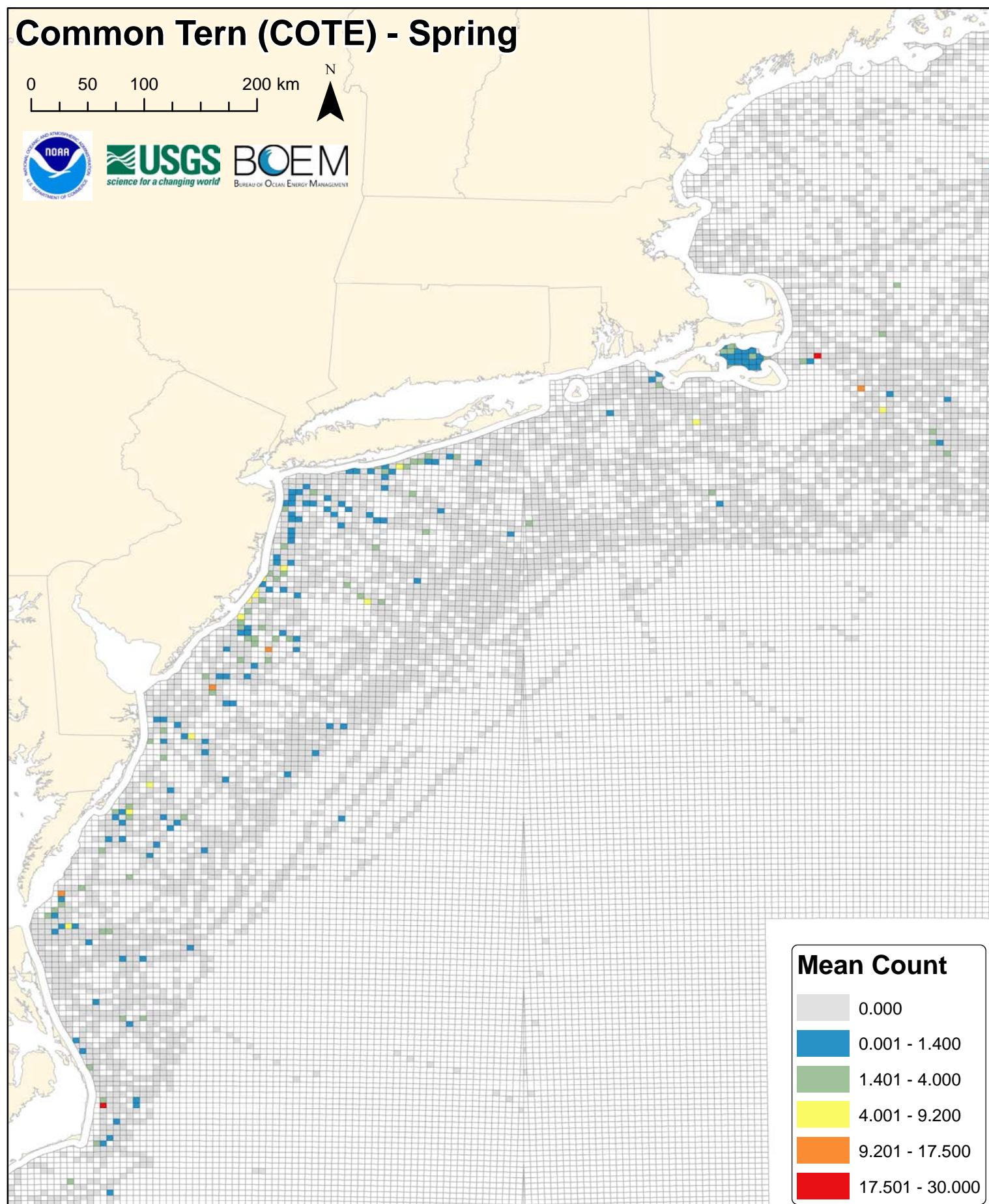
Common Tern (COTE) - Spring

0 50 100 200 km

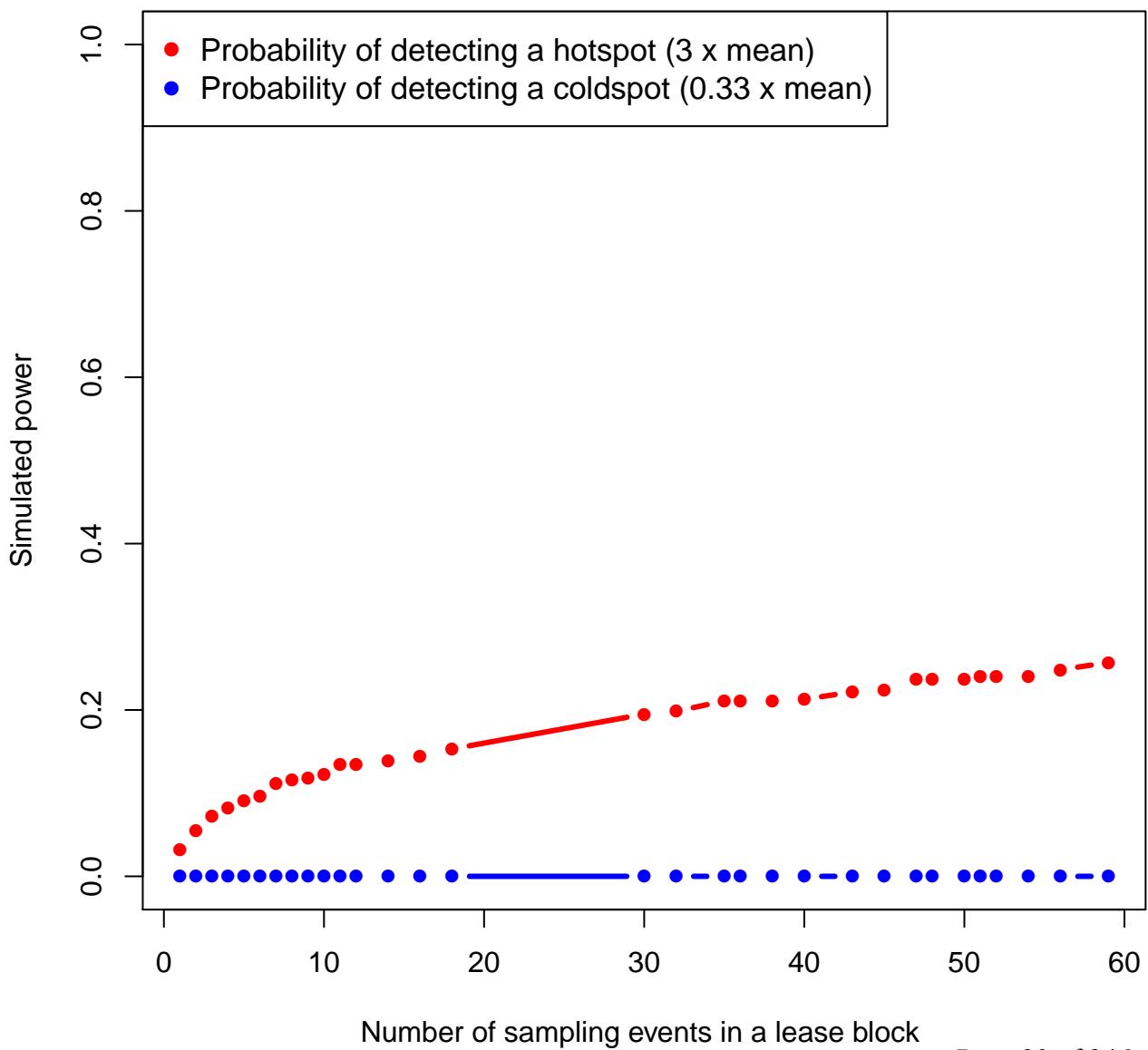


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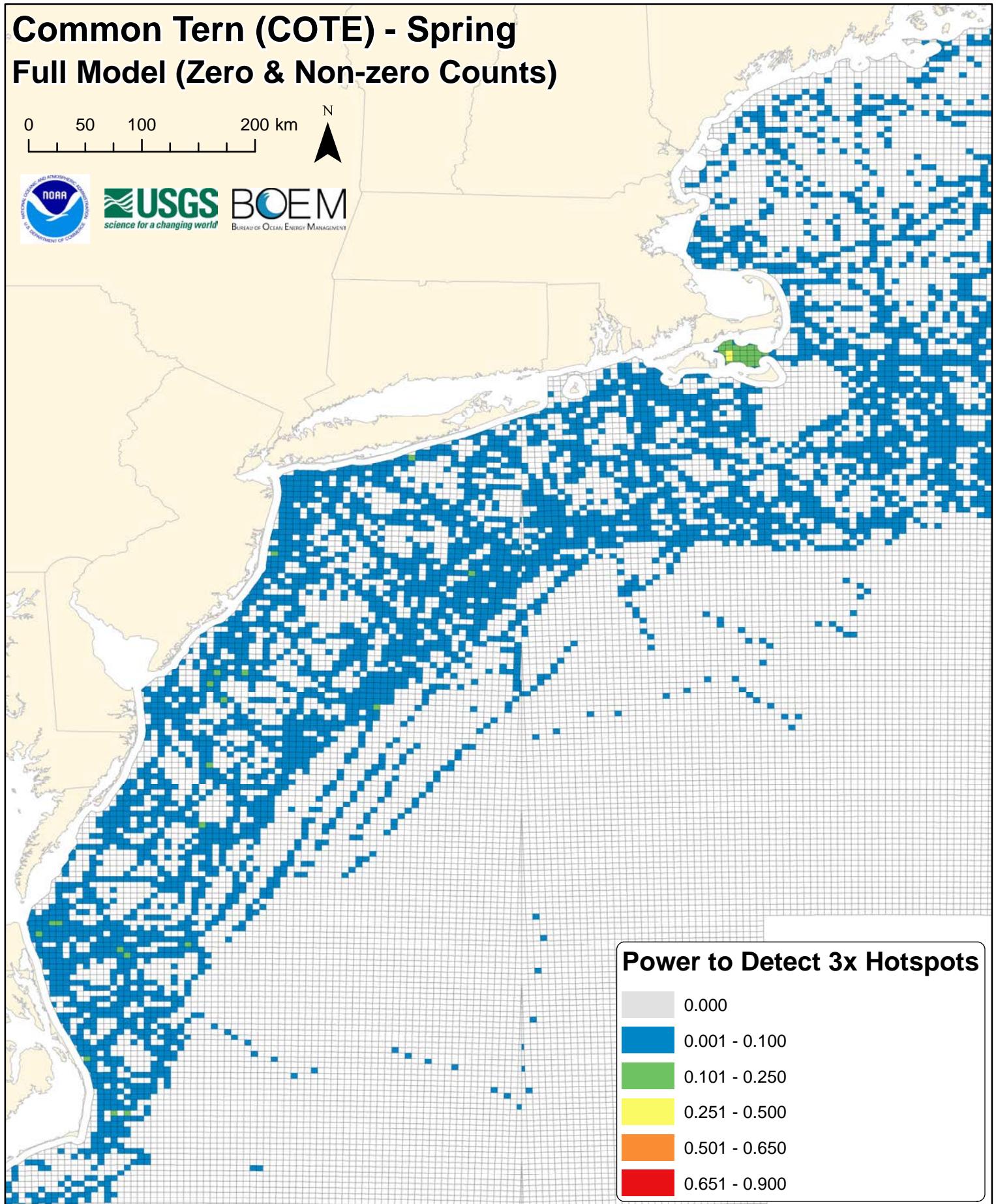
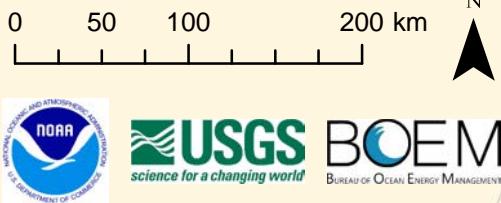
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cote



Common Tern (COTE) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)



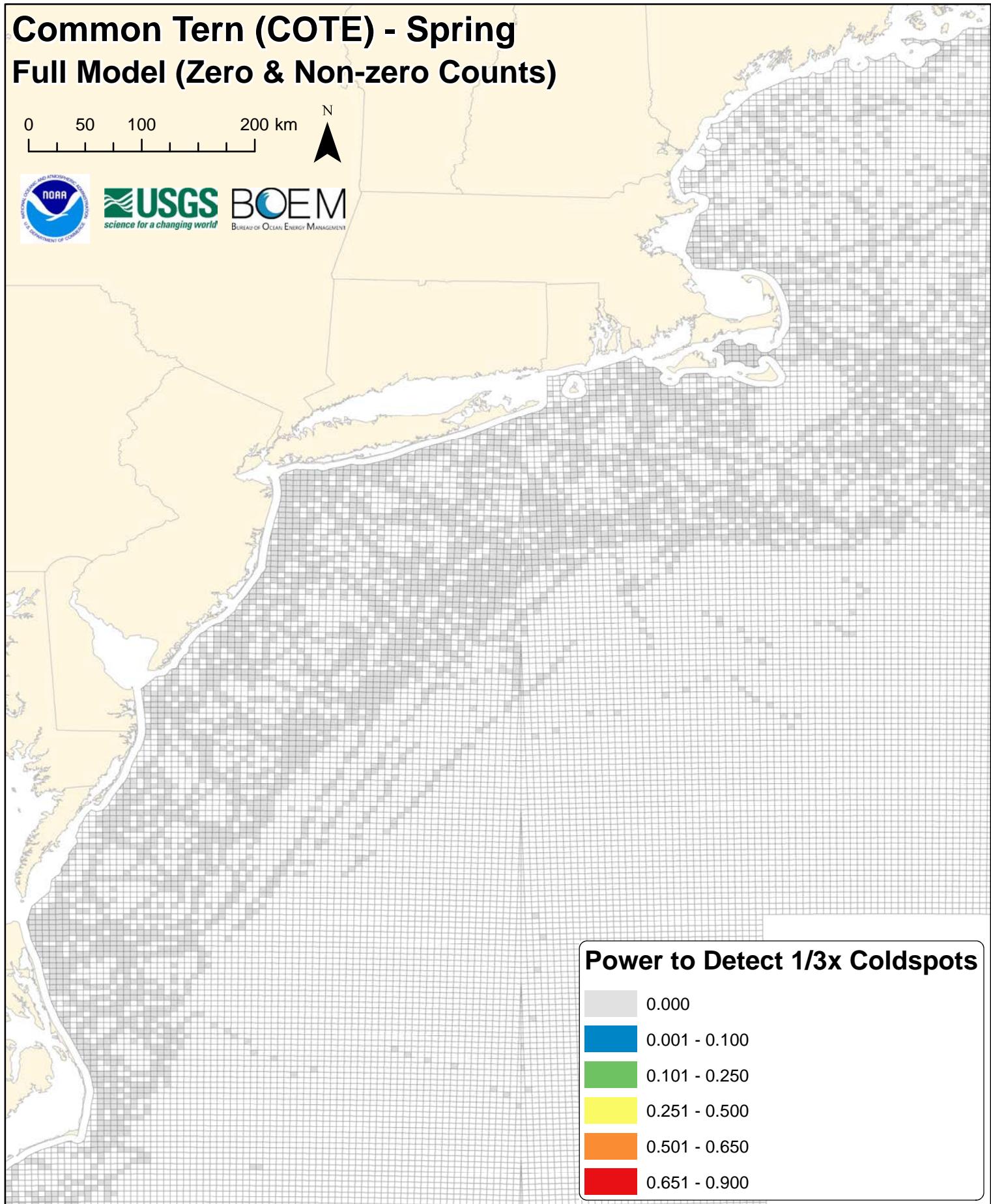
Common Tern (COTE) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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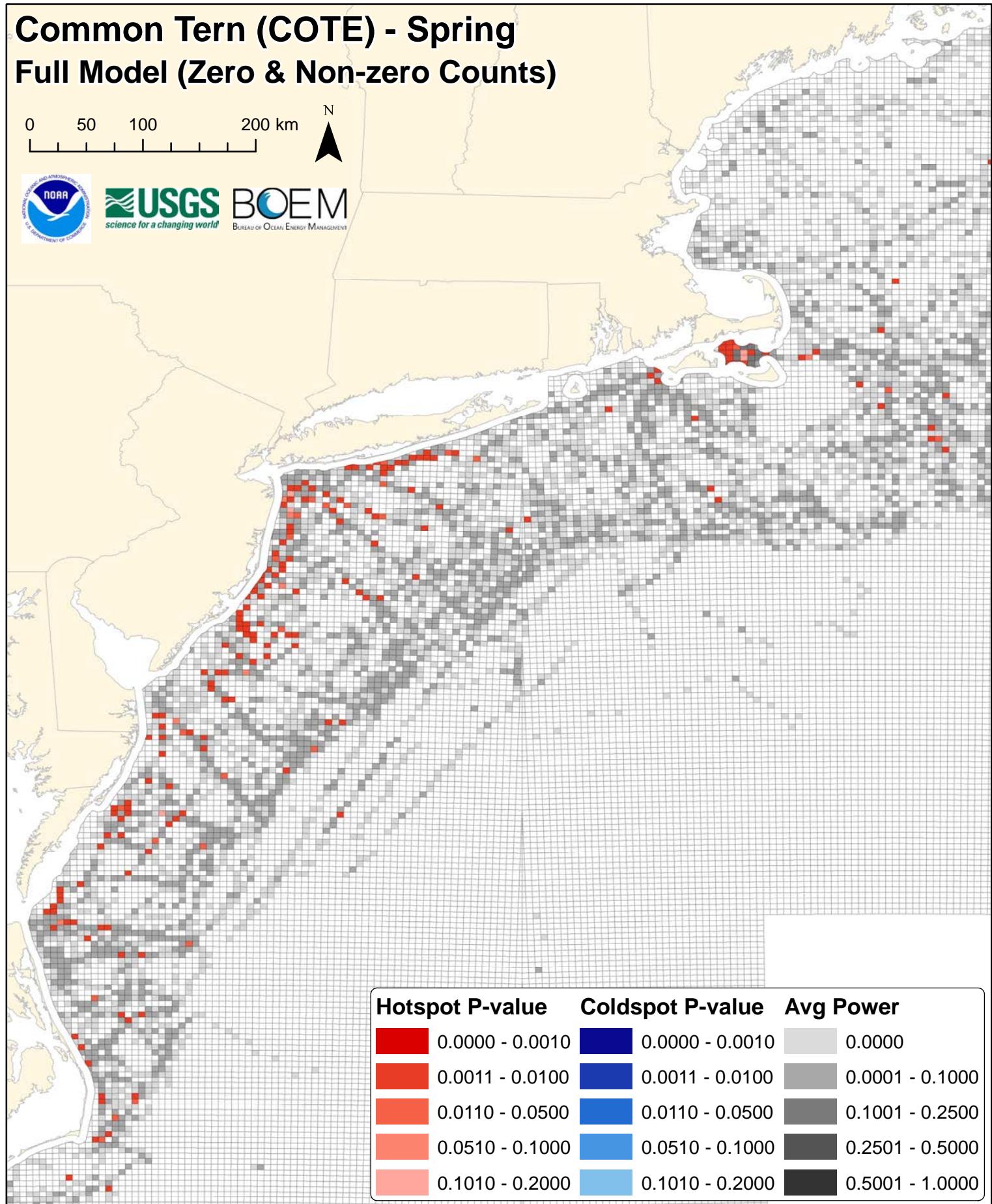
Common Tern (COTE) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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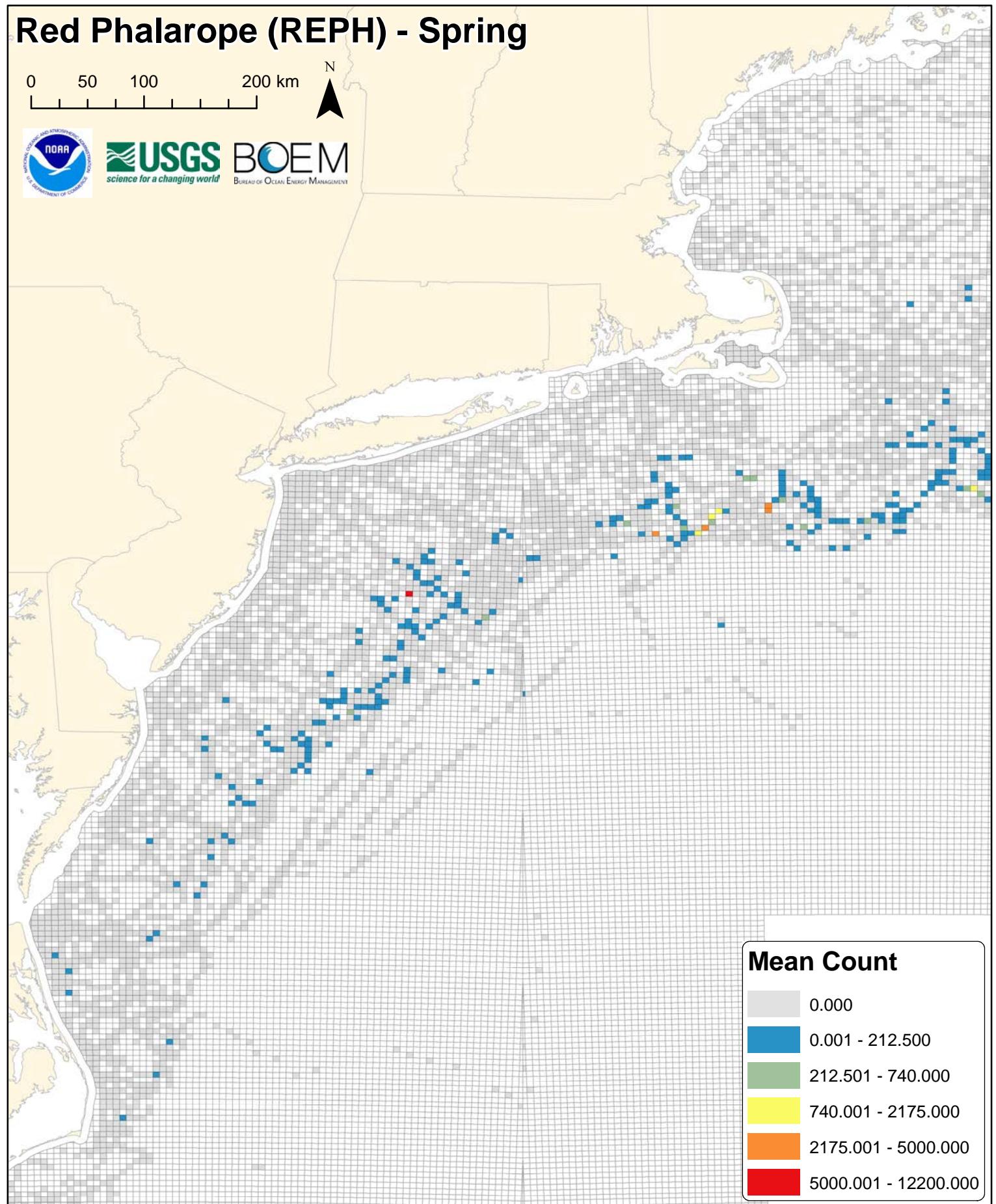
Red Phalarope (REPH) - Spring

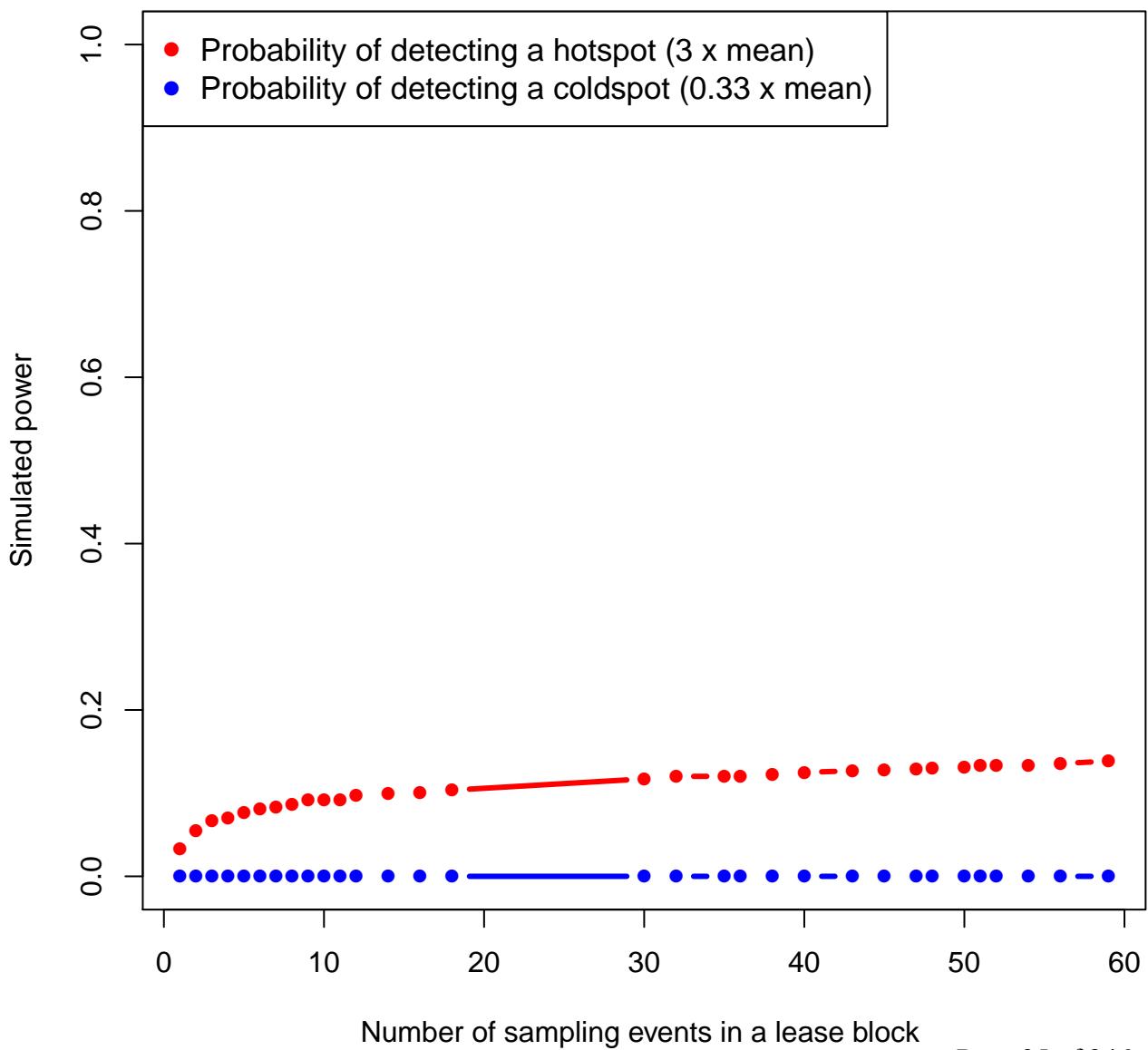
0 50 100 200 km



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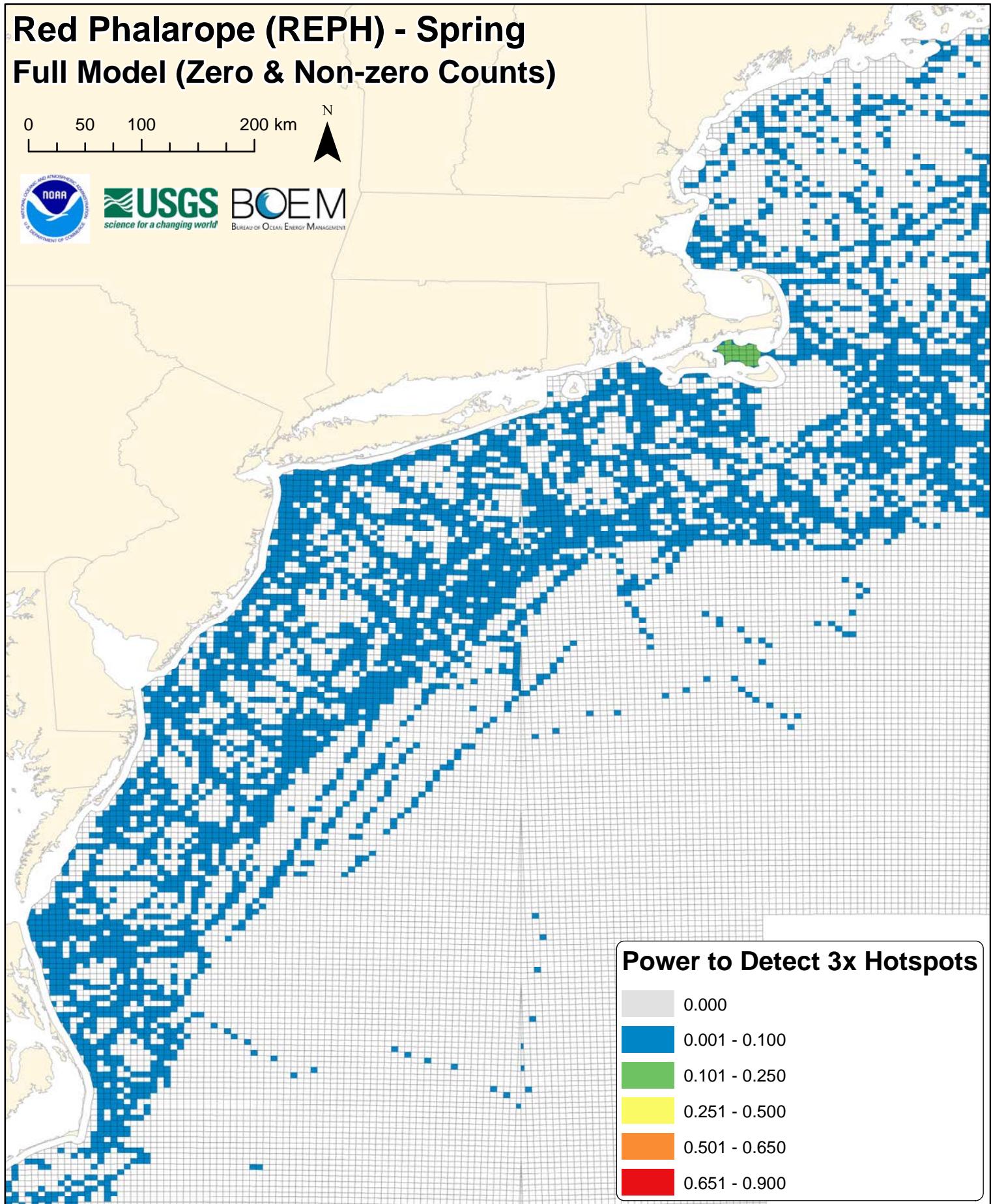
Red Phalarope (REPH) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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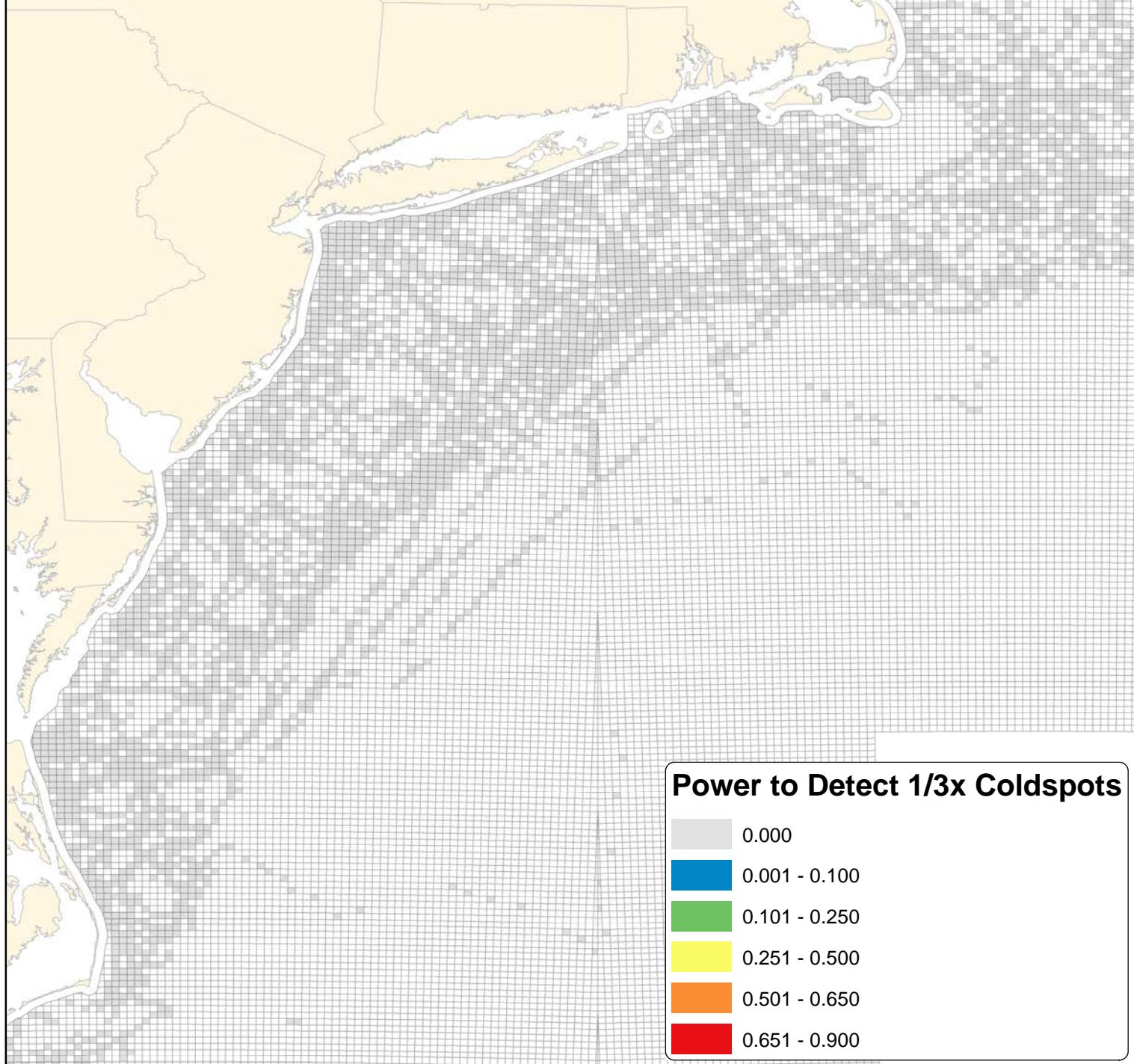
Red Phalarope (REPH) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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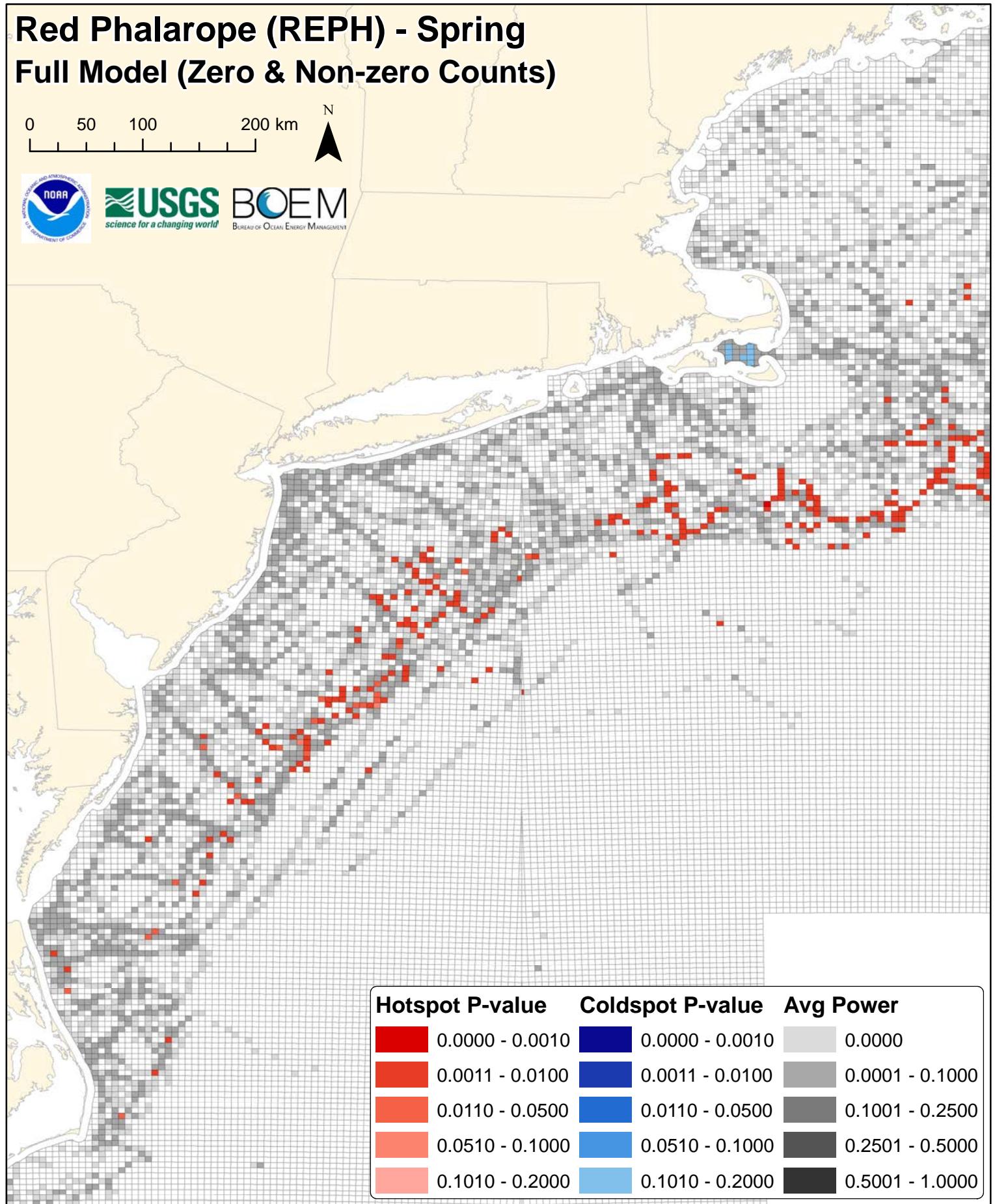
Red Phalarope (REPH) - Spring Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Full Hurdle Model (Zero & Non-Zero Counts) Results

SECTION II. Species-specific Power Analysis

Maps and Figures

Figures G91-G125. Summer power analysis maps and figures (7 species x 5 figures per species).

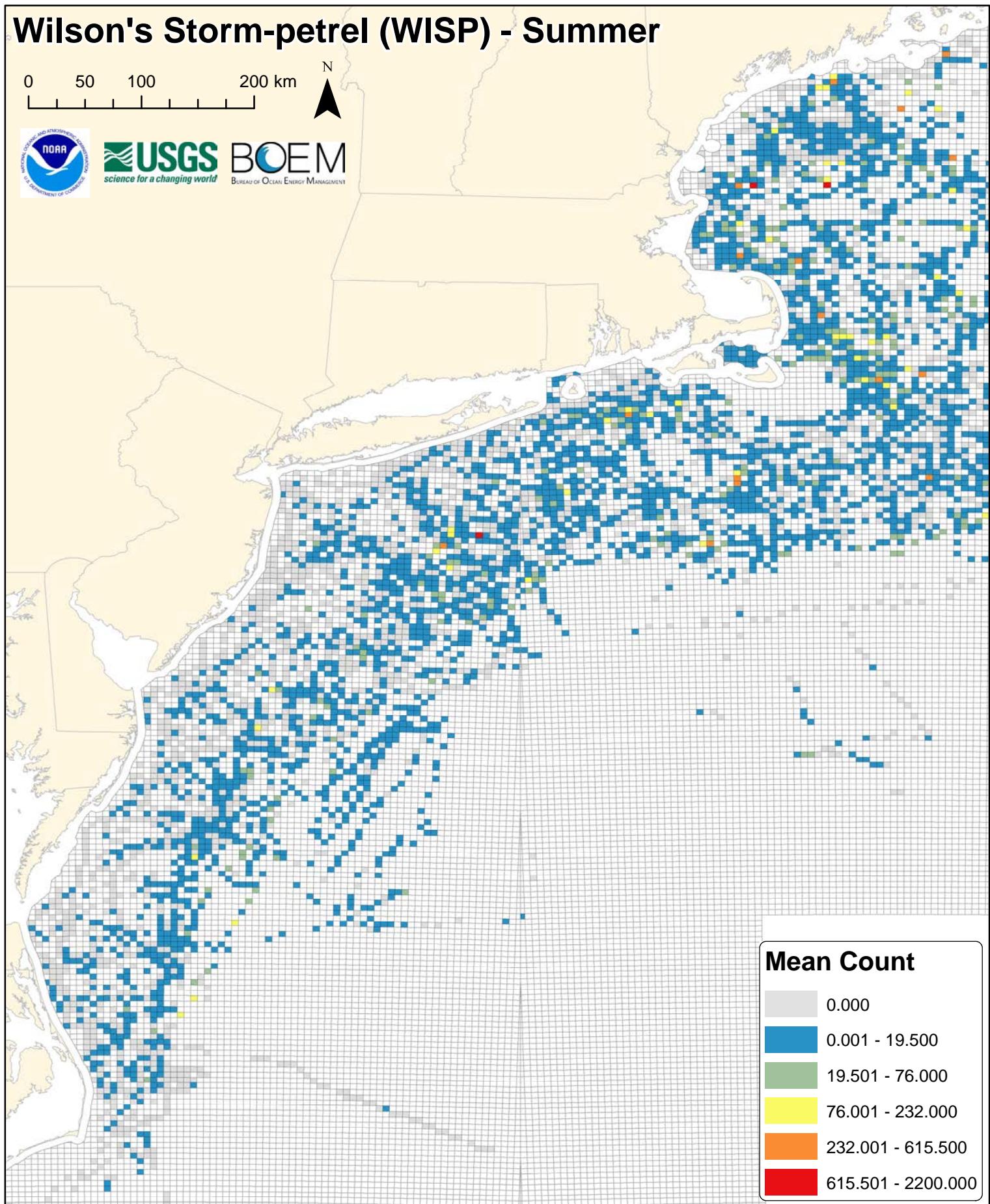
Wilson's Storm-petrel (WISP) - Summer

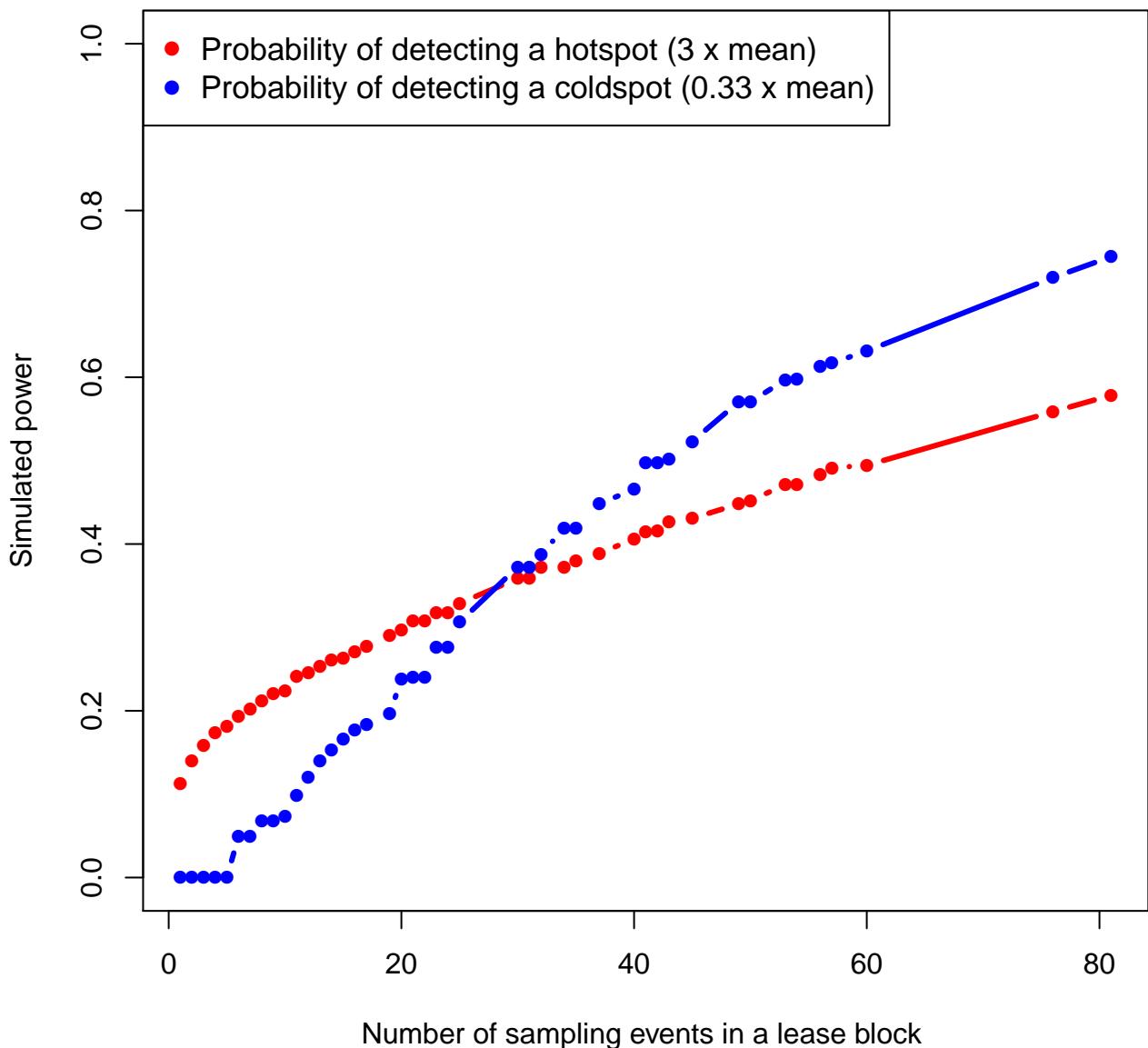
0 50 100 200 km



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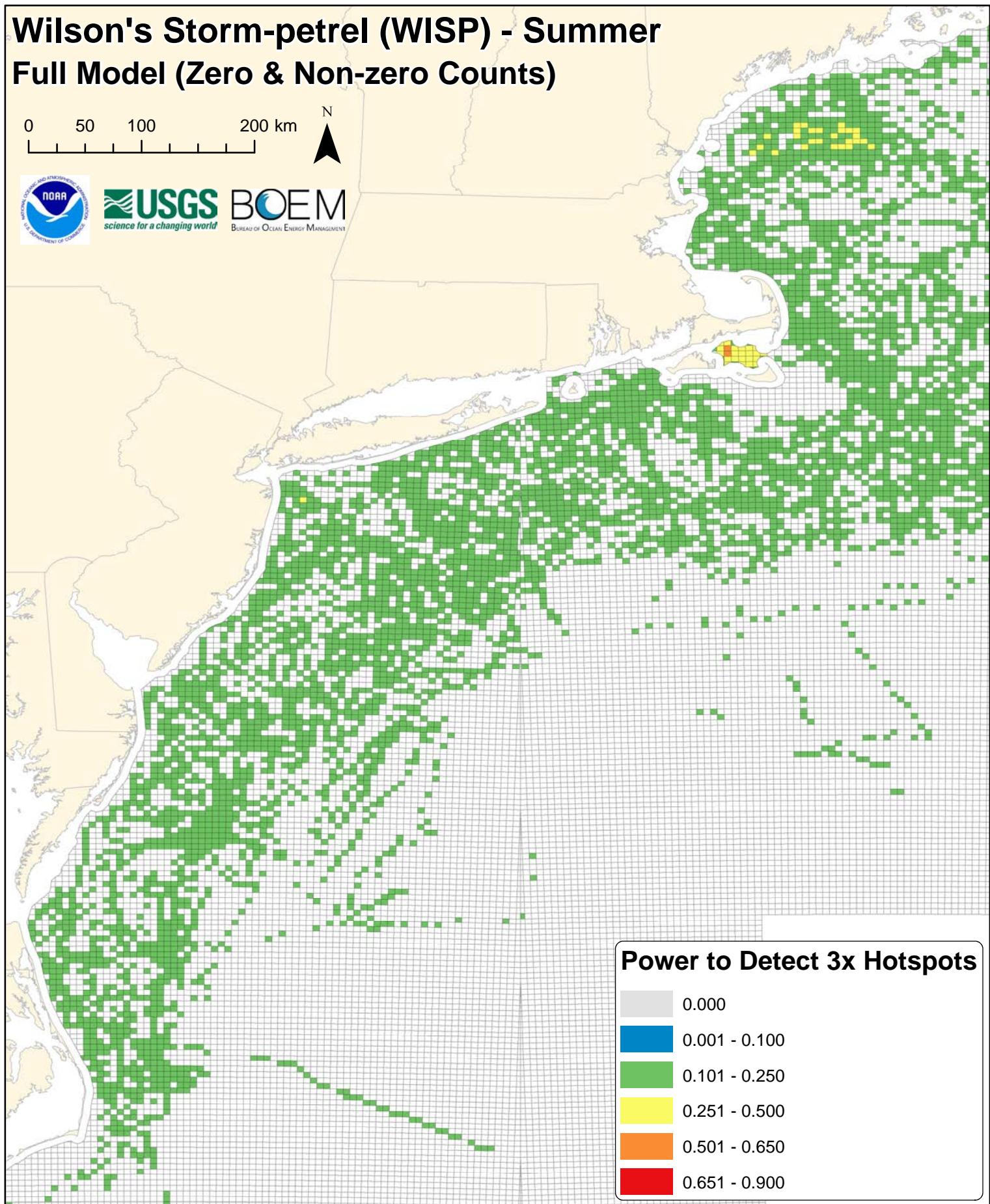
Wilson's Storm-petrel (WISP) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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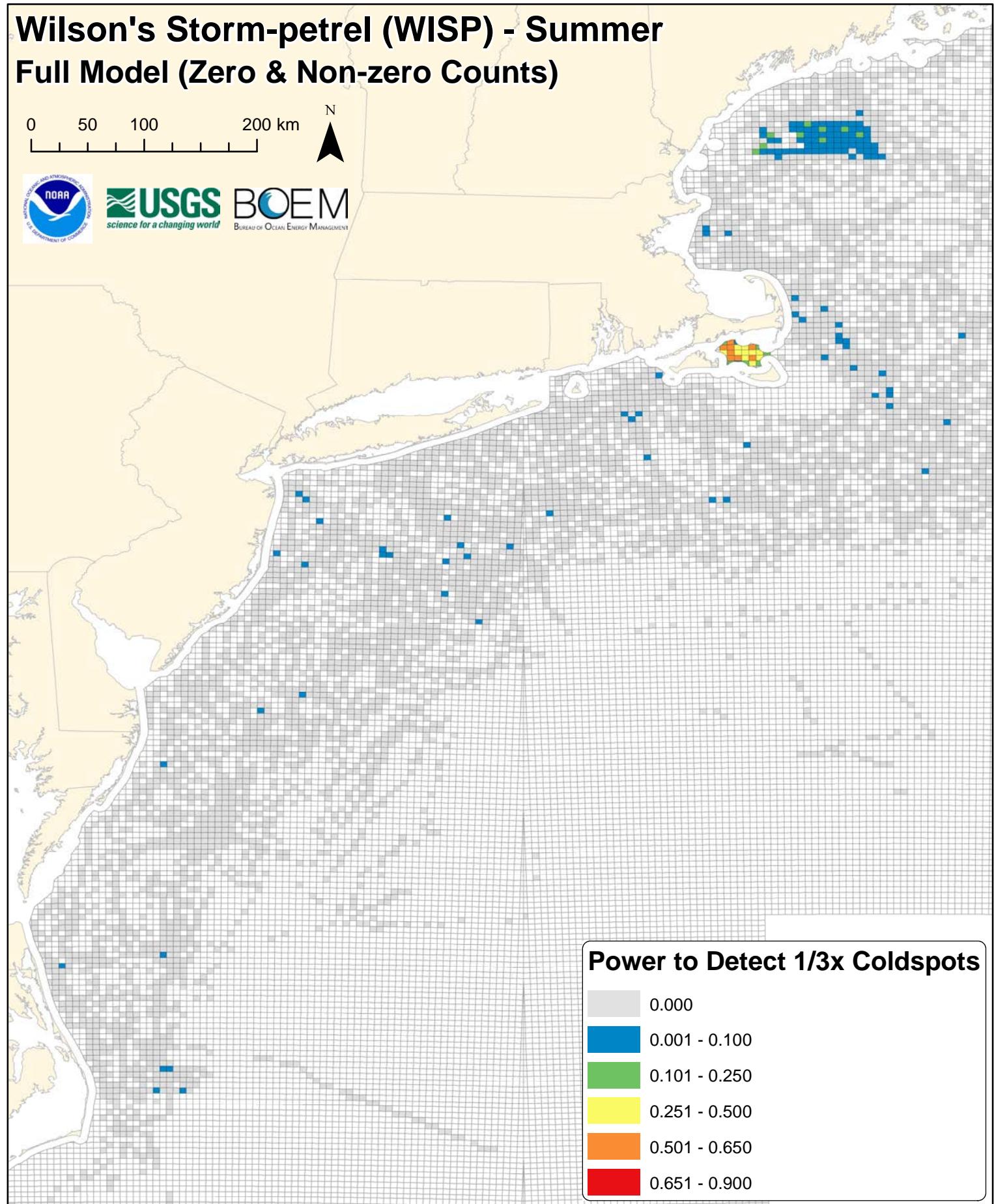
Wilson's Storm-petrel (WISP) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Power to Detect 1/3x Coldspots

0.000	Light Gray
0.001 - 0.100	Blue
0.101 - 0.250	Green
0.251 - 0.500	Yellow
0.501 - 0.650	Orange
0.651 - 0.900	Red

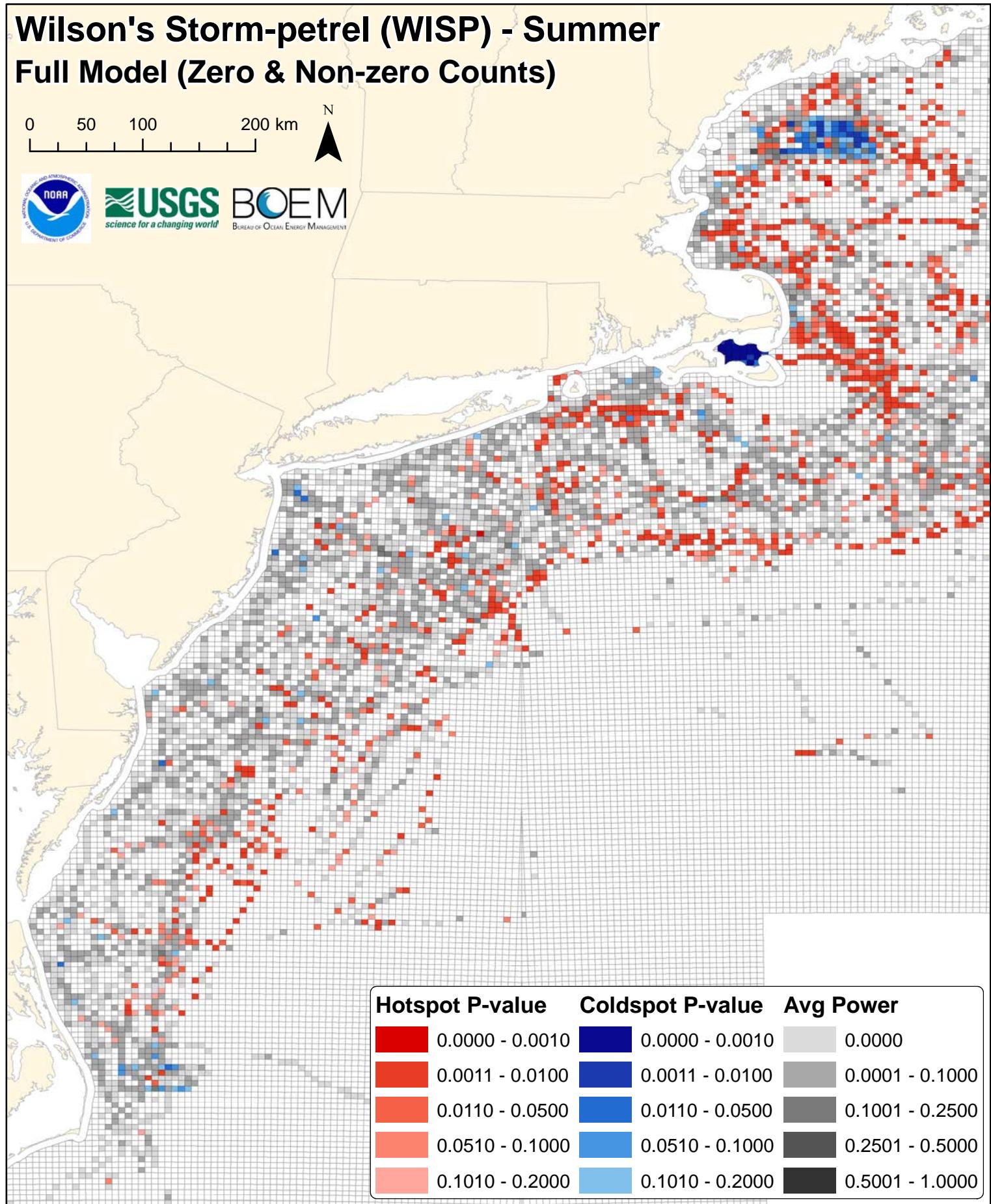
Wilson's Storm-petrel (WISP) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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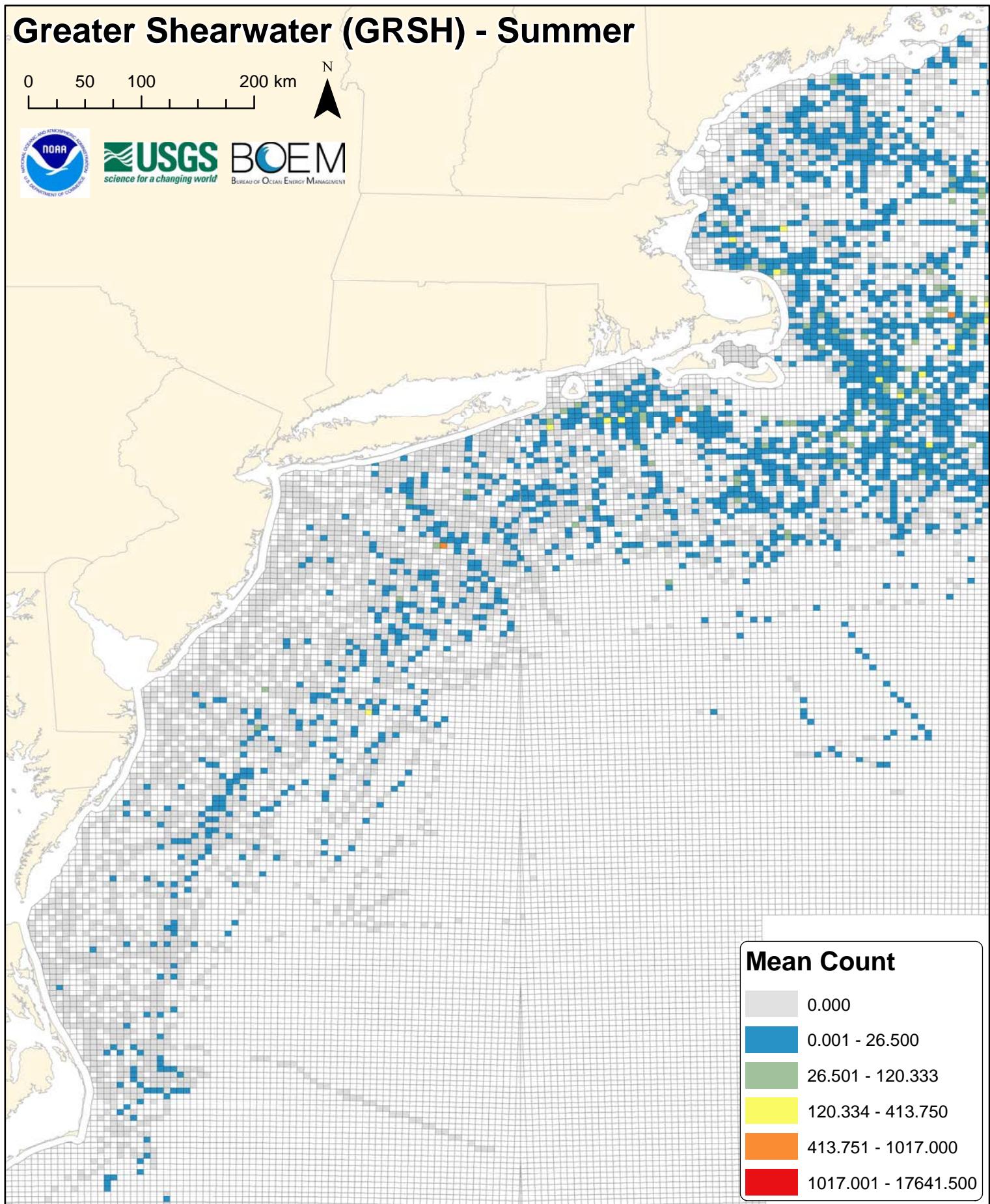
Greater Shearwater (GRSH) - Summer

0 50 100 200 km

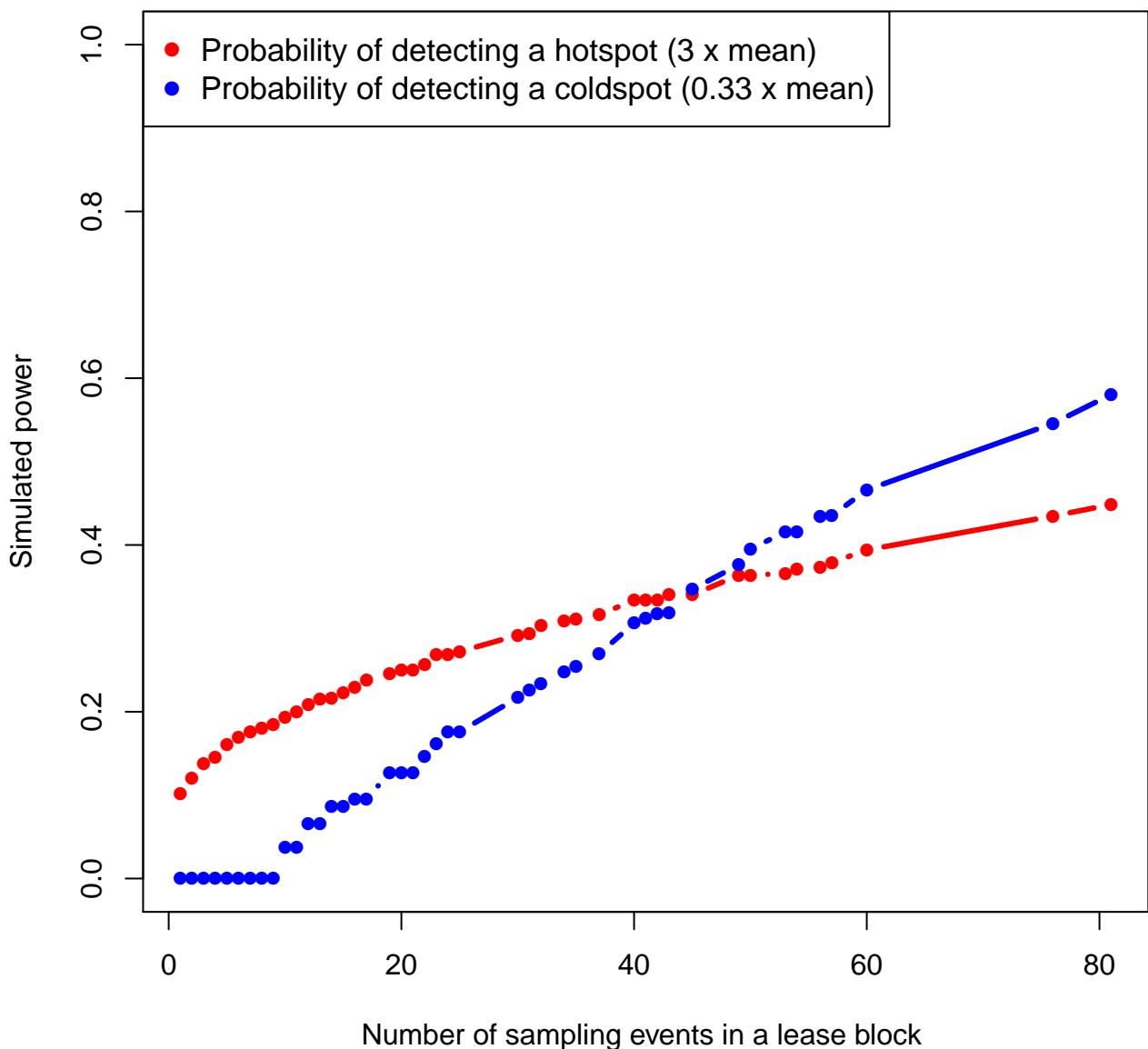


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grsh



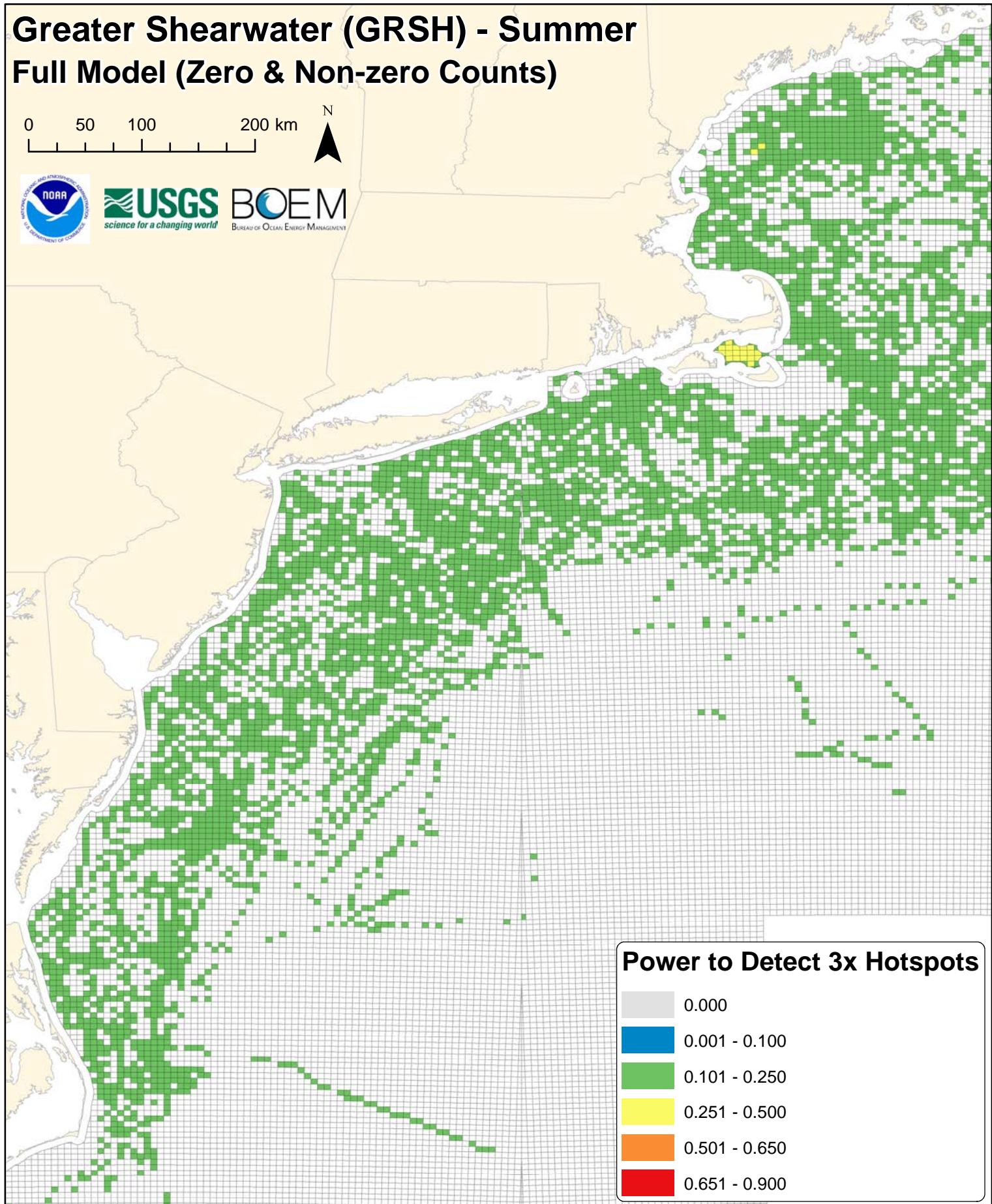
Greater Shearwater (GRSH) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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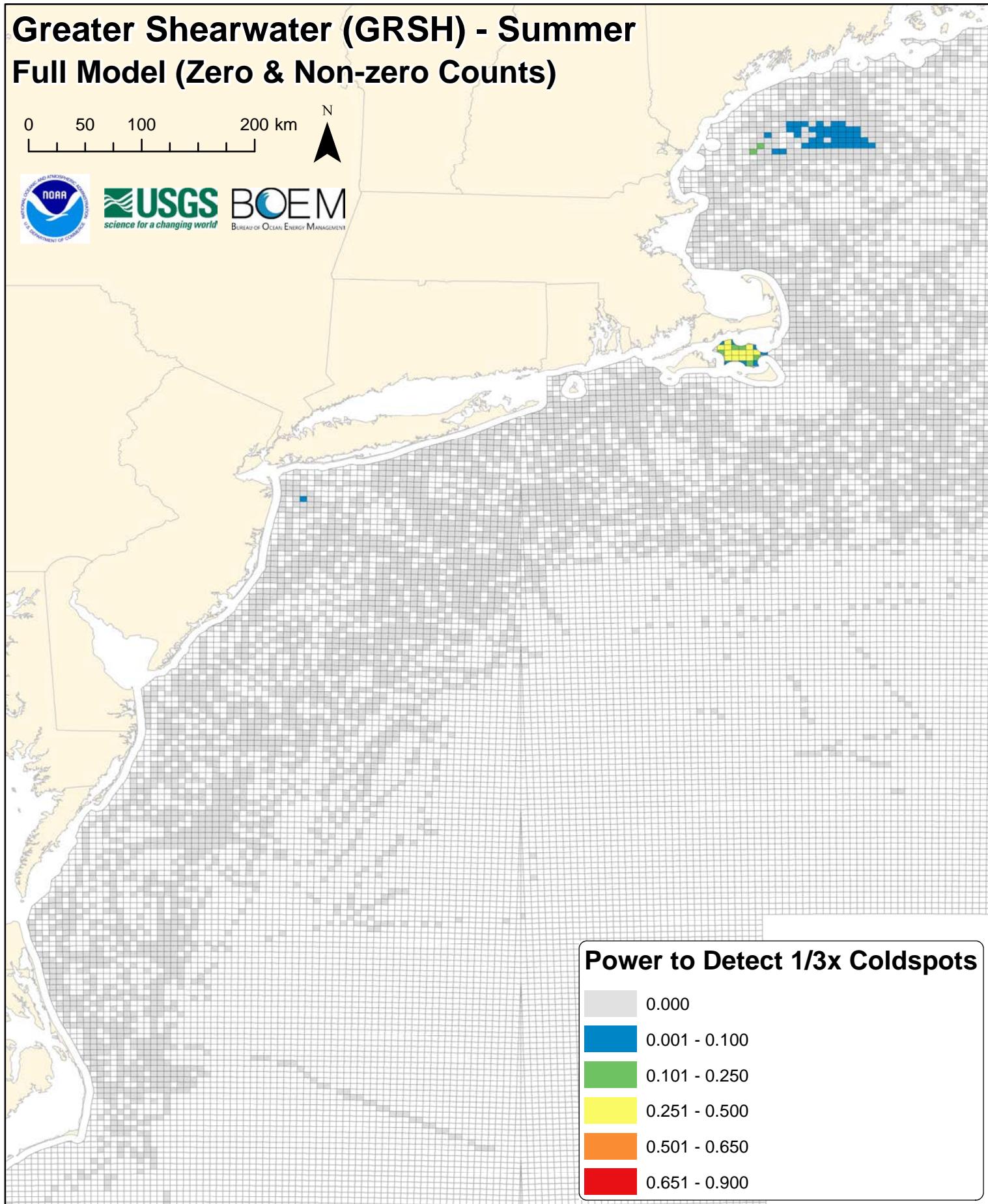
Greater Shearwater (GRSH) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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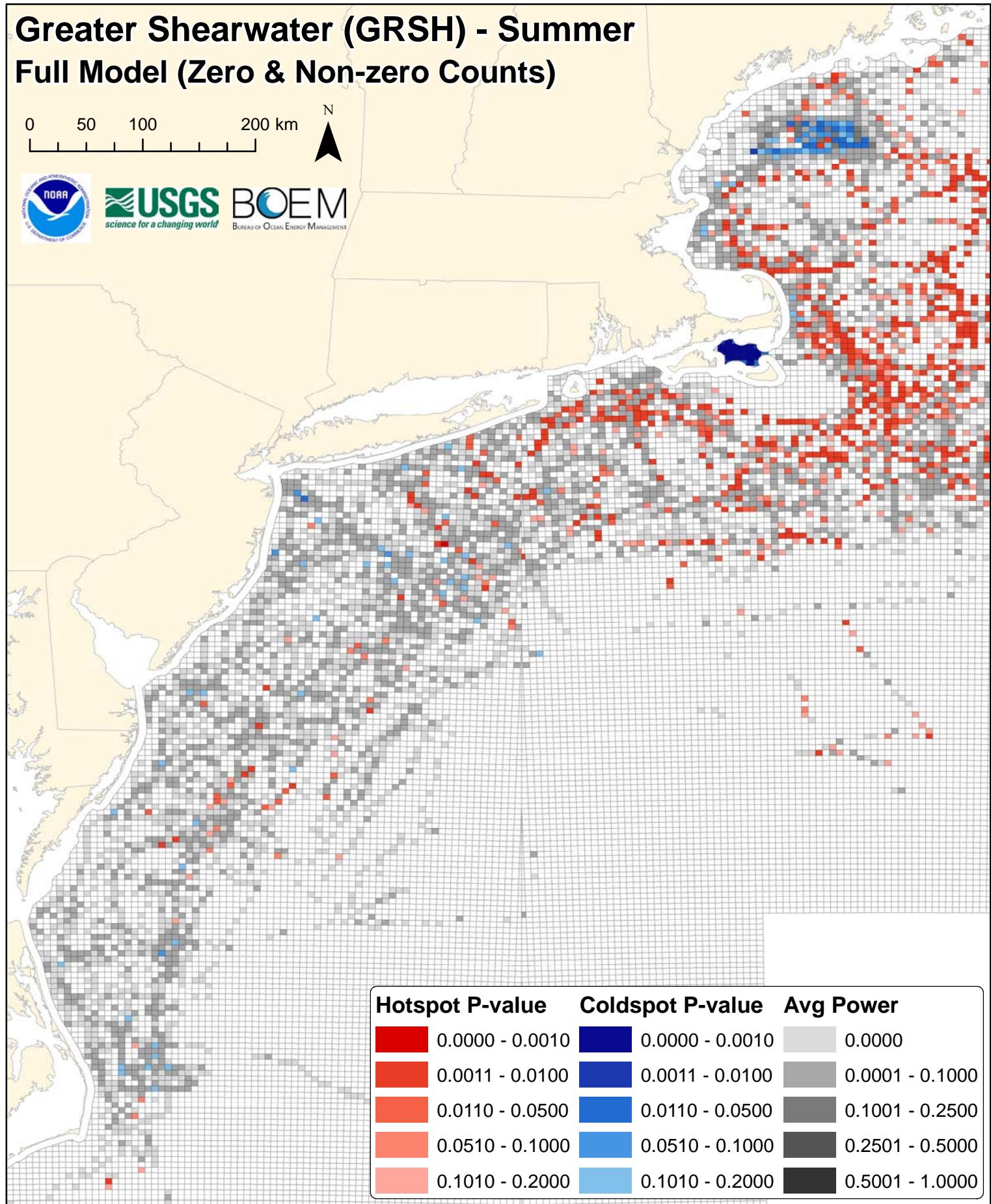
Greater Shearwater (GRSH) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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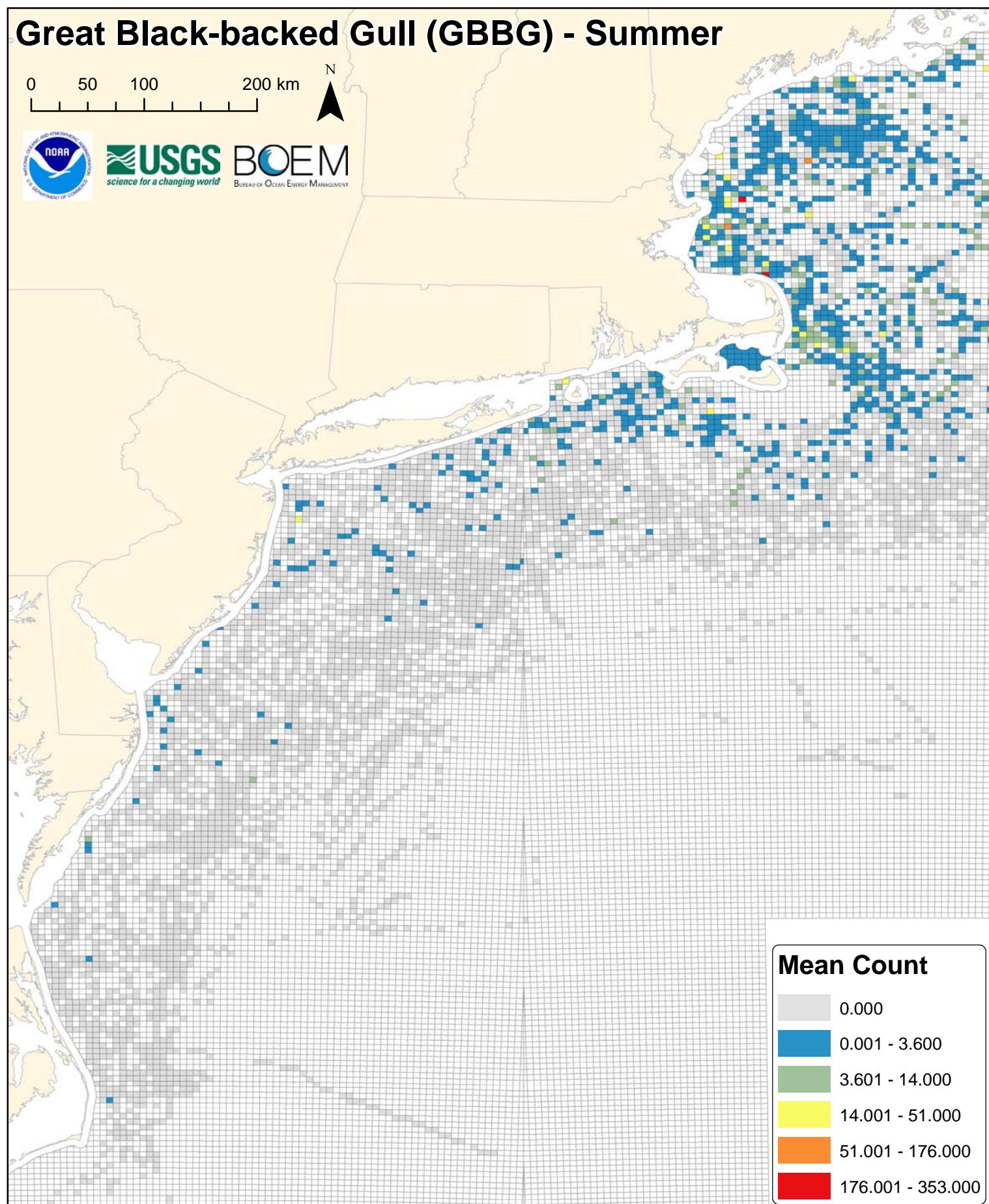
Great Black-backed Gull (GBBG) - Summer

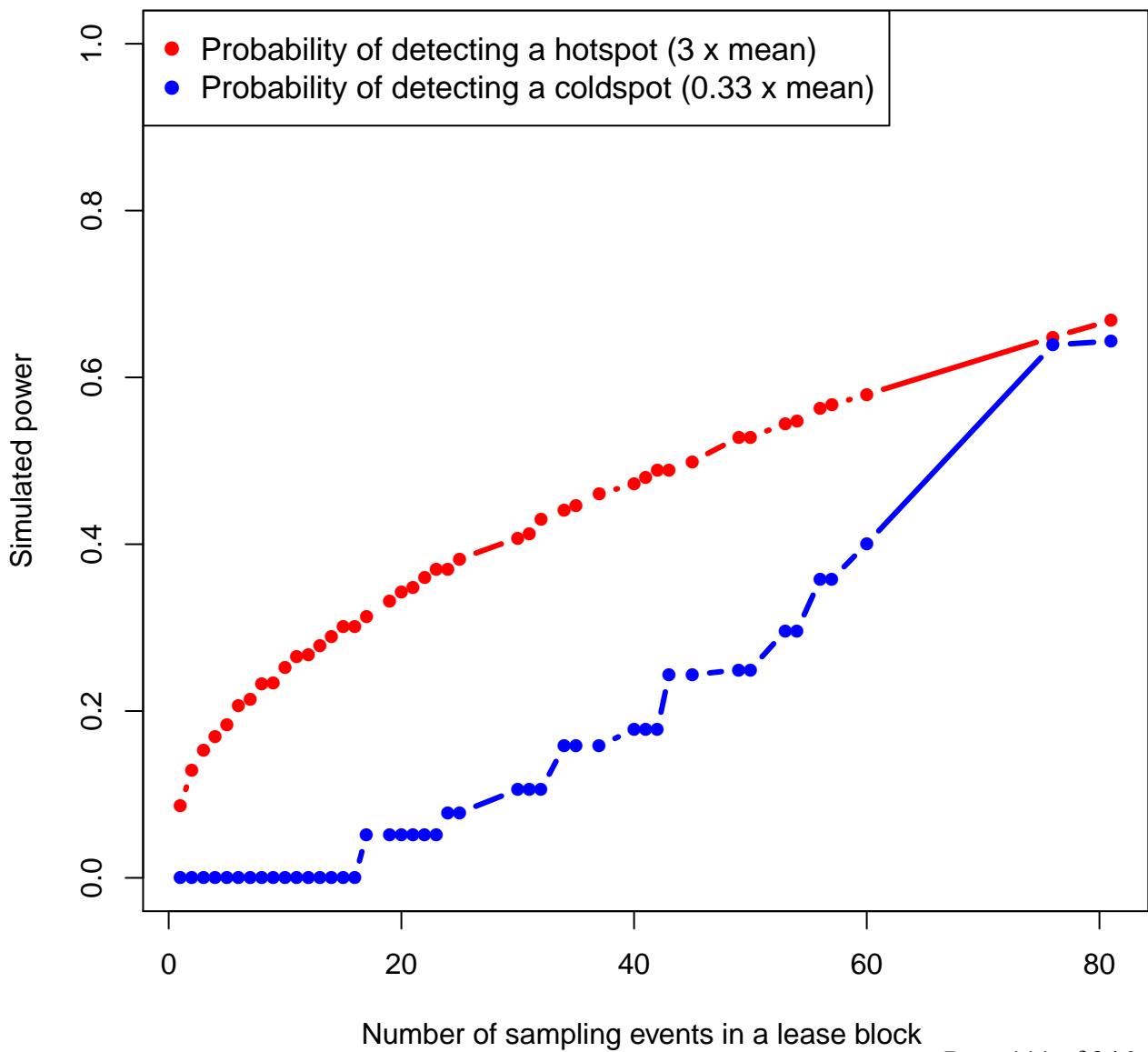
0 50 100 200 km



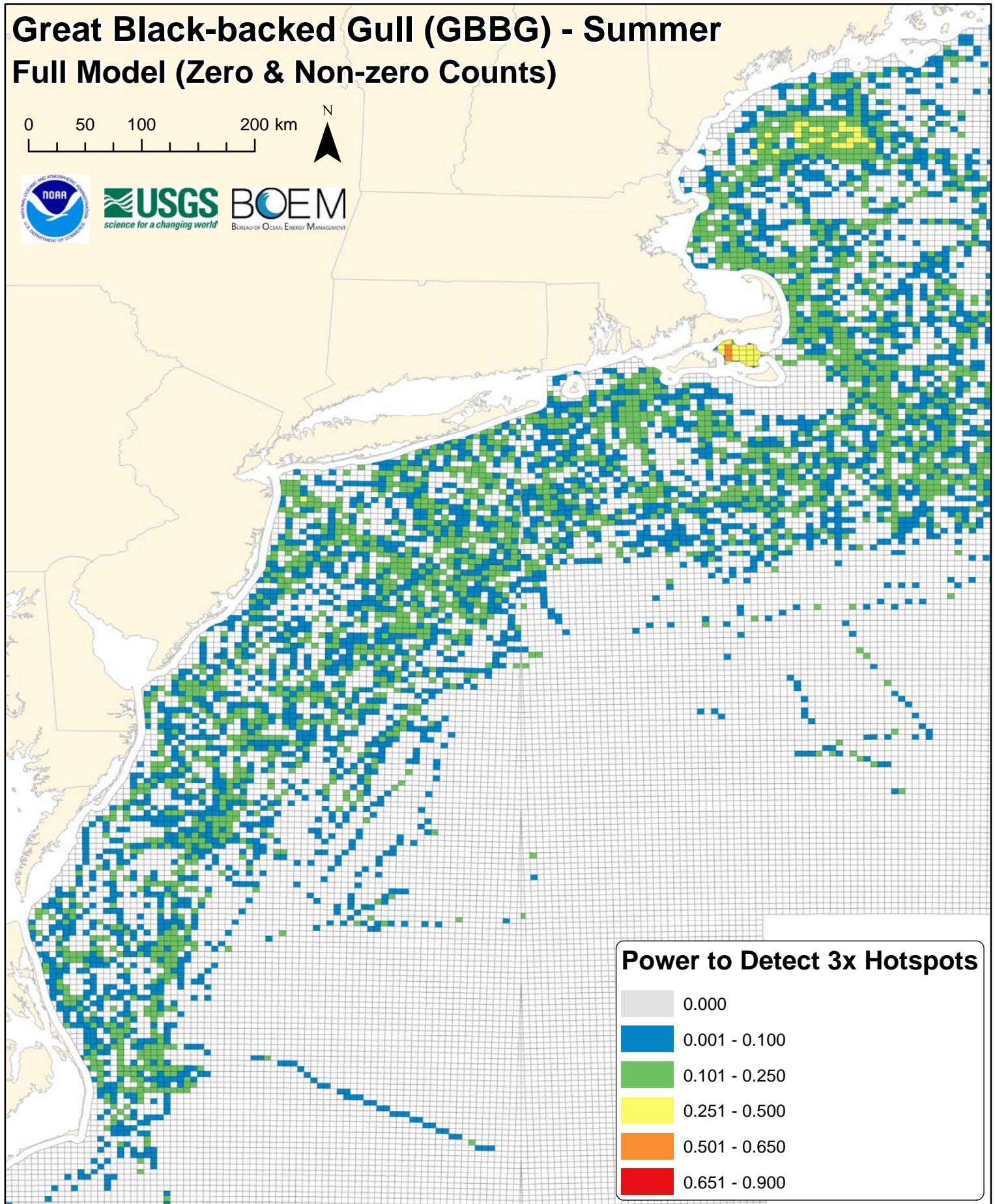
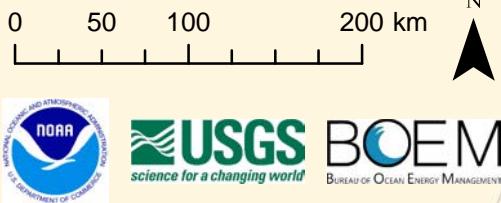
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Great Black-backed Gull (GBBG) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)



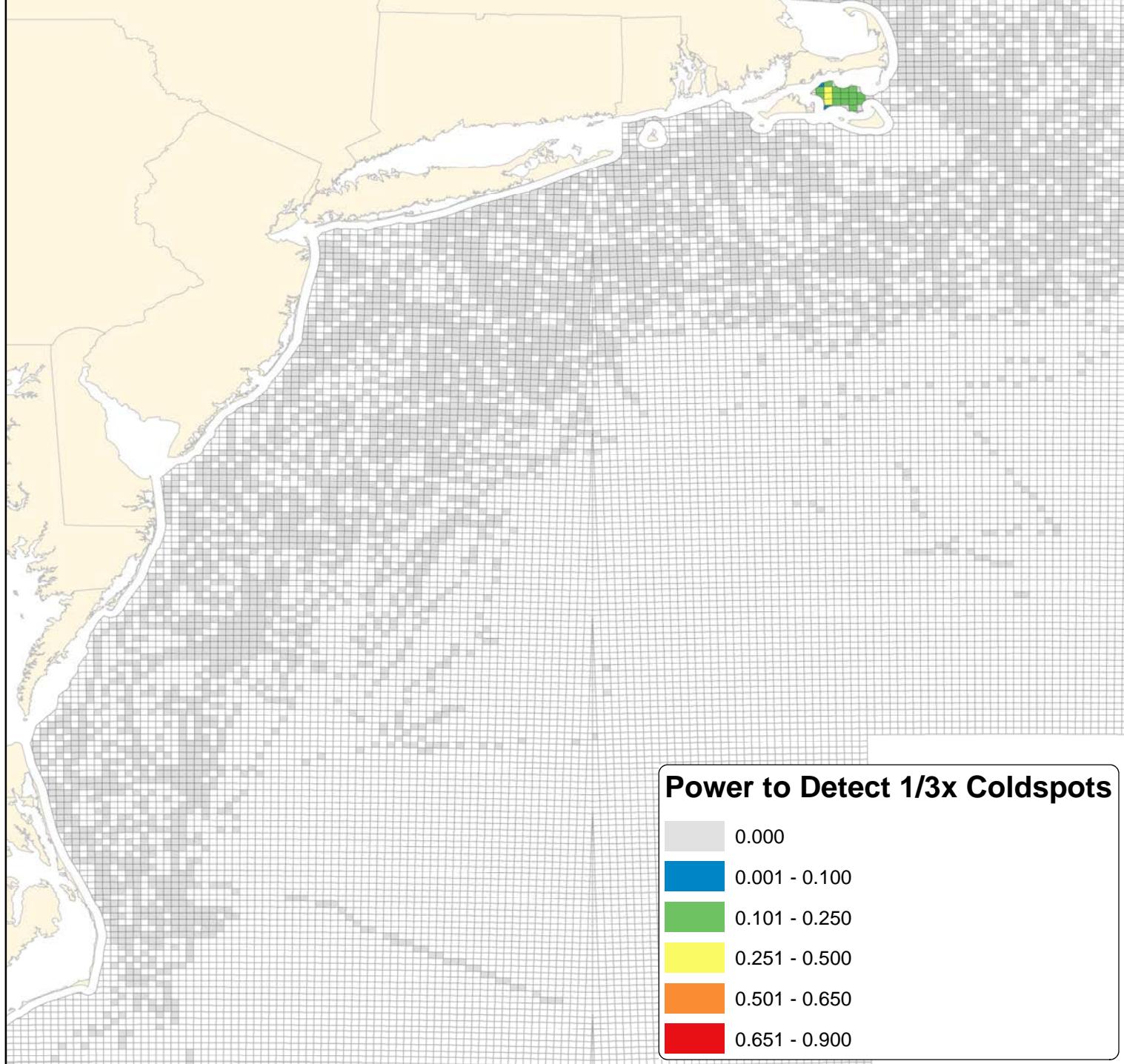
Great Black-backed Gull (GBBG) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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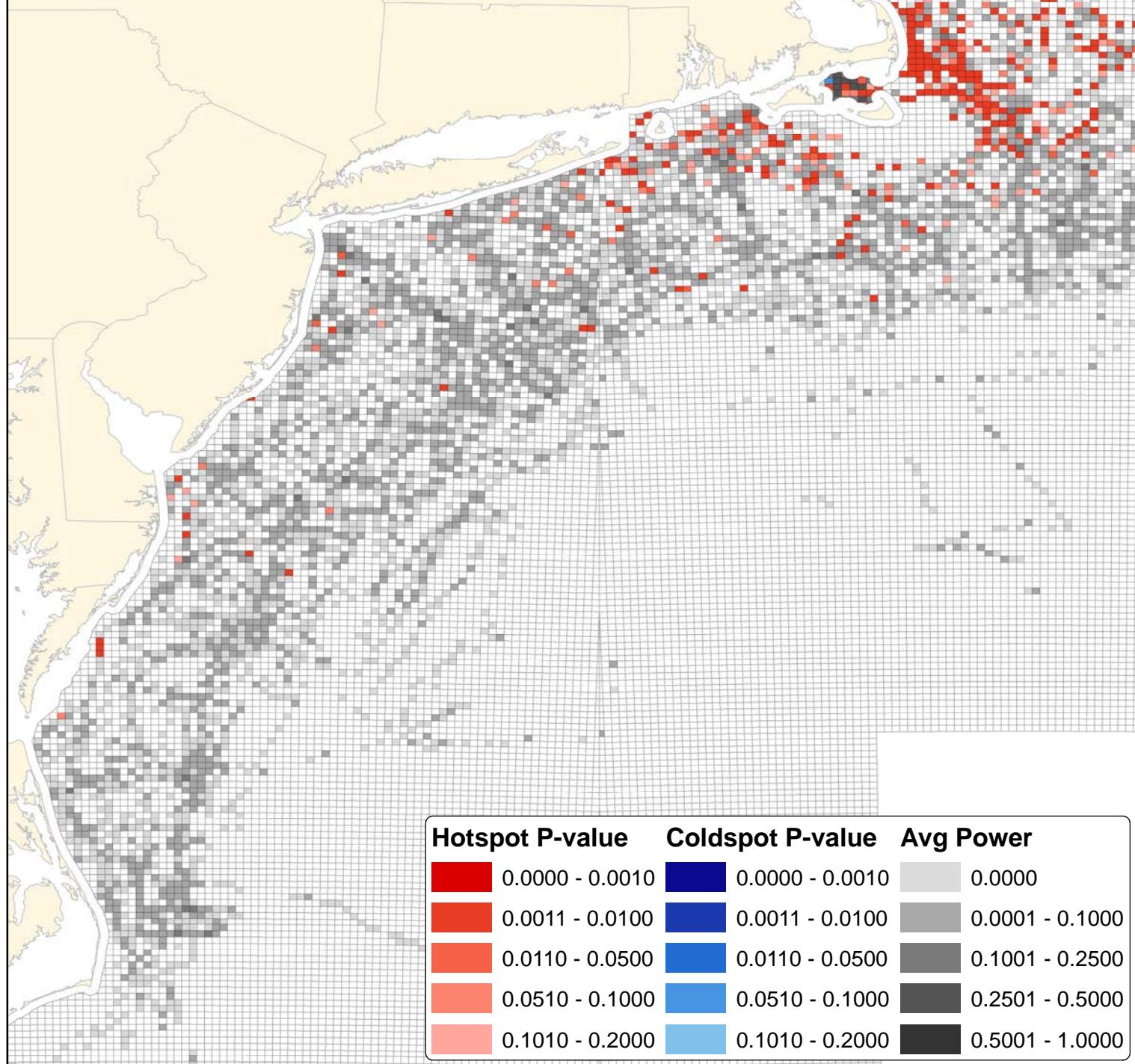
Great Black-backed Gull (GBBG) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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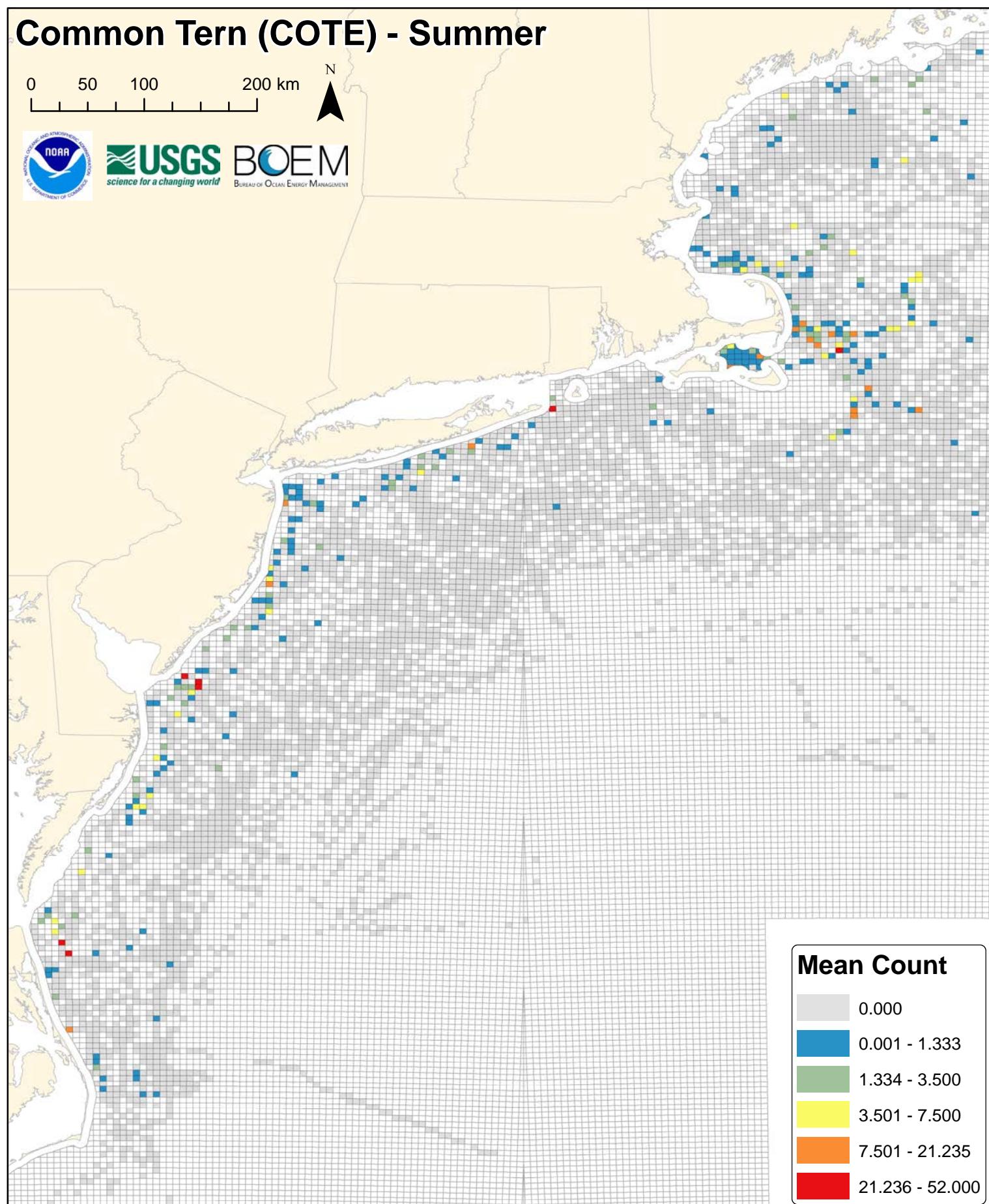
Common Tern (COTE) - Summer

0 50 100 200 km

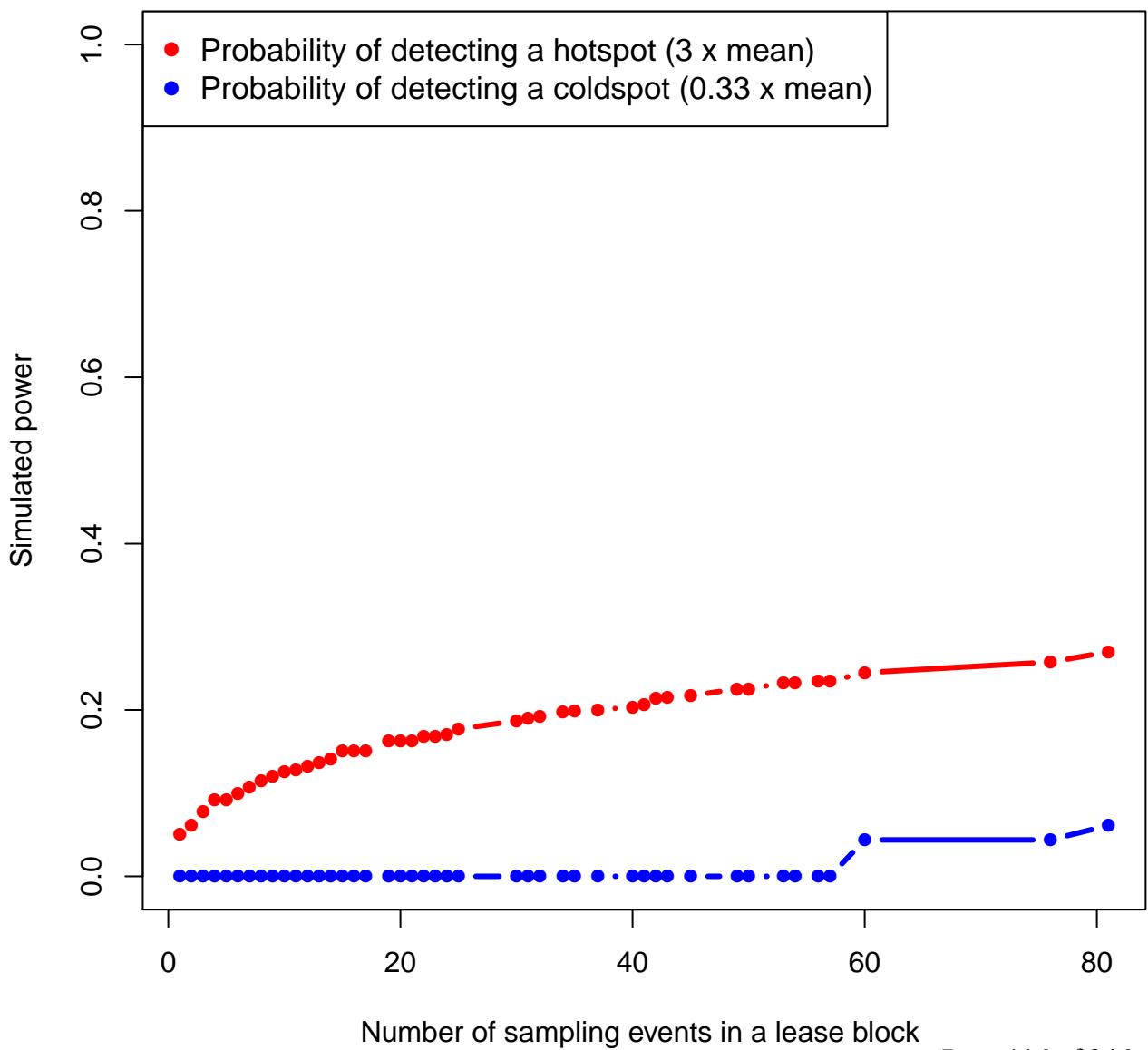


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cote



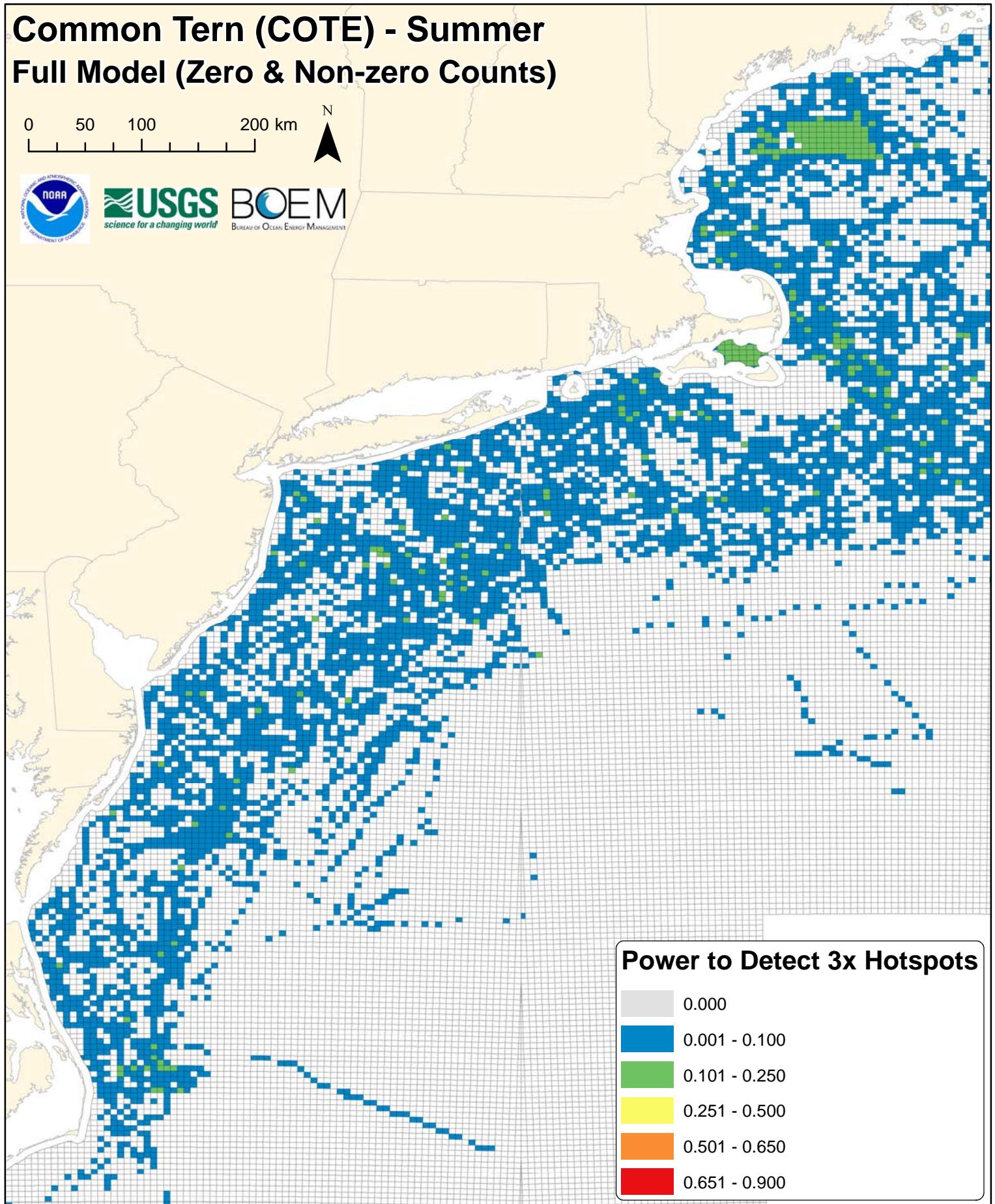
Common Tern (COTE) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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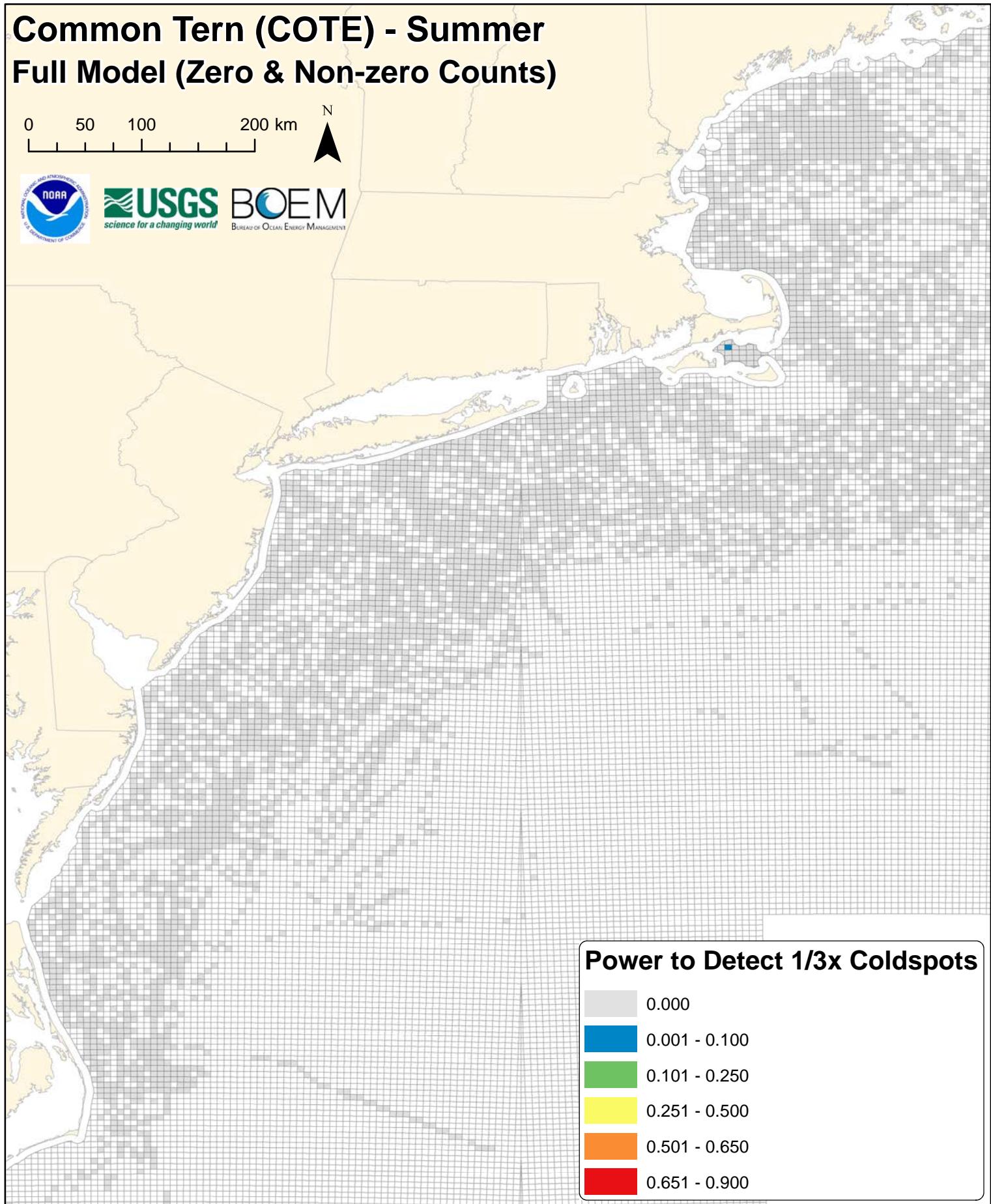
Common Tern (COTE) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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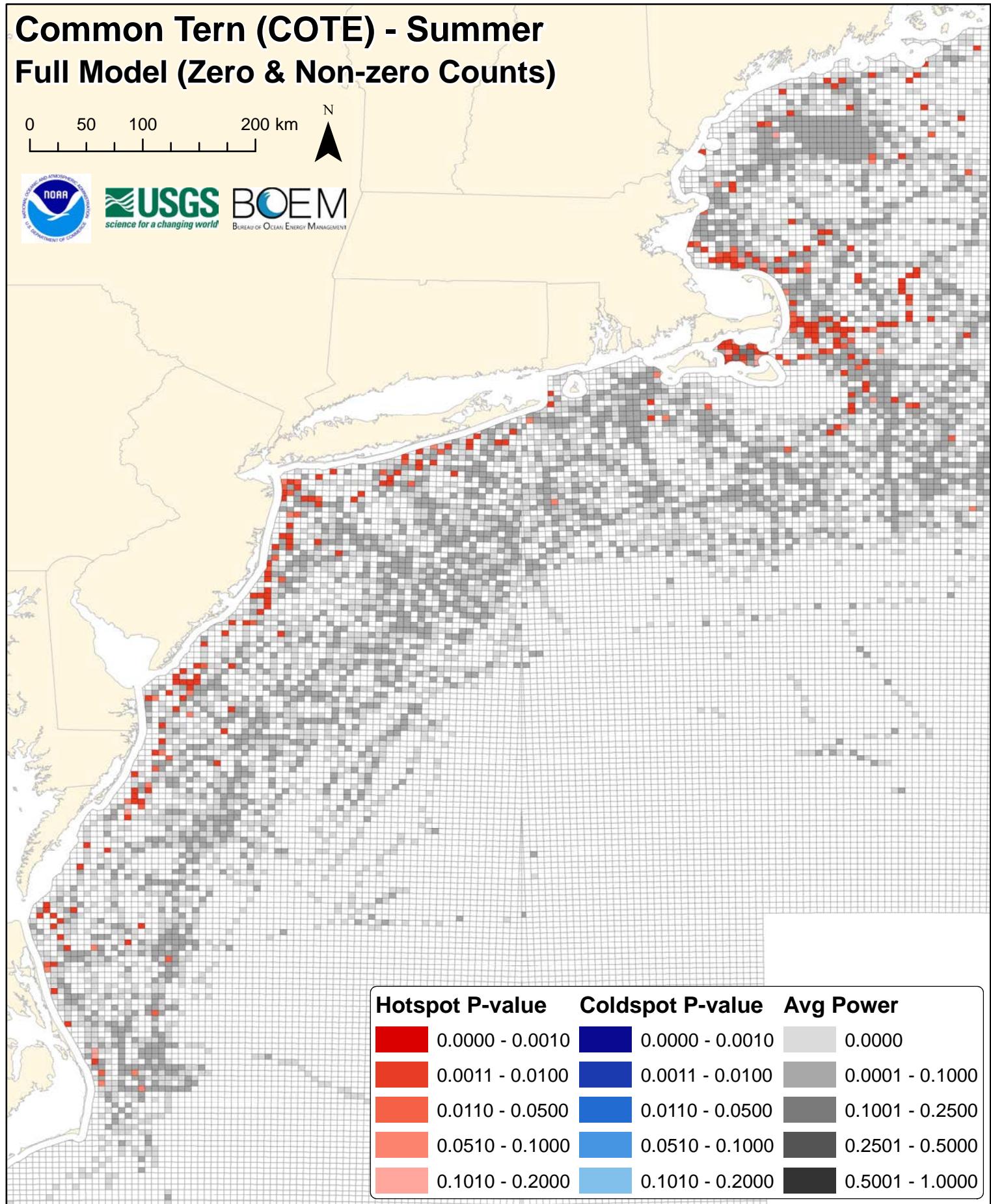
Common Tern (COTE) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Hotspot P-value	Coldspot P-value	Avg Power
0.0000 - 0.0010	0.0000 - 0.0010	0.0000
0.0011 - 0.0100	0.0011 - 0.0100	0.0001 - 0.1000
0.0110 - 0.0500	0.0110 - 0.0500	0.1001 - 0.2500
0.0510 - 0.1000	0.0510 - 0.1000	0.2501 - 0.5000
0.1010 - 0.2000	0.1010 - 0.2000	0.5001 - 1.0000

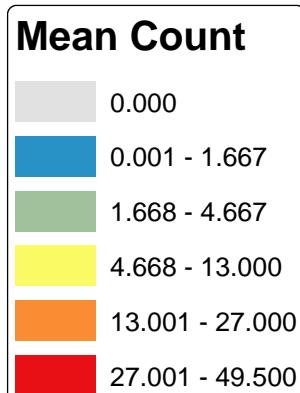
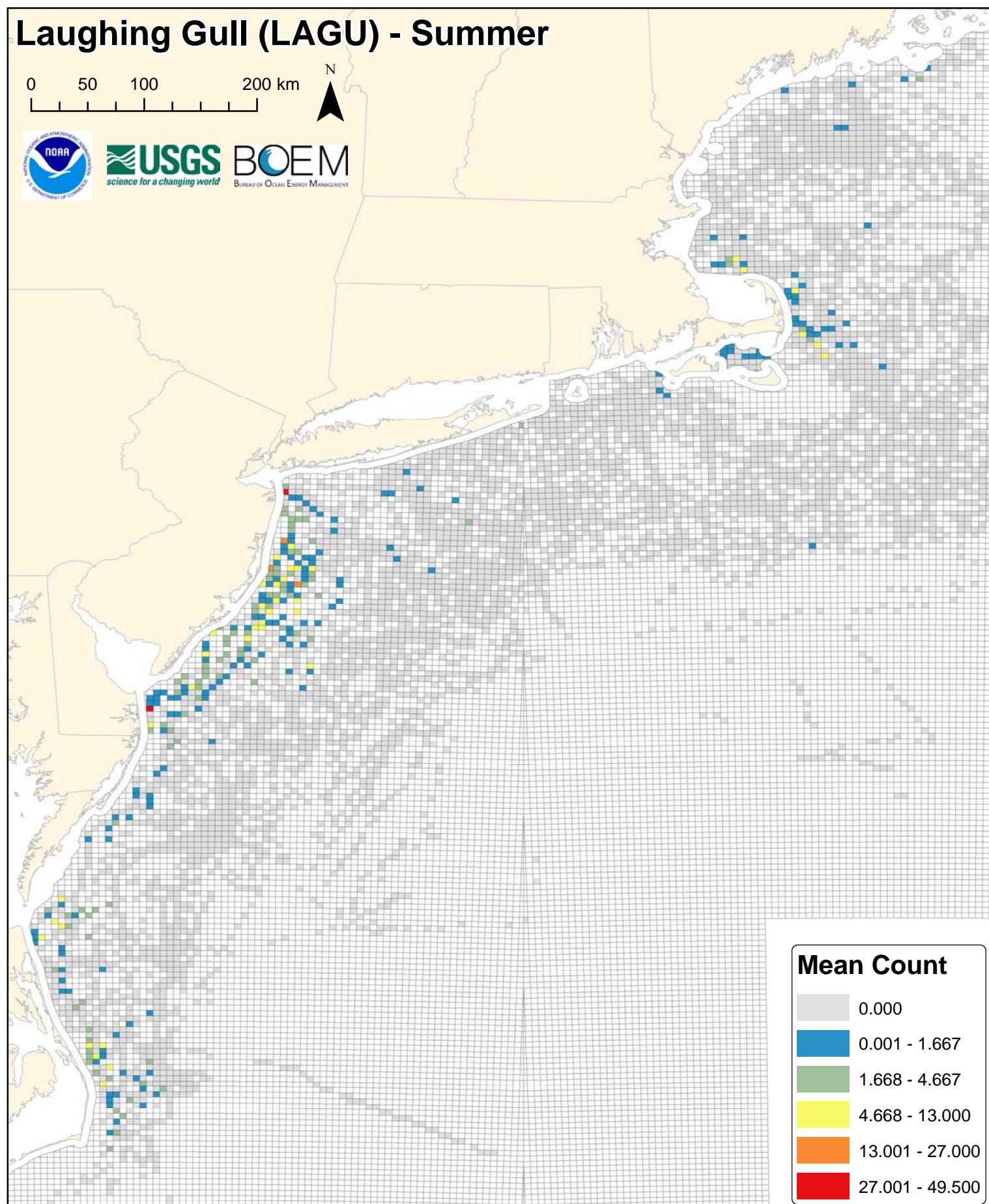
Laughing Gull (LAGU) - Summer

0 50 100 200 km

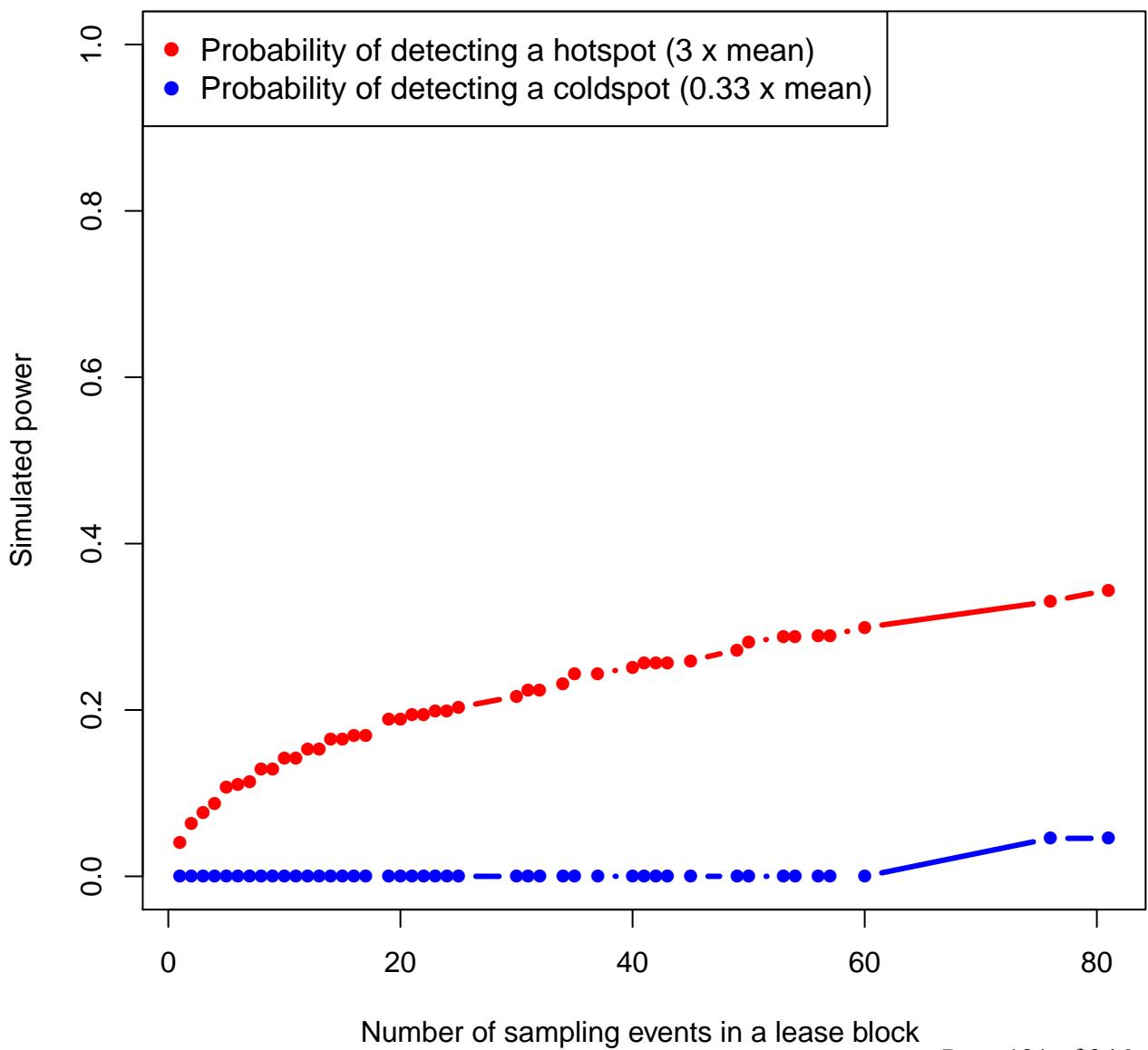


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lagu



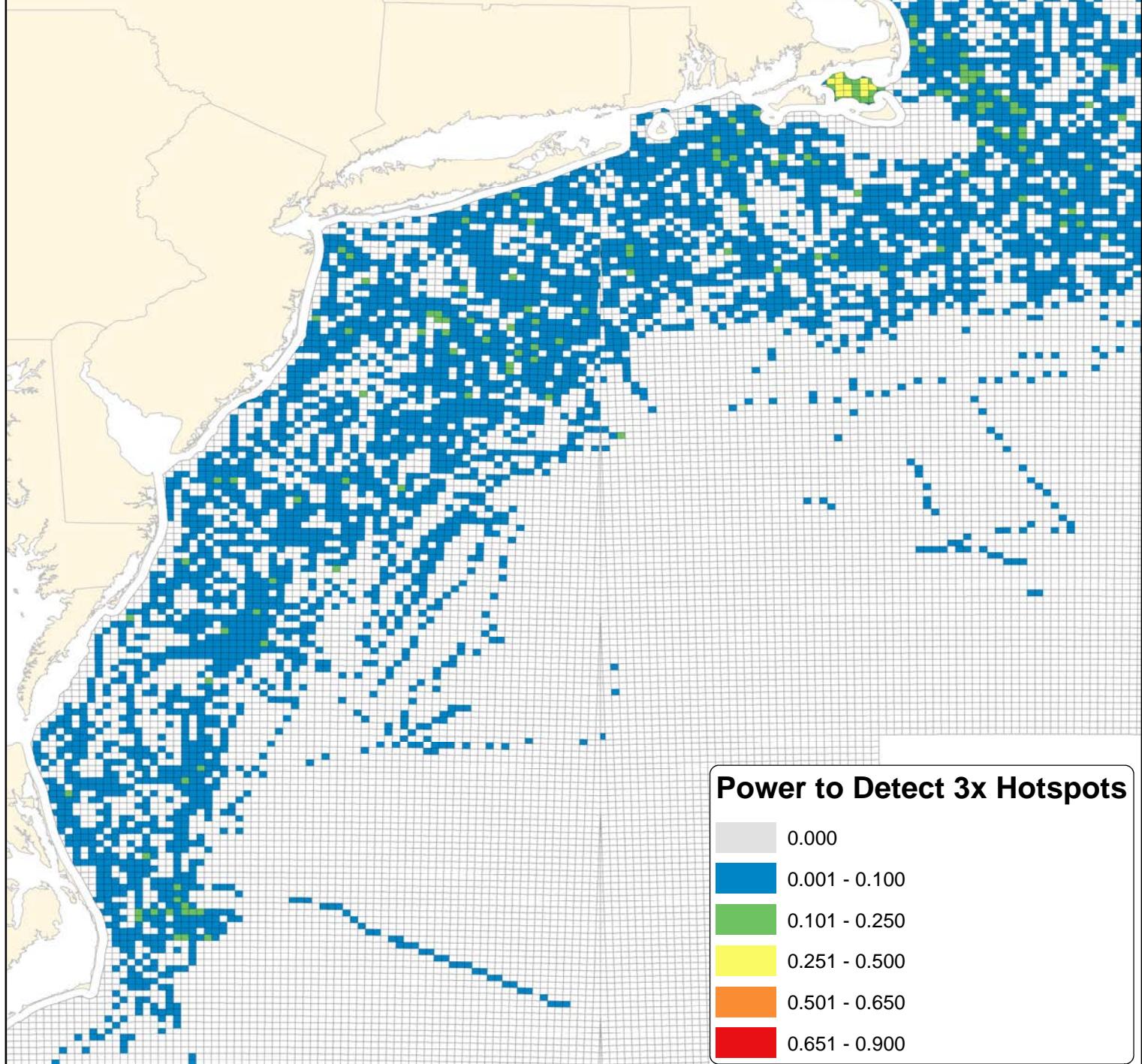
Laughing Gull (LAGU) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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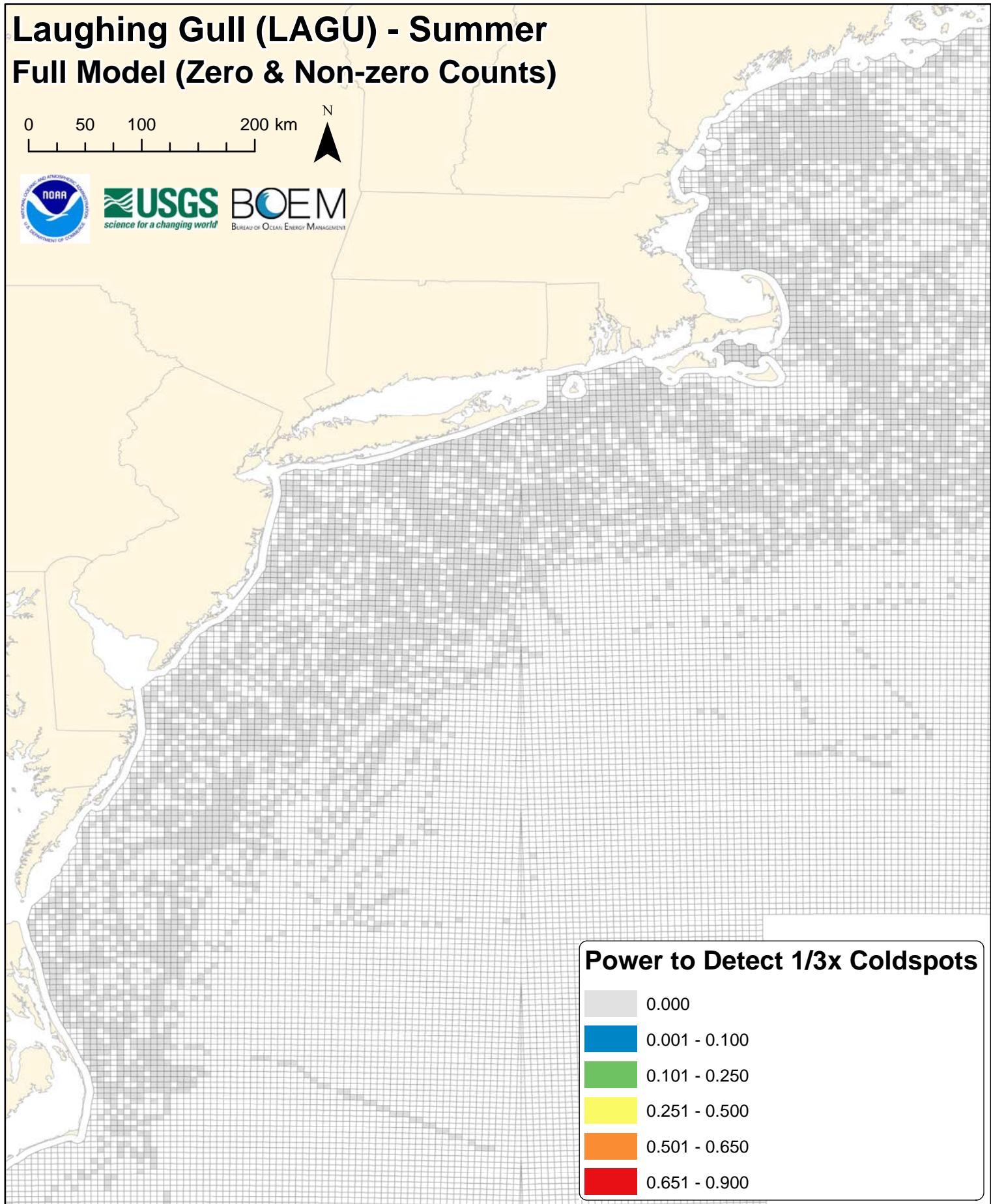
Laughing Gull (LAGU) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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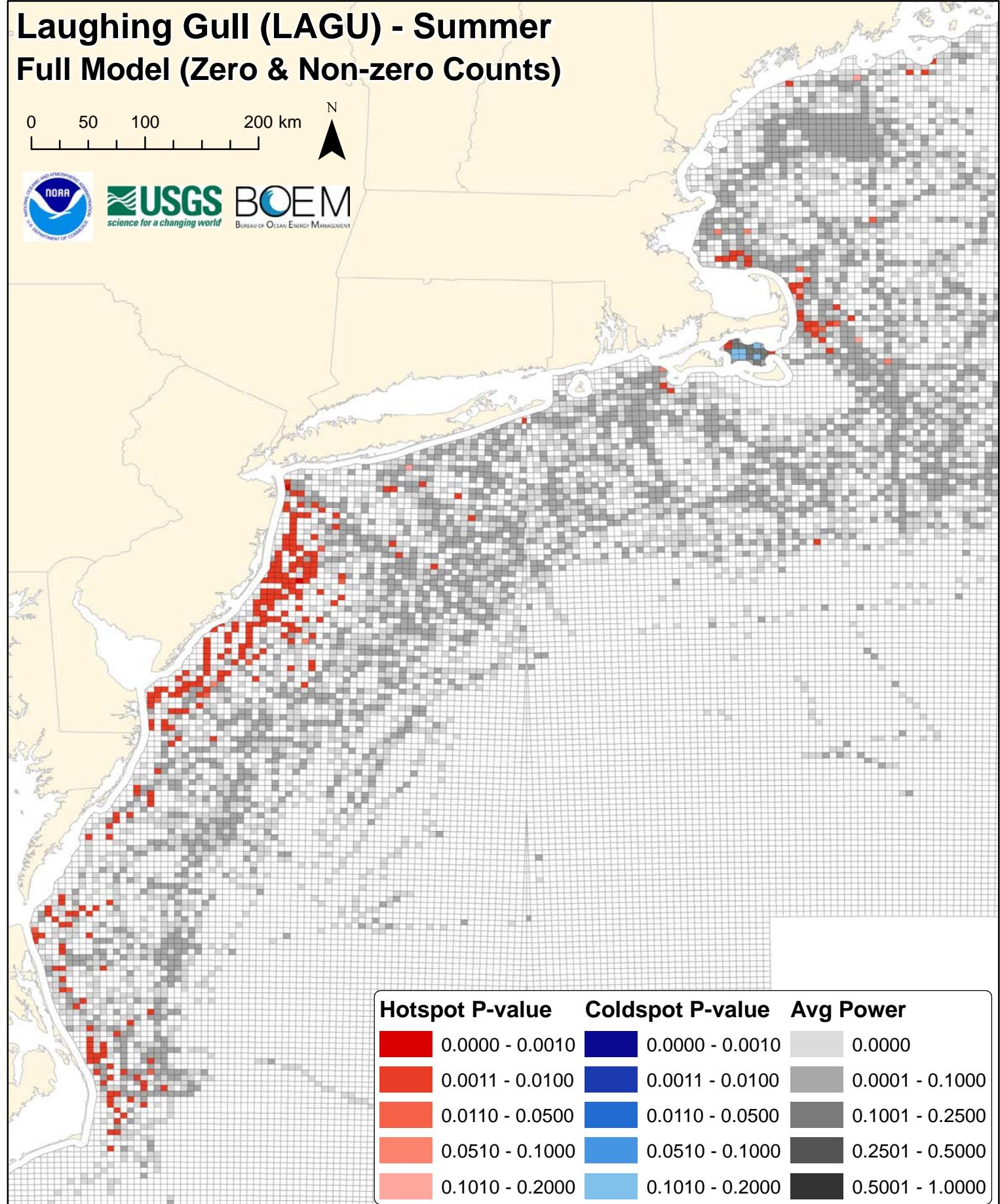
Laughing Gull (LAGU) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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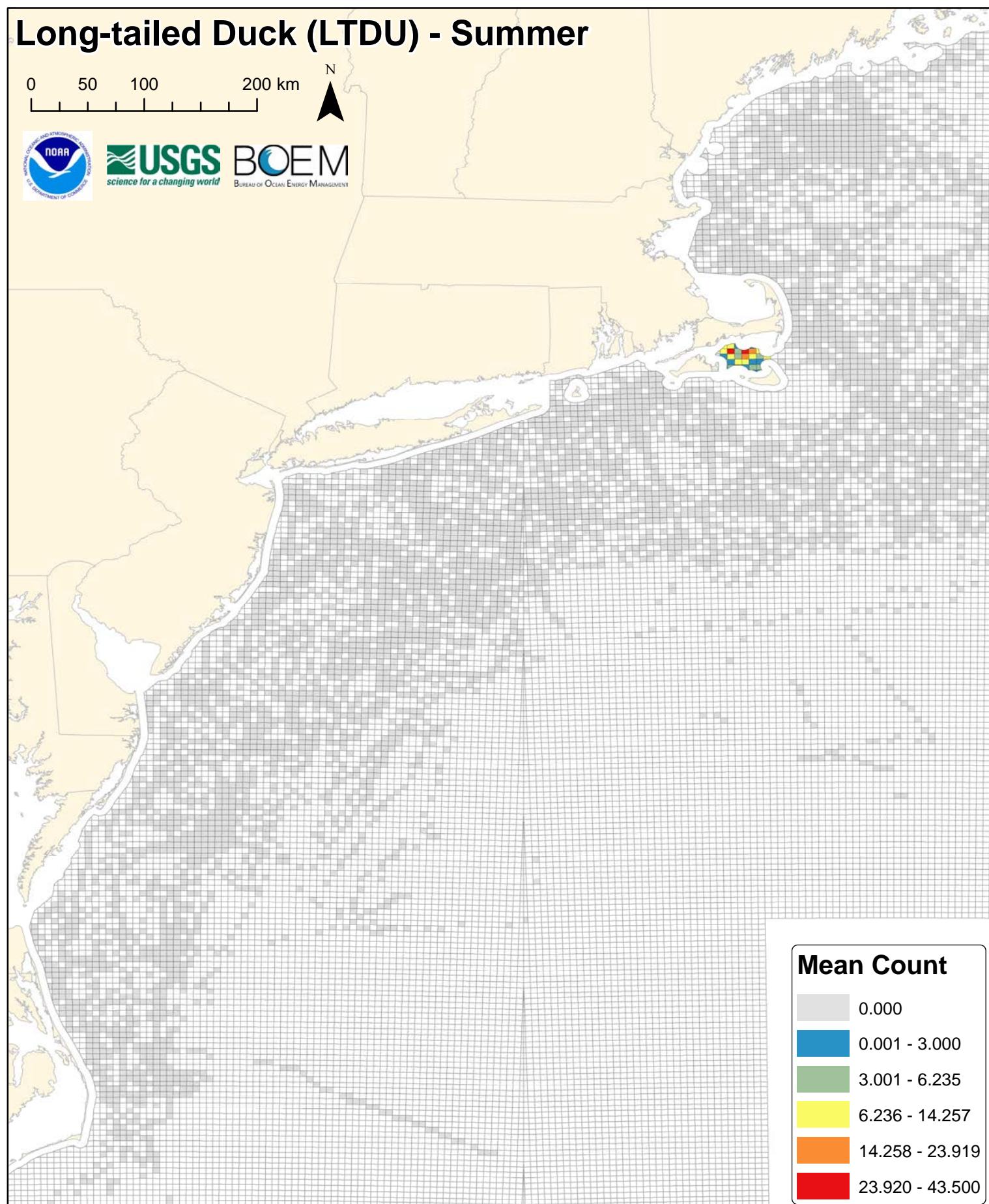
Long-tailed Duck (LTDU) - Summer

0 50 100 200 km

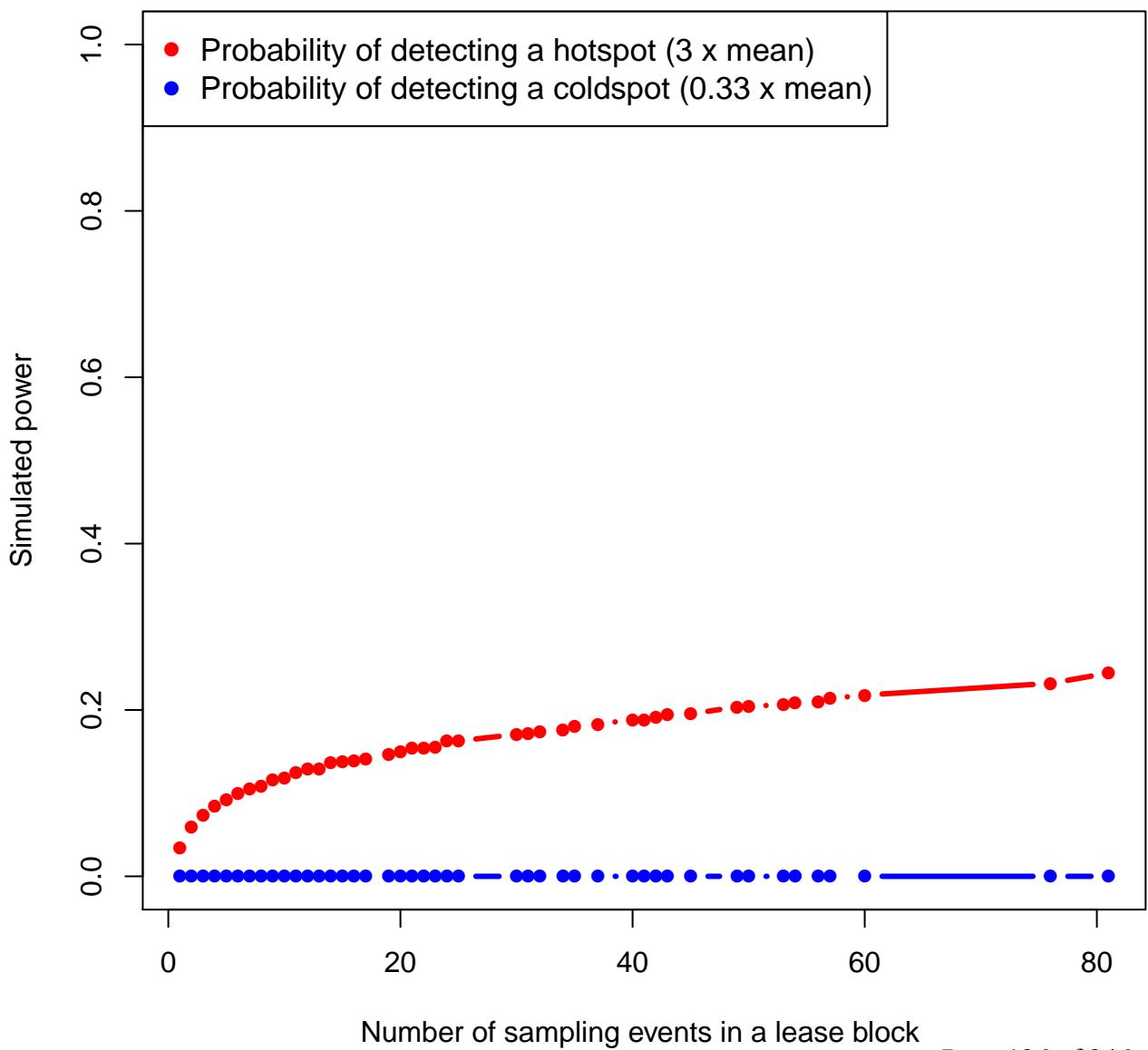


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Itdu



Number of sampling events in a lease block

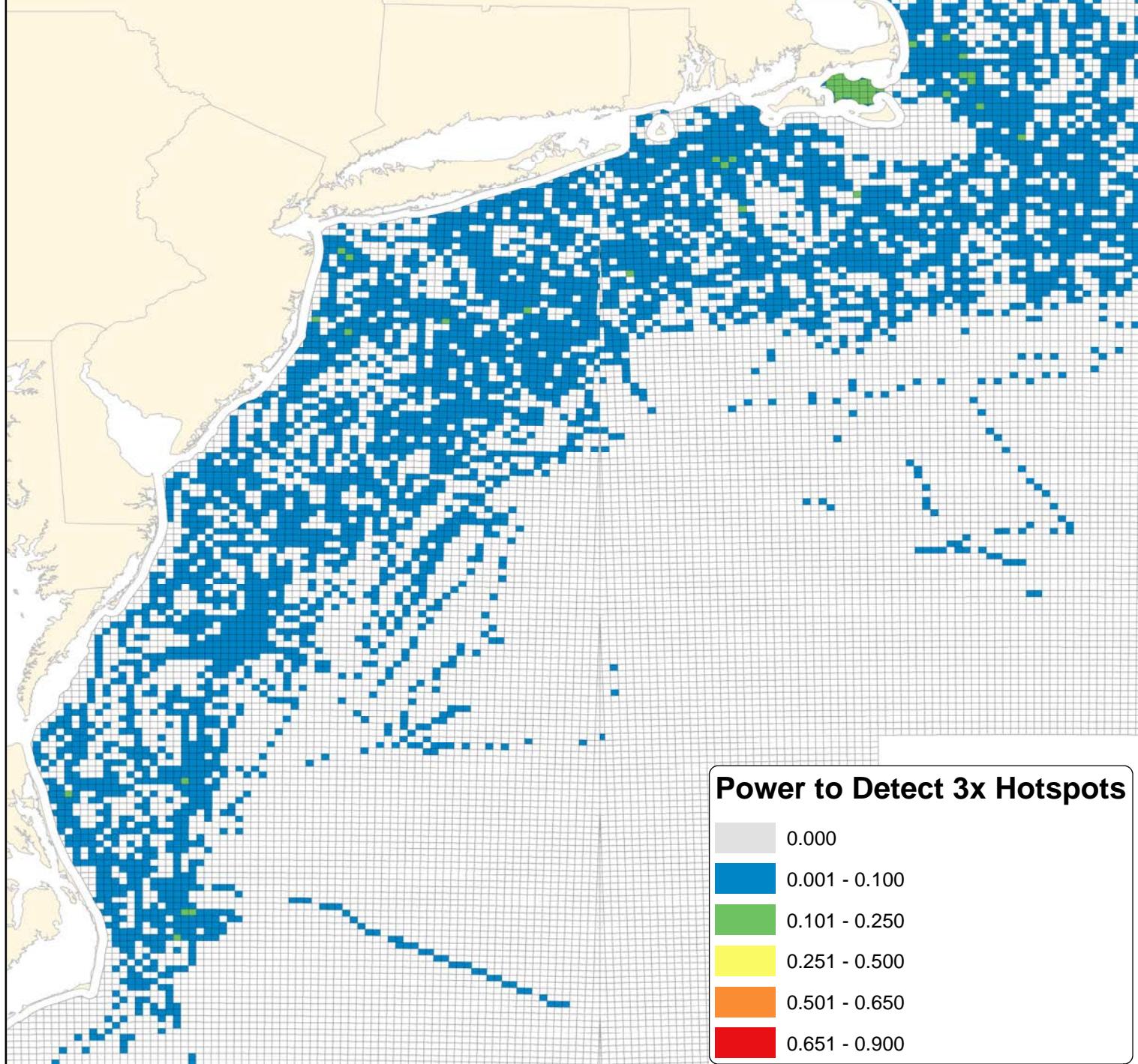
Long-tailed Duck (LTDU) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Power to Detect 3x Hotspots

0.000
0.001 - 0.100
0.101 - 0.250
0.251 - 0.500
0.501 - 0.650
0.651 - 0.900

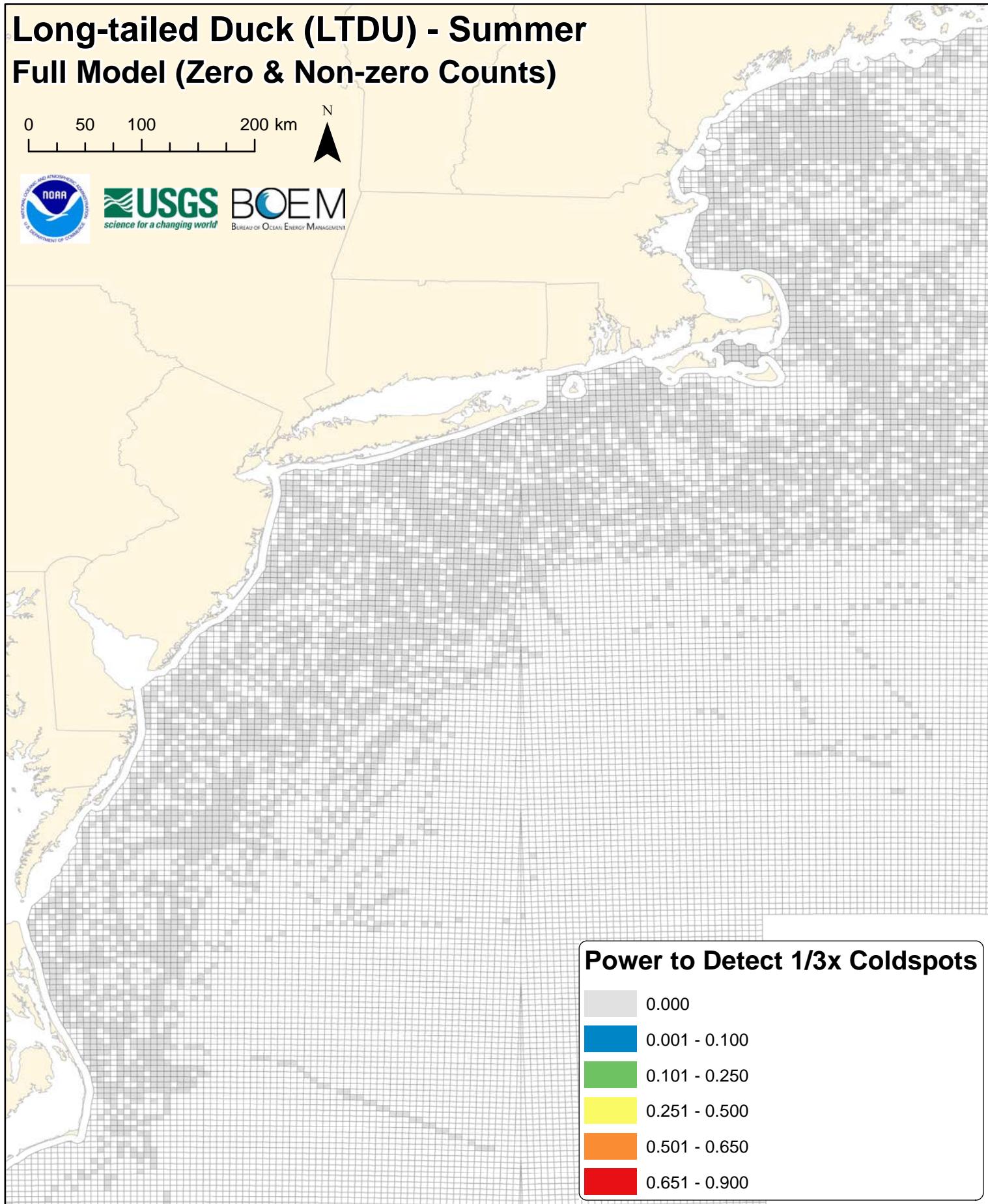
Long-tailed Duck (LTDU) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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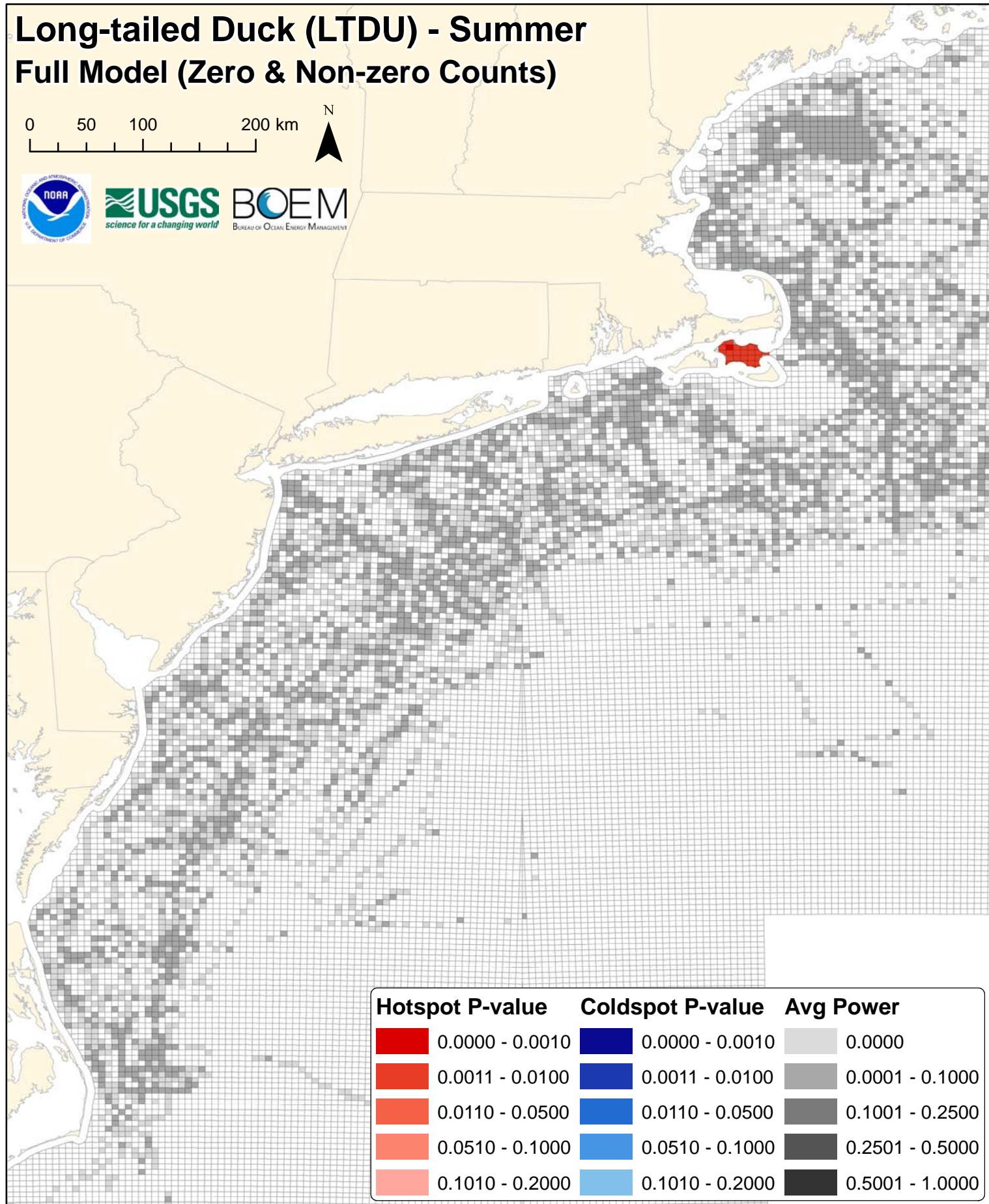
Long-tailed Duck (LTDU) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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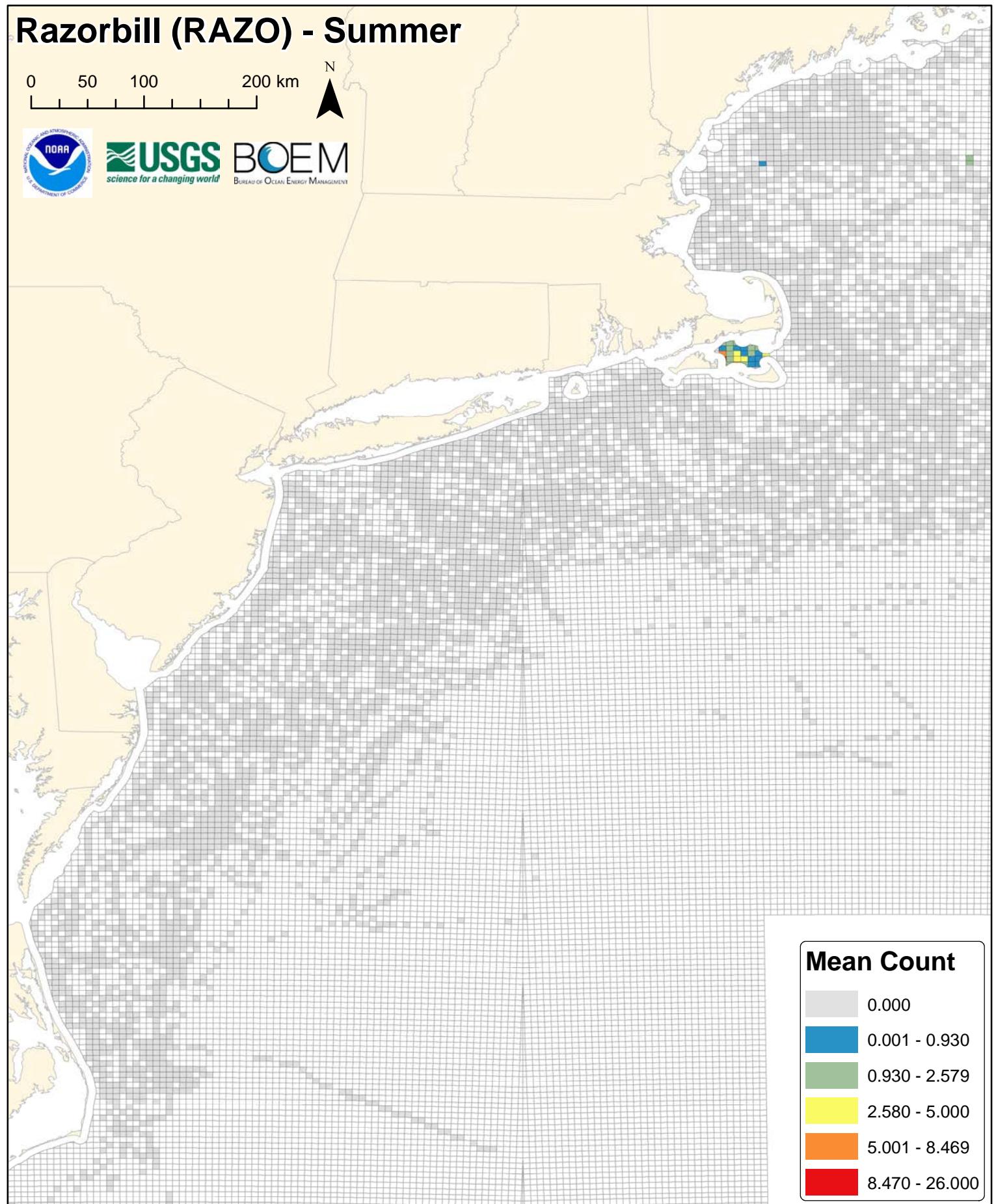
Razorbill (RAZO) - Summer

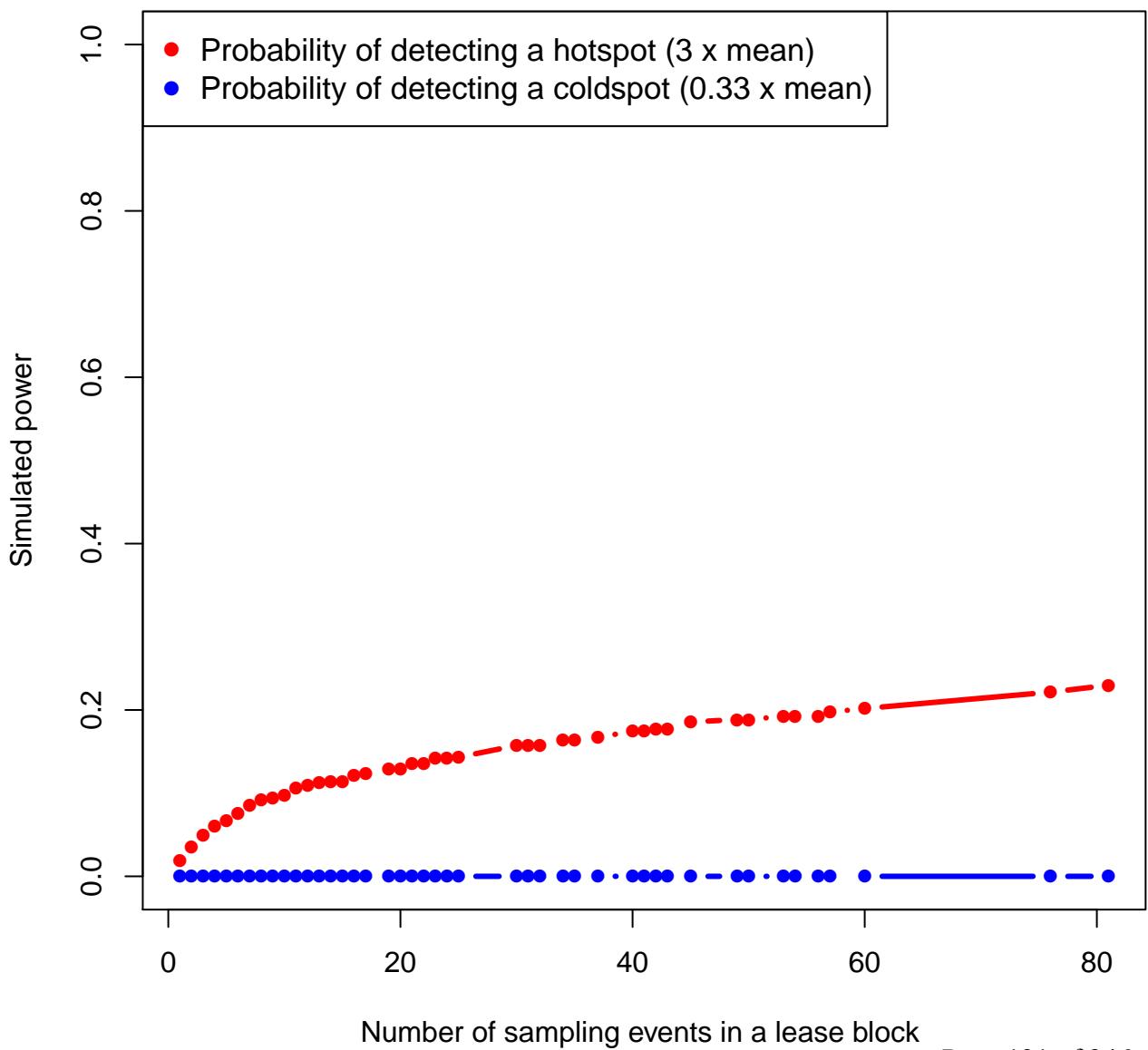
0 50 100 200 km



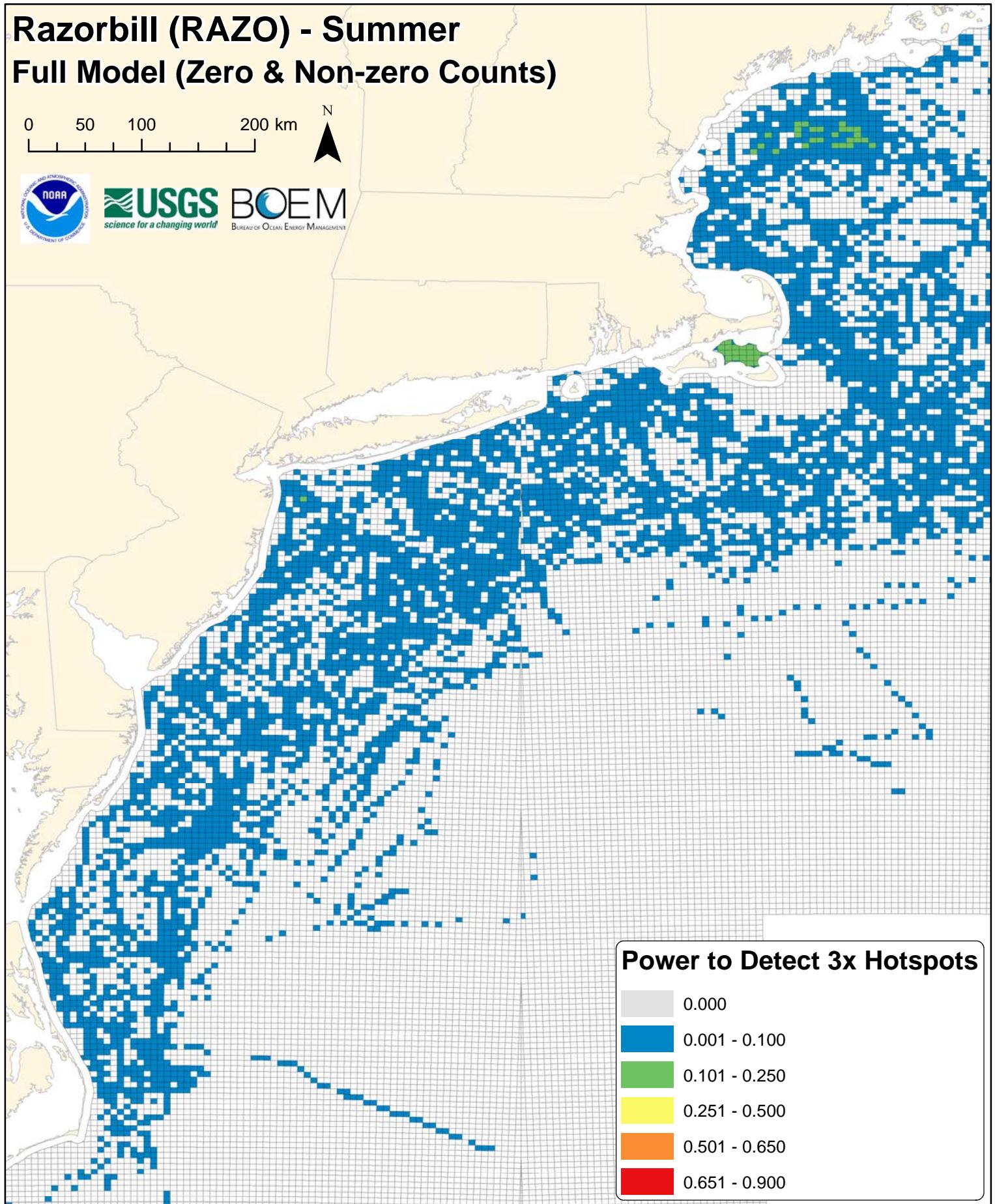
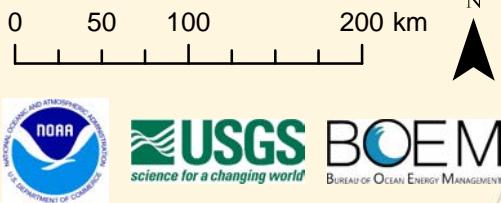
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Razorbill (RAZO) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)



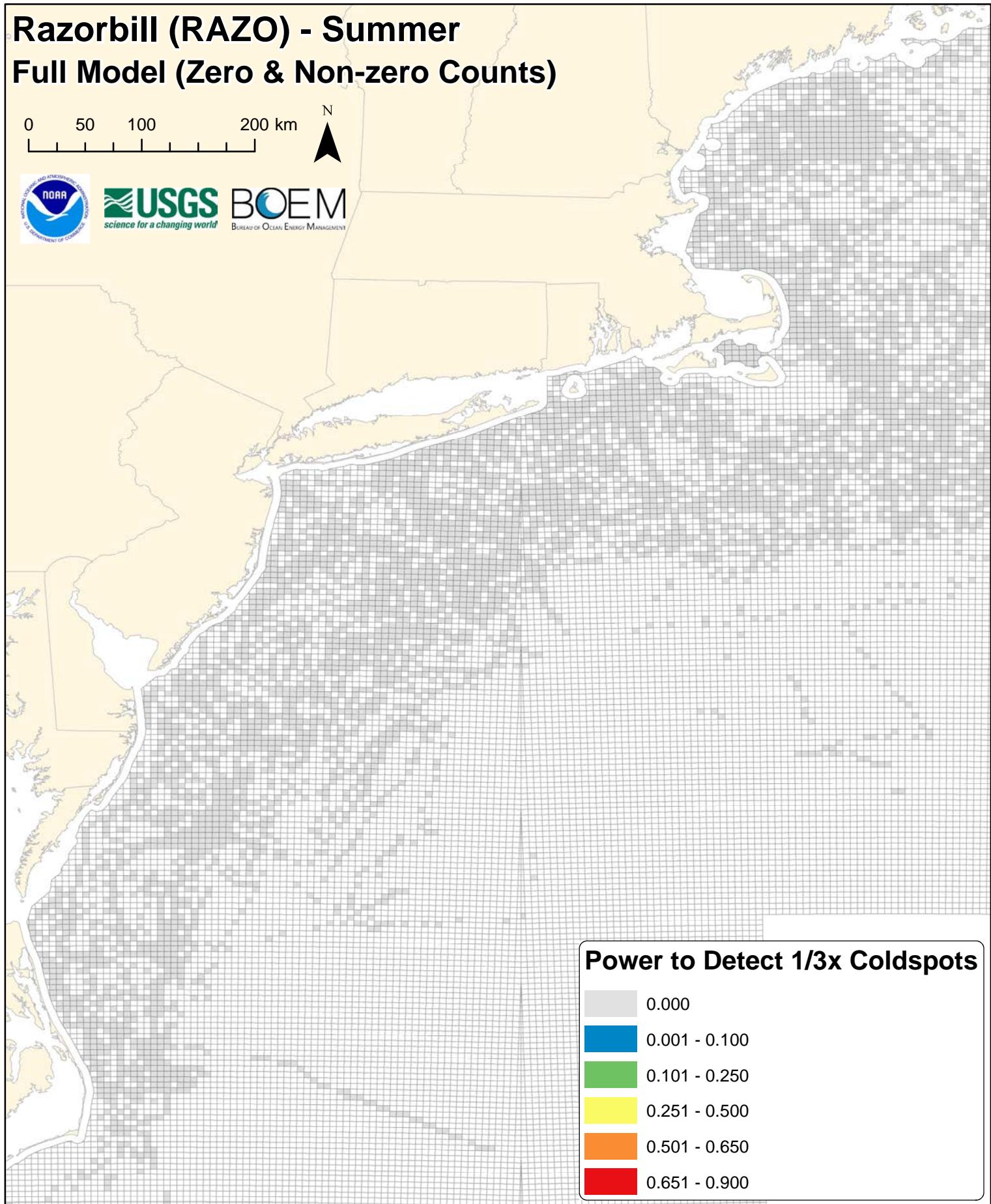
Razorbill (RAZO) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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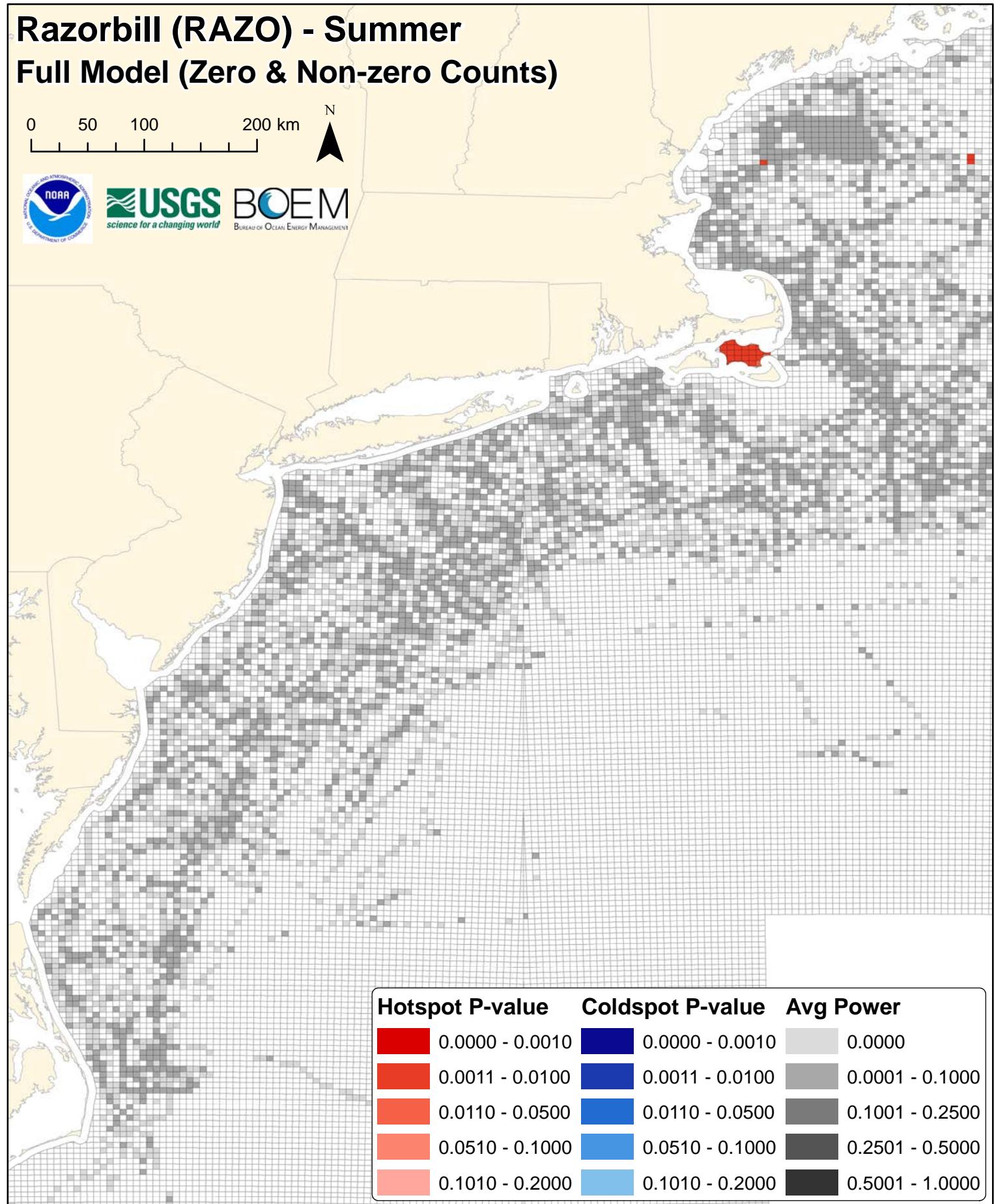
Razorbill (RAZO) - Summer Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Full Hurdle Model (Zero & Non-Zero Counts) Results

SECTION II. Species-specific Power Analysis

Maps and Figures

Figures G126-G185. Fall power analysis maps and figures (12 species x 5 figures per species).

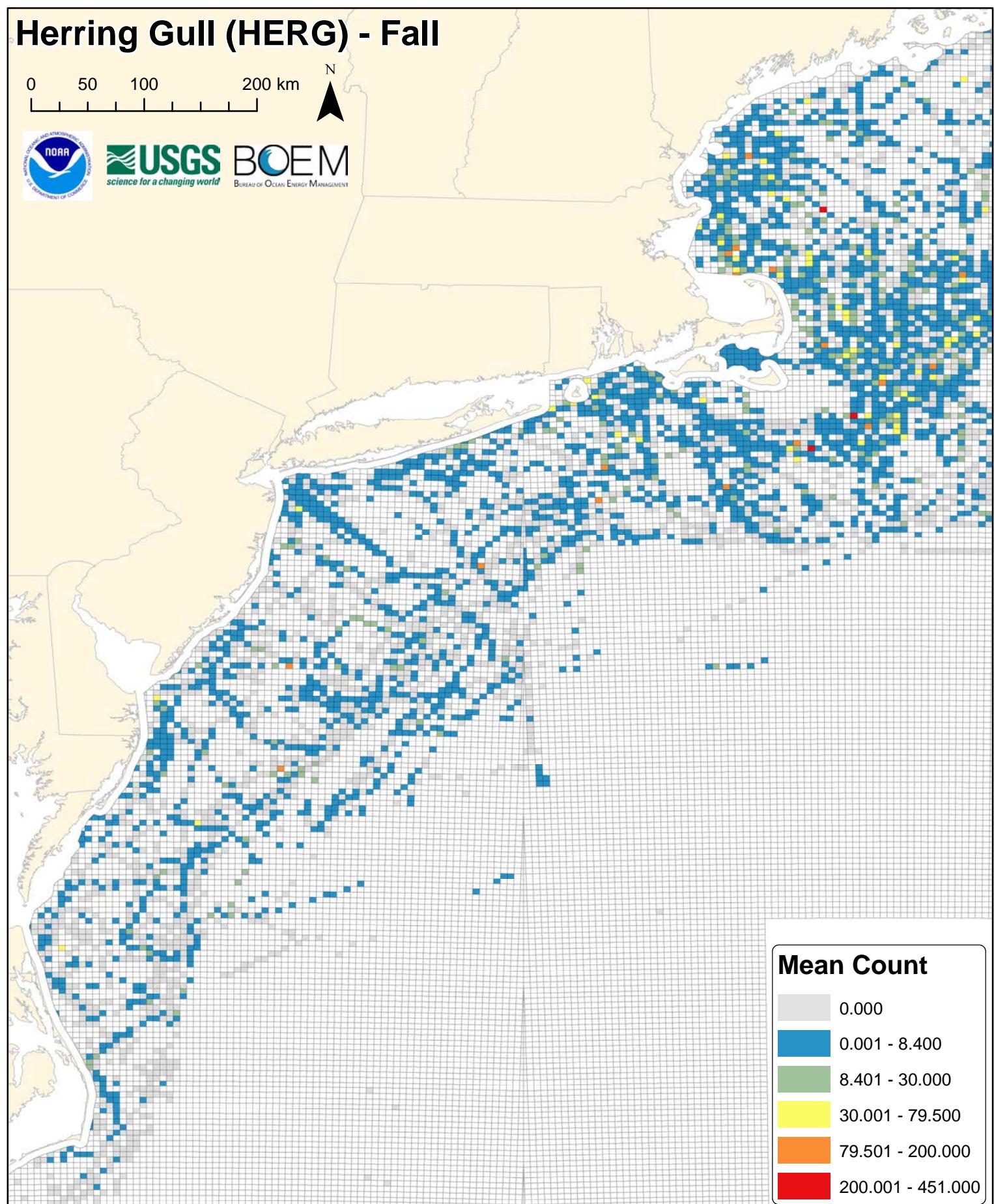
Herring Gull (HERG) - Fall

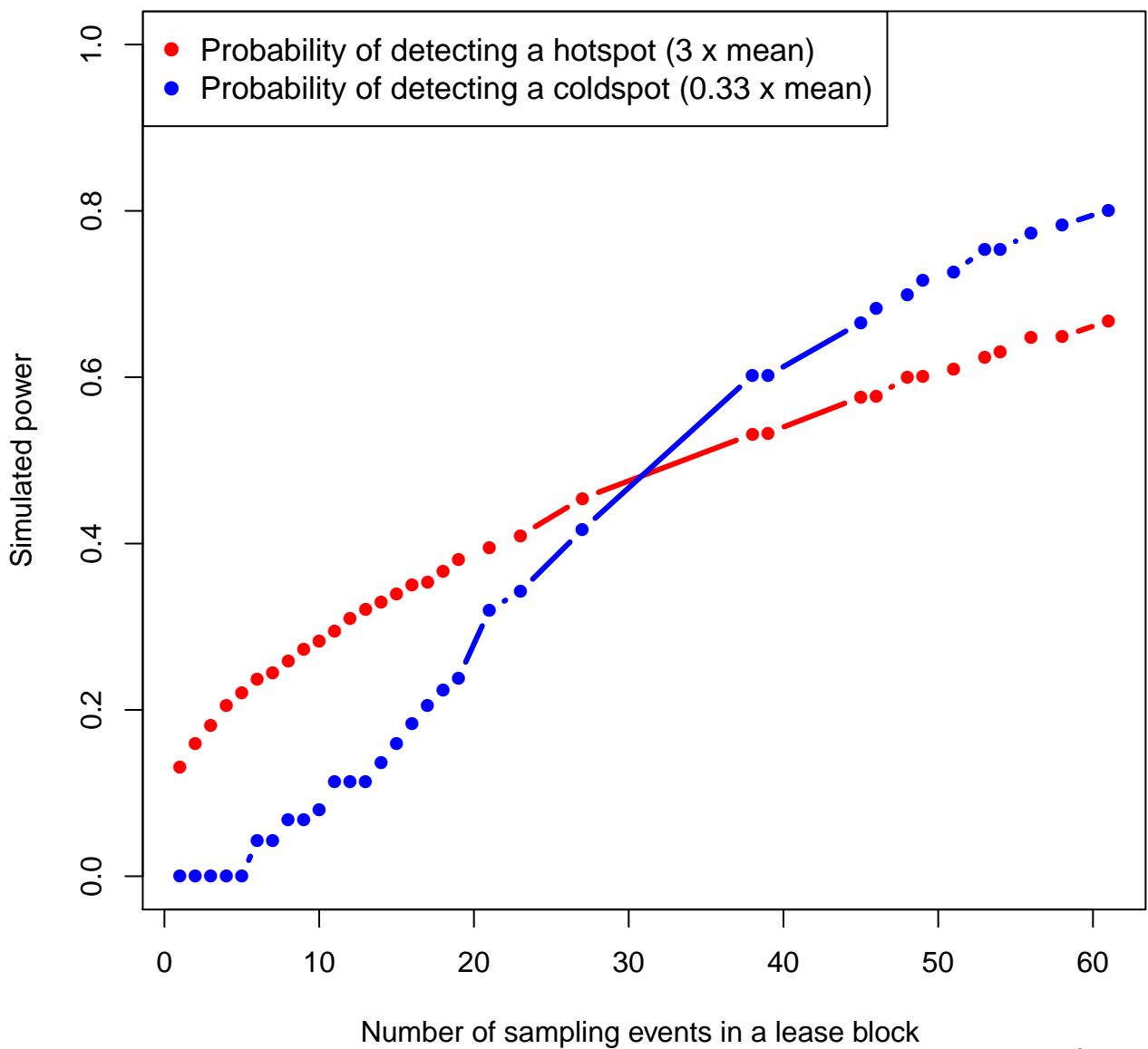
0 50 100 200 km



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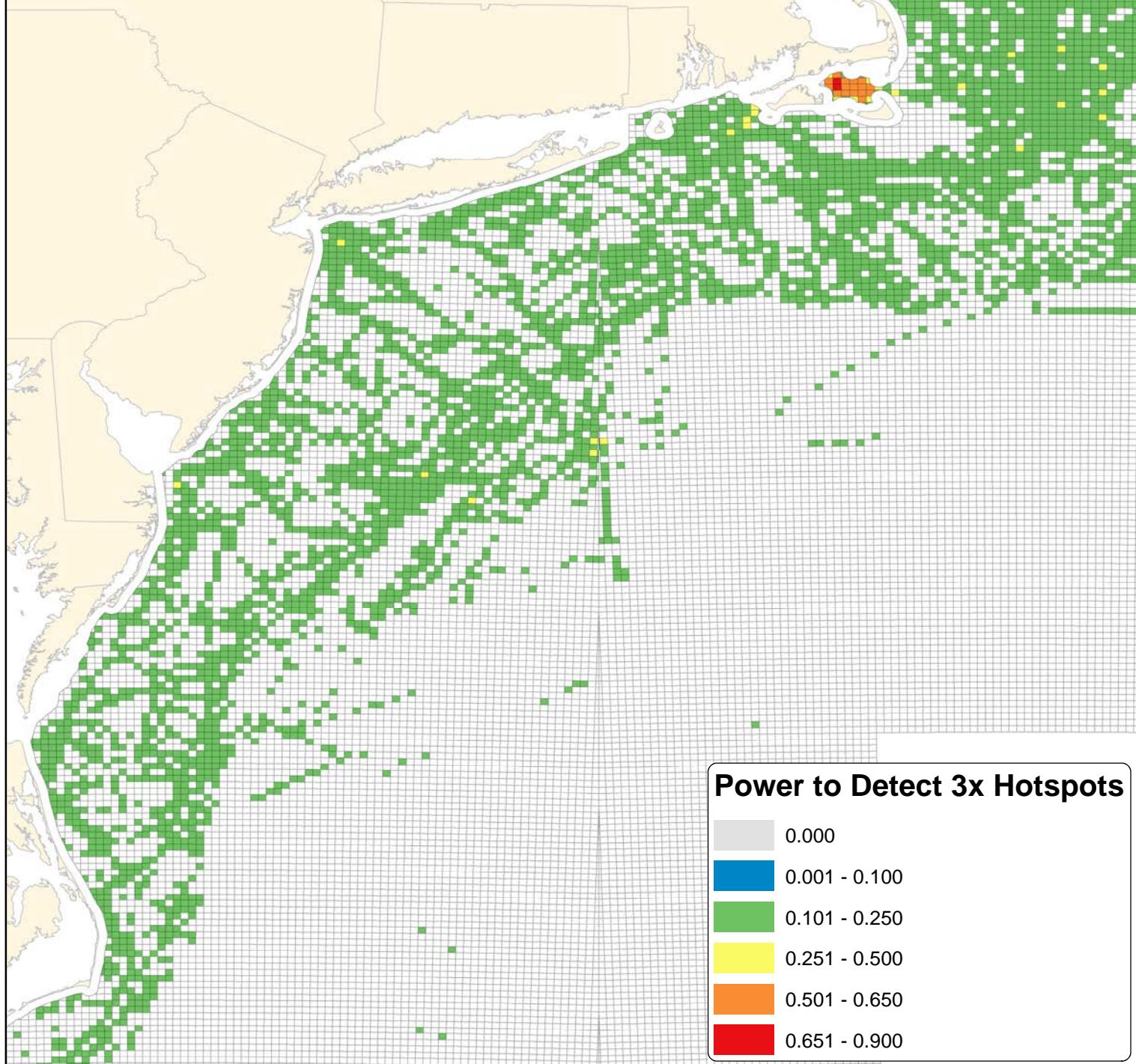
Herring Gull (HERG) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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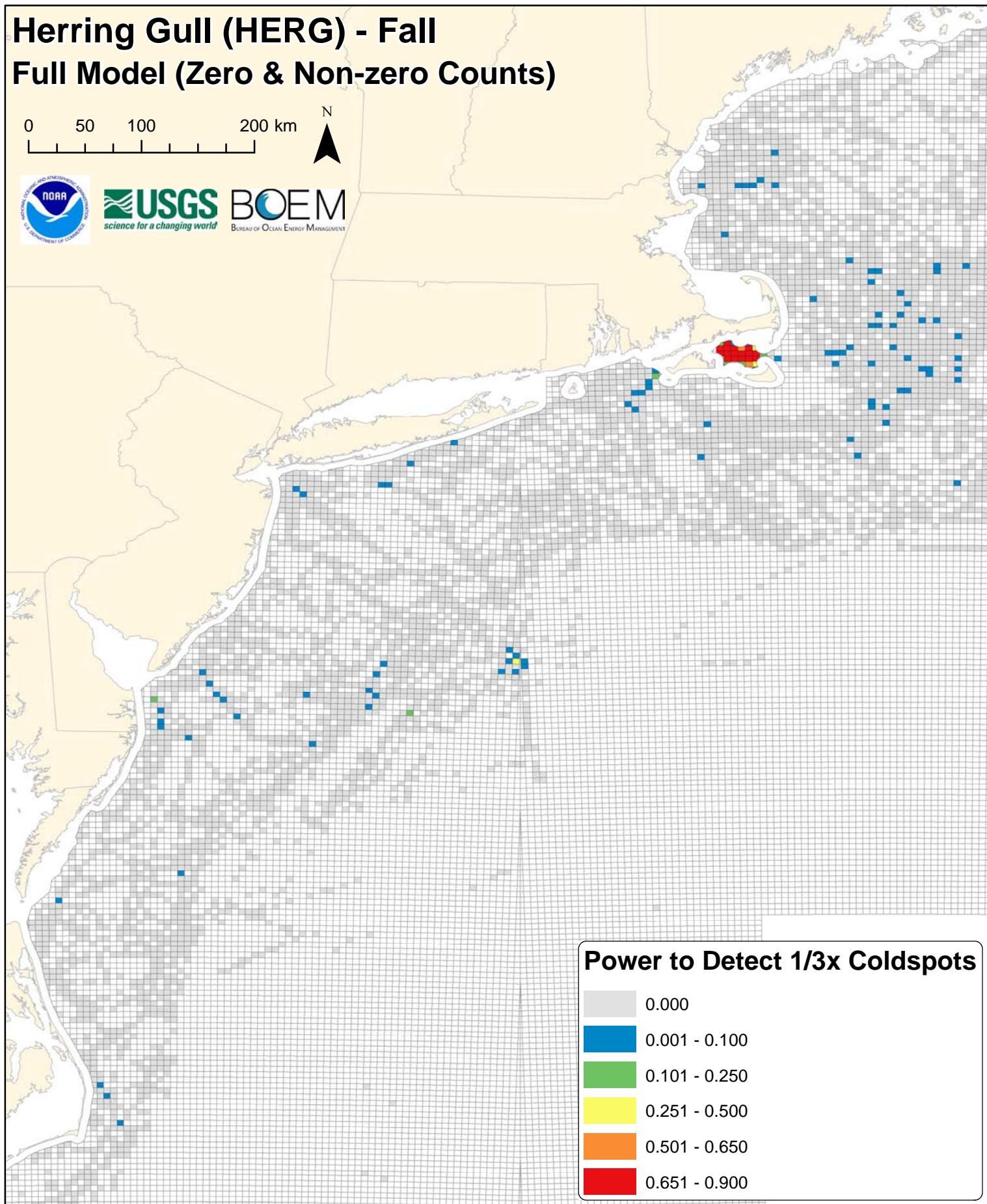
Herring Gull (HERG) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Power to Detect 1/3x Coldspots

0.000
0.001 - 0.100
0.101 - 0.250
0.251 - 0.500
0.501 - 0.650
0.651 - 0.900

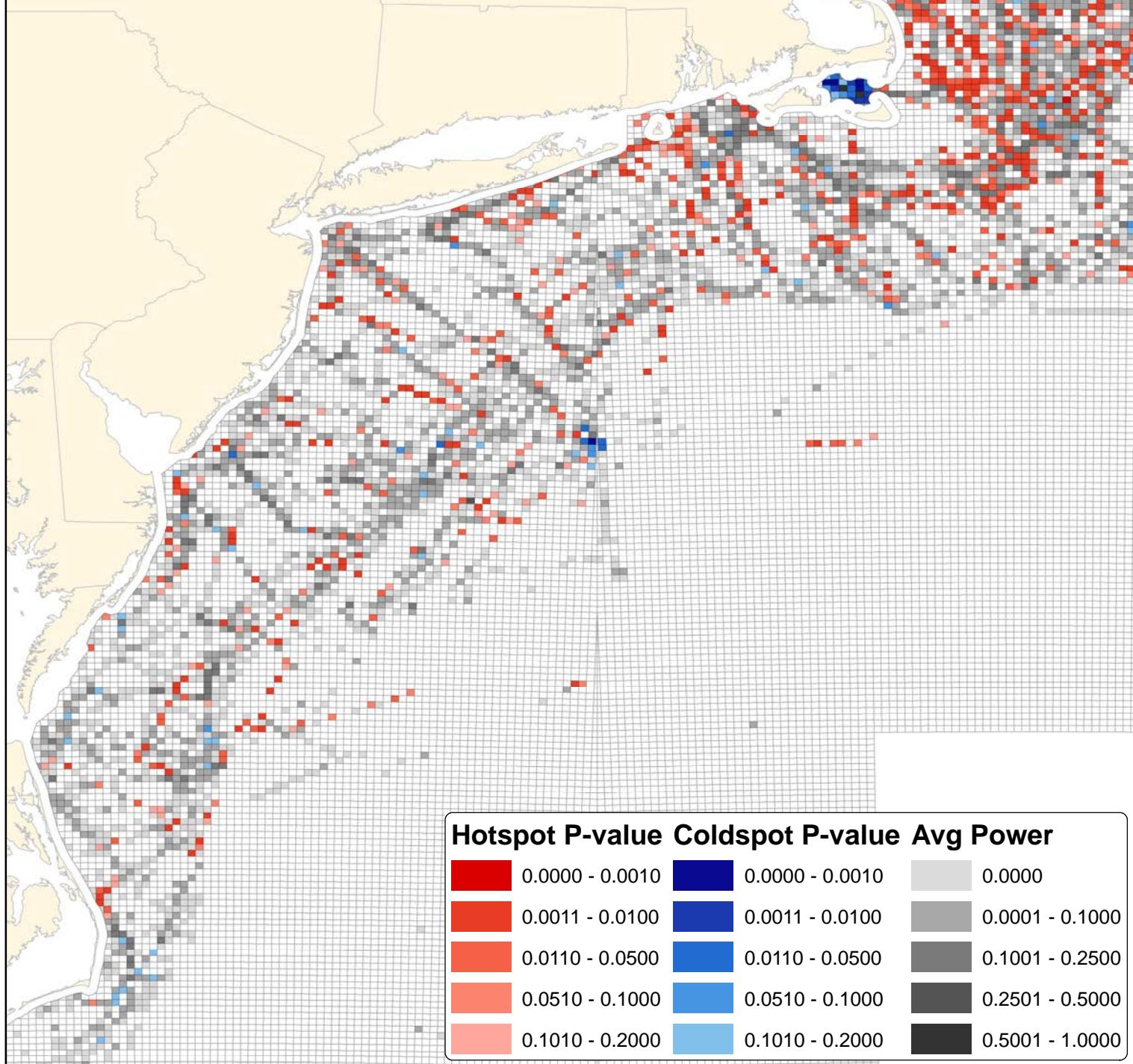
Herring Gull (HERG) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Greater Shearwater (GRSH) - Fall

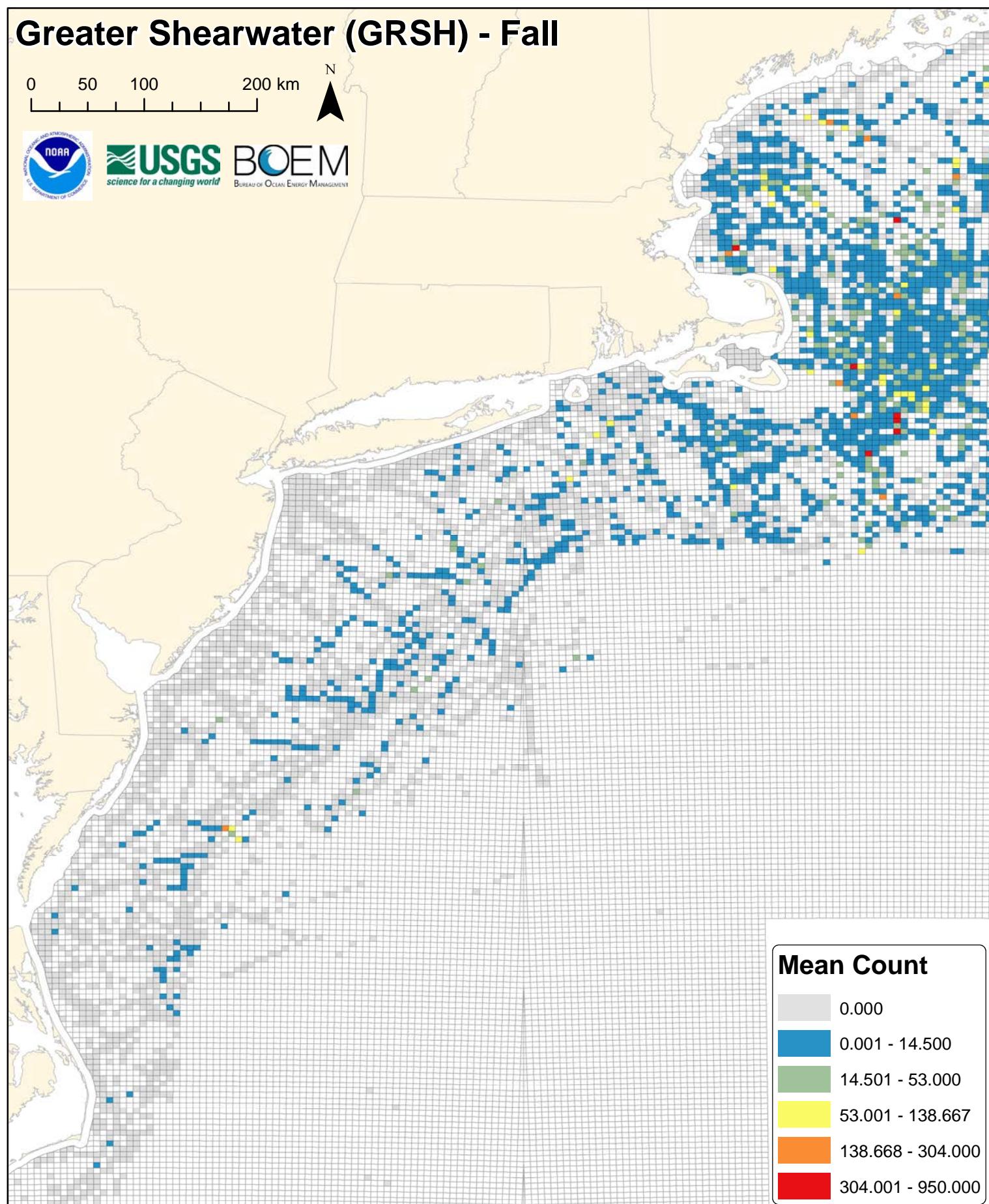
0 50 100 200 km

N

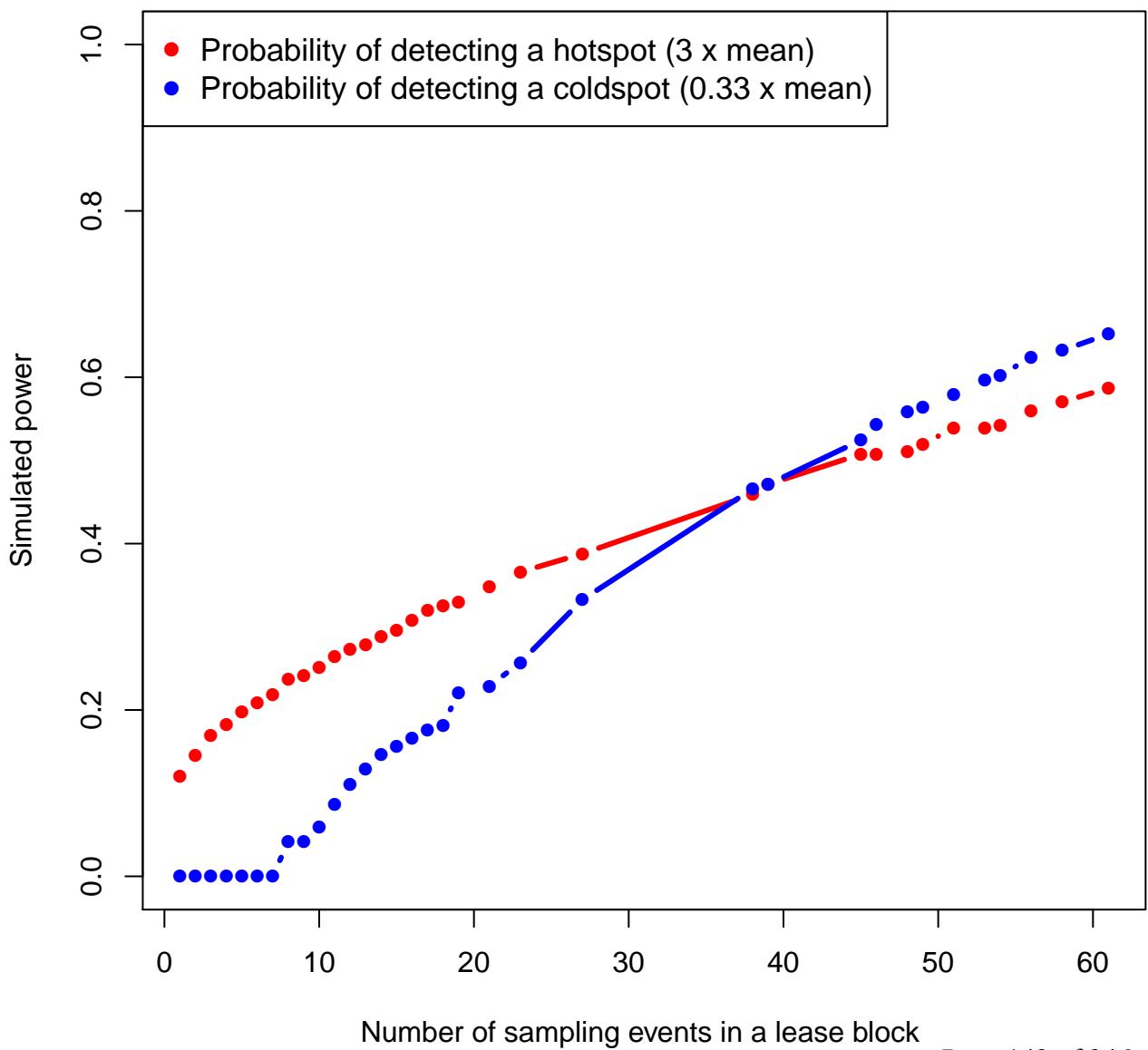


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grsh



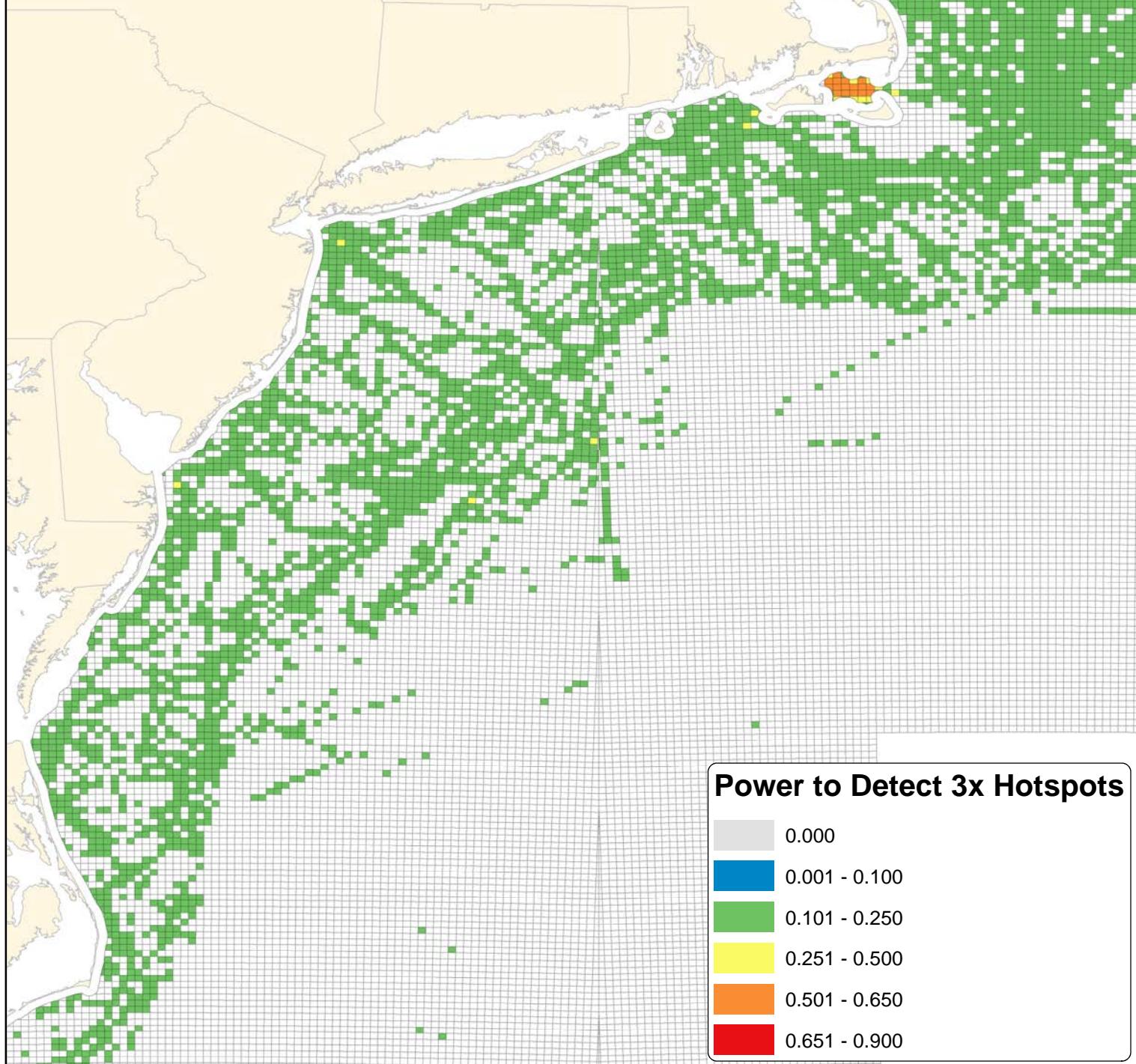
Greater Shearwater (GRSH) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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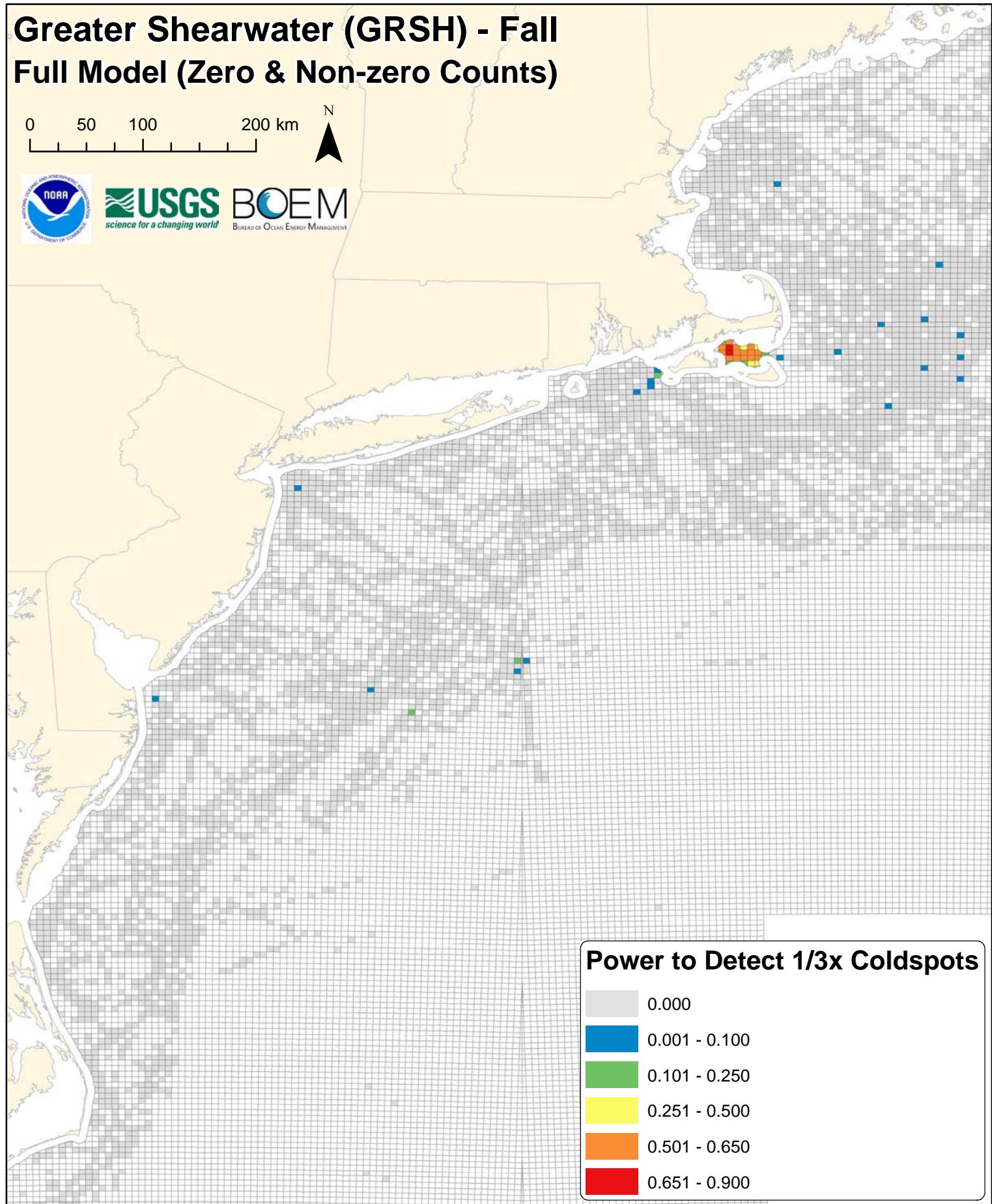
Greater Shearwater (GRSH) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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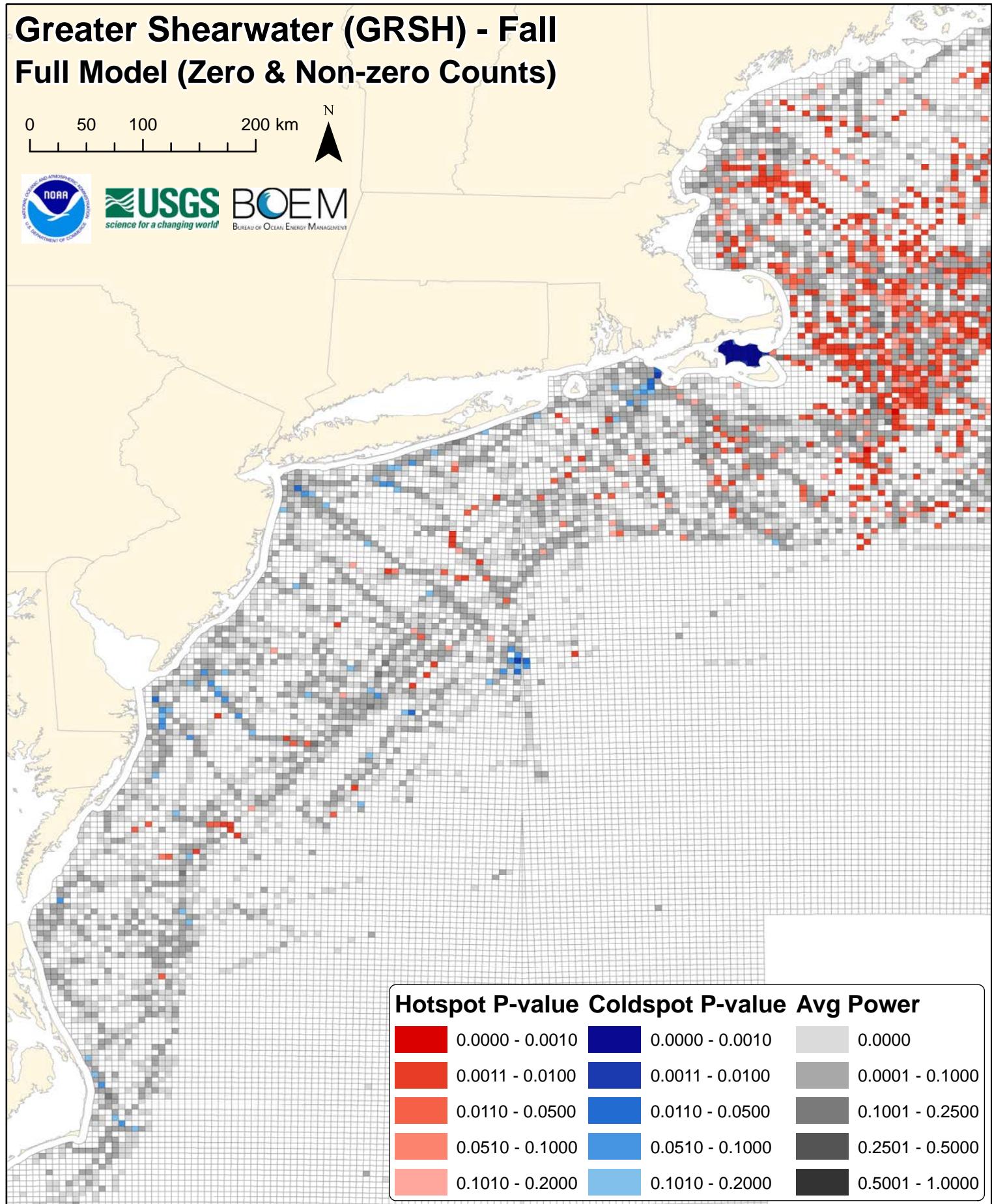
Greater Shearwater (GRSH) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Hotspot P-value Coldspot P-value Avg Power

0.0000 - 0.0010	0.0000 - 0.0010	0.0000
0.0011 - 0.0100	0.0011 - 0.0100	0.0001 - 0.1000
0.0110 - 0.0500	0.0110 - 0.0500	0.1001 - 0.2500
0.0510 - 0.1000	0.0510 - 0.1000	0.2501 - 0.5000
0.1010 - 0.2000	0.1010 - 0.2000	0.5001 - 1.0000

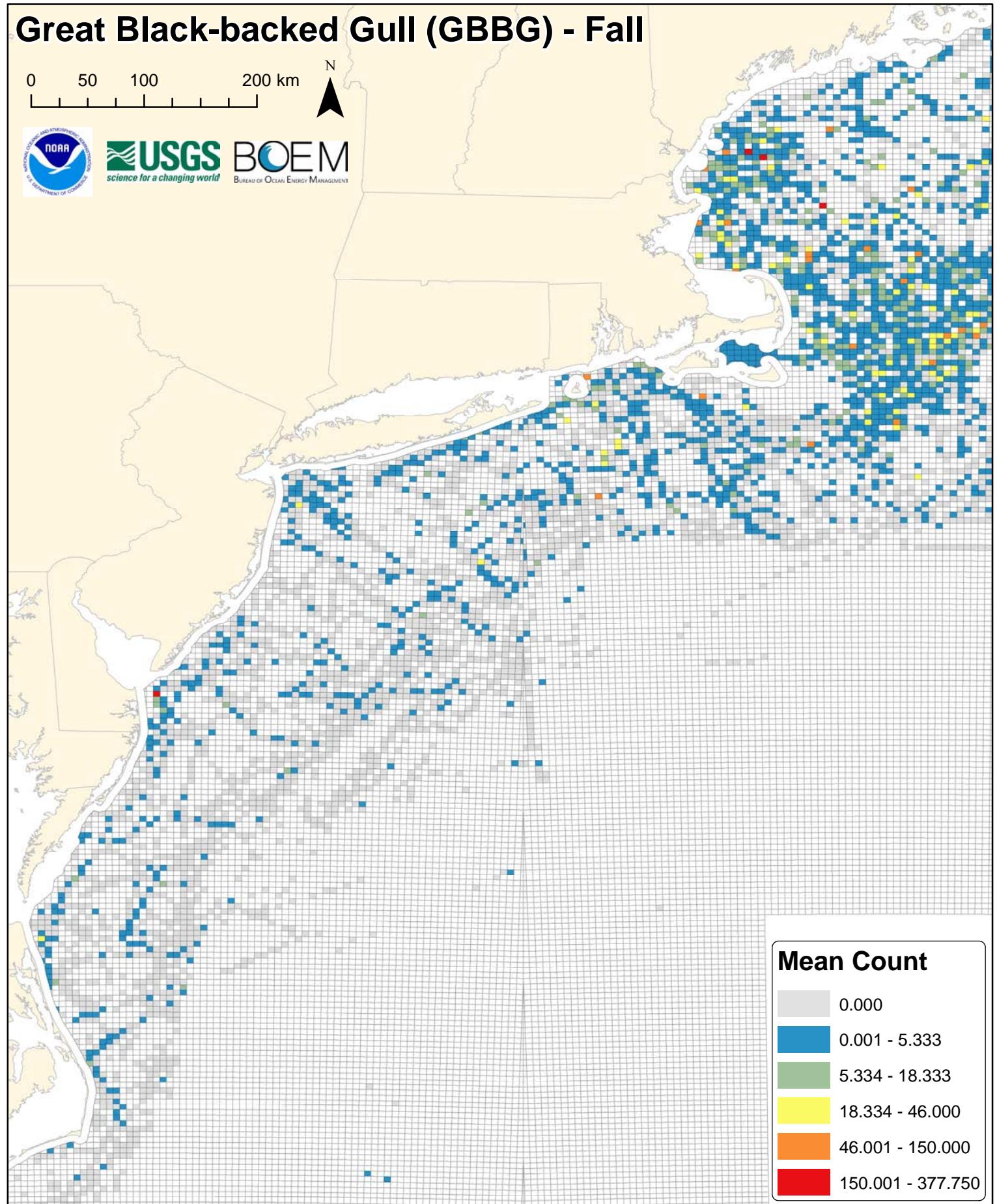
Great Black-backed Gull (GBBG) - Fall

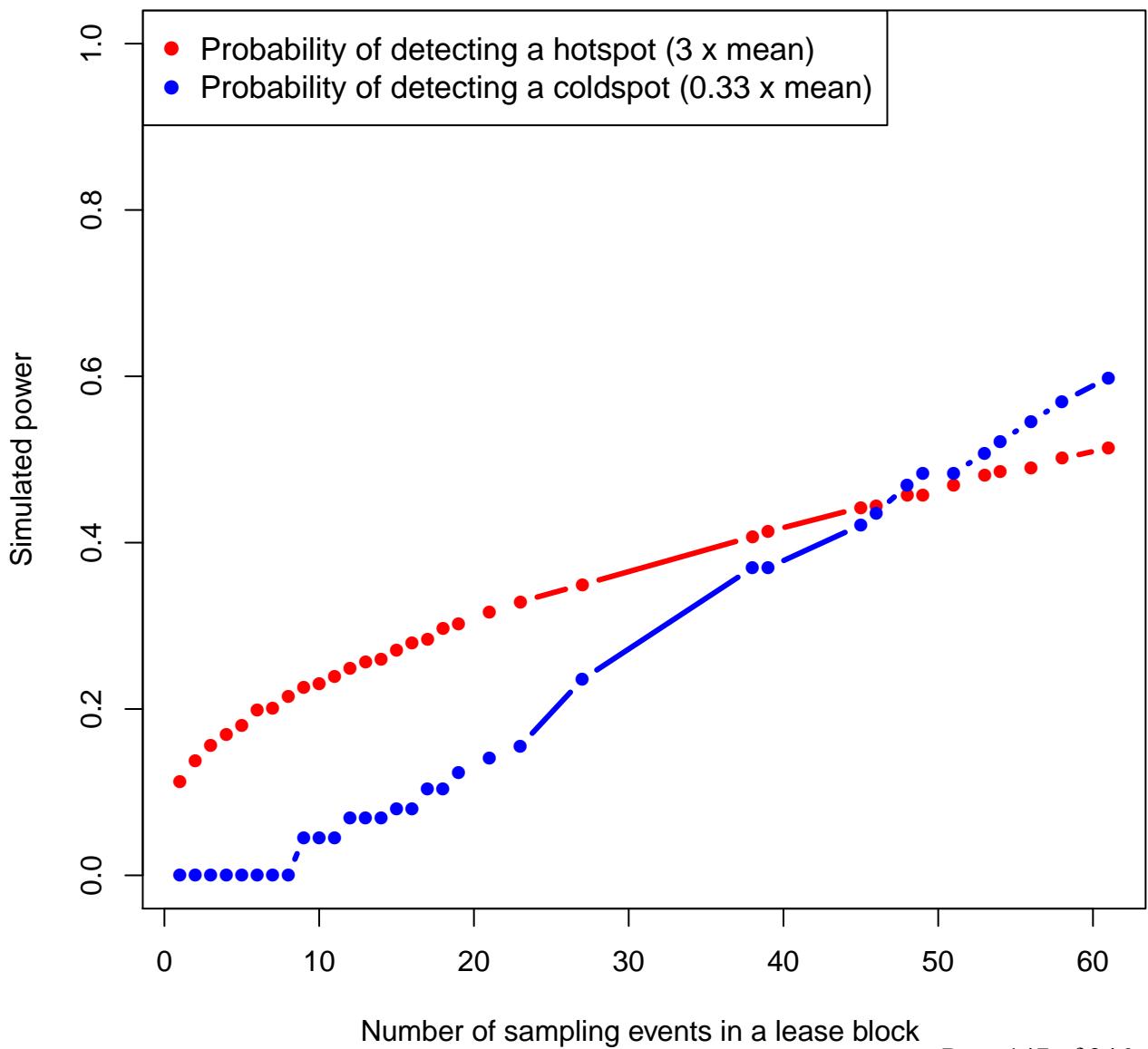
0 50 100 200 km



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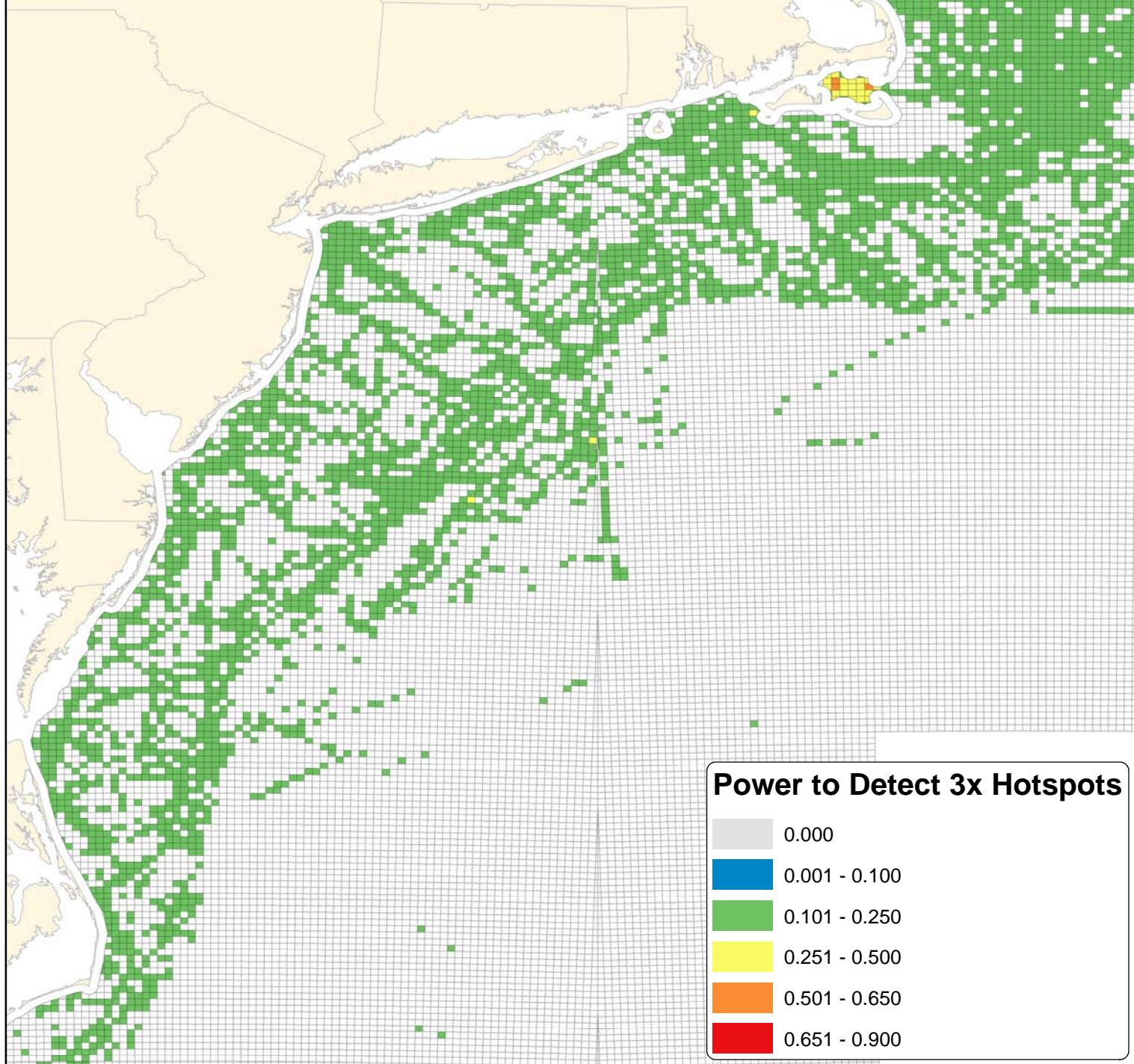
Great Black-backed Gull (GBBG) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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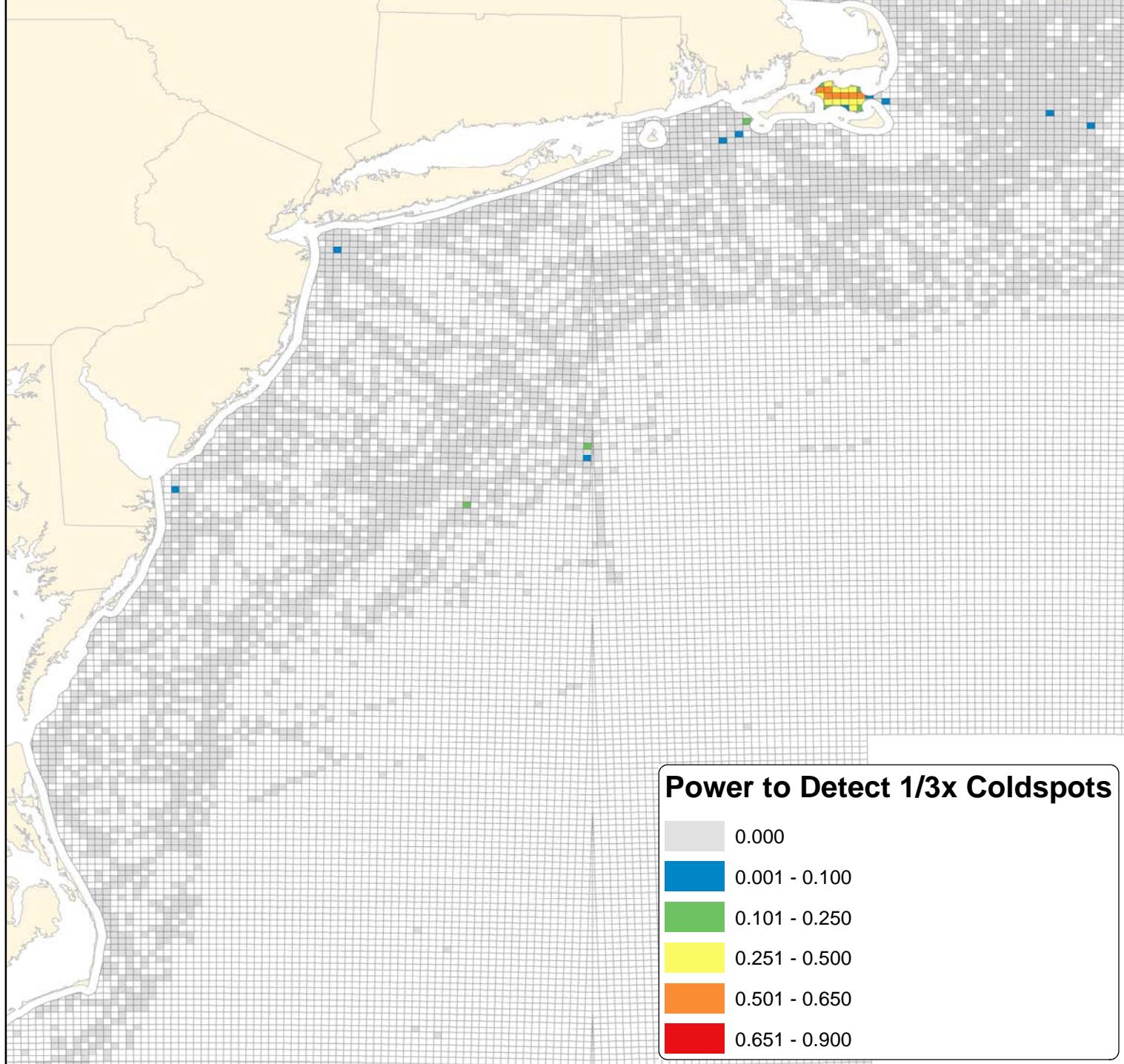
Great Black-backed Gull (GBBG) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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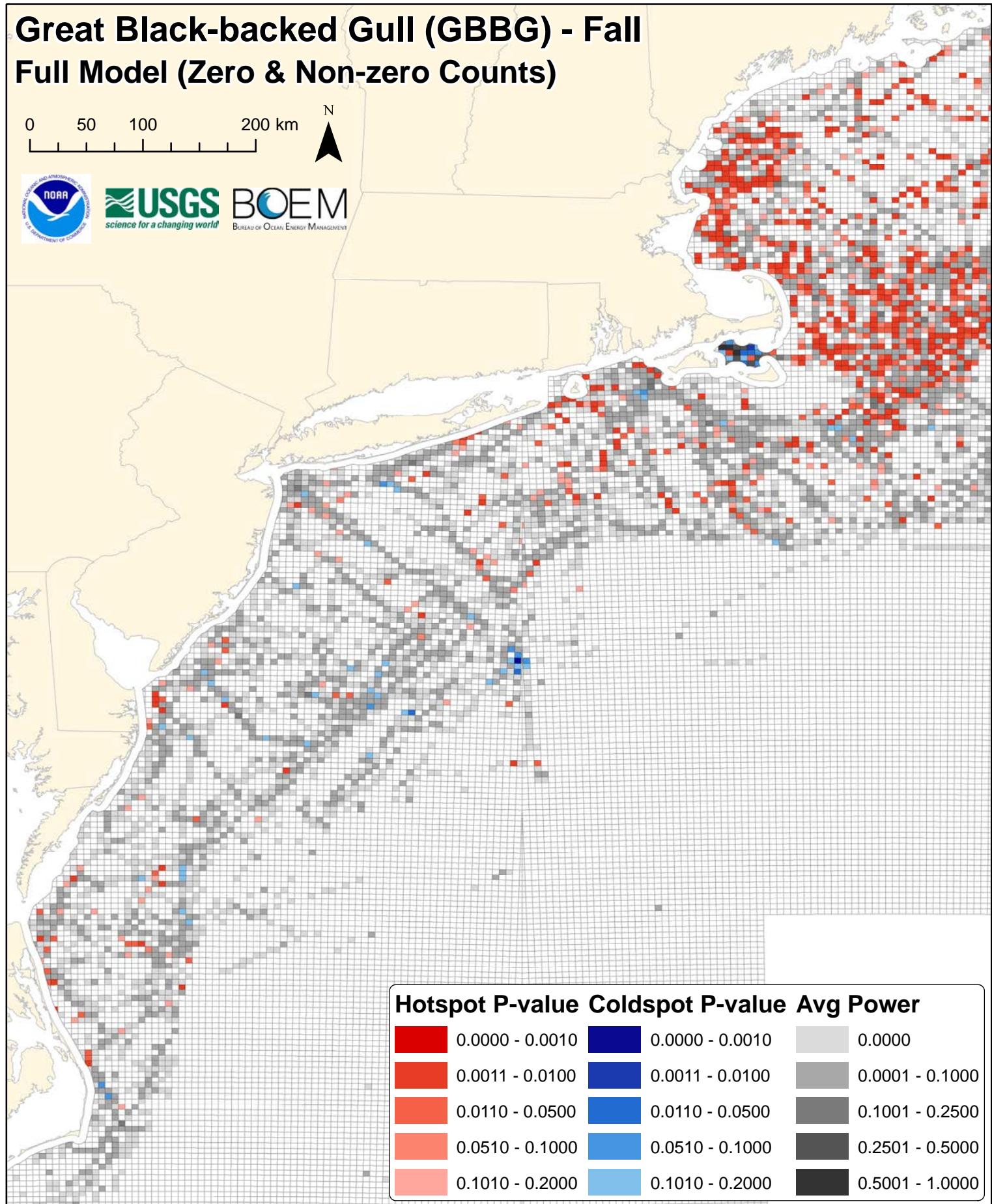
Great Black-backed Gull (GBBG) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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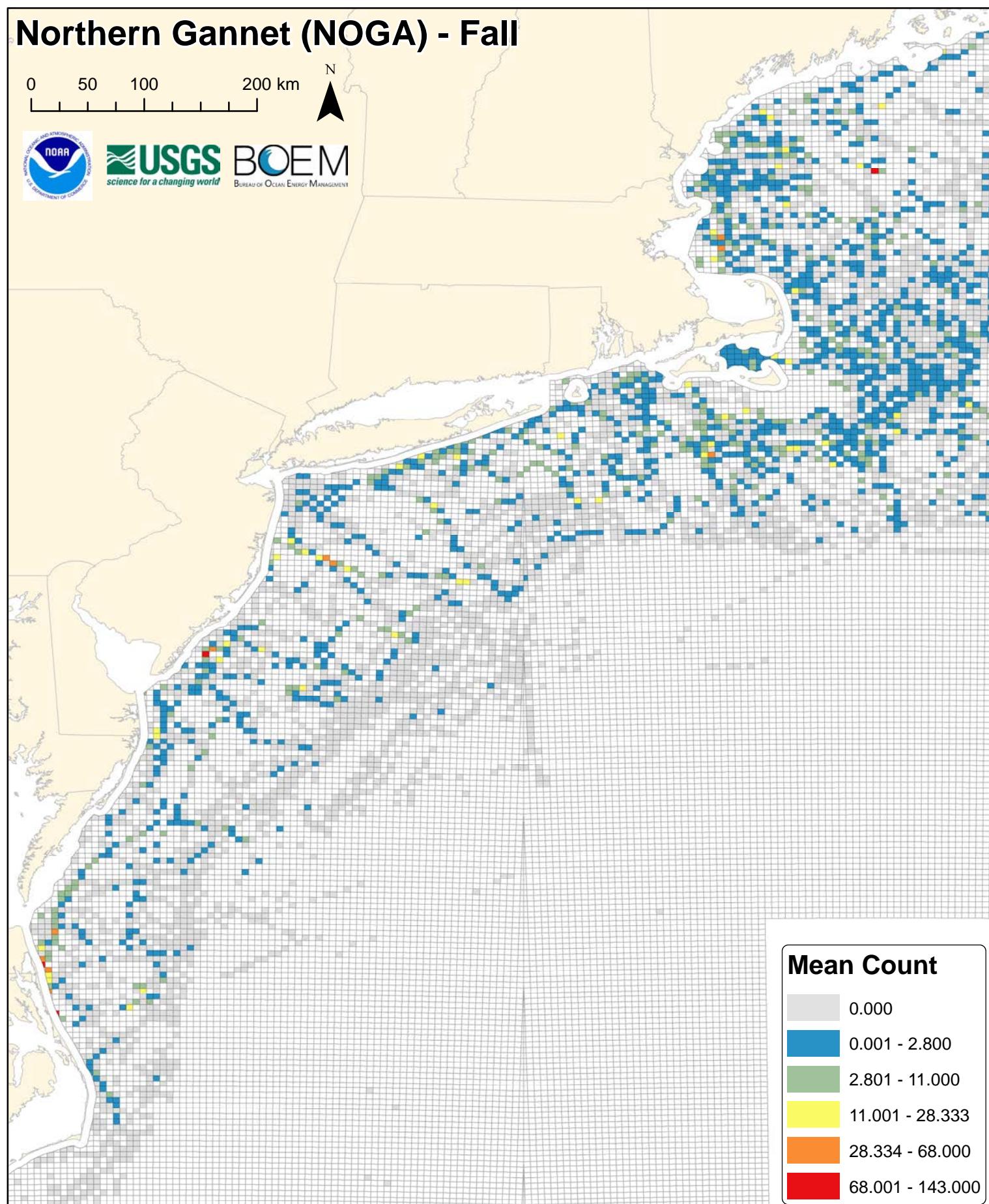
Northern Gannet (NOGA) - Fall

0 50 100 200 km

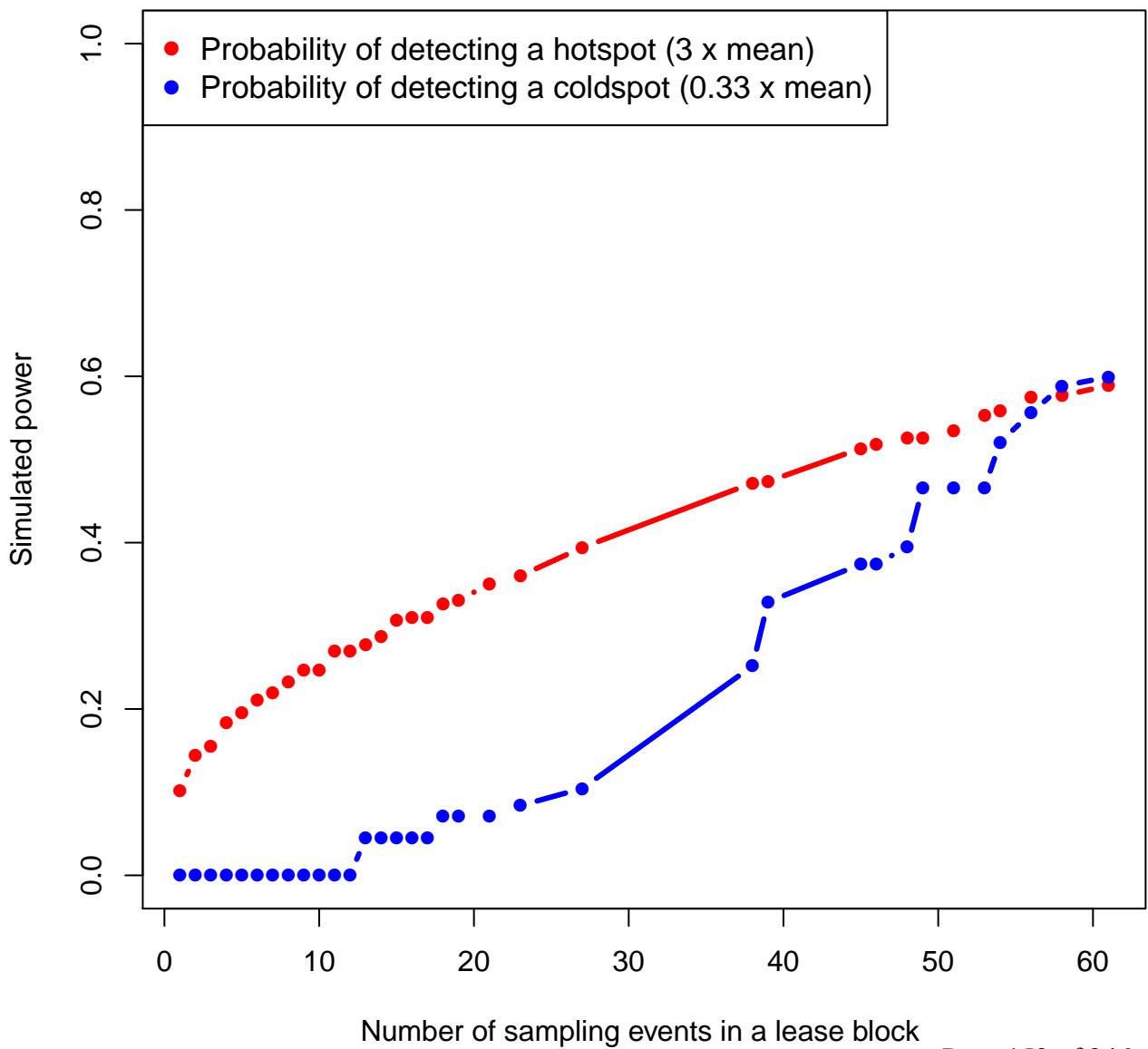


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noga



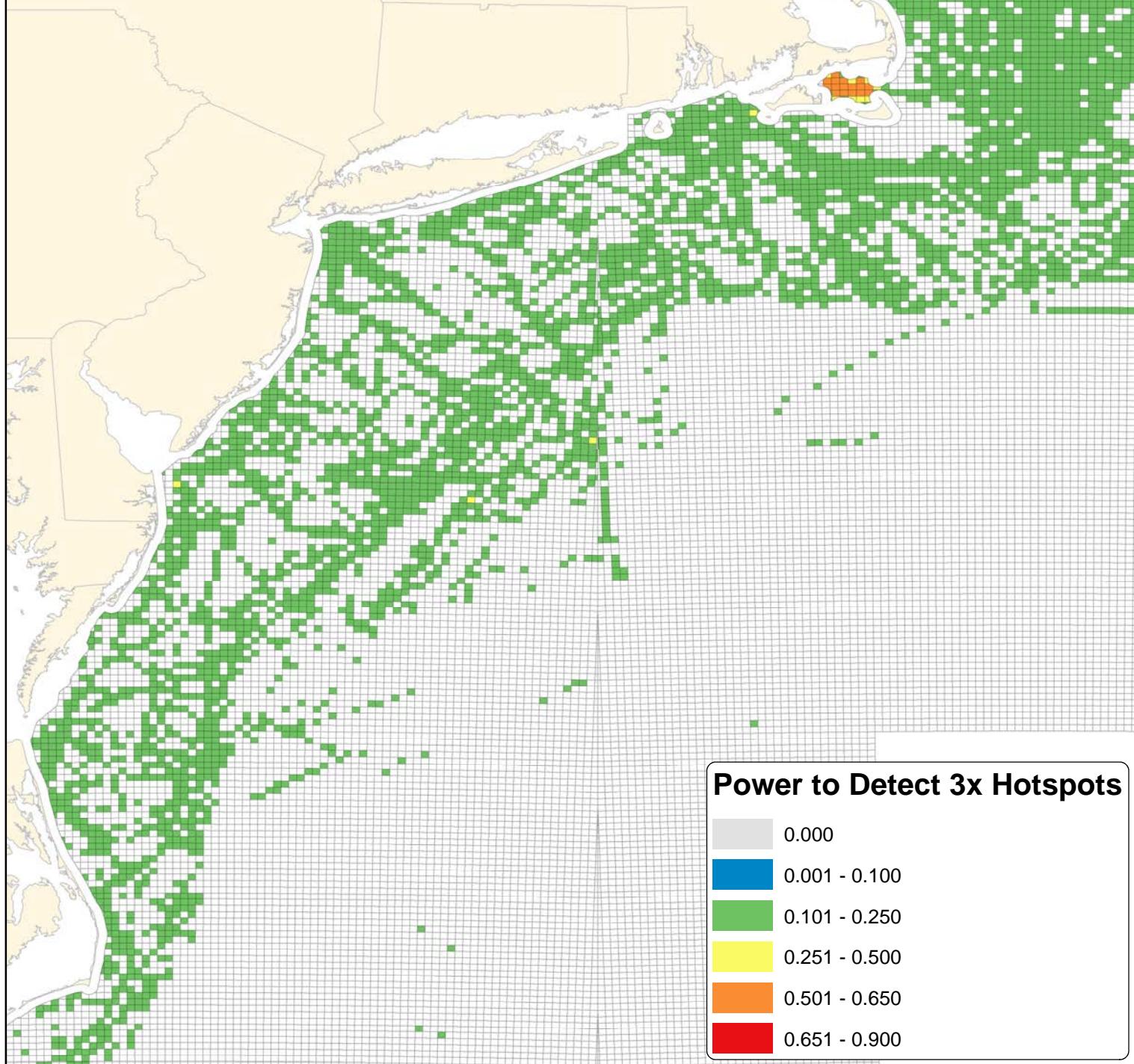
Northern Gannet (NOGA) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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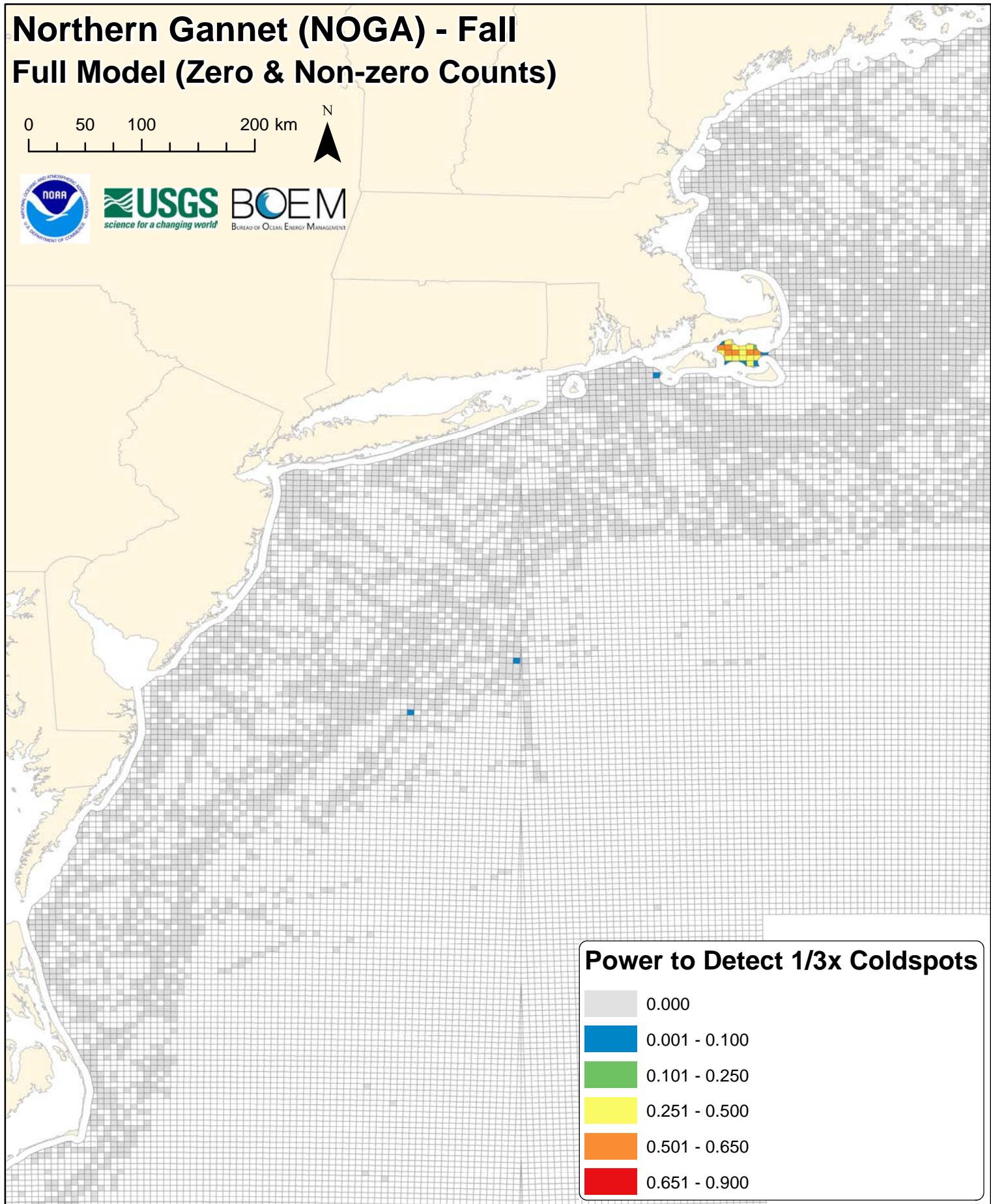
Northern Gannet (NOGA) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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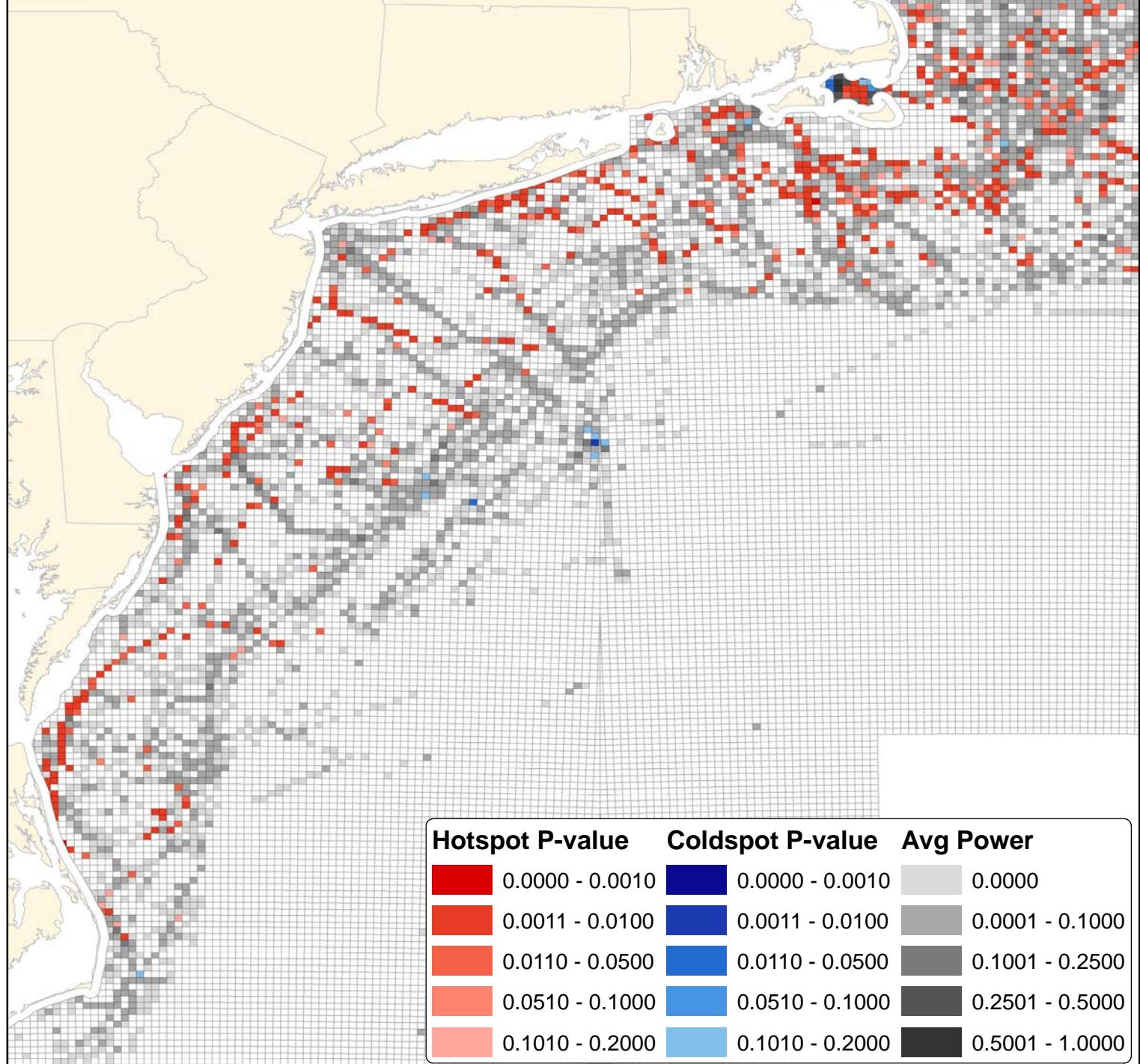
Northern Gannet (NOGA) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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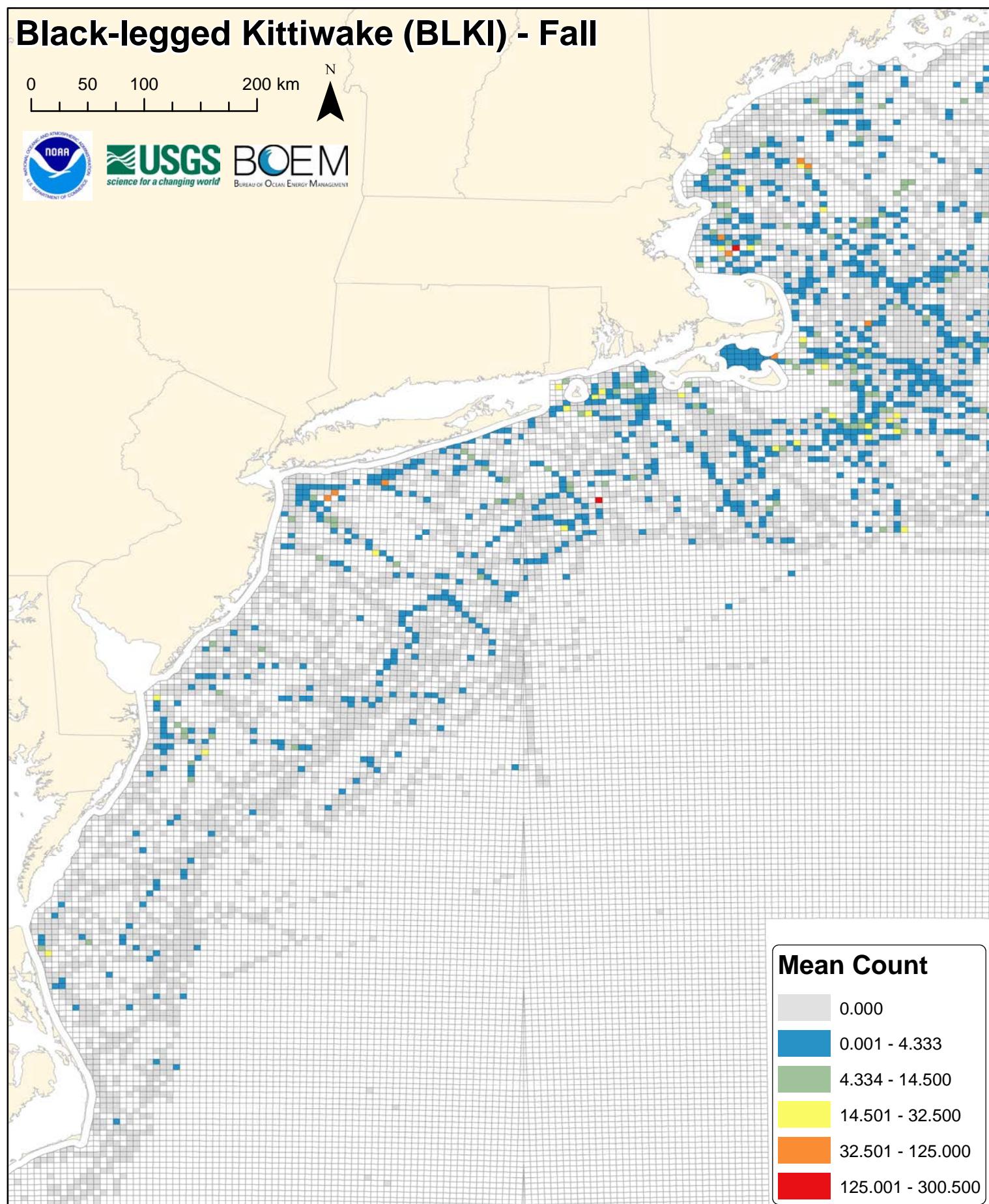
Black-legged Kittiwake (BLKI) - Fall

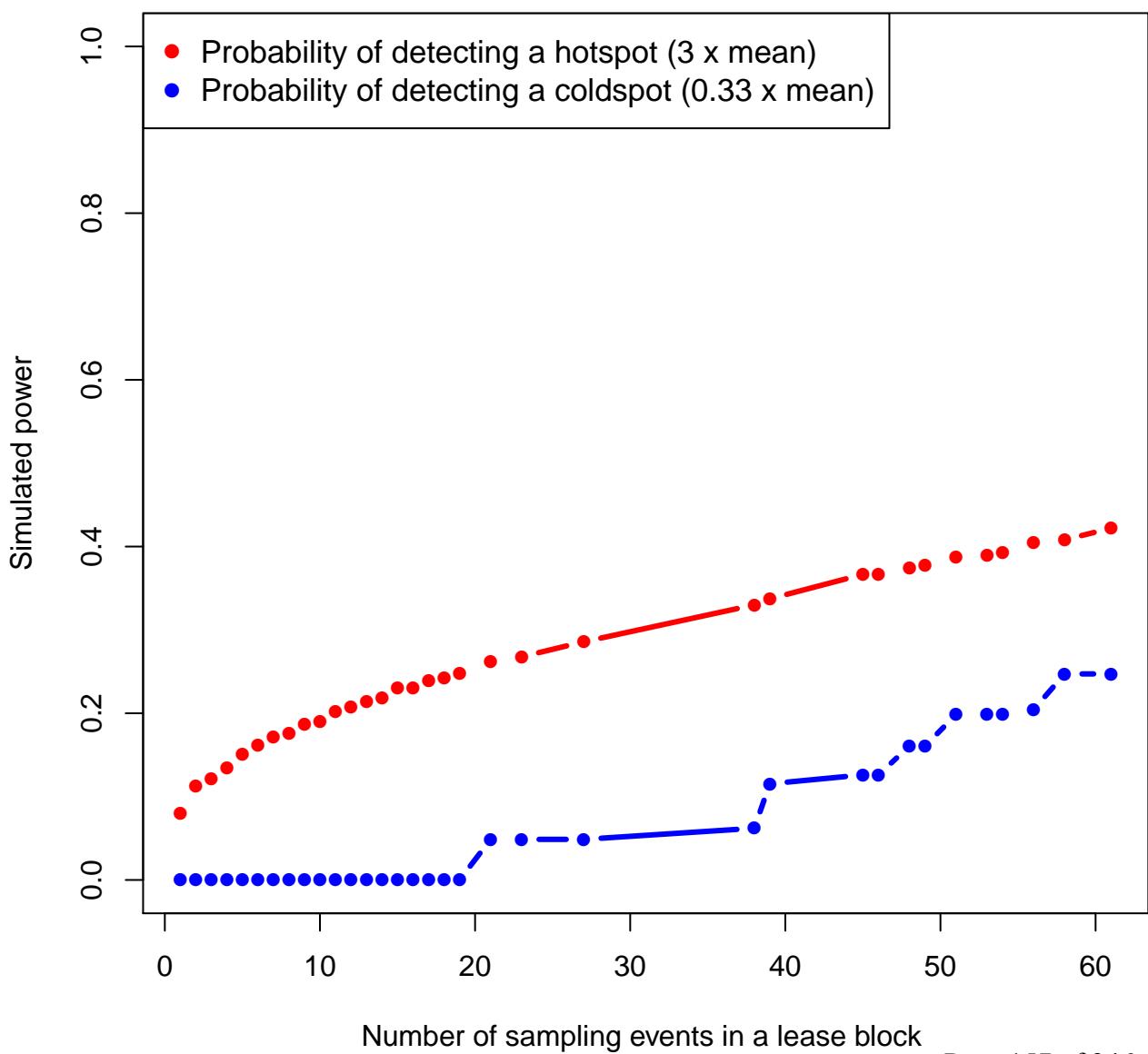
0 50 100 200 km



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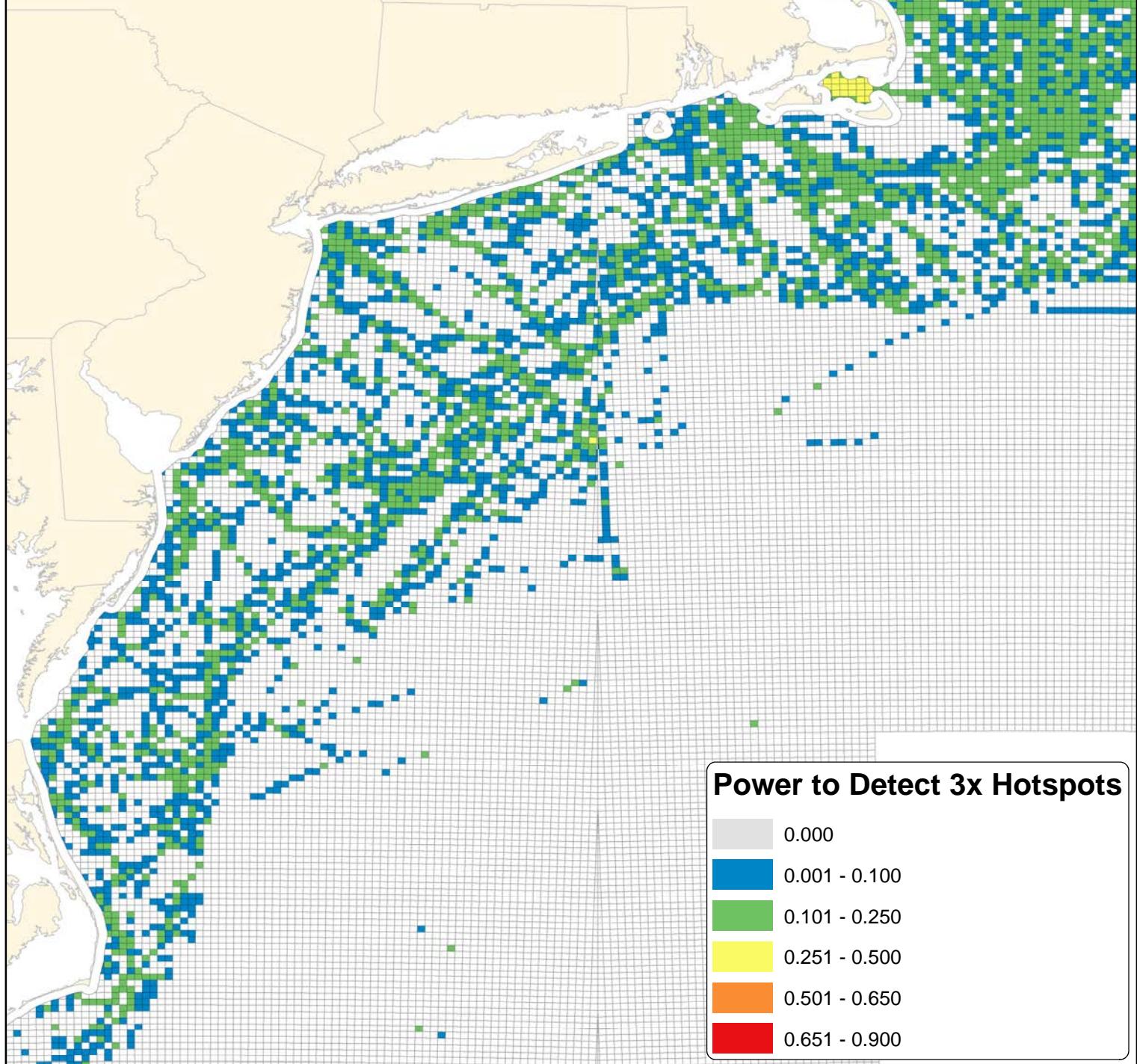
Black-legged Kittiwake (BLKI) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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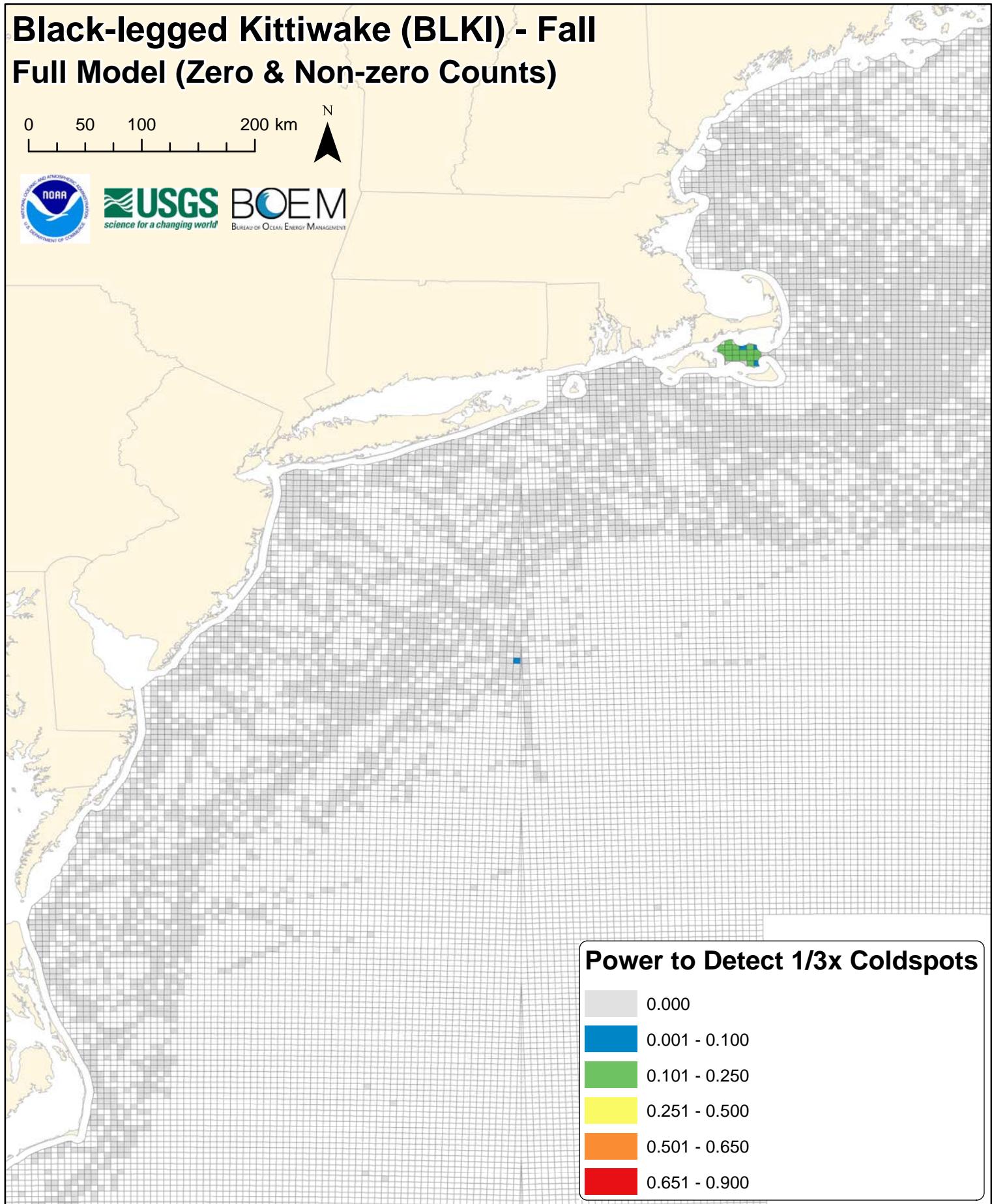
Black-legged Kittiwake (BLKI) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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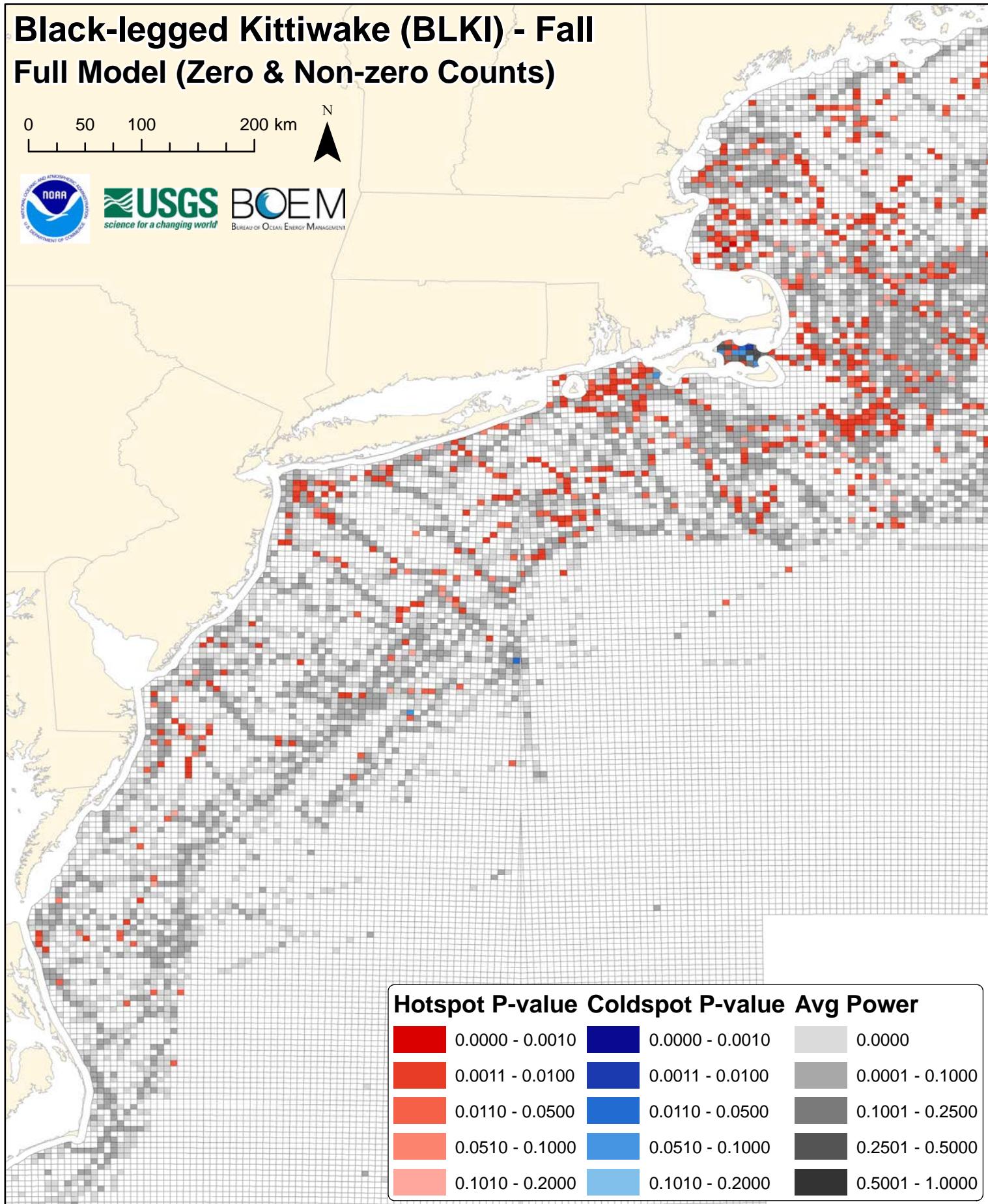
Black-legged Kittiwake (BLKI) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Cory's Shearwater (COSH) - Fall

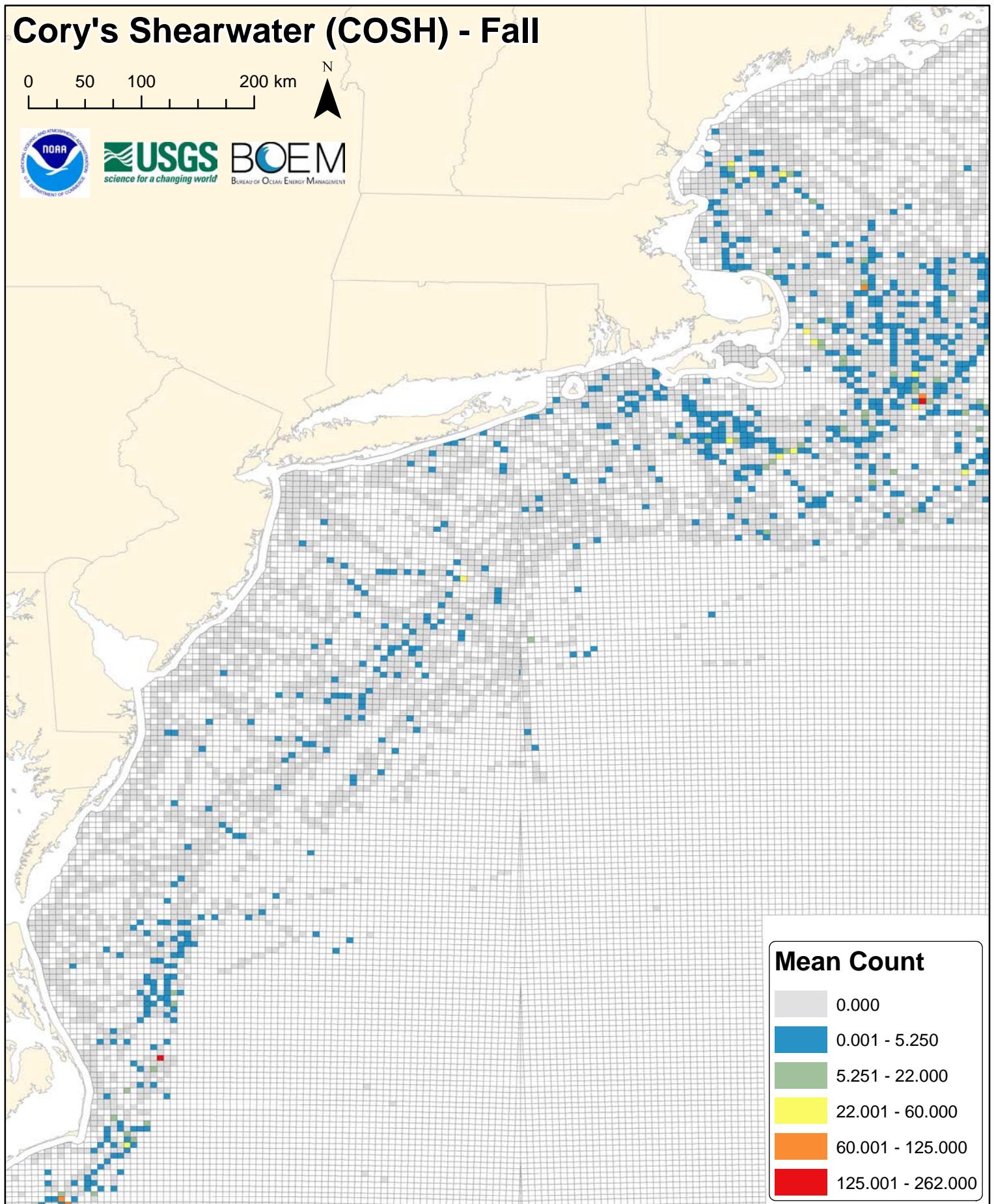
0 50 100 200 km

N

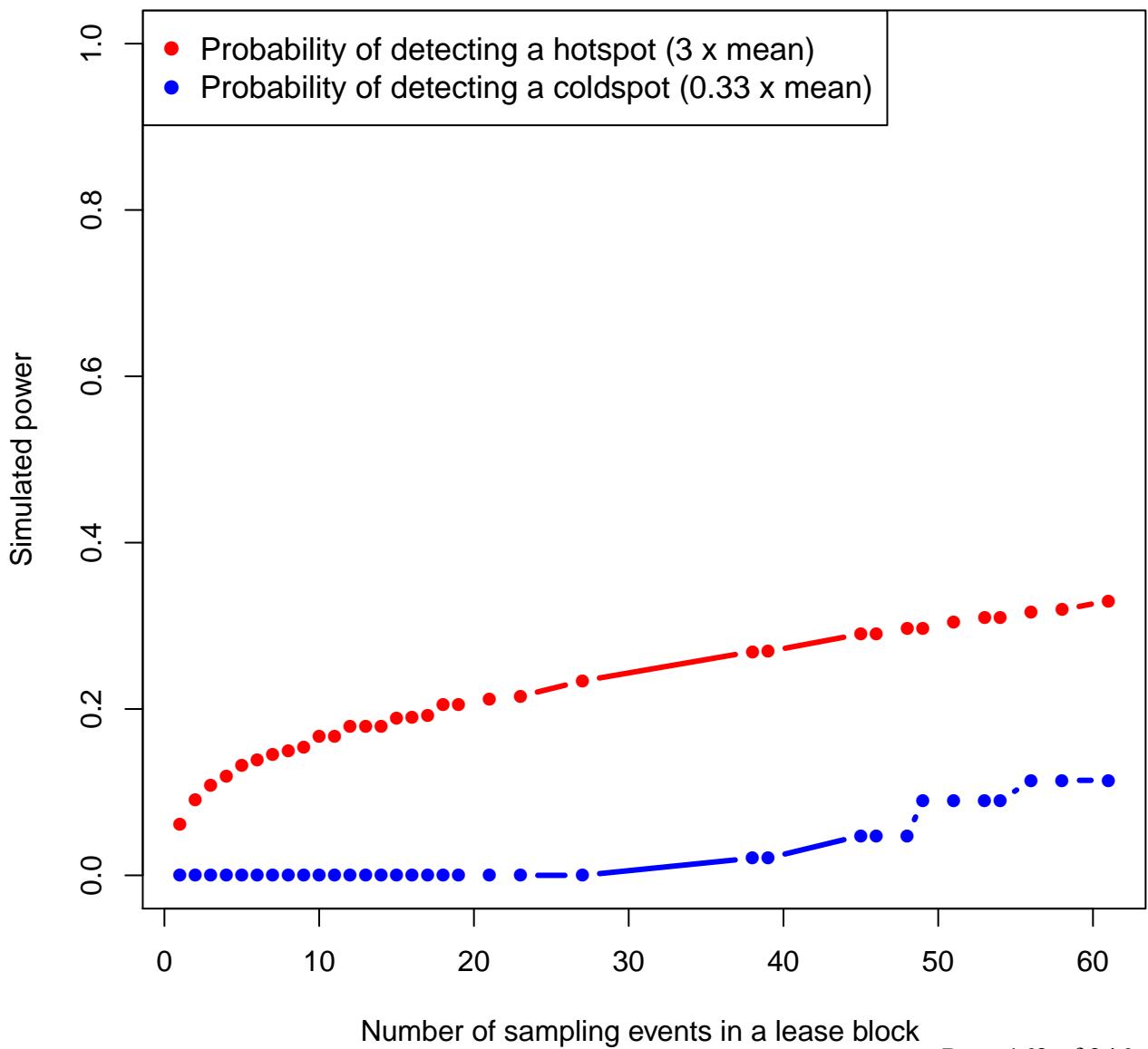


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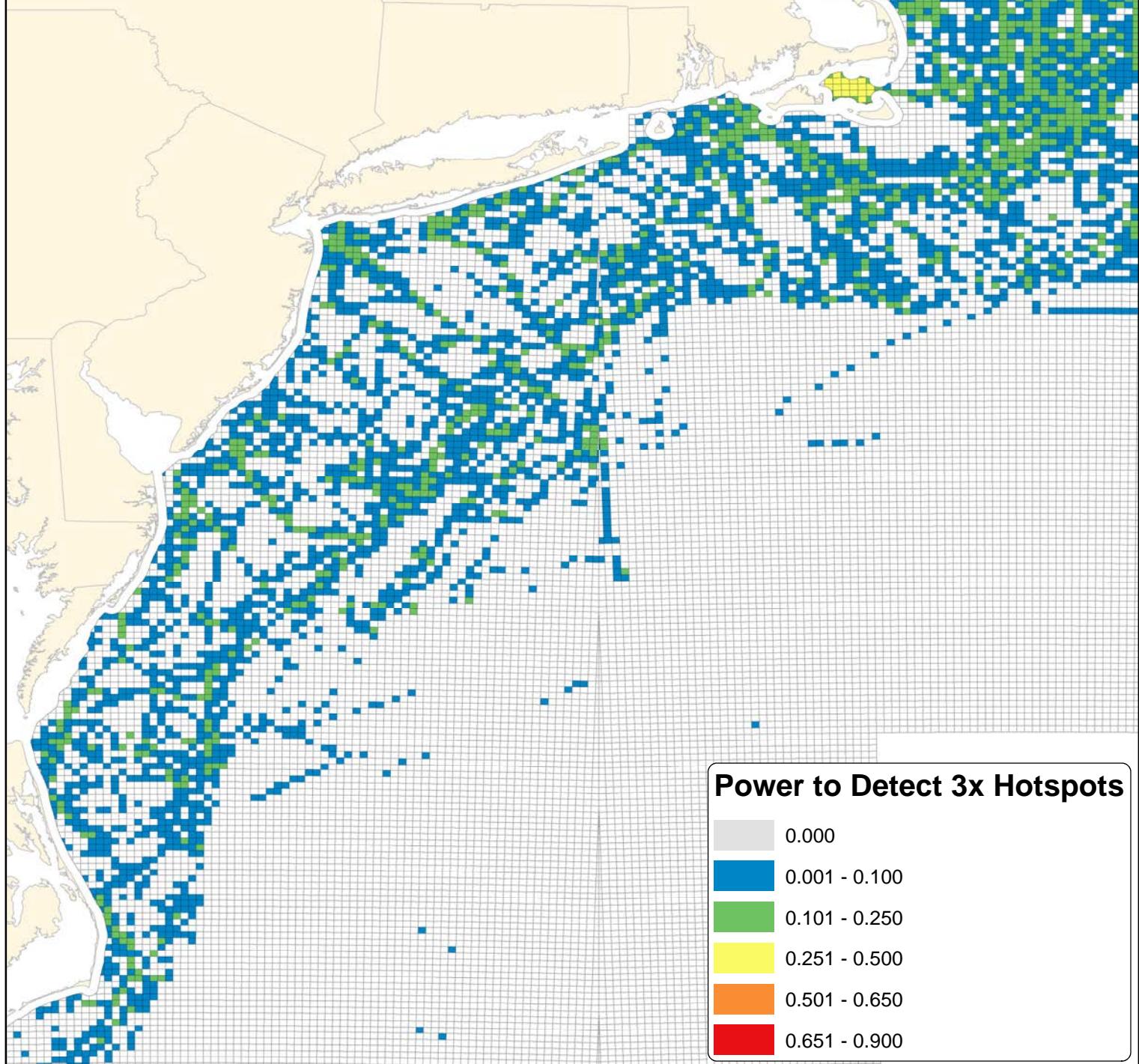
Cory's Shearwater (COSH) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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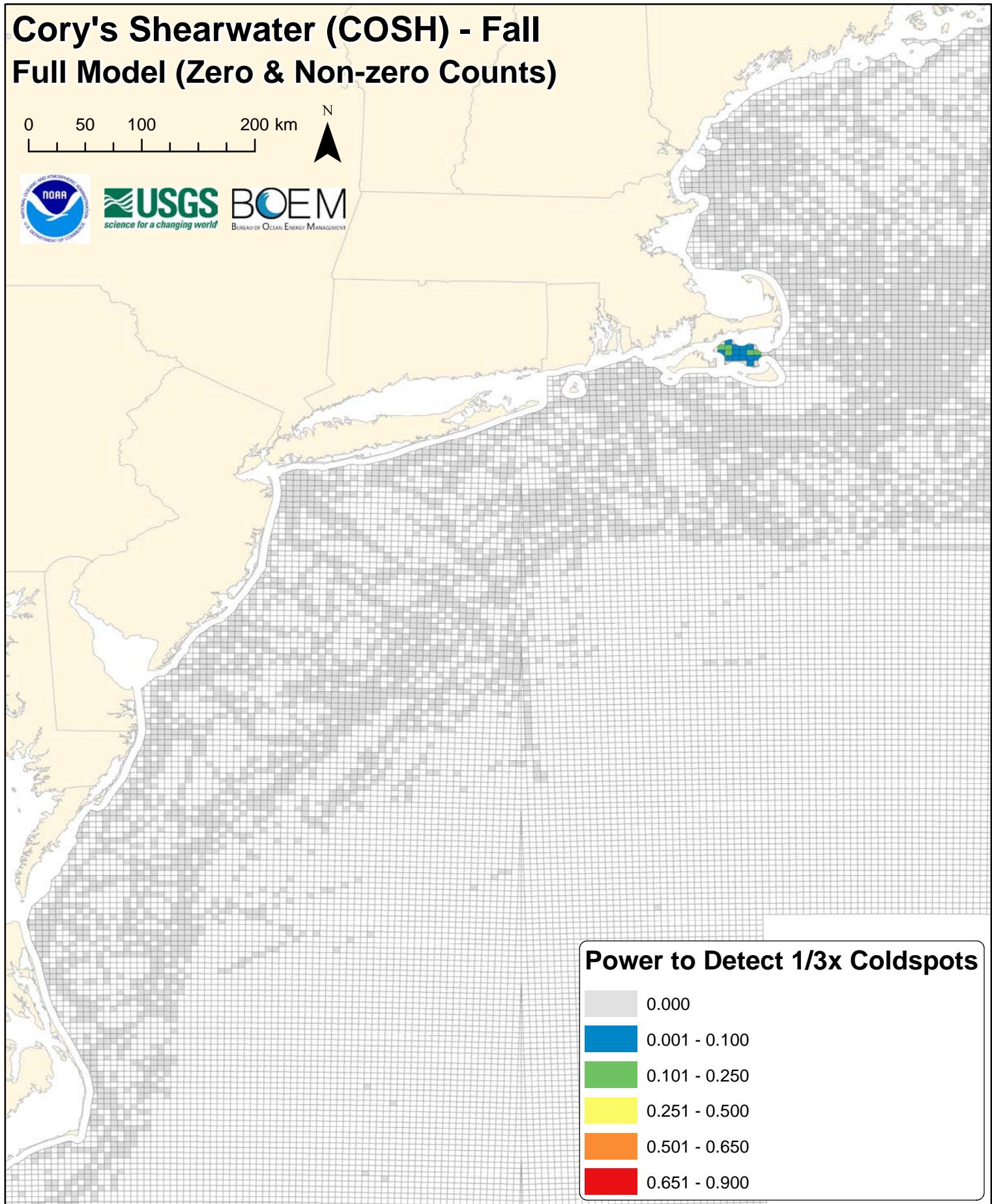
Cory's Shearwater (COSH) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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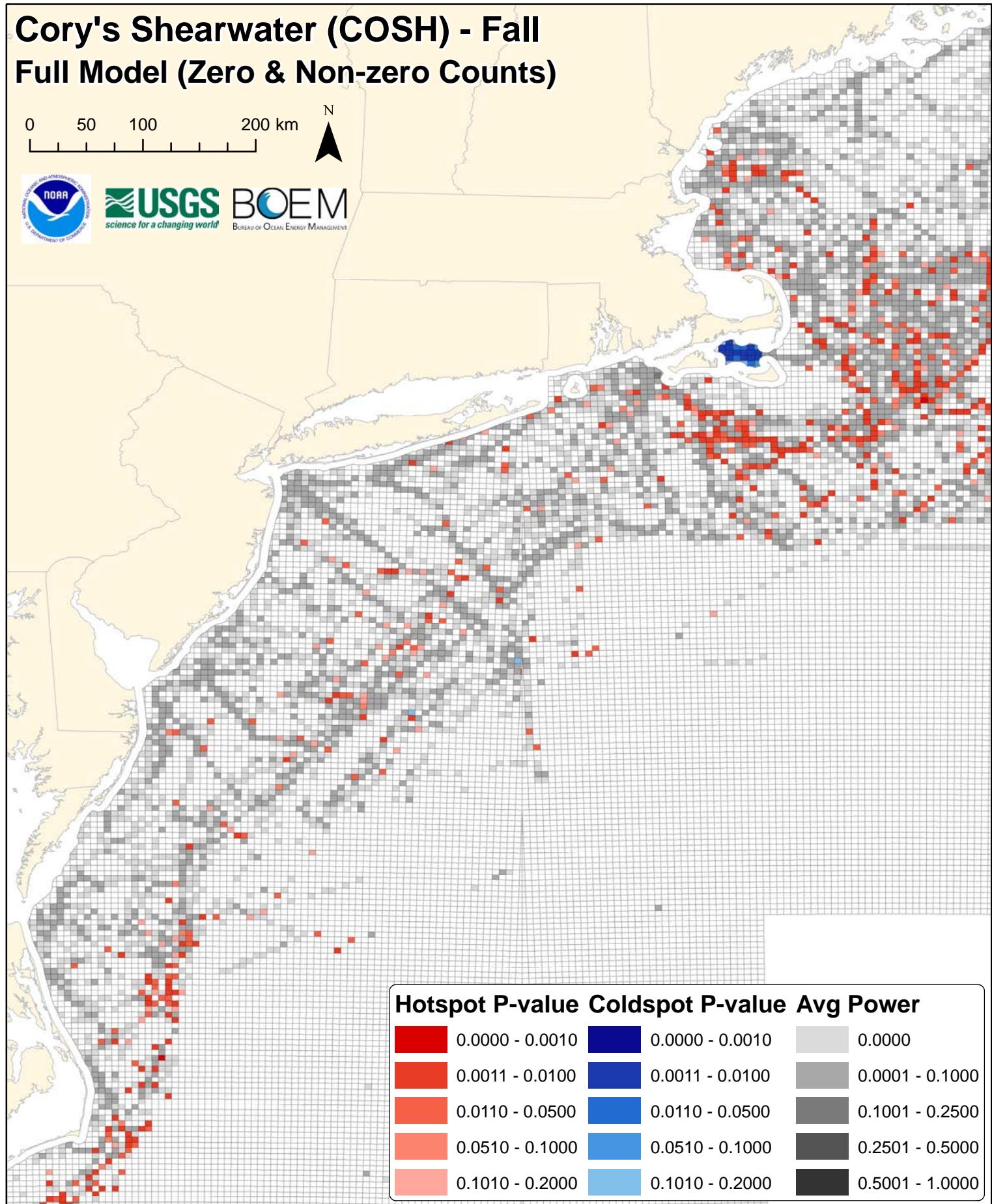
Cory's Shearwater (COSH) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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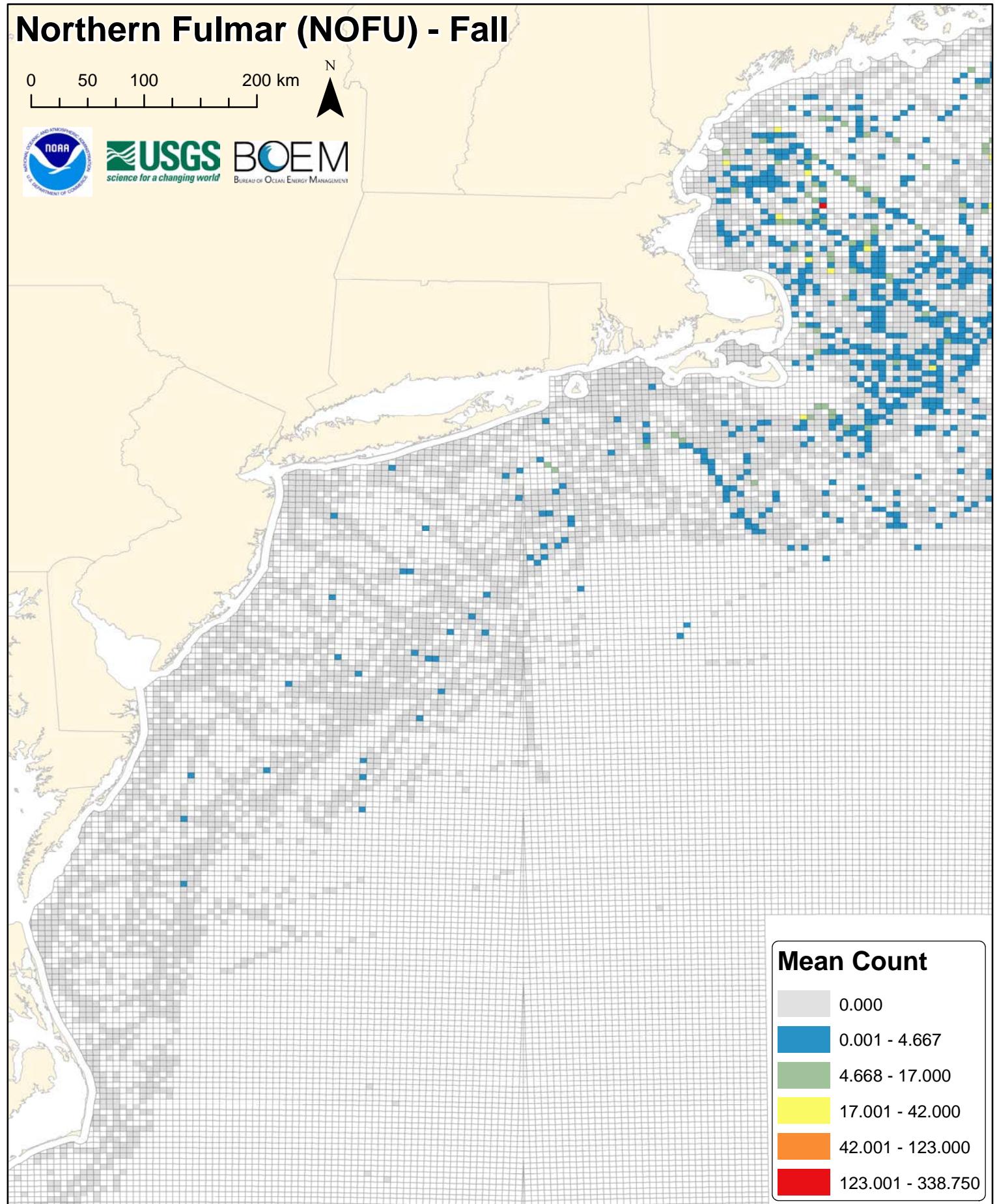
Northern Fulmar (NOFU) - Fall

0 50 100 200 km

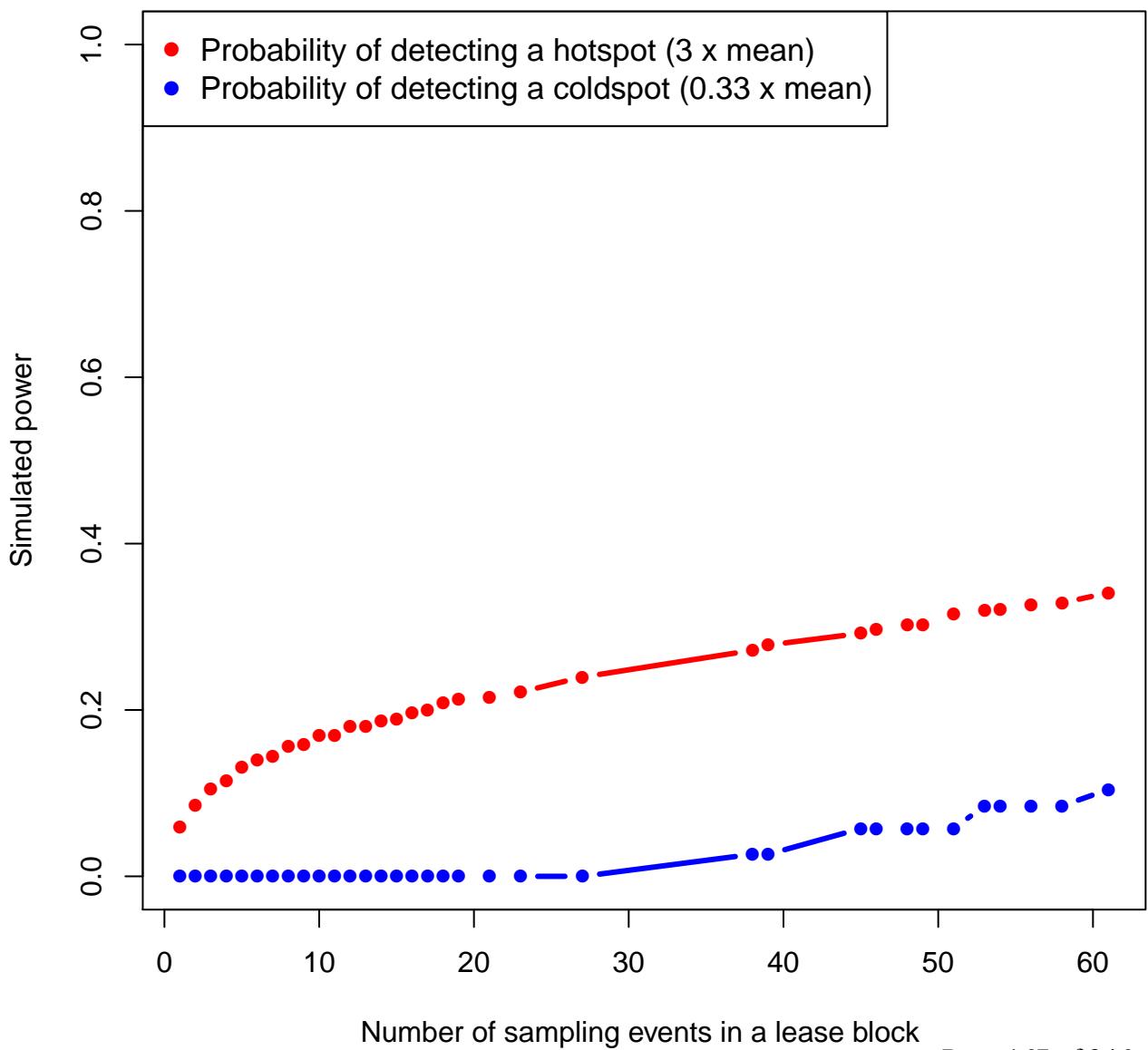


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nofu



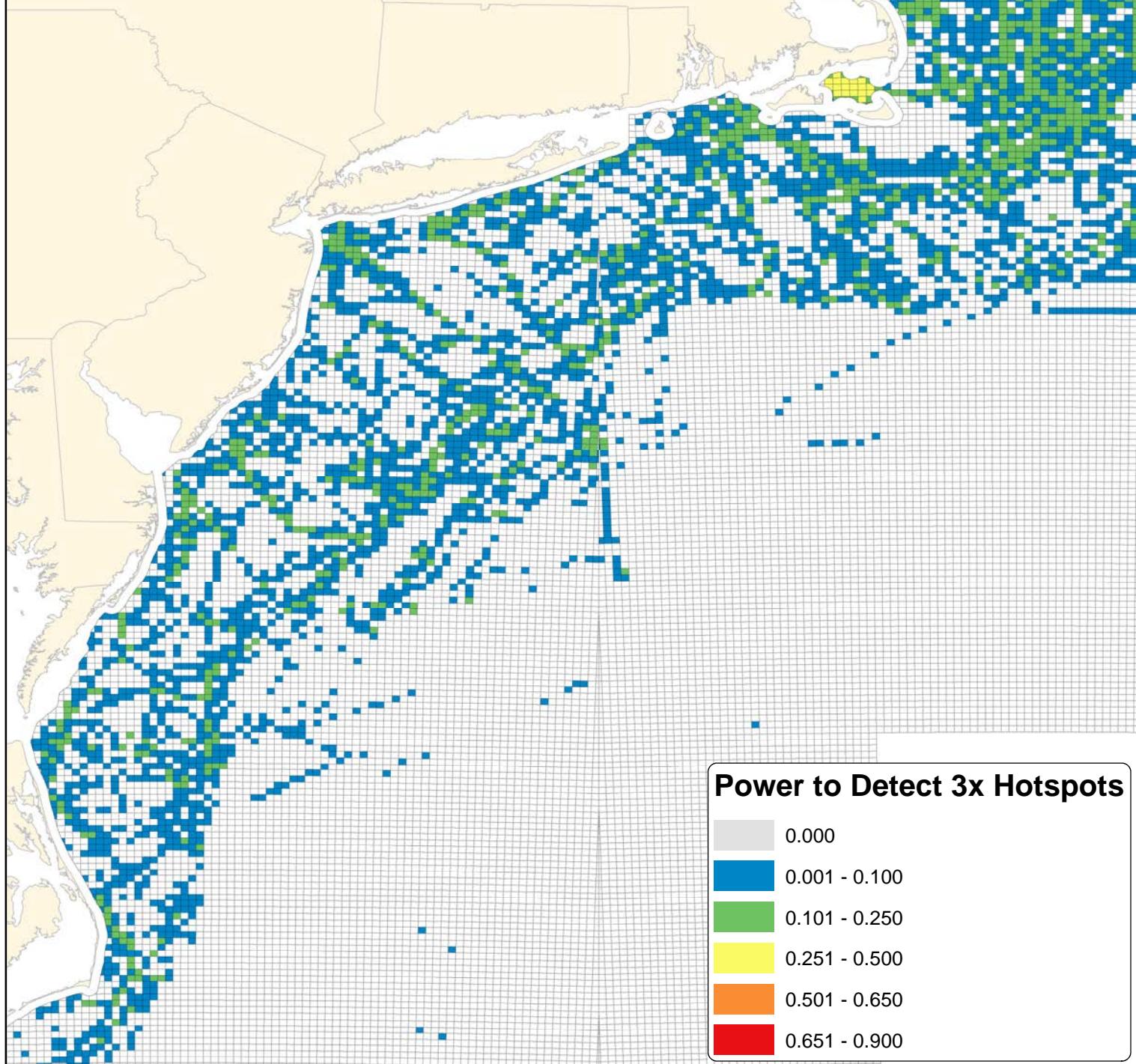
Northern Fulmar (NOFU) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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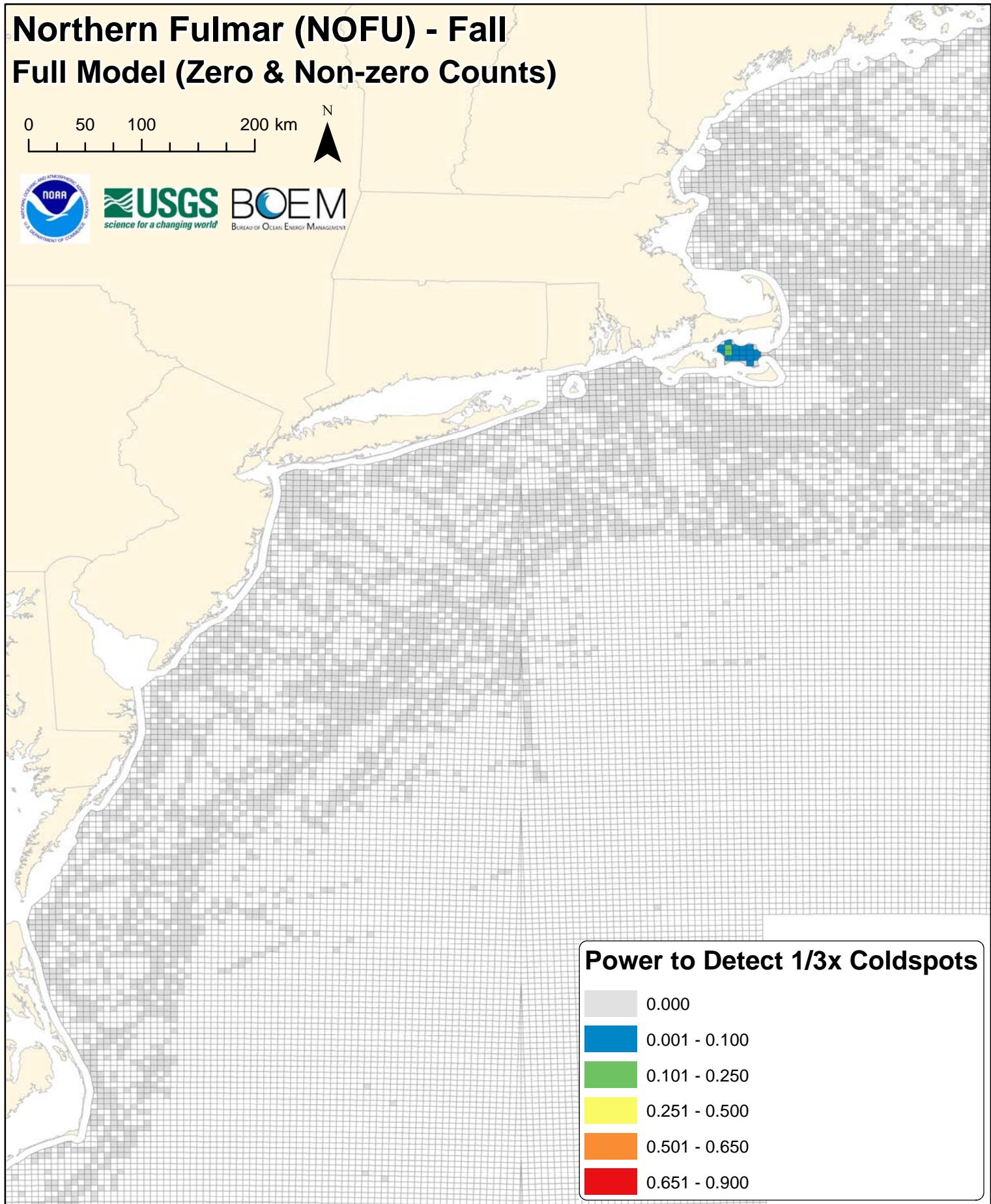
Northern Fulmar (NOFU) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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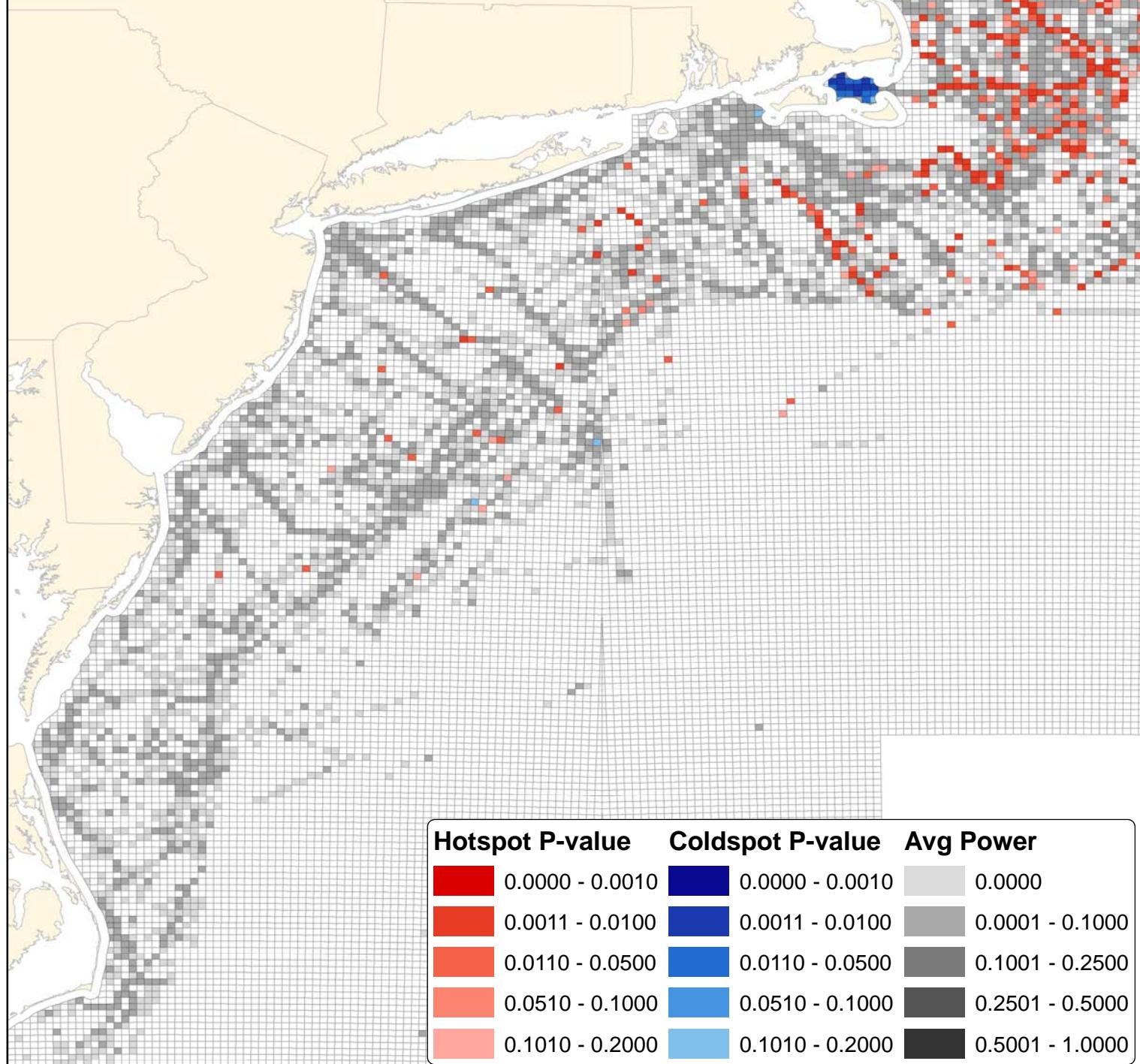
Northern Fulmar (NOFU) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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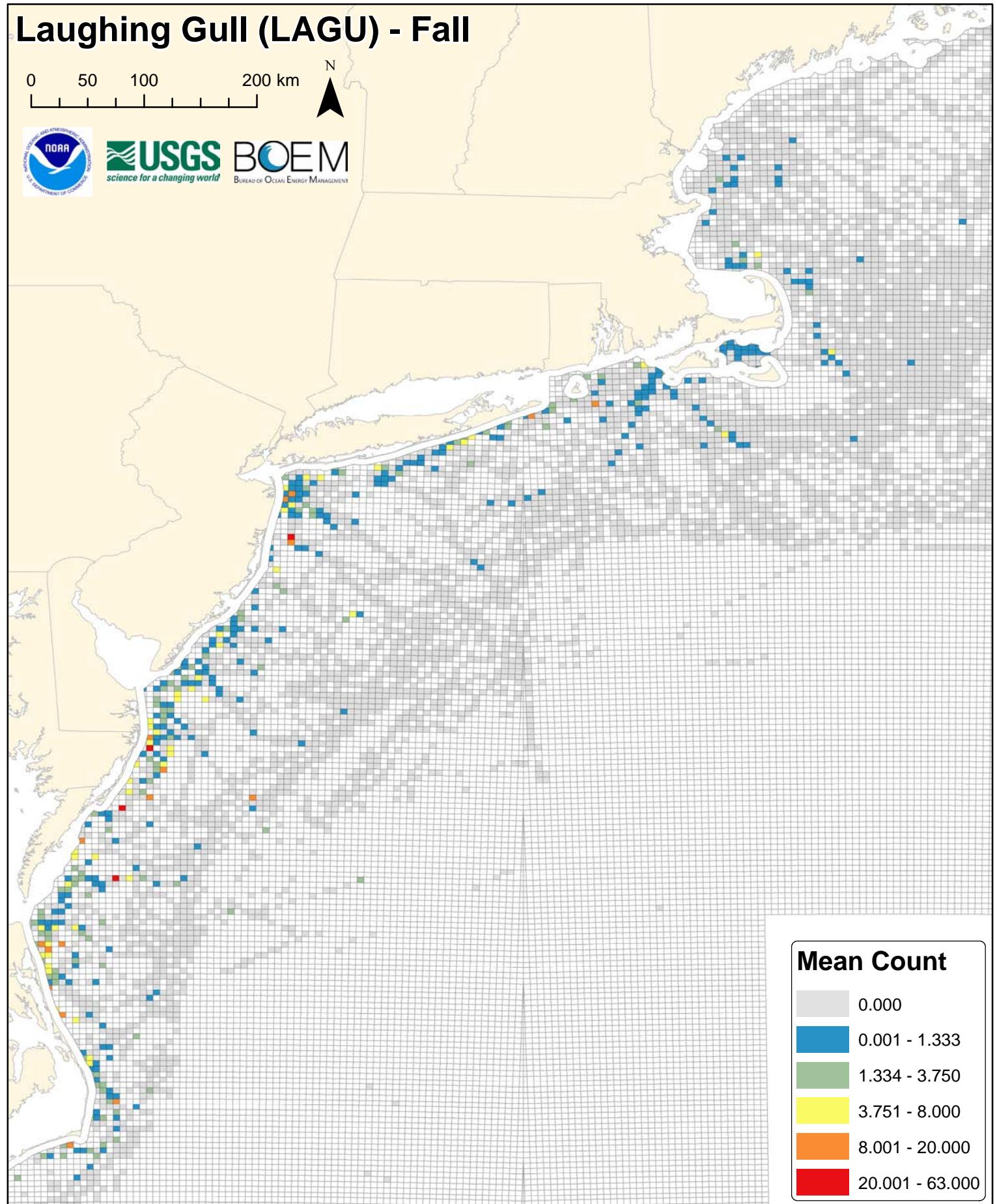
Laughing Gull (LAGU) - Fall

0 50 100 200 km

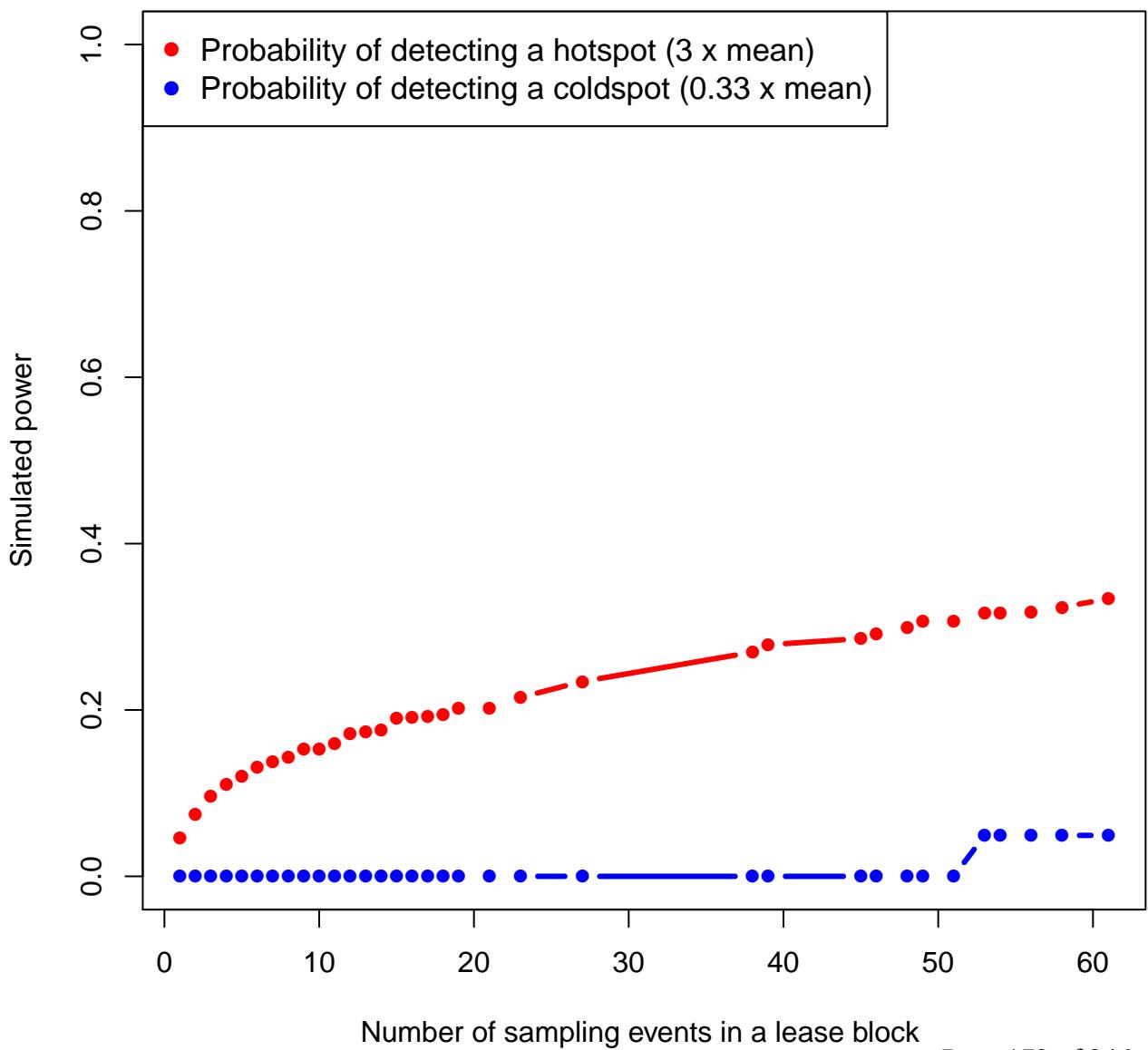


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lagu



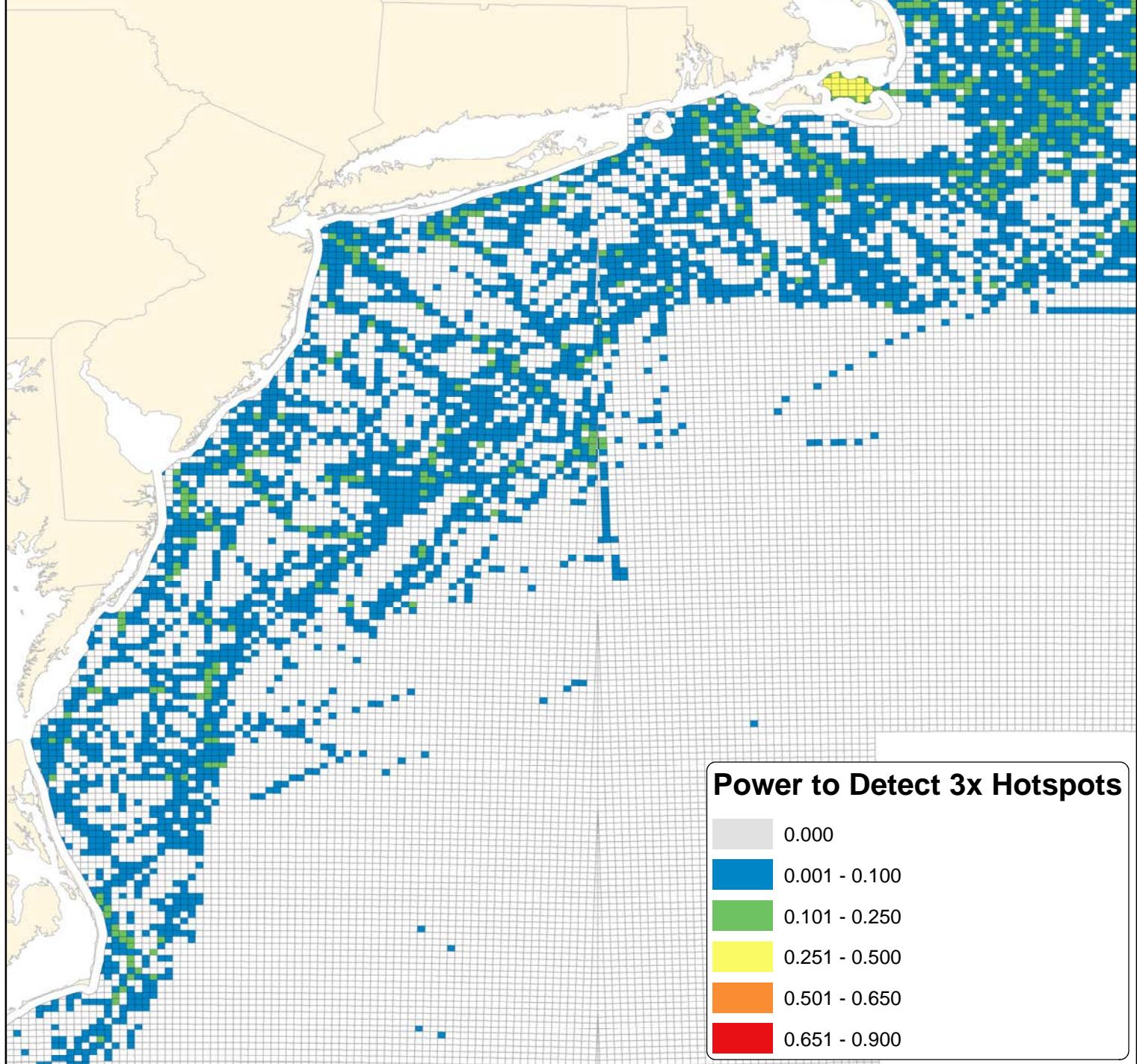
Laughing Gull (LAGU) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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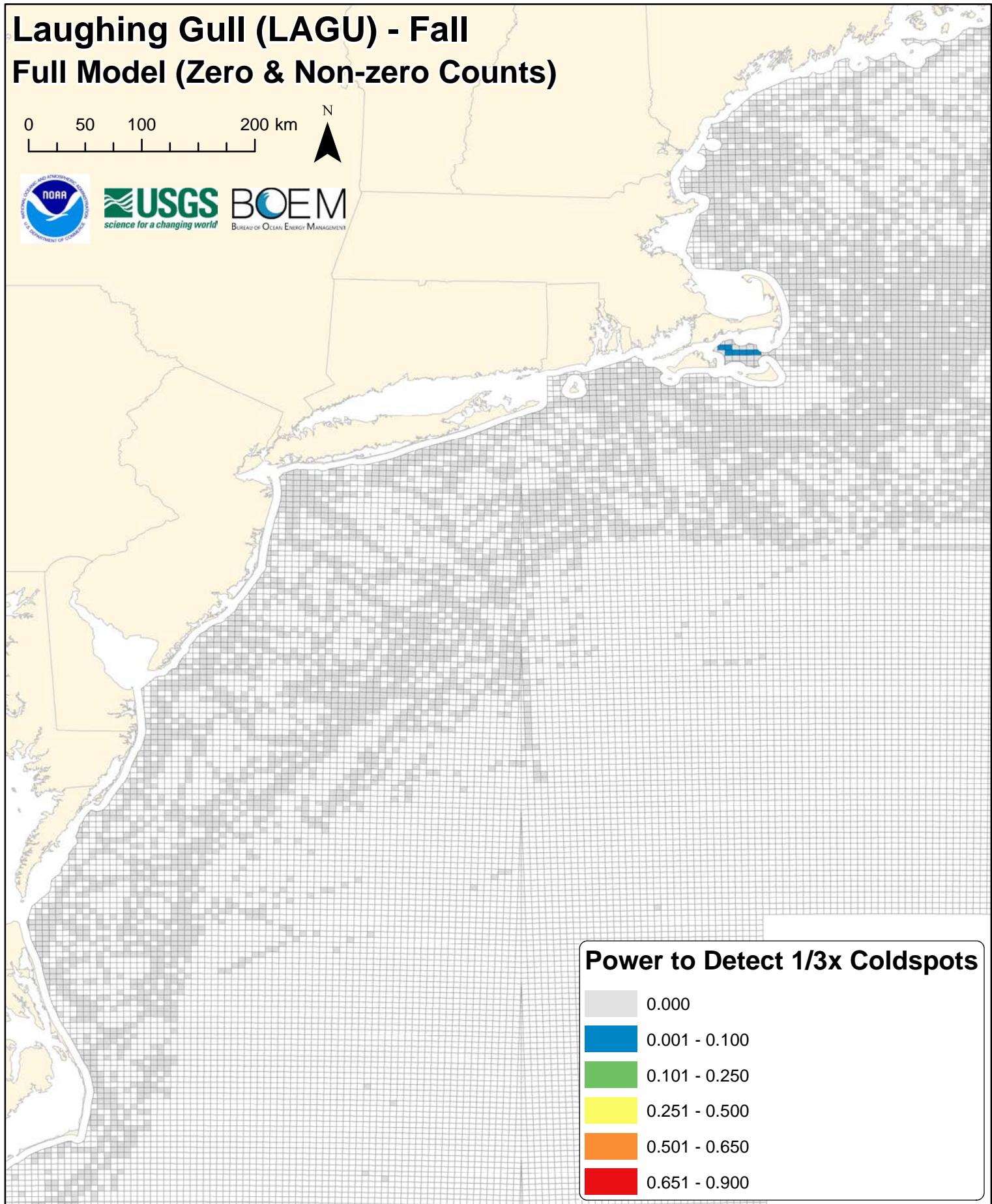
Laughing Gull (LAGU) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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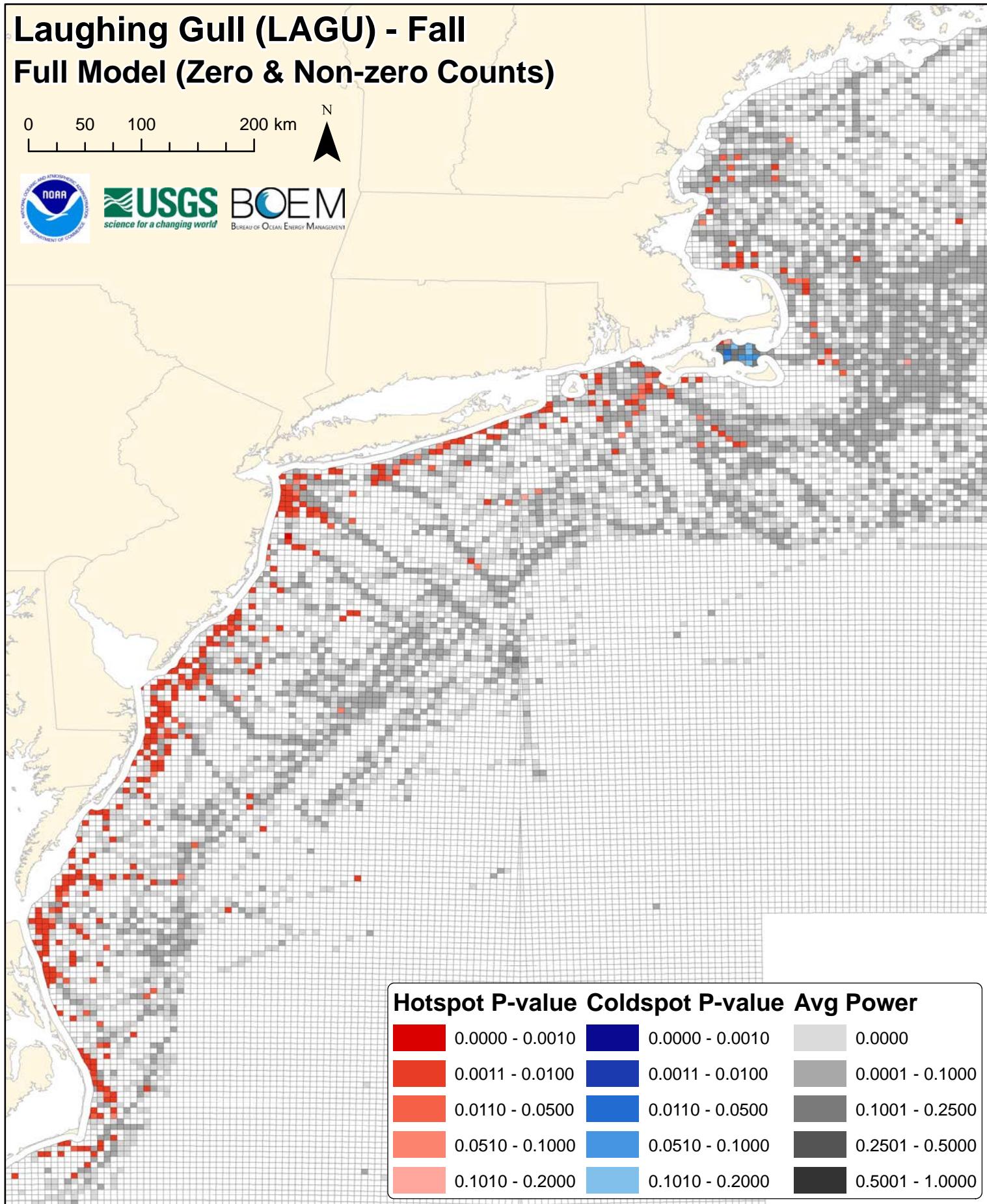
Laughing Gull (LAGU) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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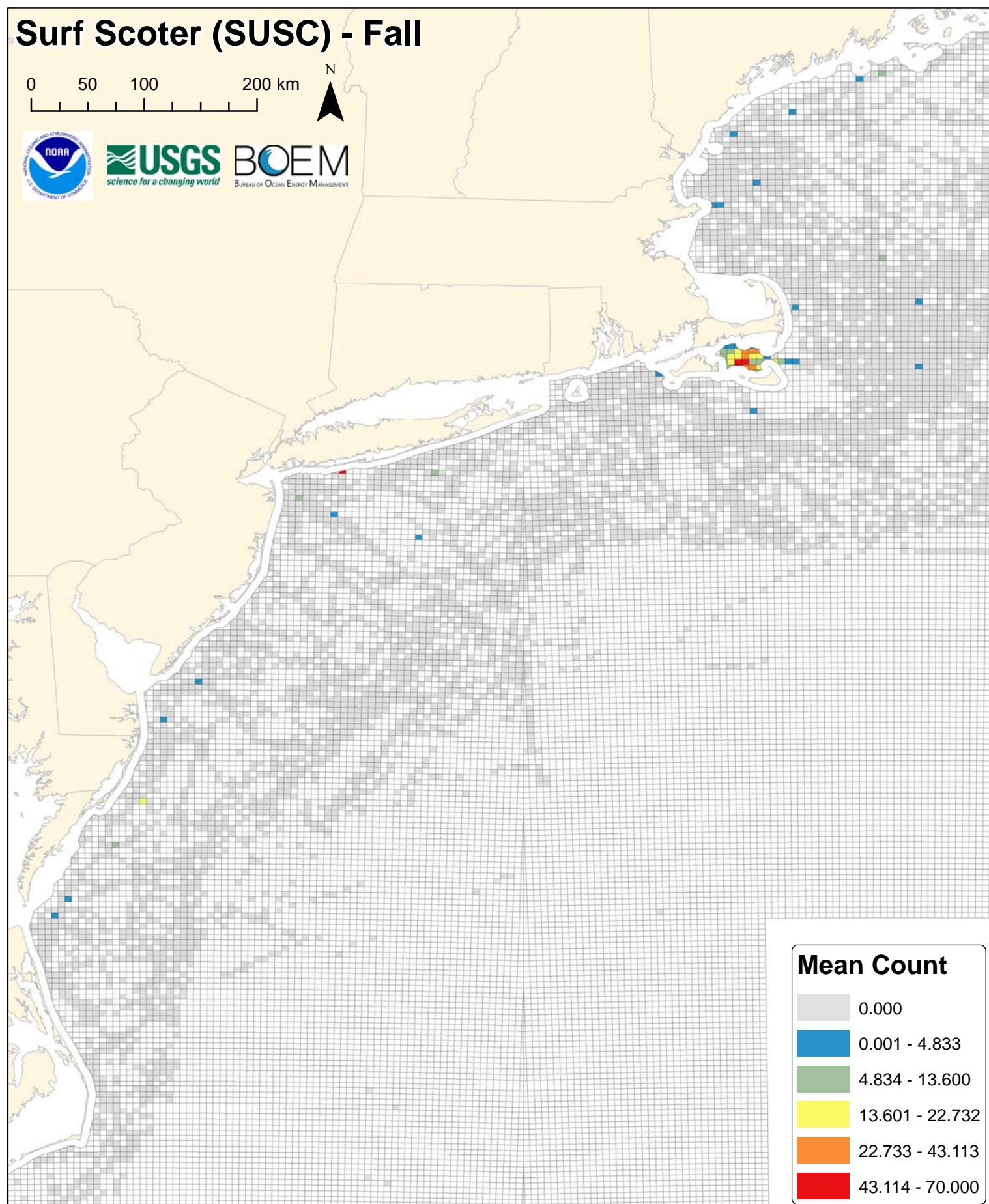
Surf Scoter (SUSC) - Fall

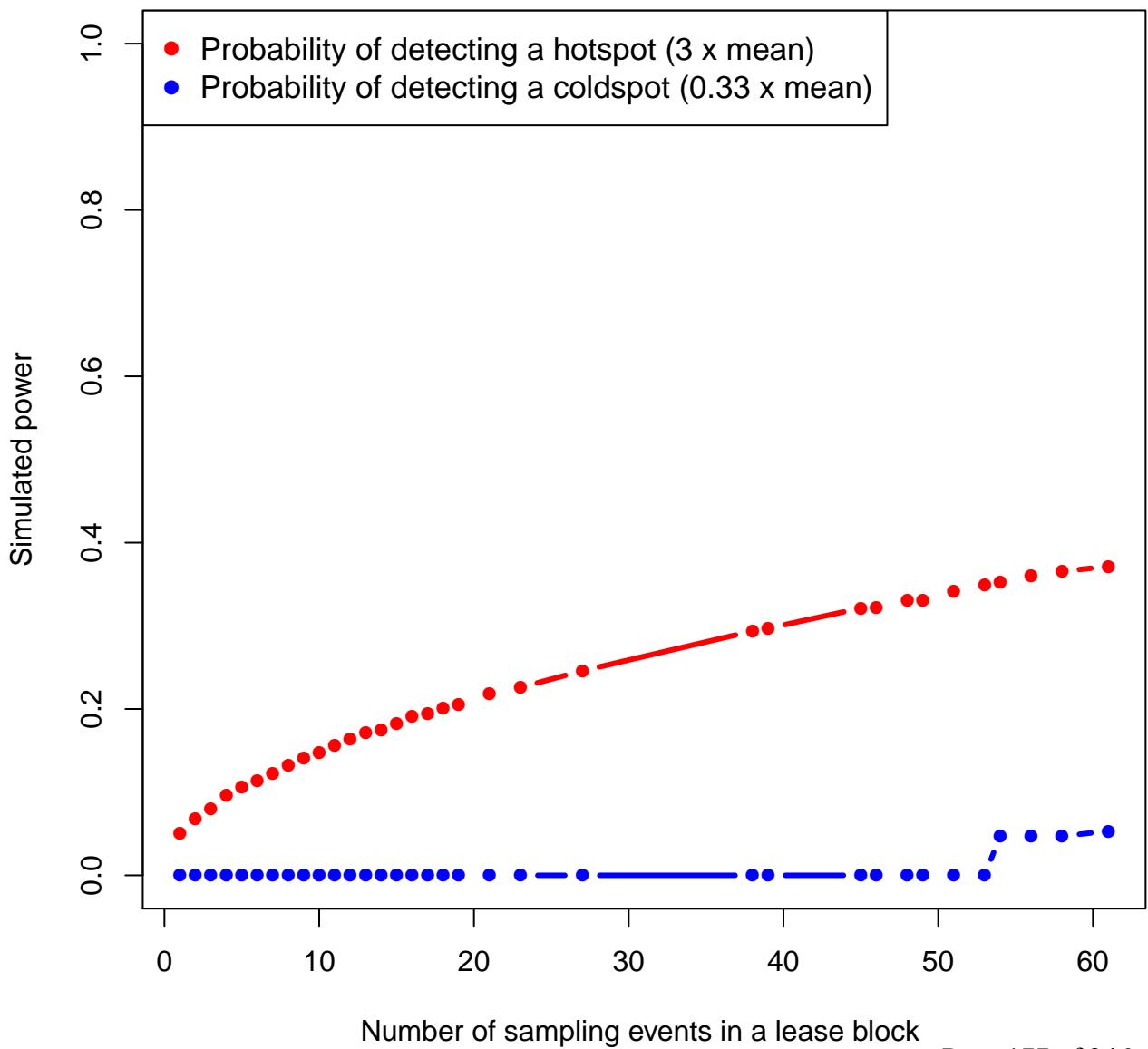
0 50 100 200 km



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susc

Surf Scoter (SUSC) - Fall

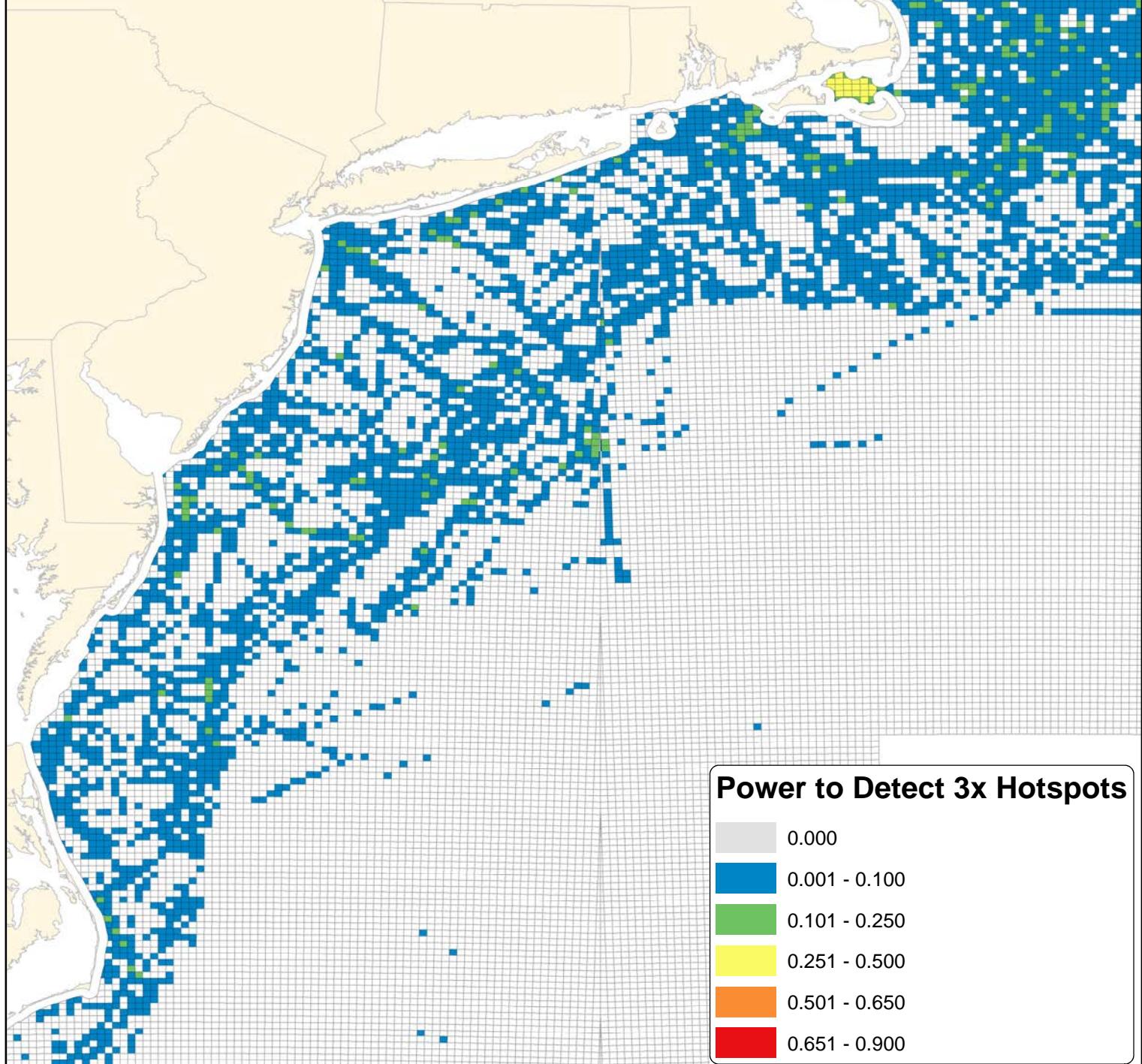
Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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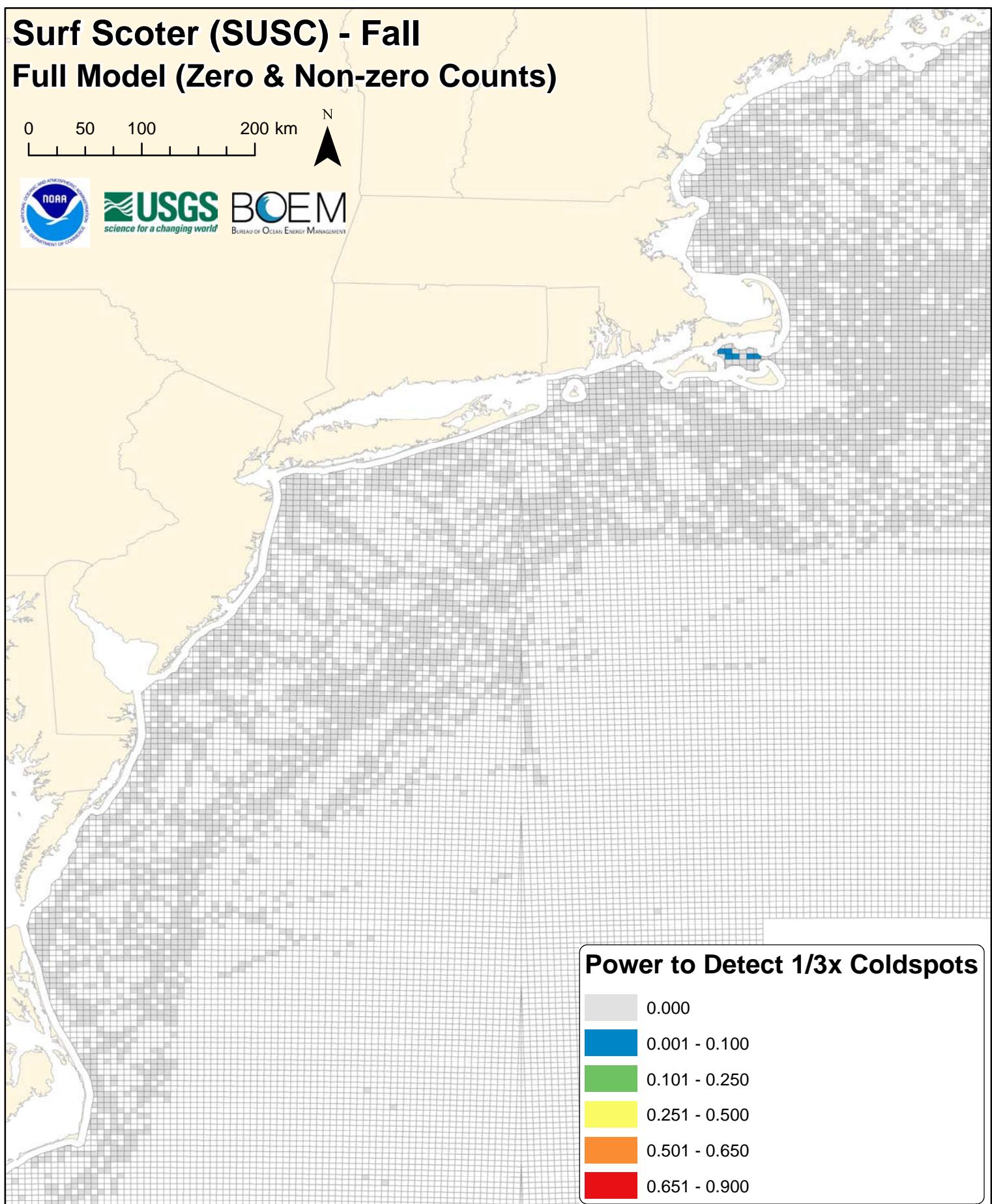
Surf Scoter (SUSC) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Power to Detect 1/3x Coldspots

Light Gray	0.000
Blue	0.001 - 0.100
Green	0.101 - 0.250
Yellow	0.251 - 0.500
Orange	0.501 - 0.650
Red	0.651 - 0.900

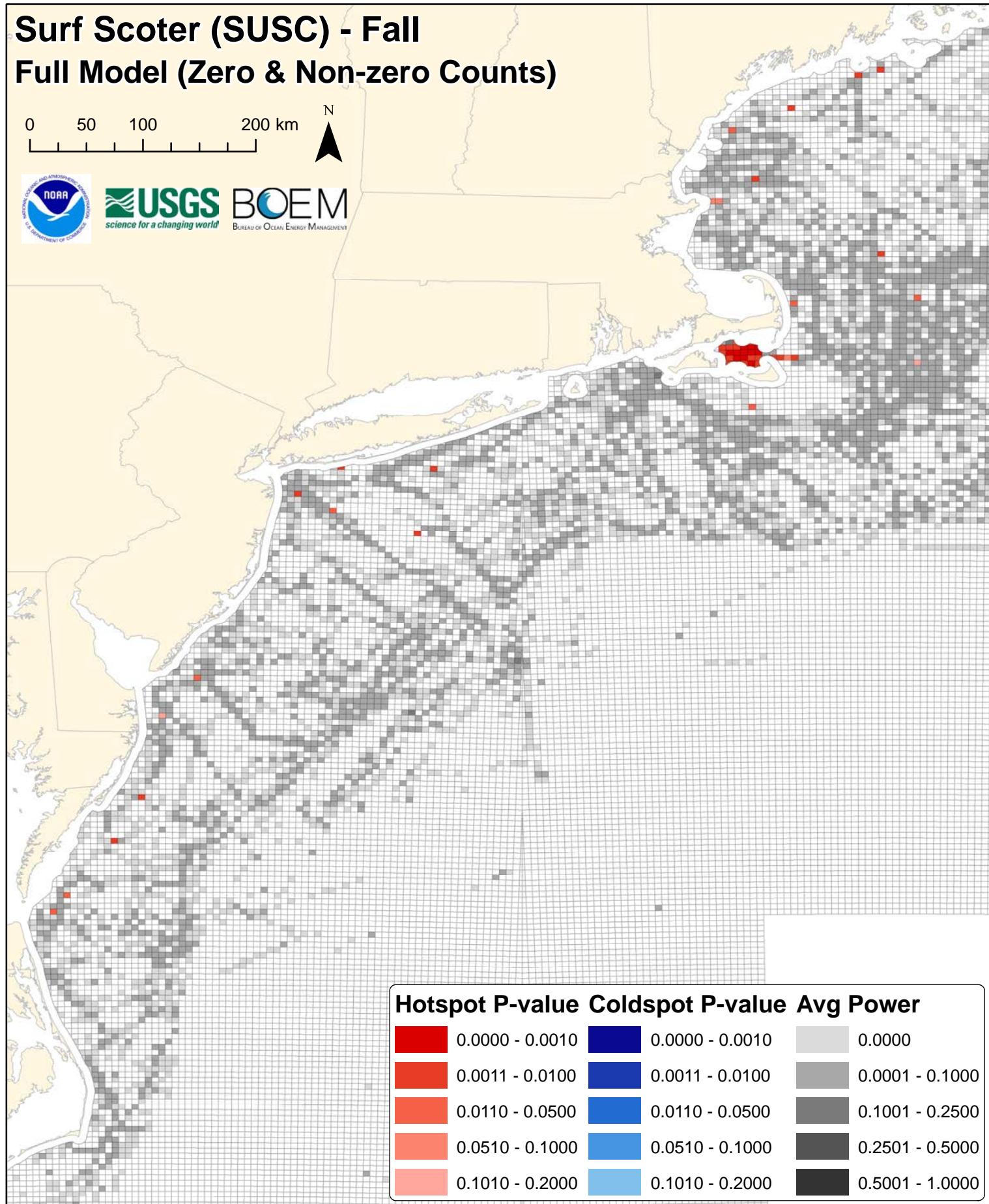
Surf Scoter (SUSC) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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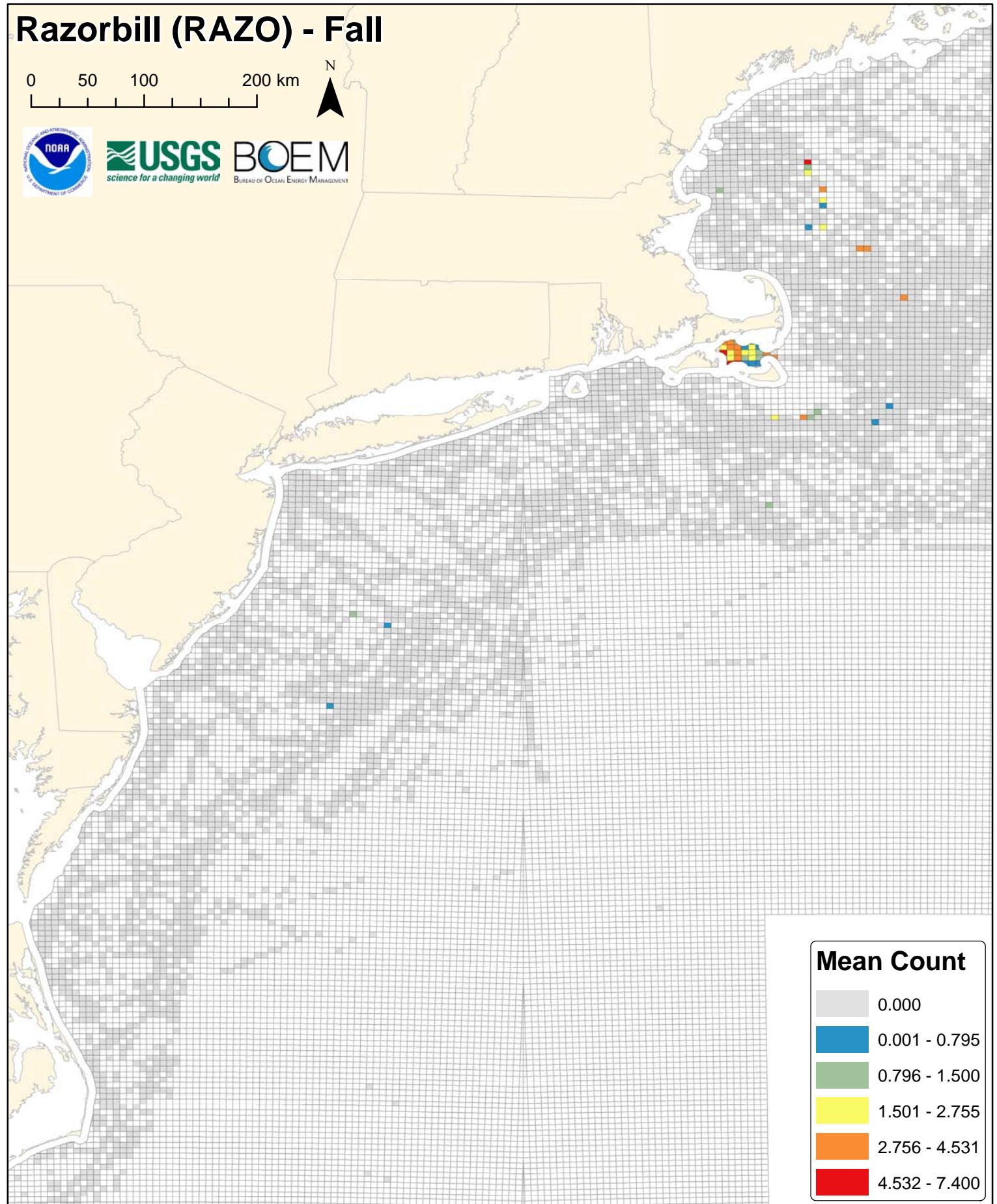
Razorbill (RAZO) - Fall

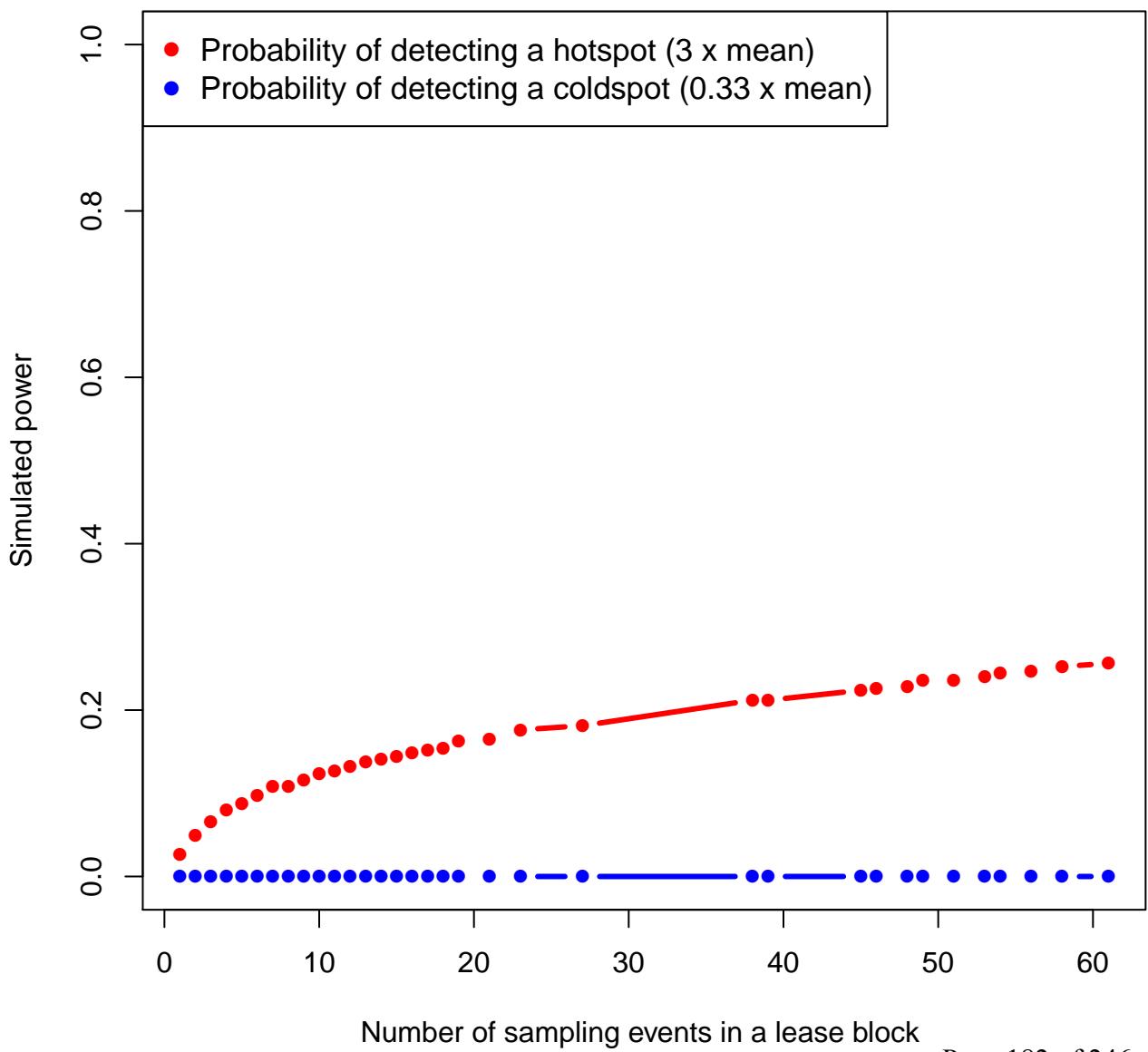
0 50 100 200 km



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Razorbill (RAZO) - Fall

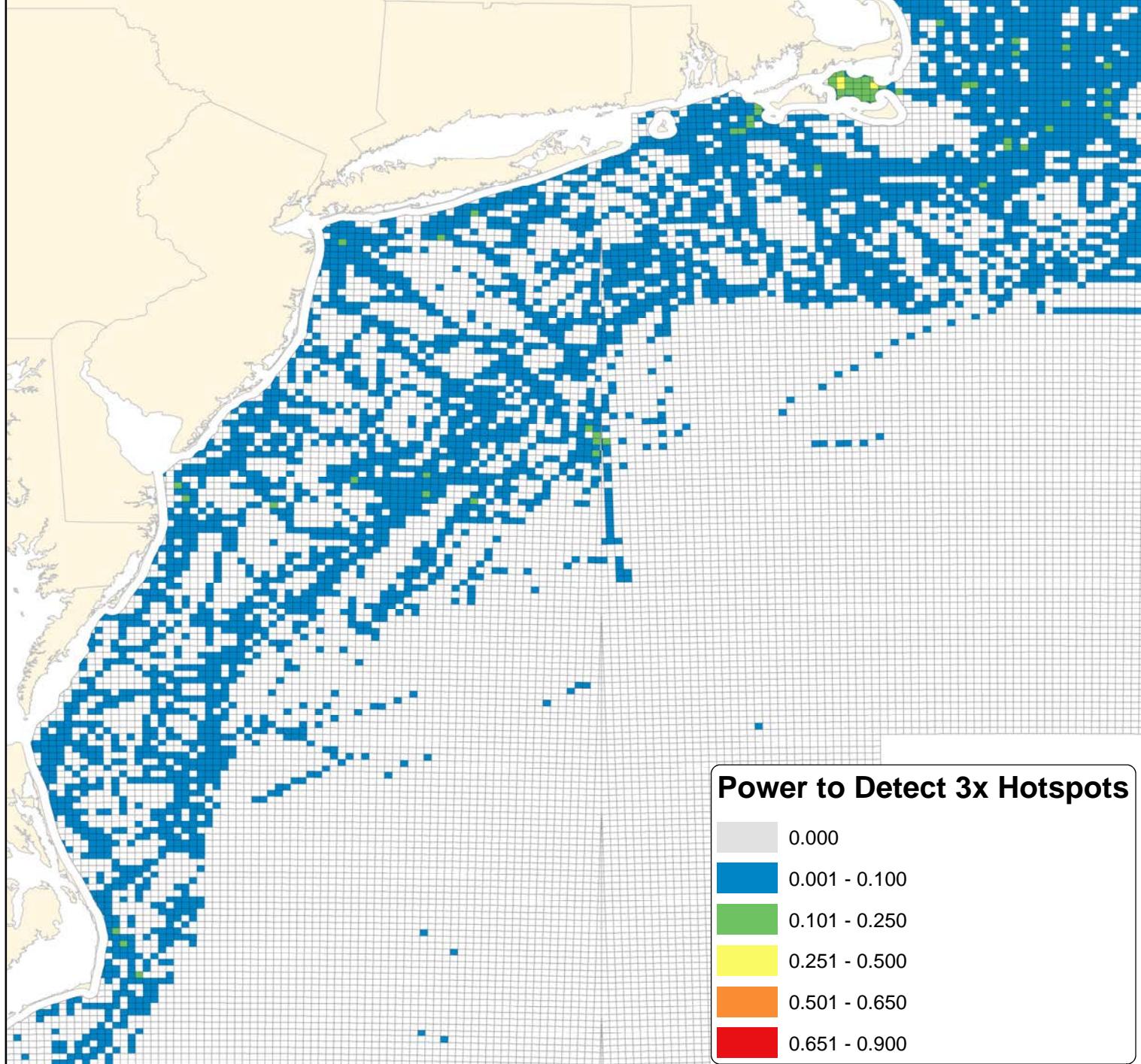
Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Power to Detect 3x Hotspots

0.000
0.001 - 0.100
0.101 - 0.250
0.251 - 0.500
0.501 - 0.650
0.651 - 0.900

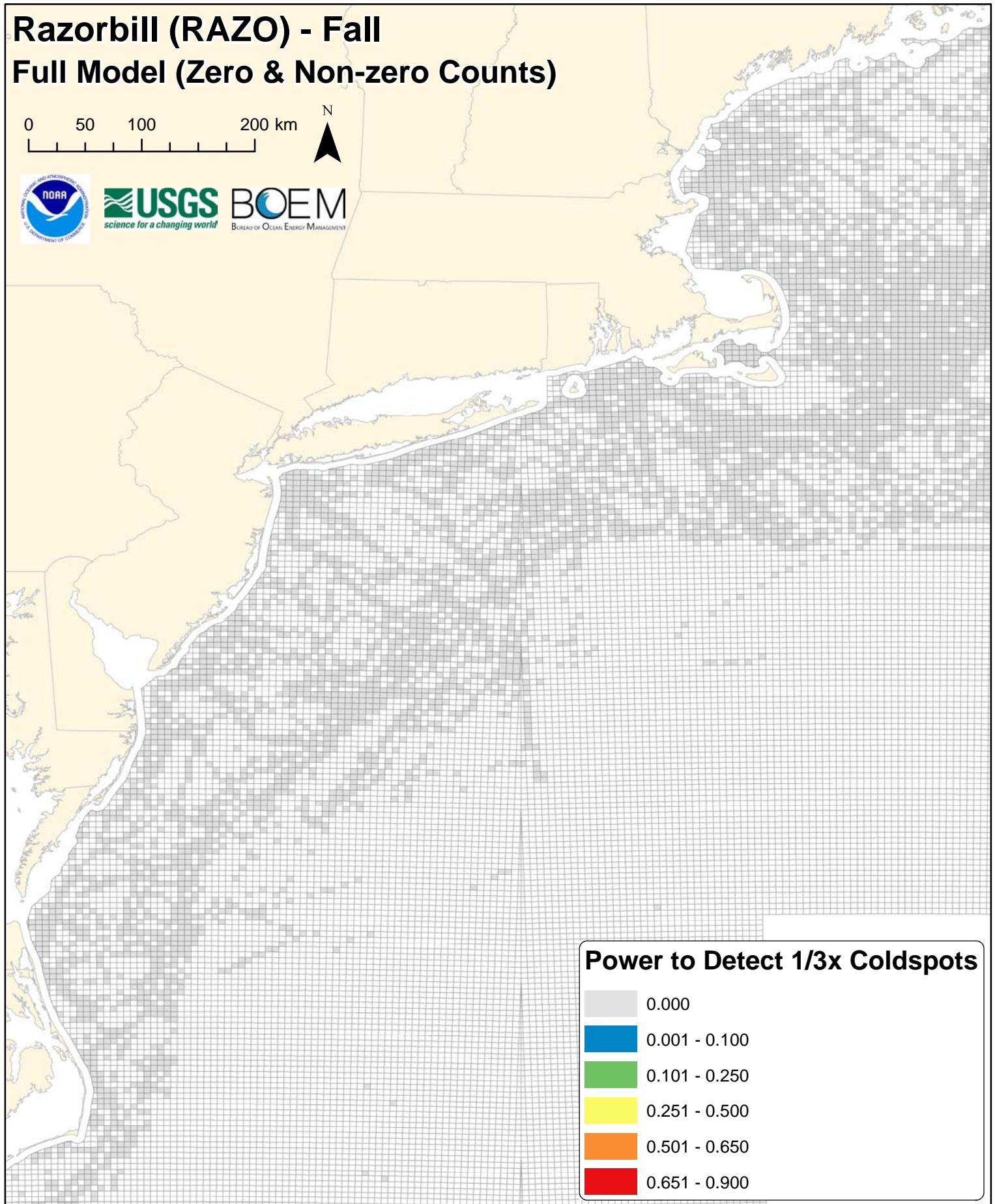
Razorbill (RAZO) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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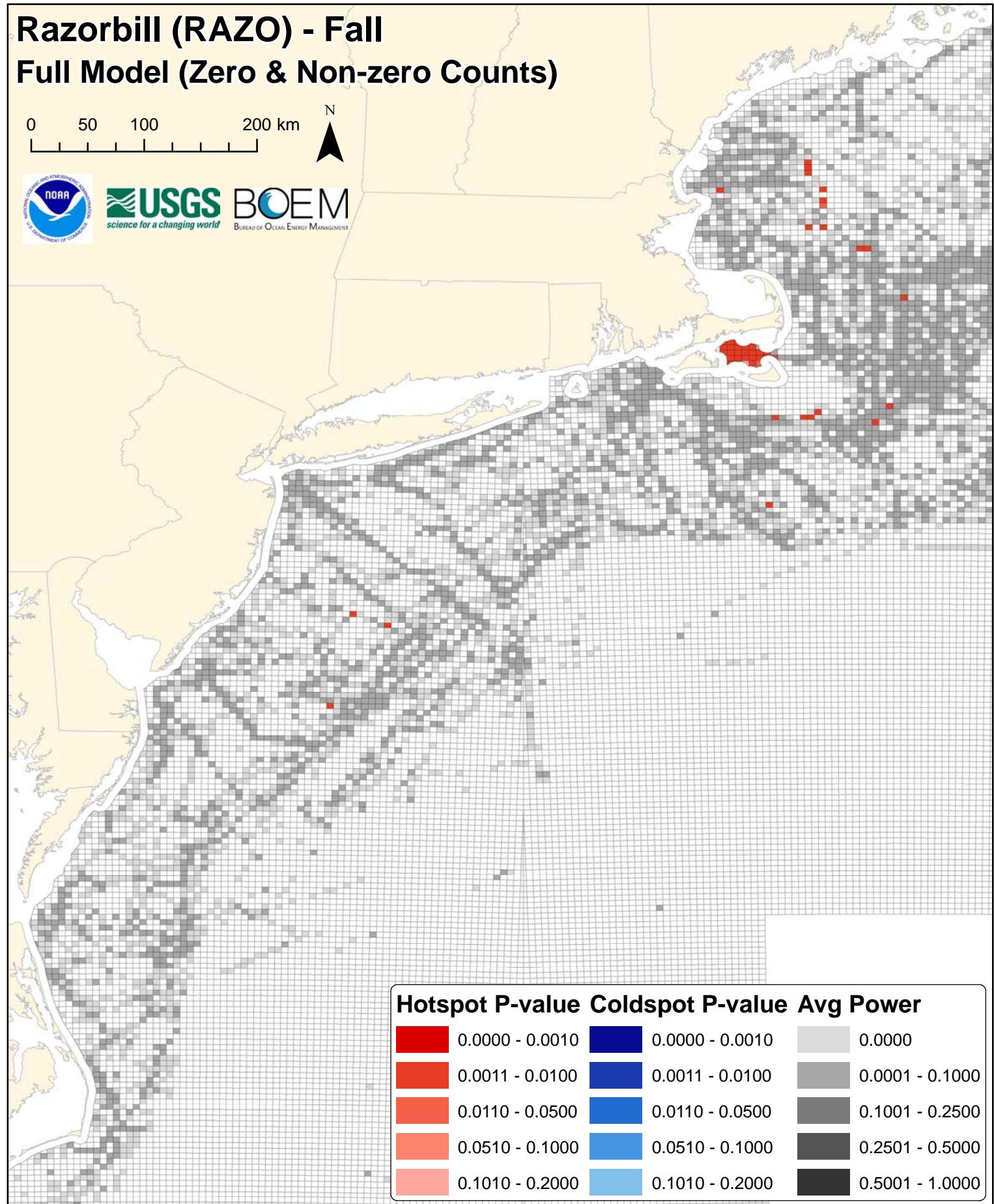
Razorbill (RAZO) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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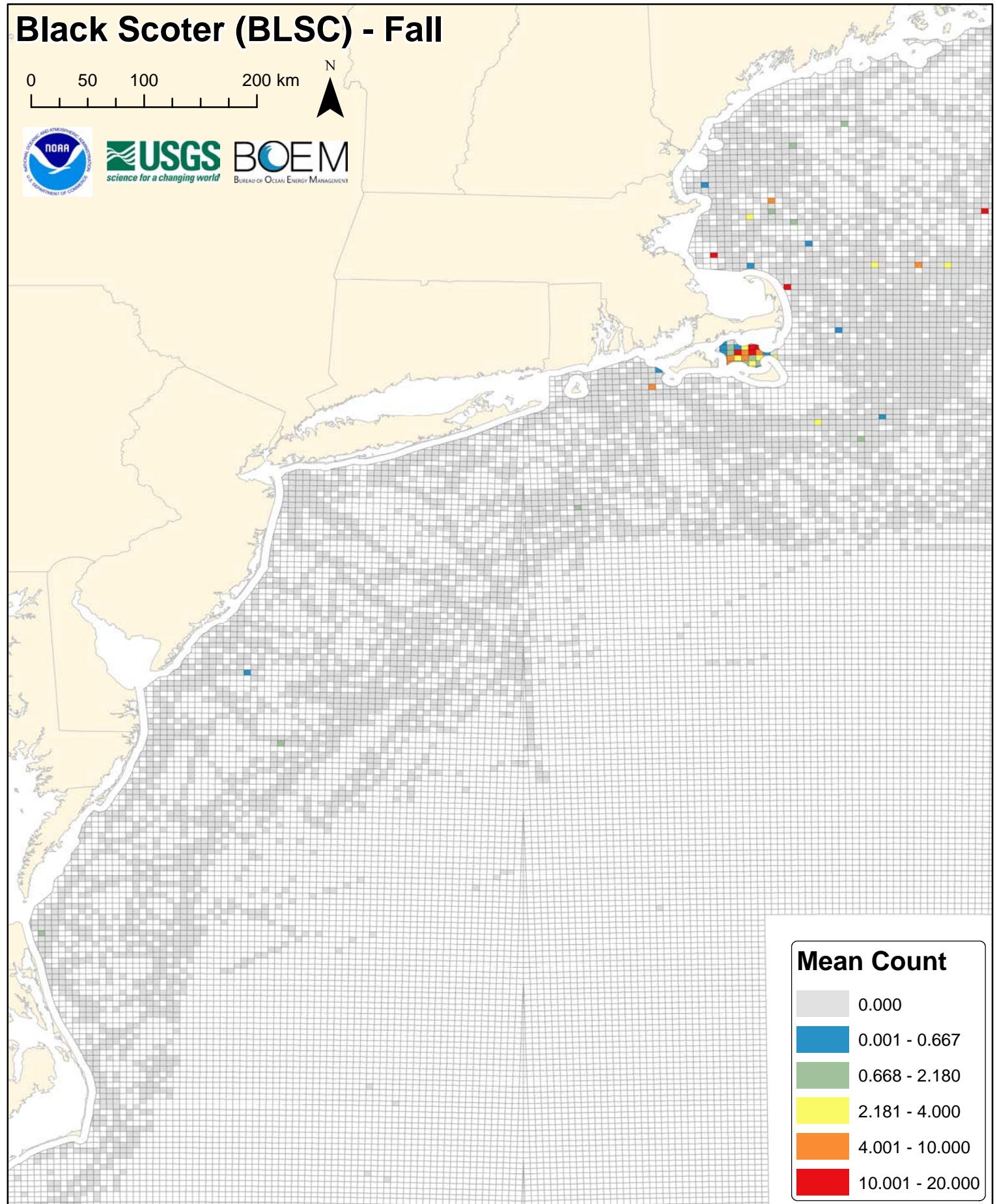
Black Scoter (BLSC) - Fall

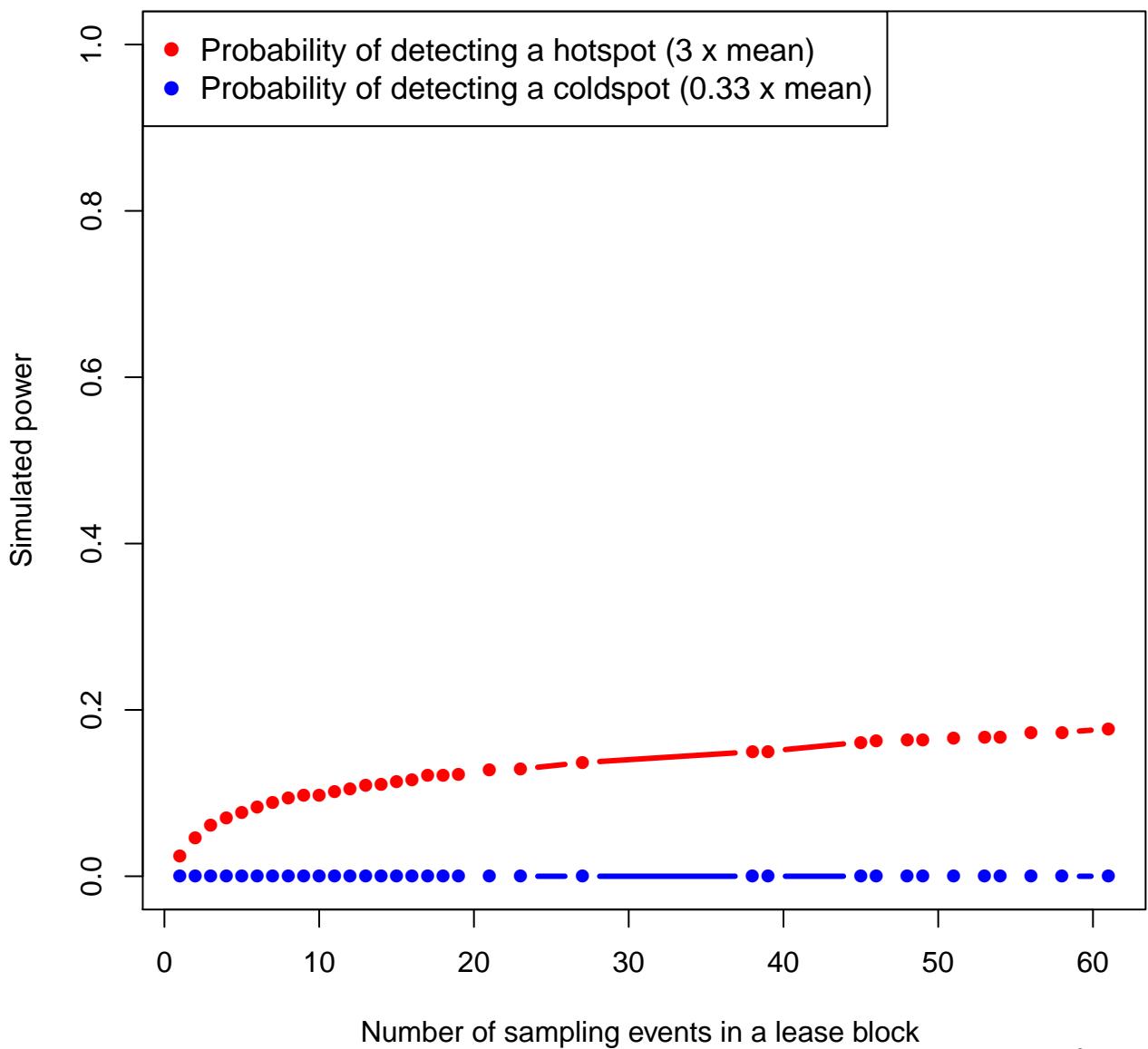
0 50 100 200 km



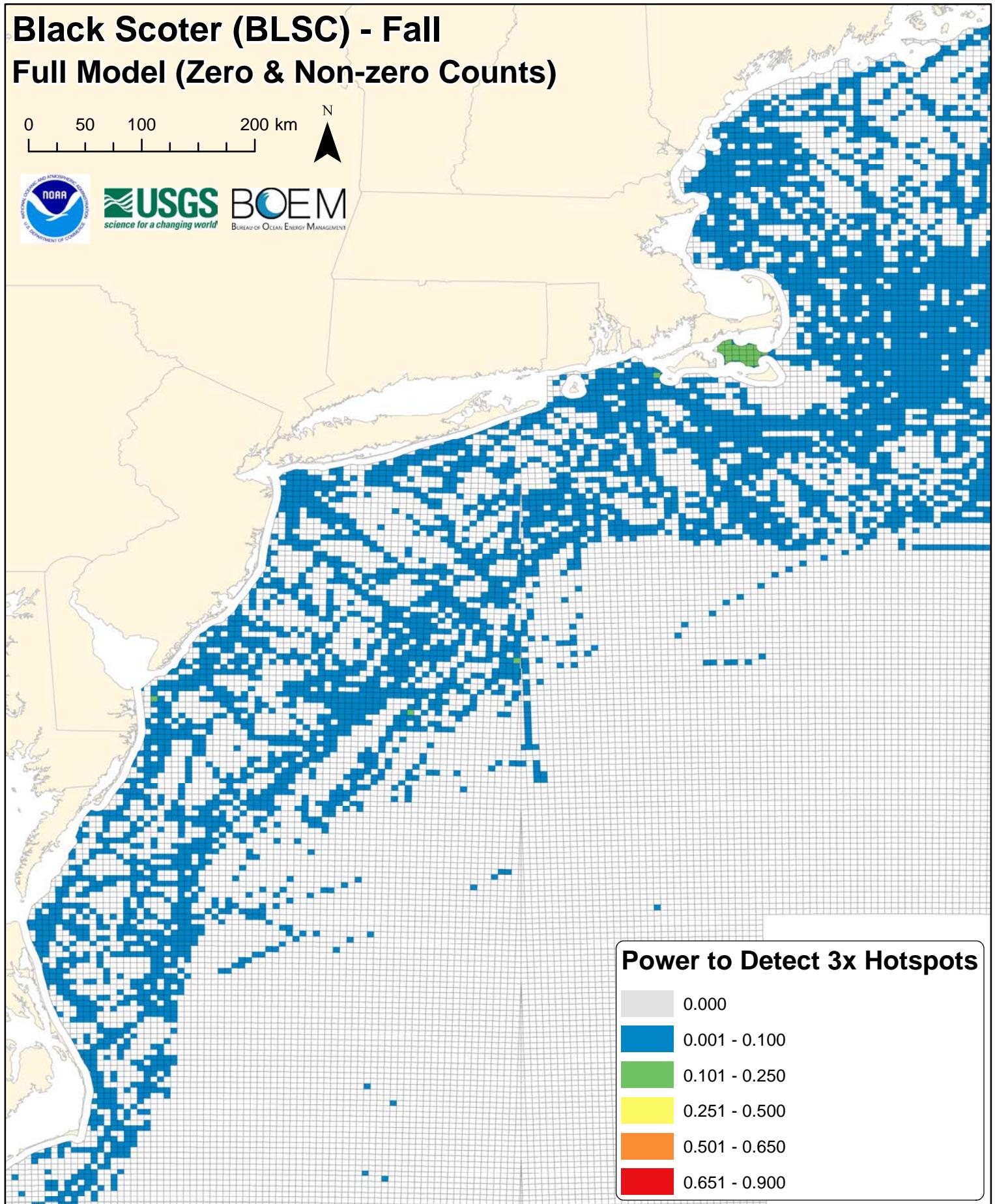
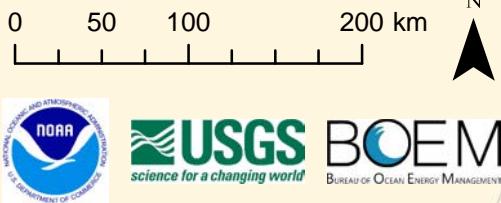
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Black Scoter (BLSC) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)



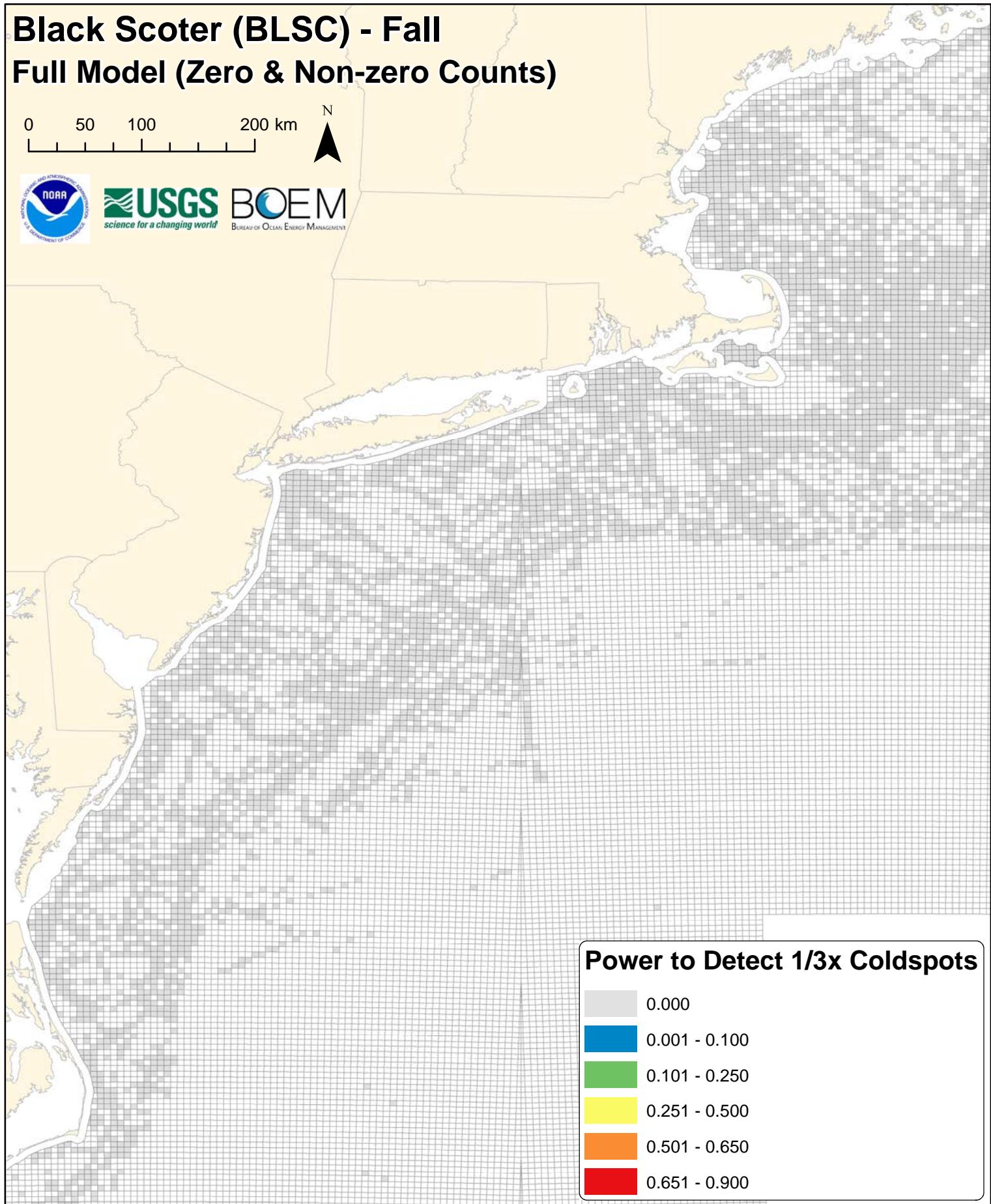
Black Scoter (BLSC) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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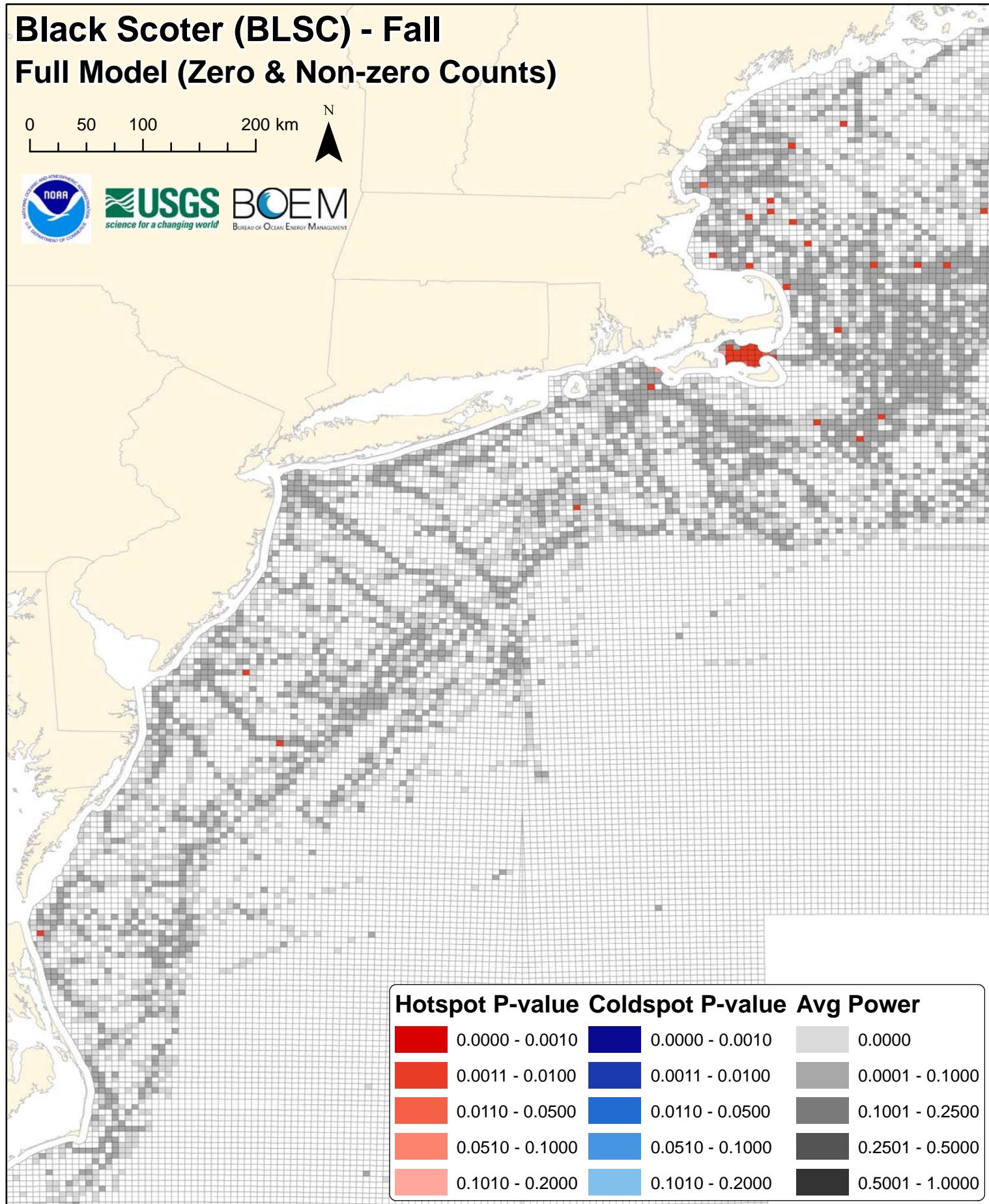
Black Scoter (BLSC) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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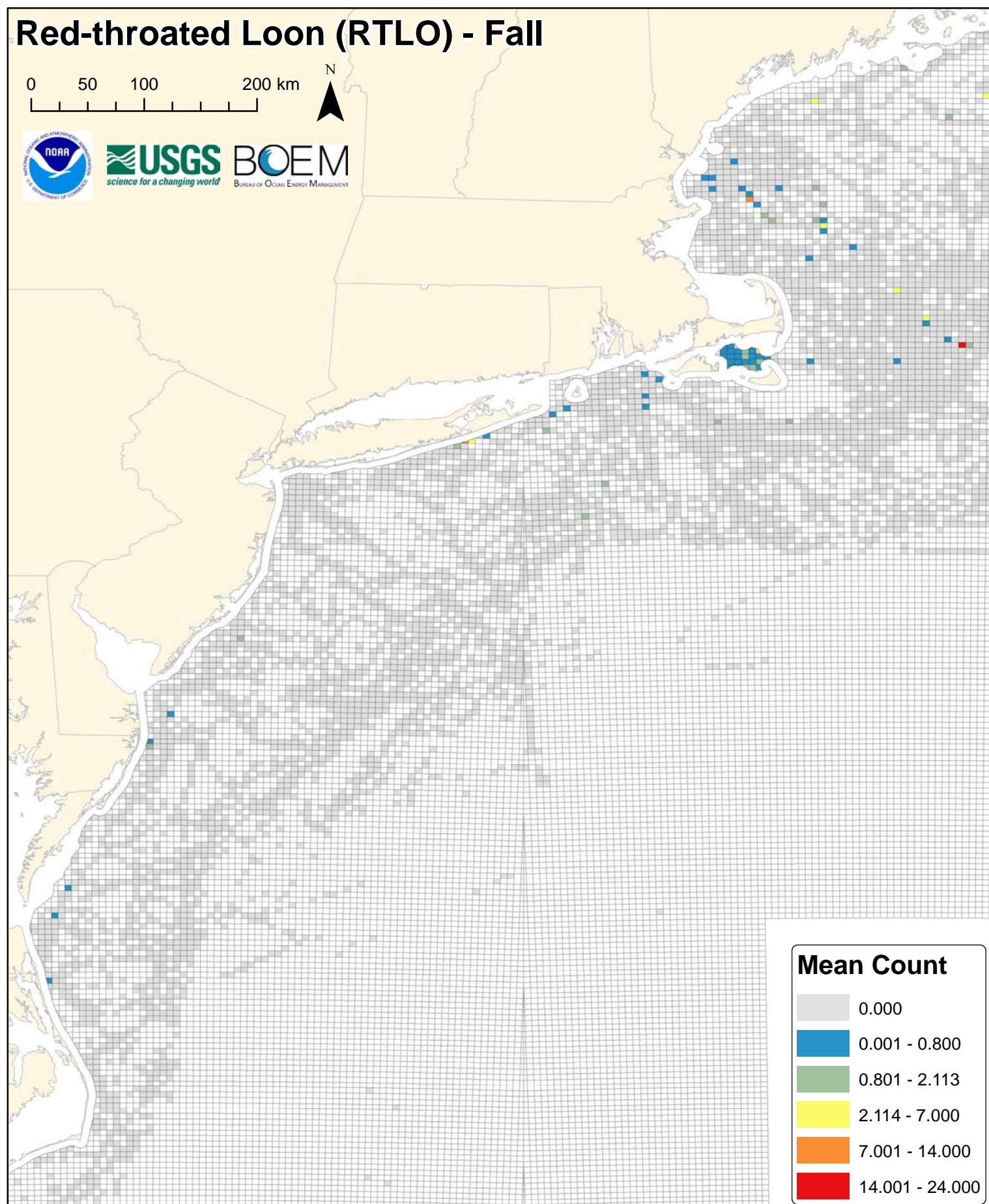
Red-throated Loon (RTLO) - Fall

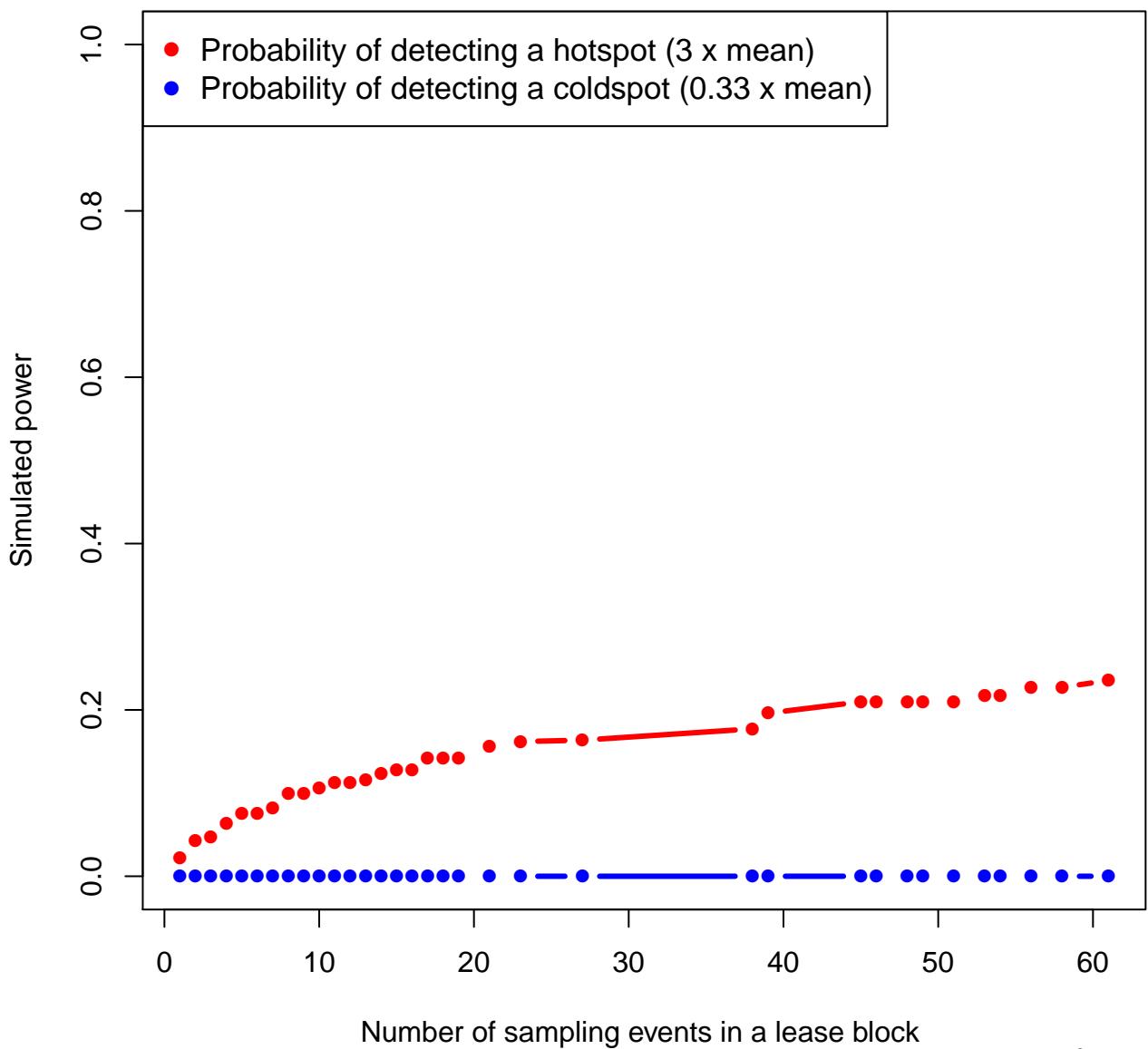
0 50 100 200 km



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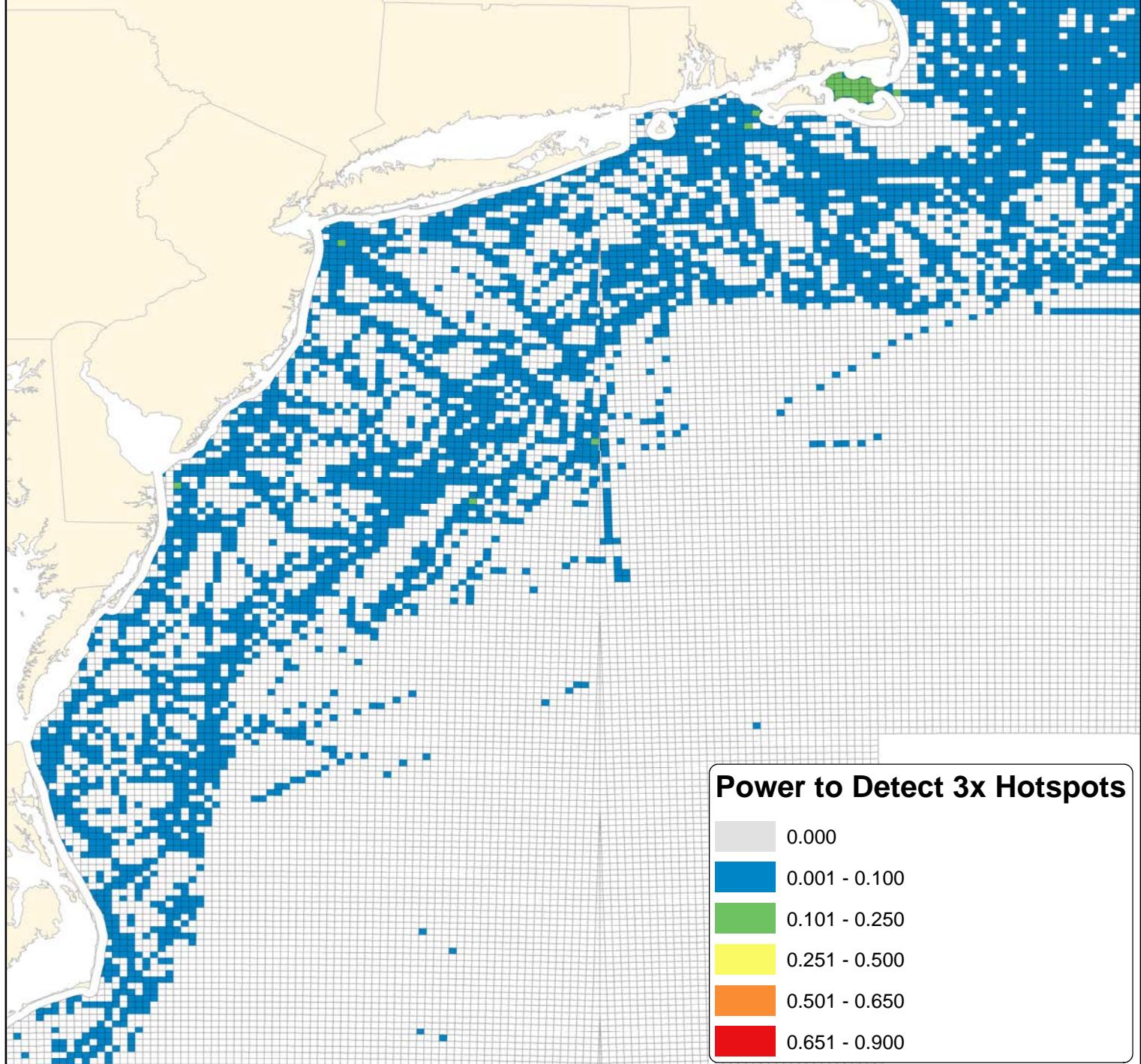
Red-throated Loon (RTLO) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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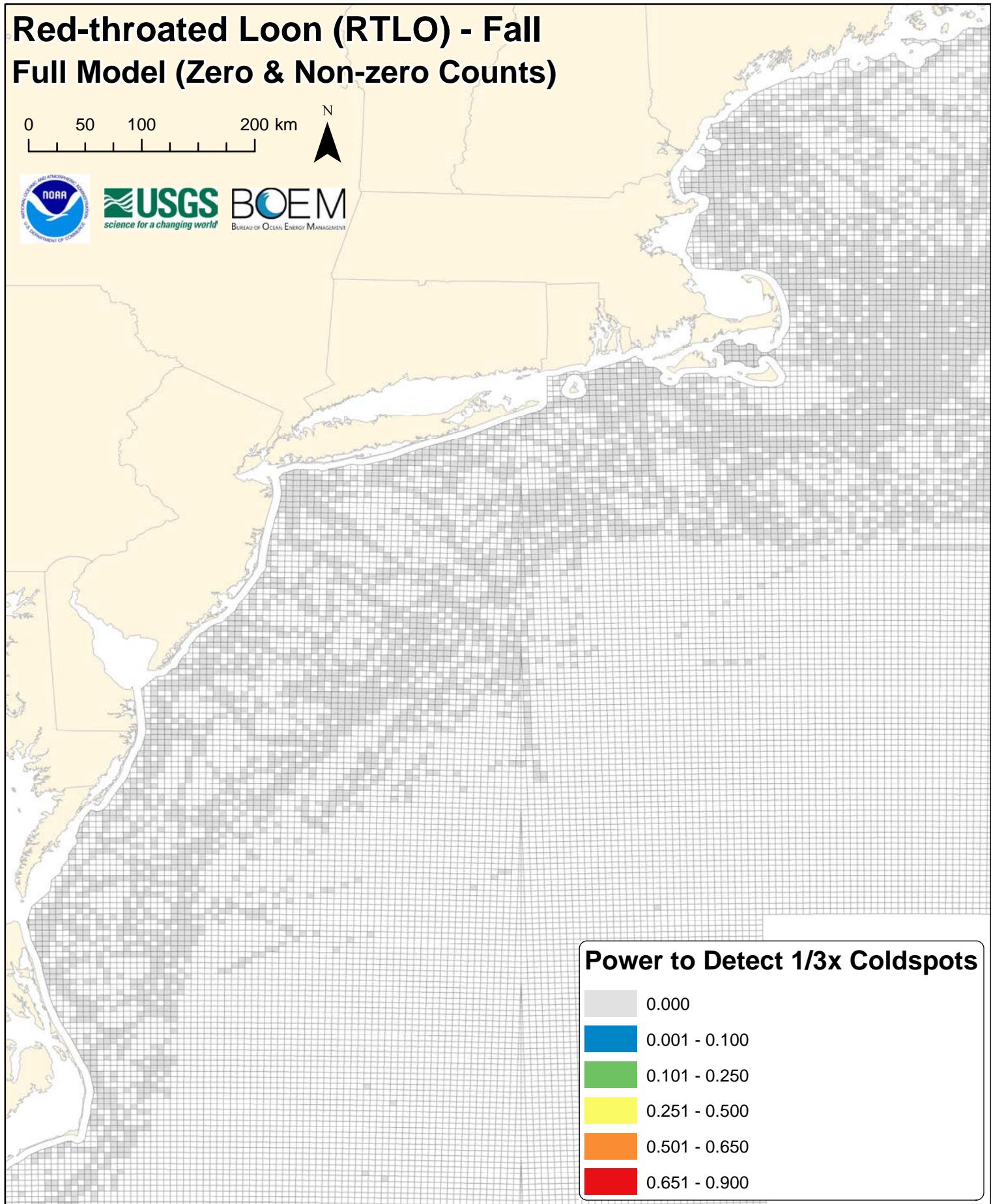
Red-throated Loon (RTLO) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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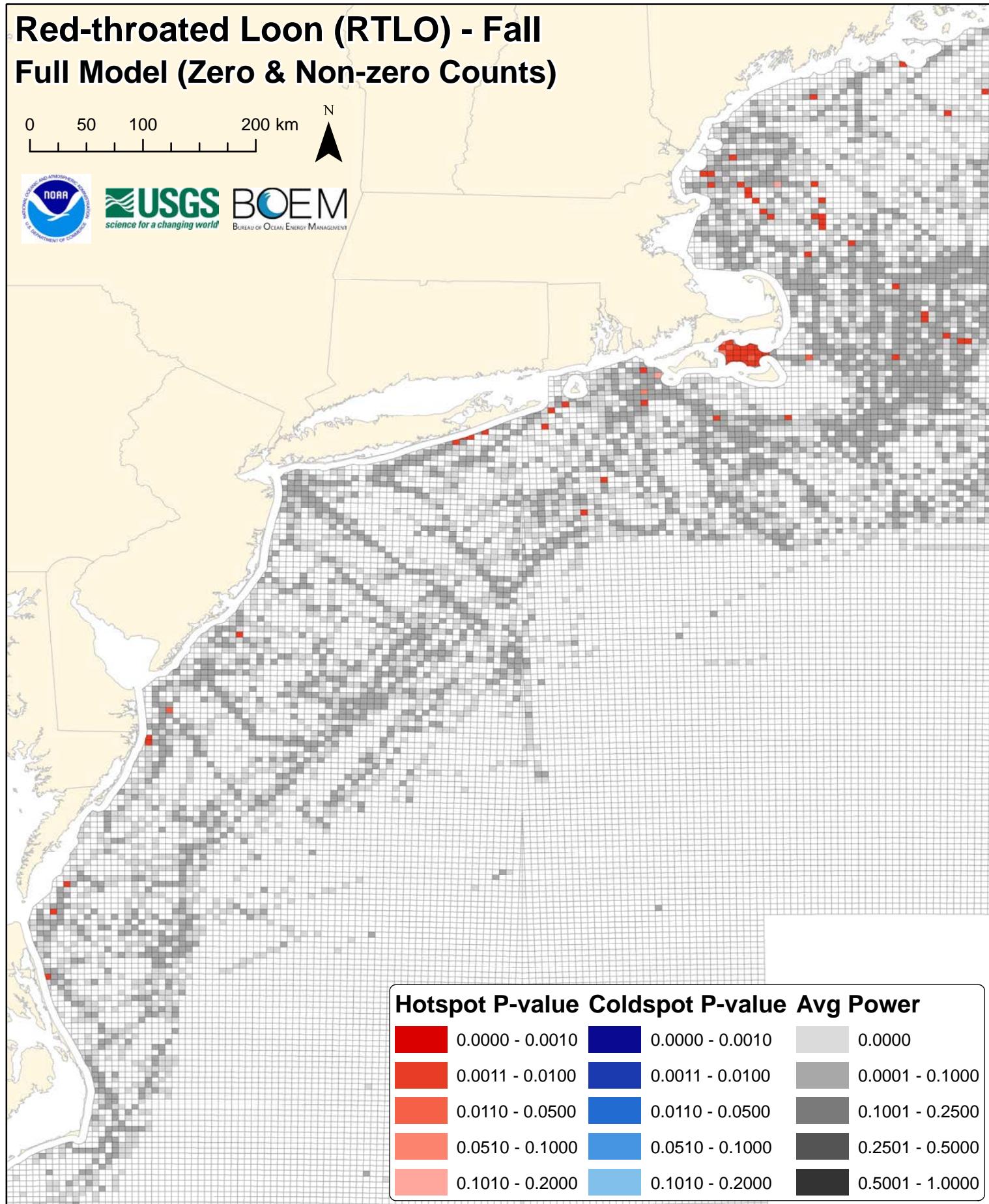
Red-throated Loon (RTLO) - Fall Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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DIGITAL SUPPLEMENT G

Full Hurdle Model (Zero & Non-Zero Counts) Results

SECTION II. Species-specific Power Analysis

Maps and Figures

Figures G186-G235. Winter power analysis maps and figures (10 species x 5 figures per species).

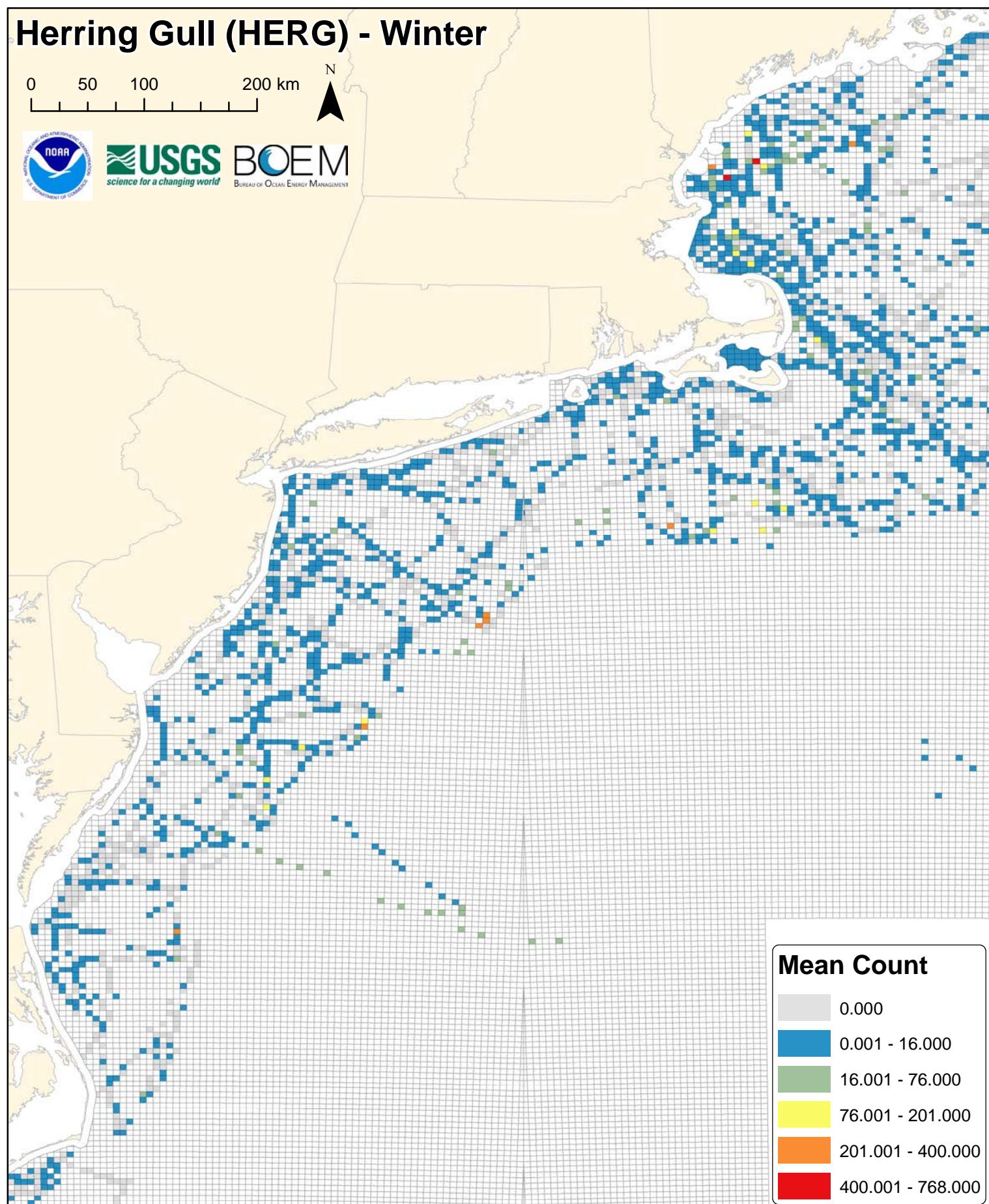
Herring Gull (HERG) - Winter

0 50 100 200 km



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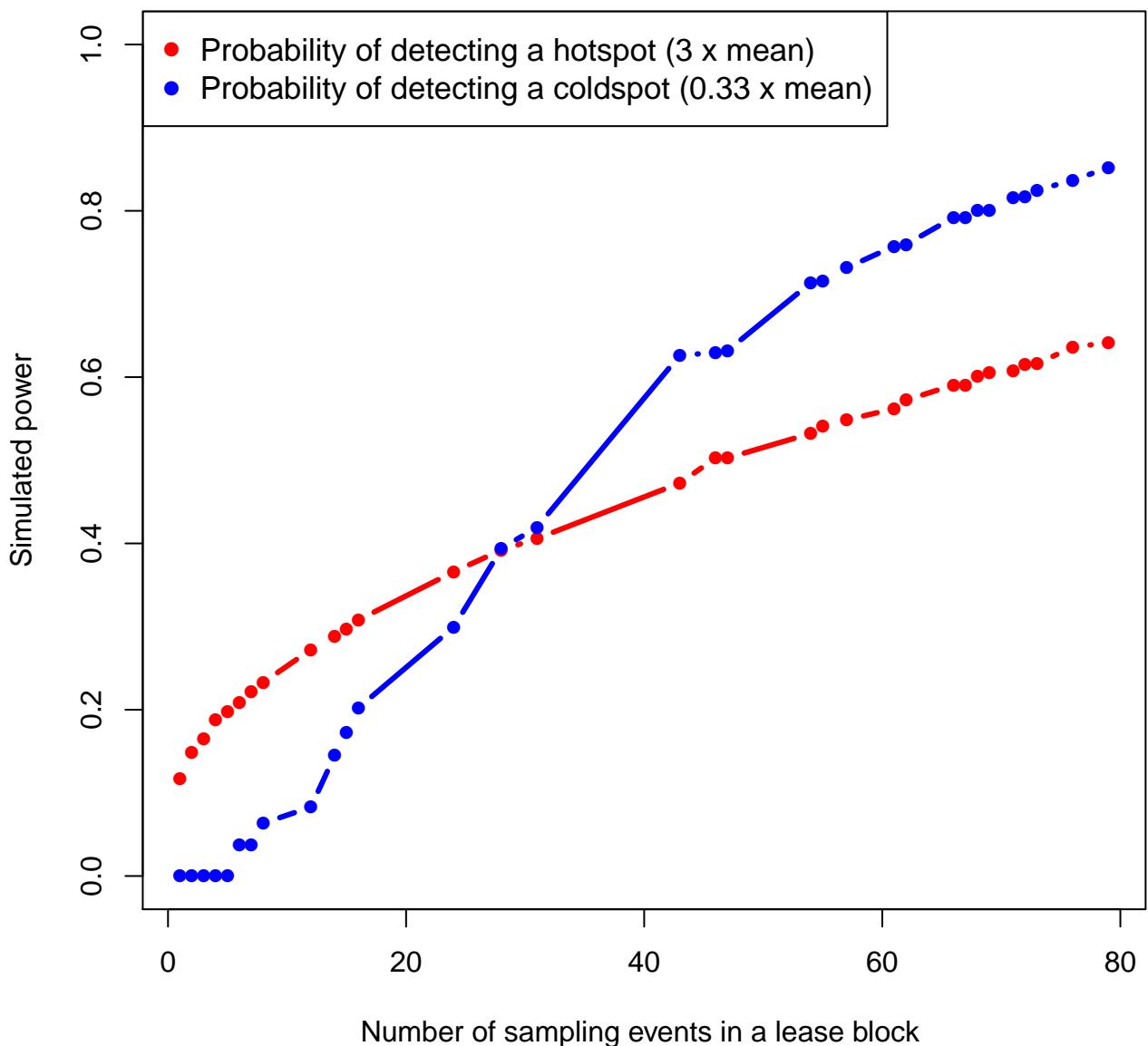
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Mean Count

0.000
0.001 - 16.000
16.001 - 76.000
76.001 - 201.000
201.001 - 400.000
400.001 - 768.000

herg



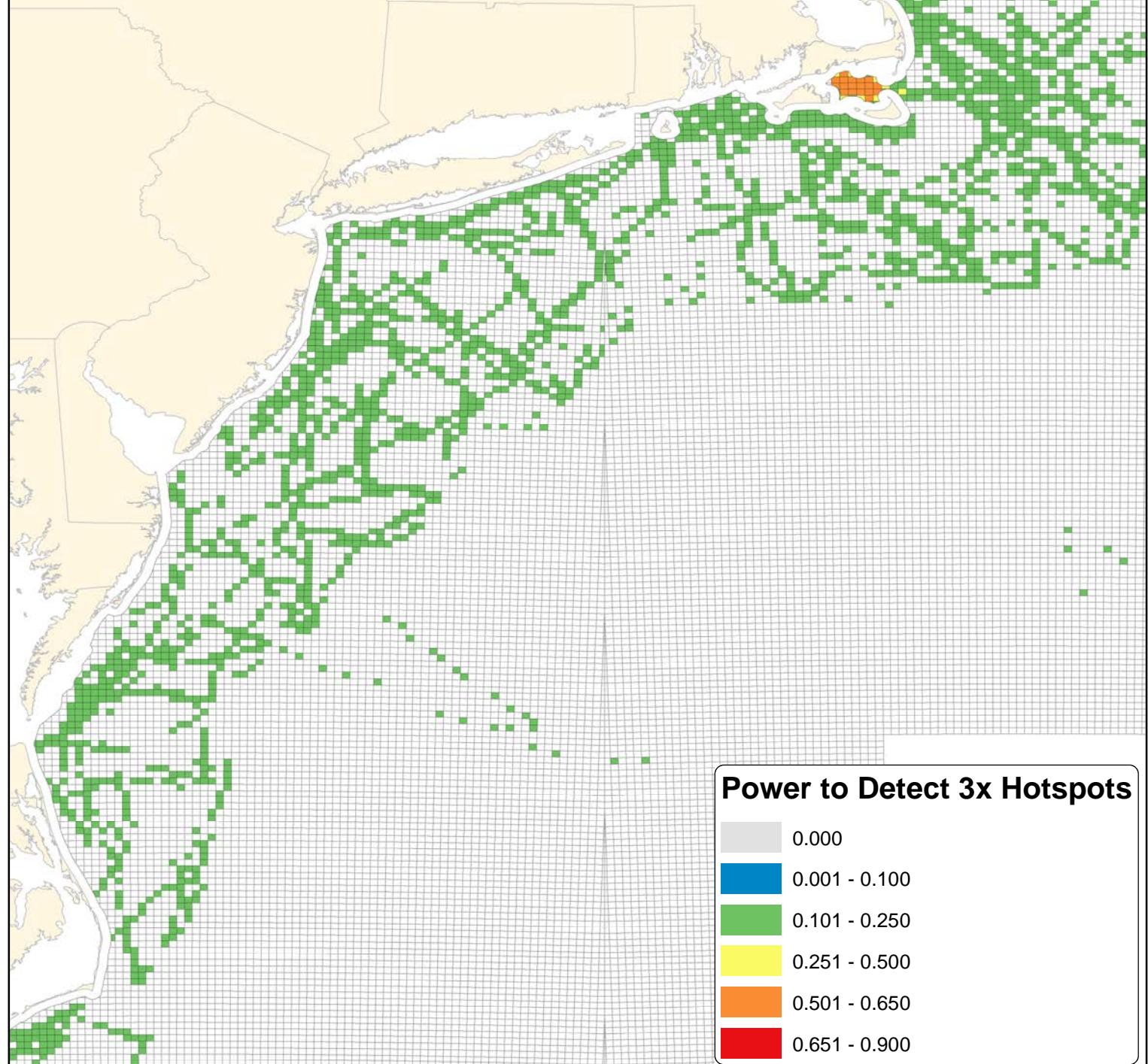
Herring Gull (HERG) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Power to Detect 3x Hotspots

0.000
0.001 - 0.100
0.101 - 0.250
0.251 - 0.500
0.501 - 0.650
0.651 - 0.900

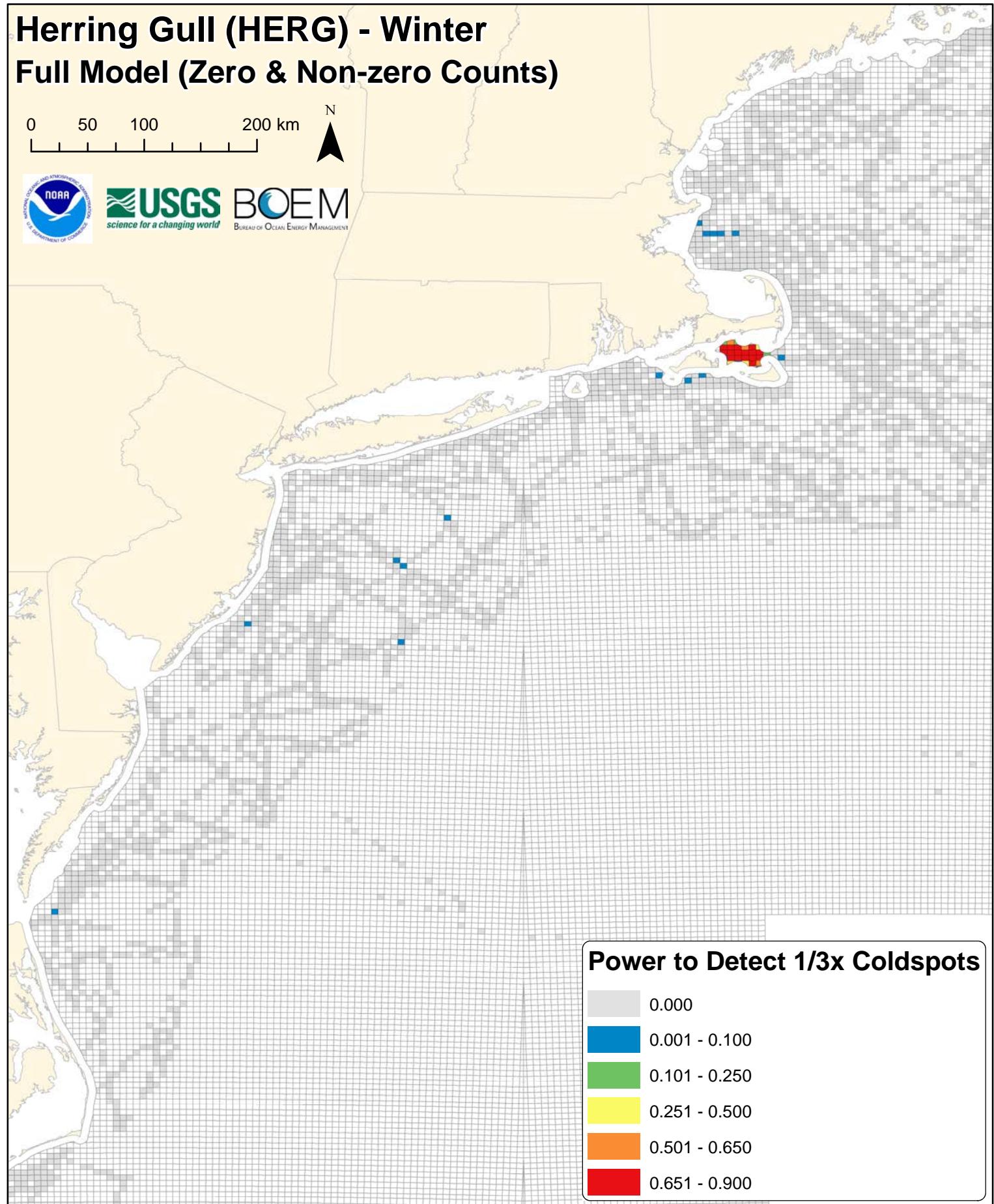
Herring Gull (HERG) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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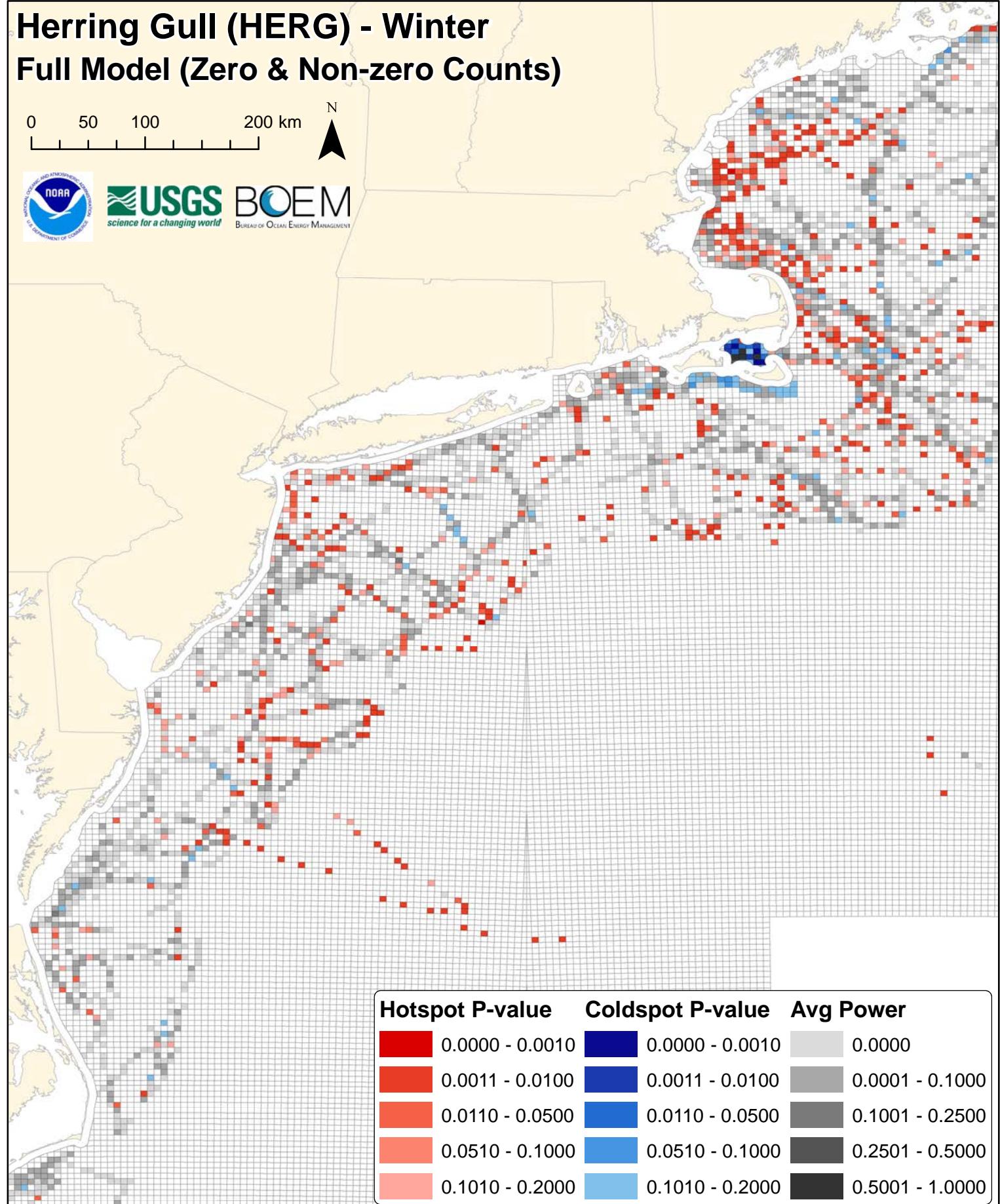
Herring Gull (HERG) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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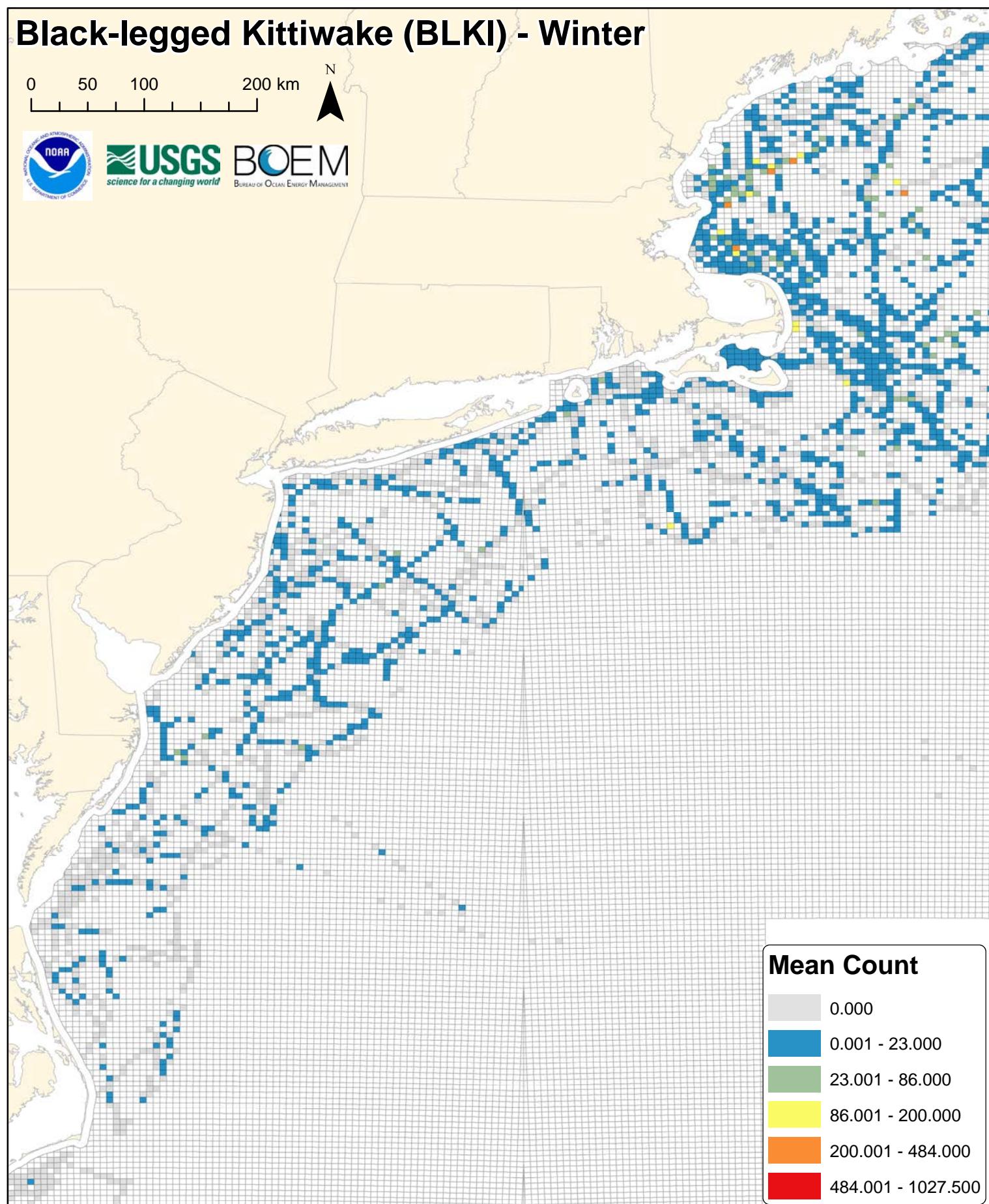
Black-legged Kittiwake (BLKI) - Winter

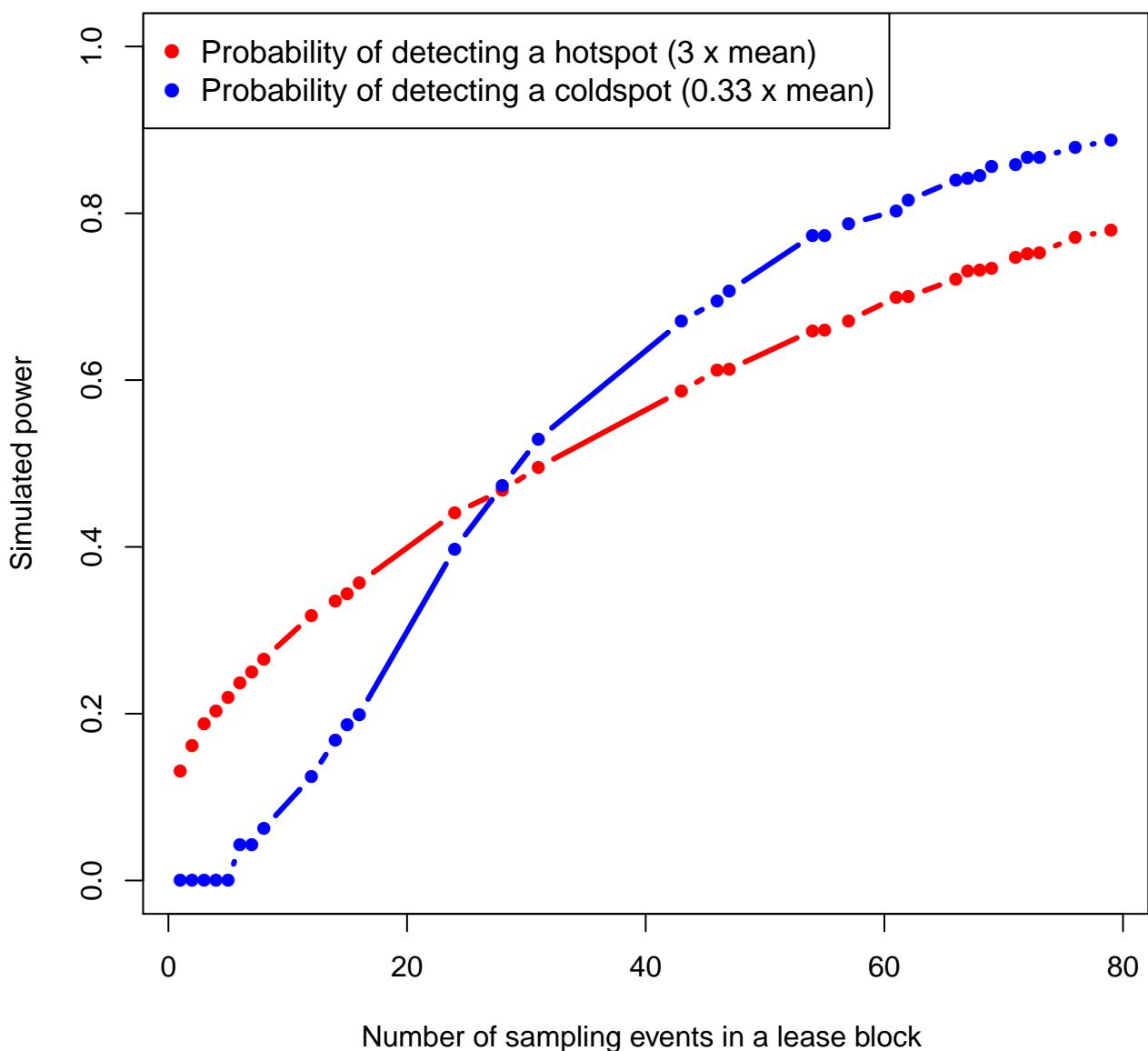
0 50 100 200 km



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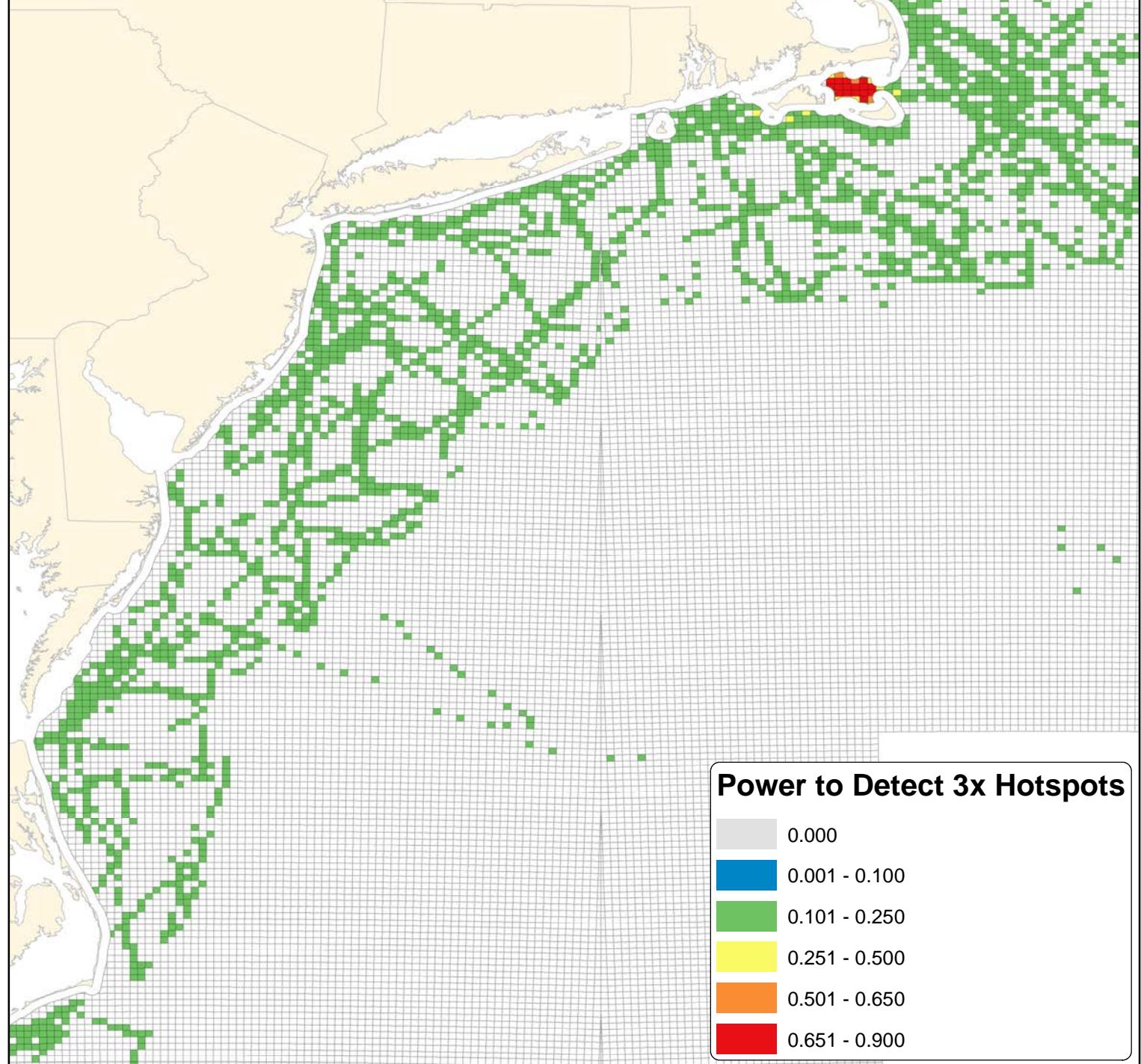
Black-legged Kittiwake (BLKI) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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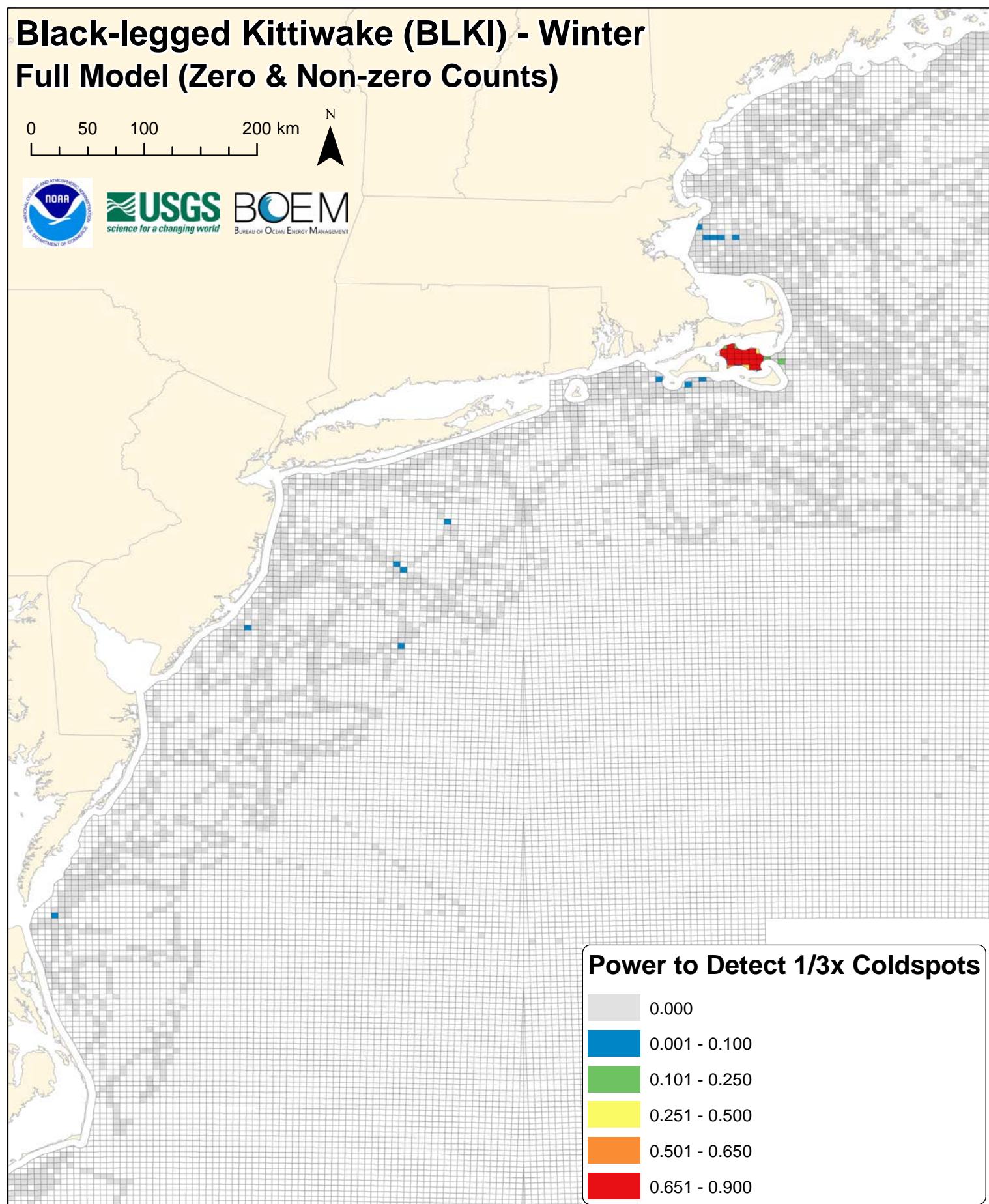
Black-legged Kittiwake (BLKI) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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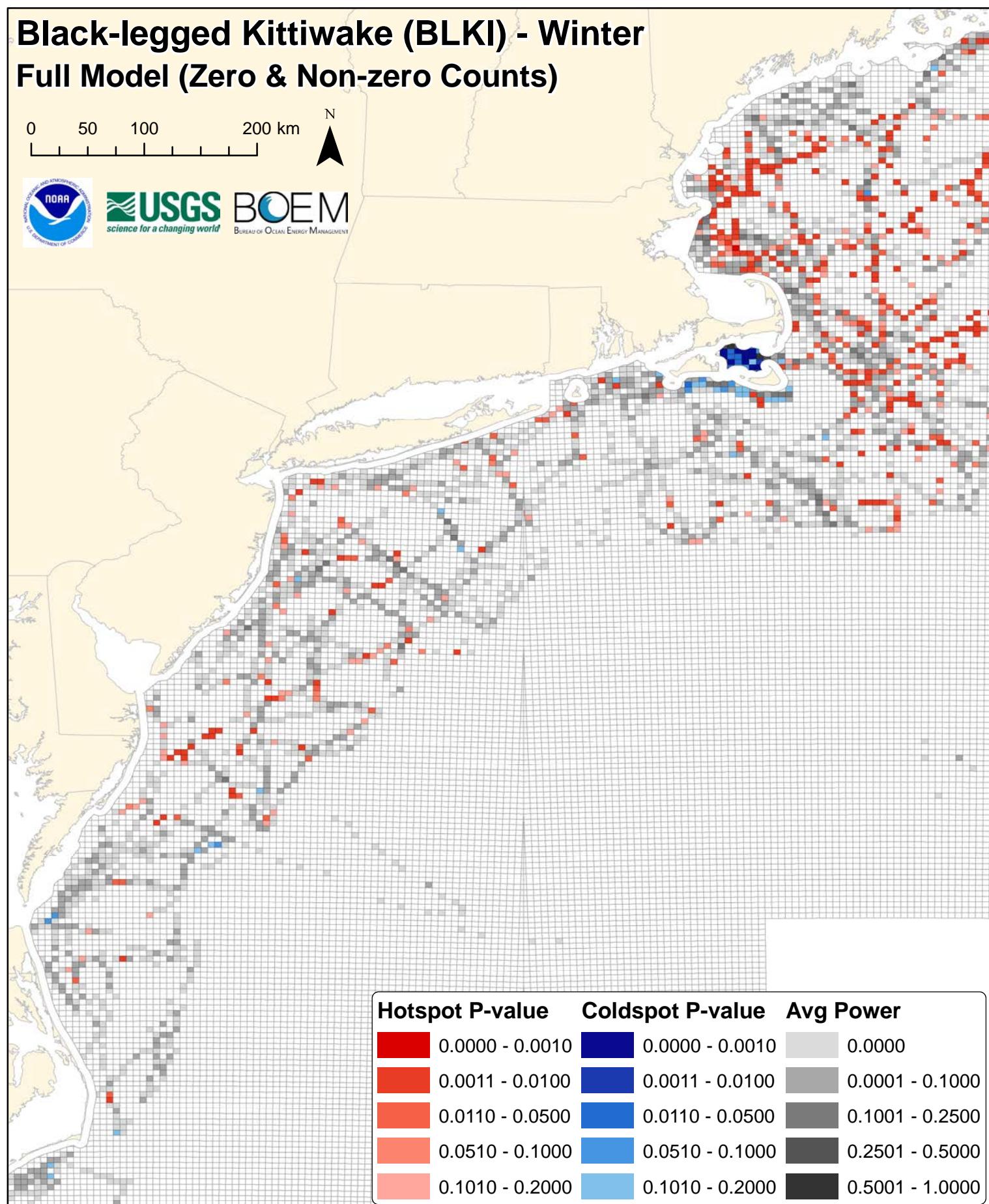
Black-legged Kittiwake (BLKI) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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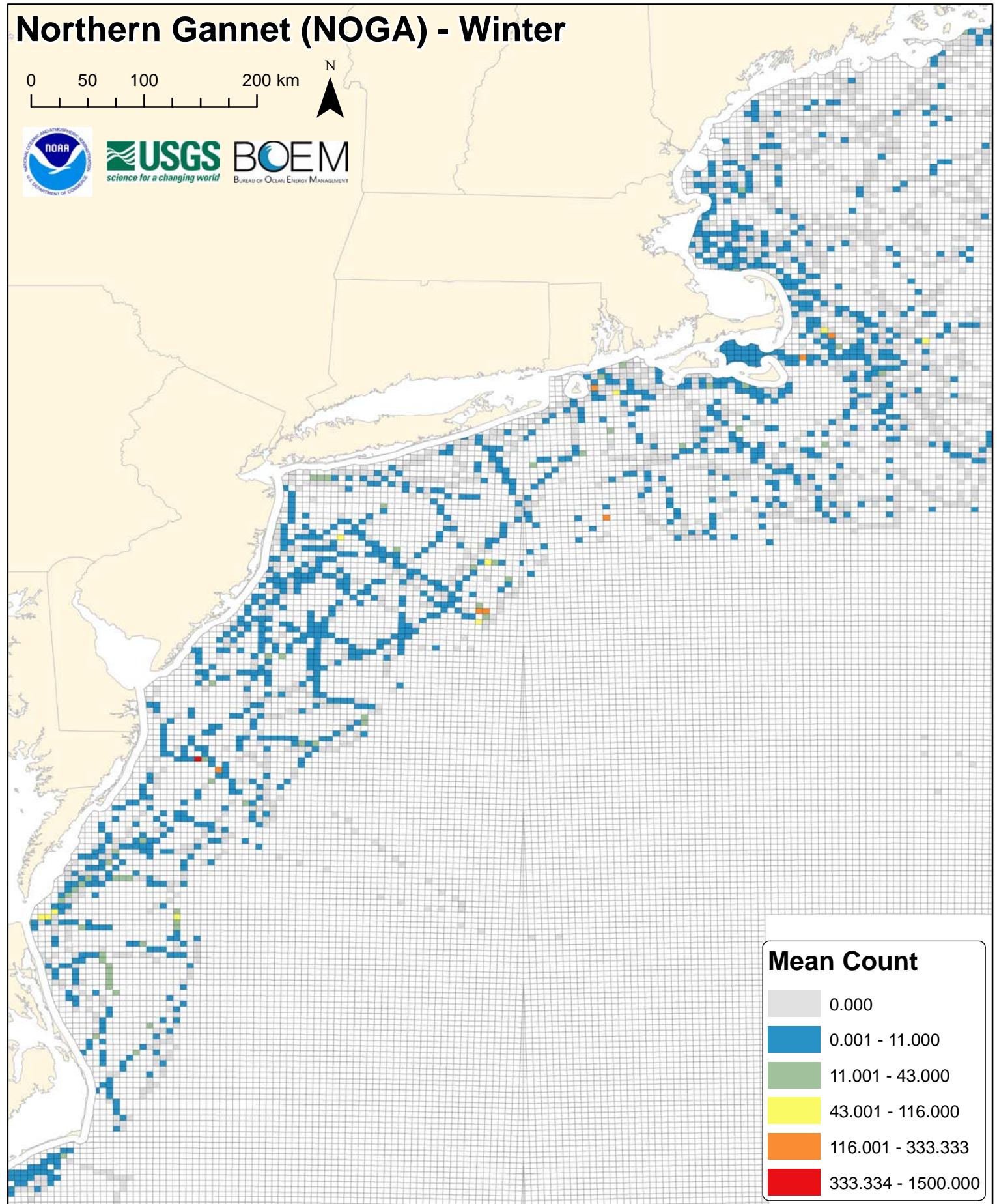
Northern Gannet (NOGA) - Winter

0 50 100 200 km

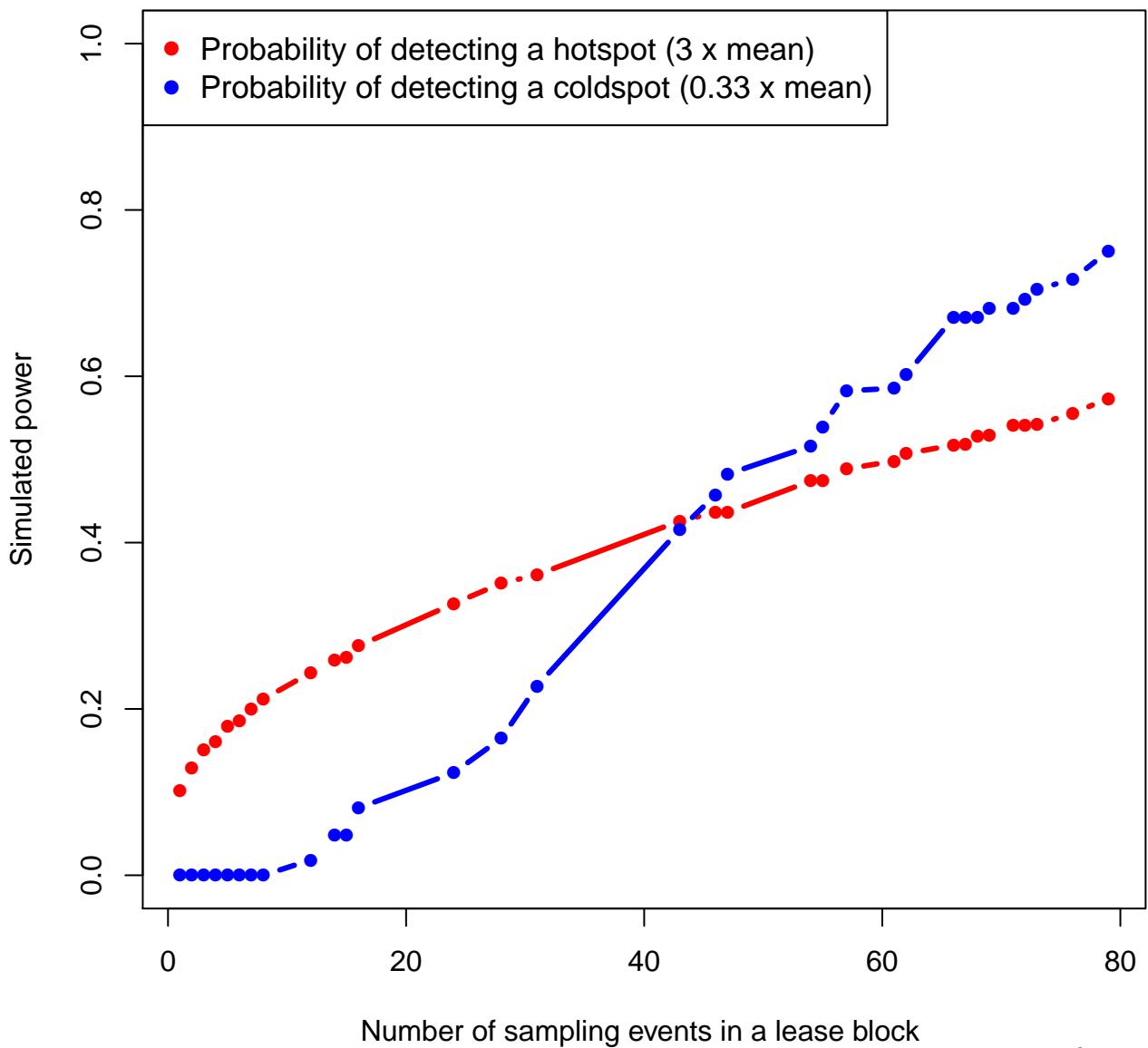


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noga



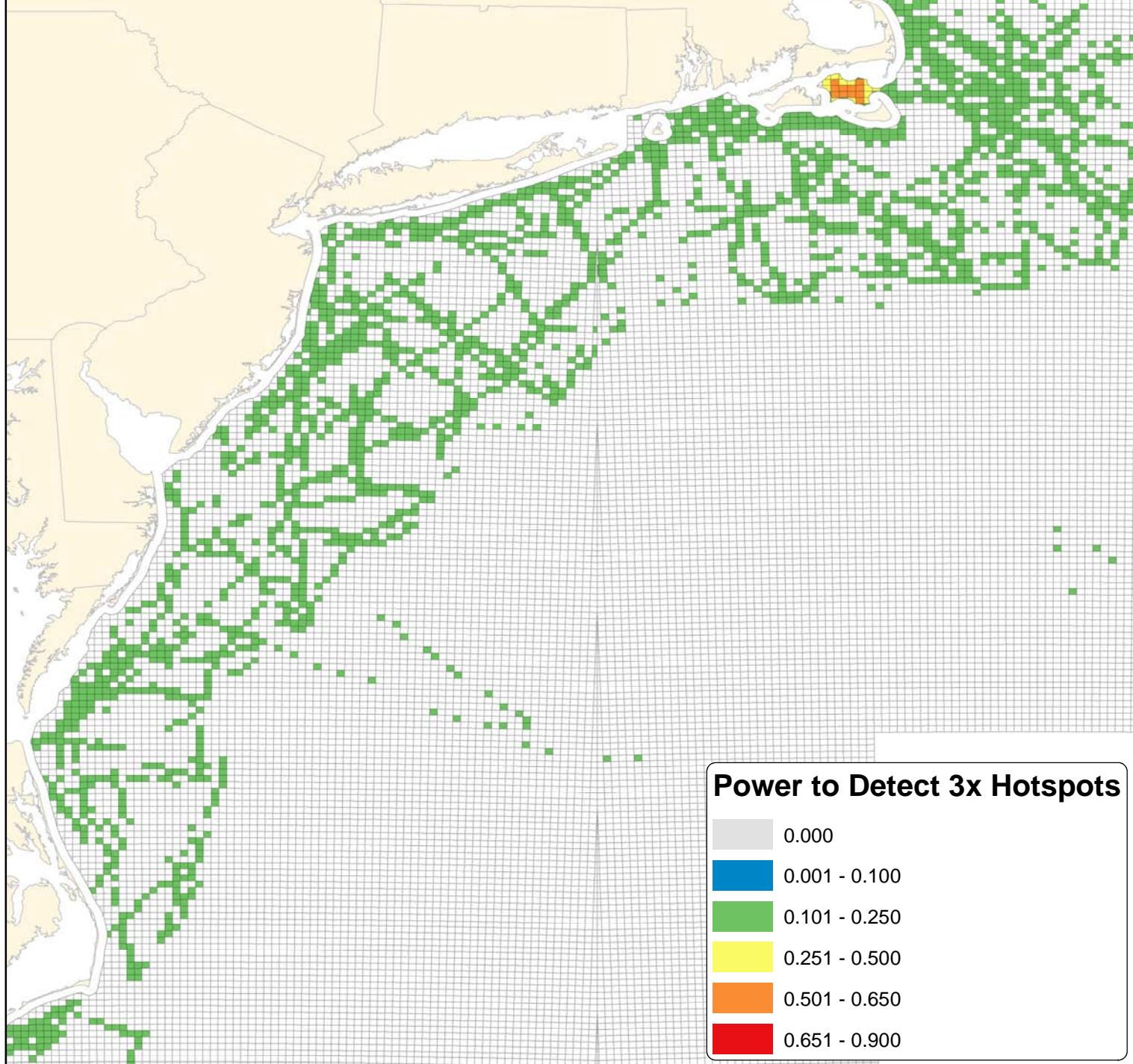
Northern Gannet (NOGA) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Power to Detect 3x Hotspots

0.000
0.001 - 0.100
0.101 - 0.250
0.251 - 0.500
0.501 - 0.650
0.651 - 0.900

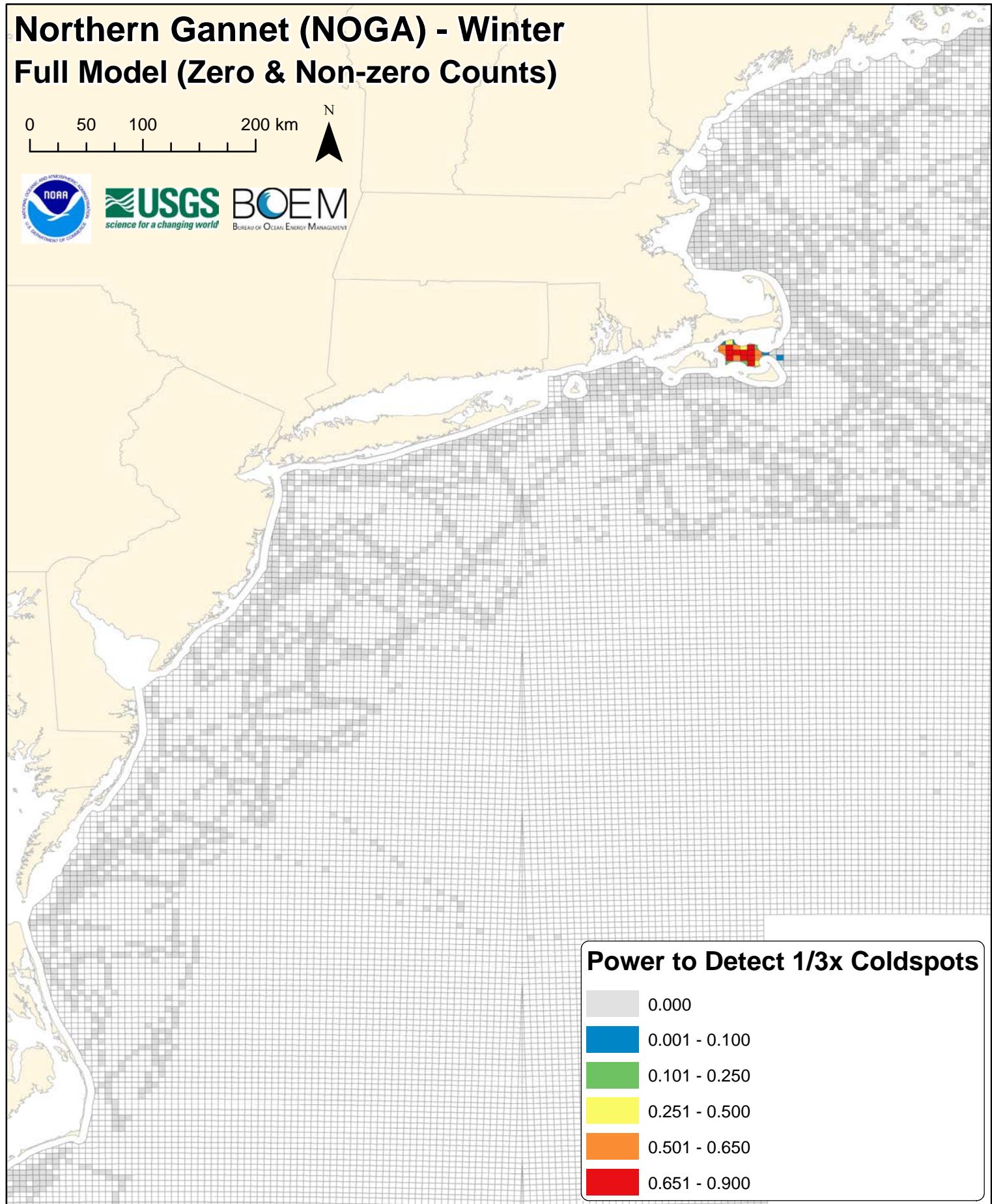
Northern Gannet (NOGA) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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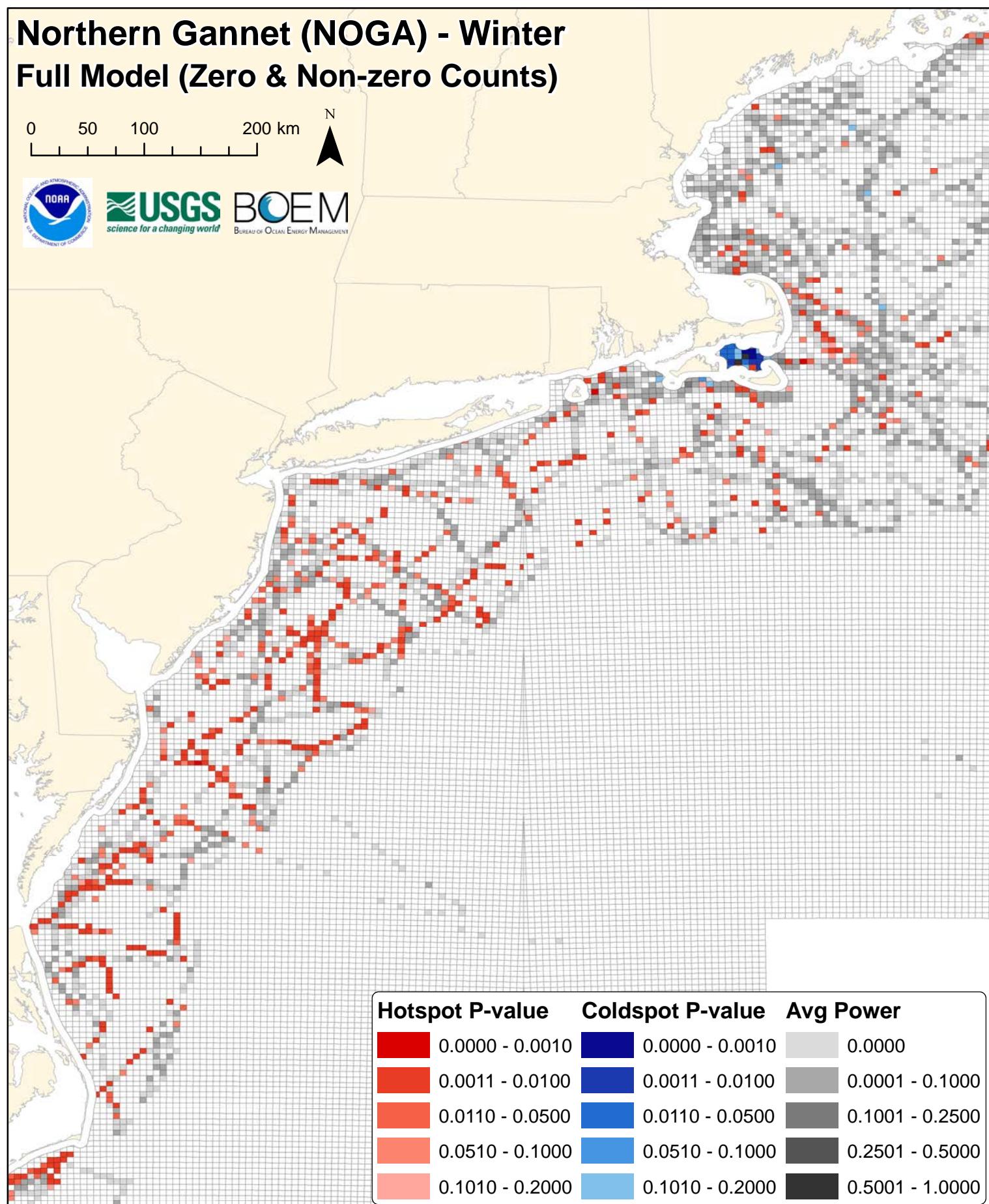
Northern Gannet (NOGA) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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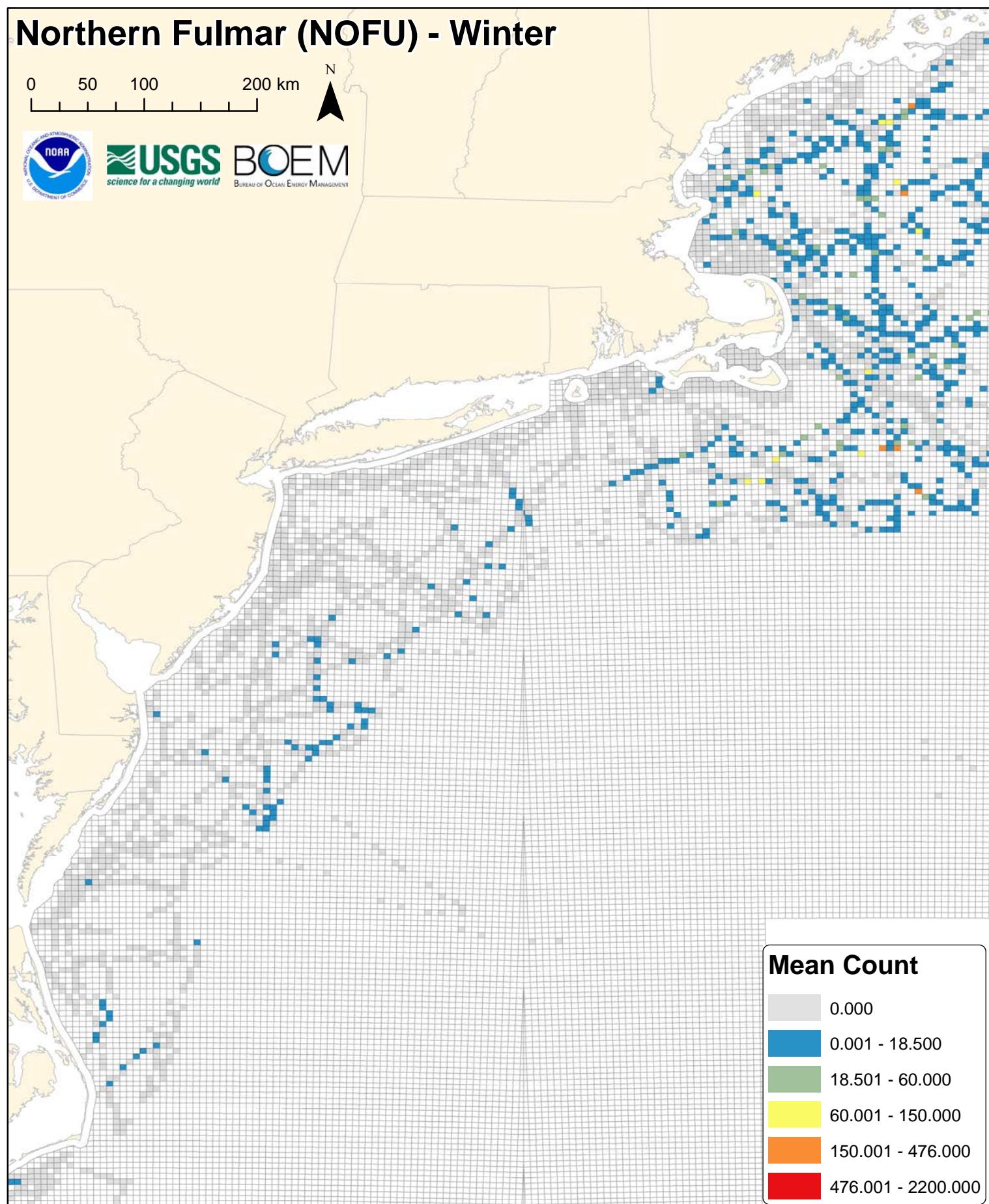
Northern Fulmar (NOFU) - Winter

0 50 100 200 km

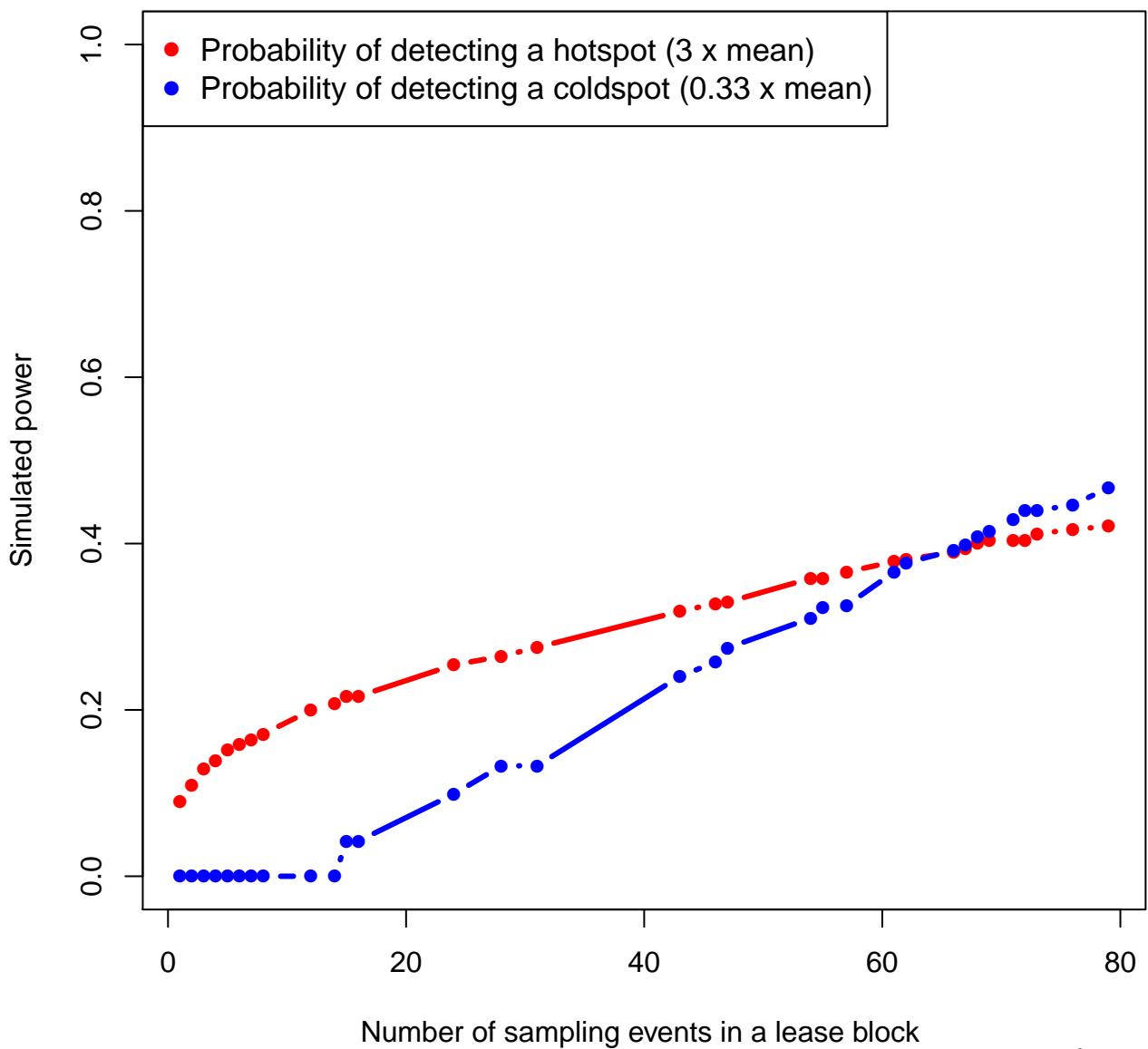


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nofu



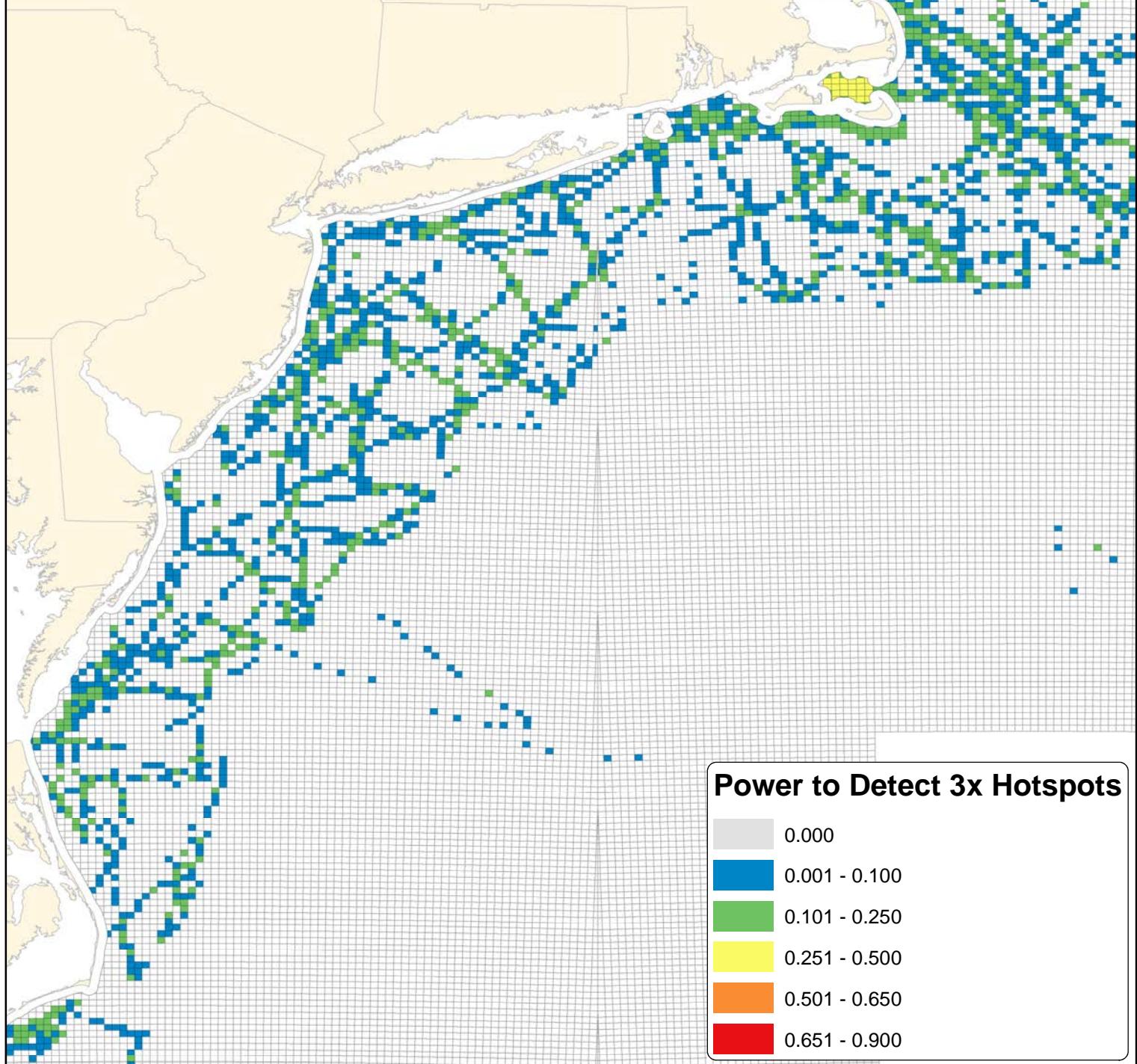
Northern Fulmar (NOFU) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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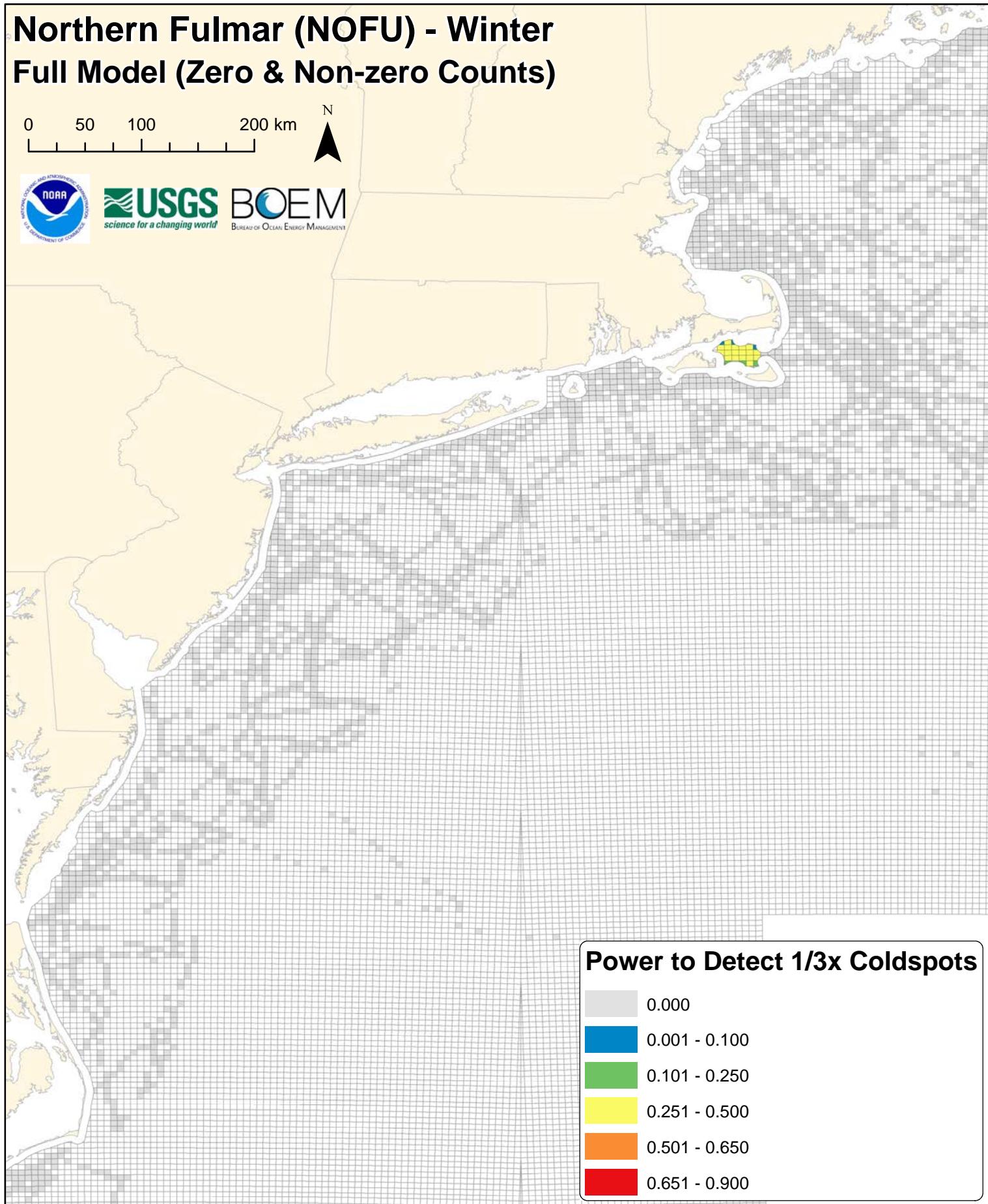
Northern Fulmar (NOFU) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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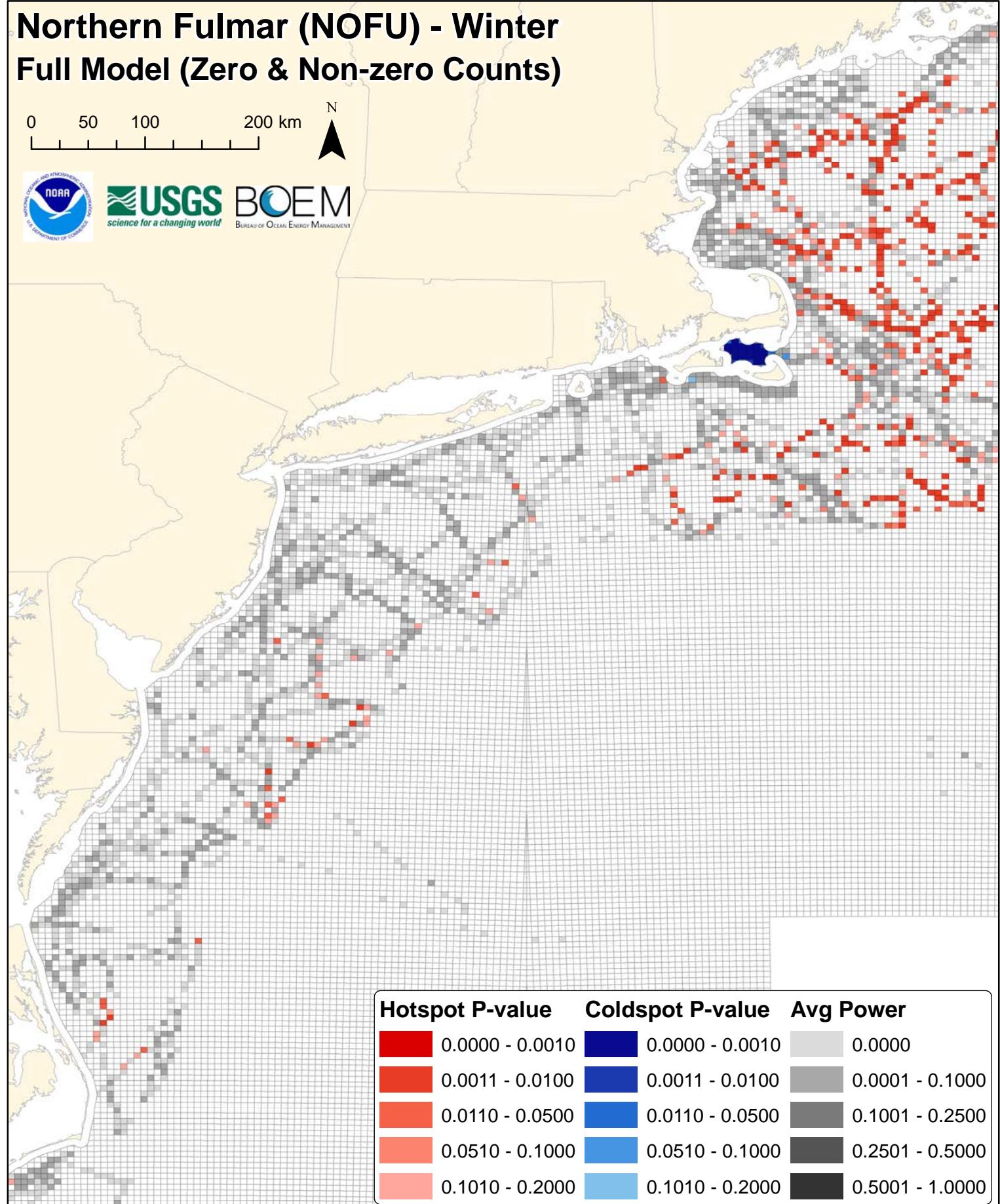
Northern Fulmar (NOFU) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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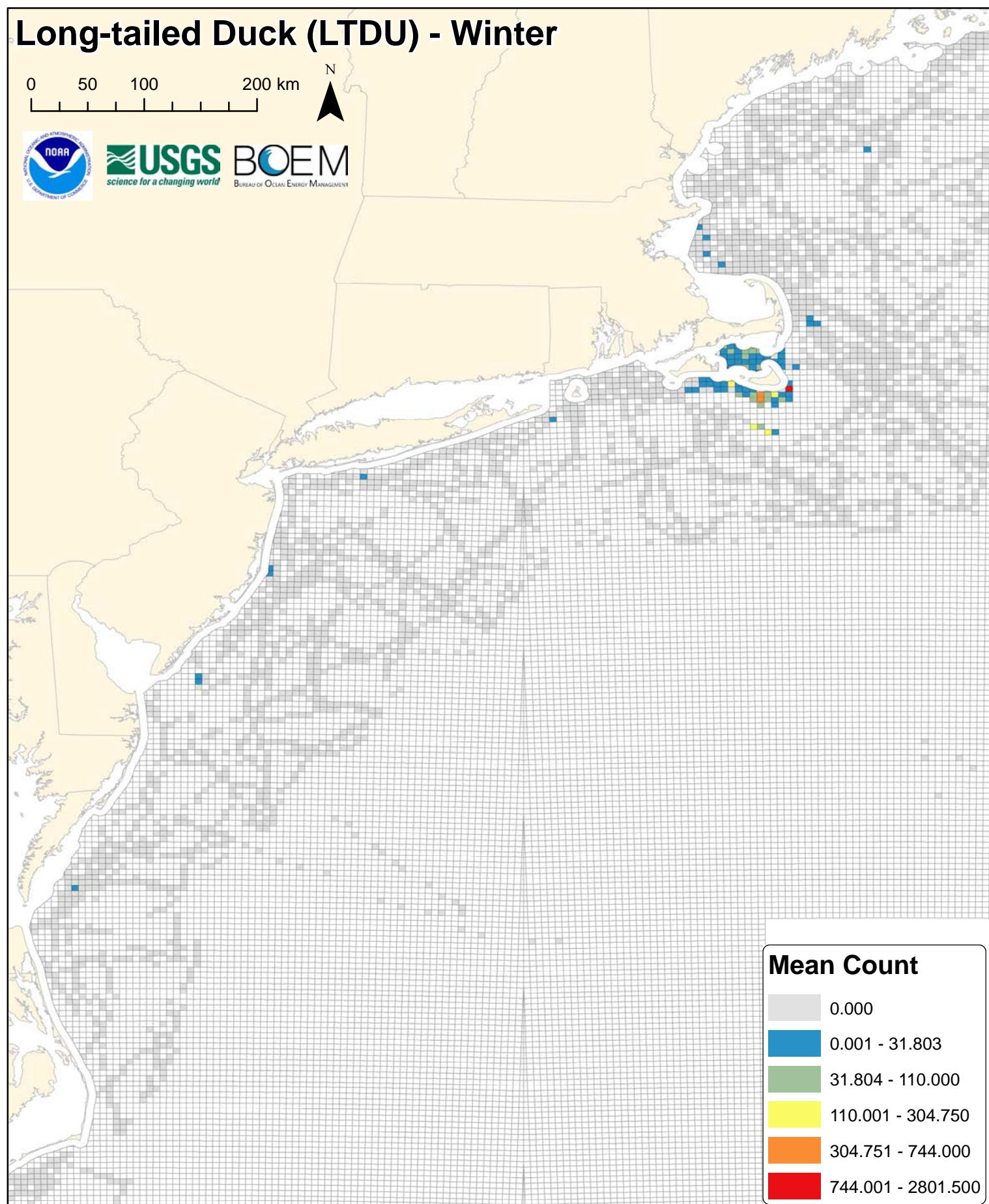
Long-tailed Duck (LTDU) - Winter

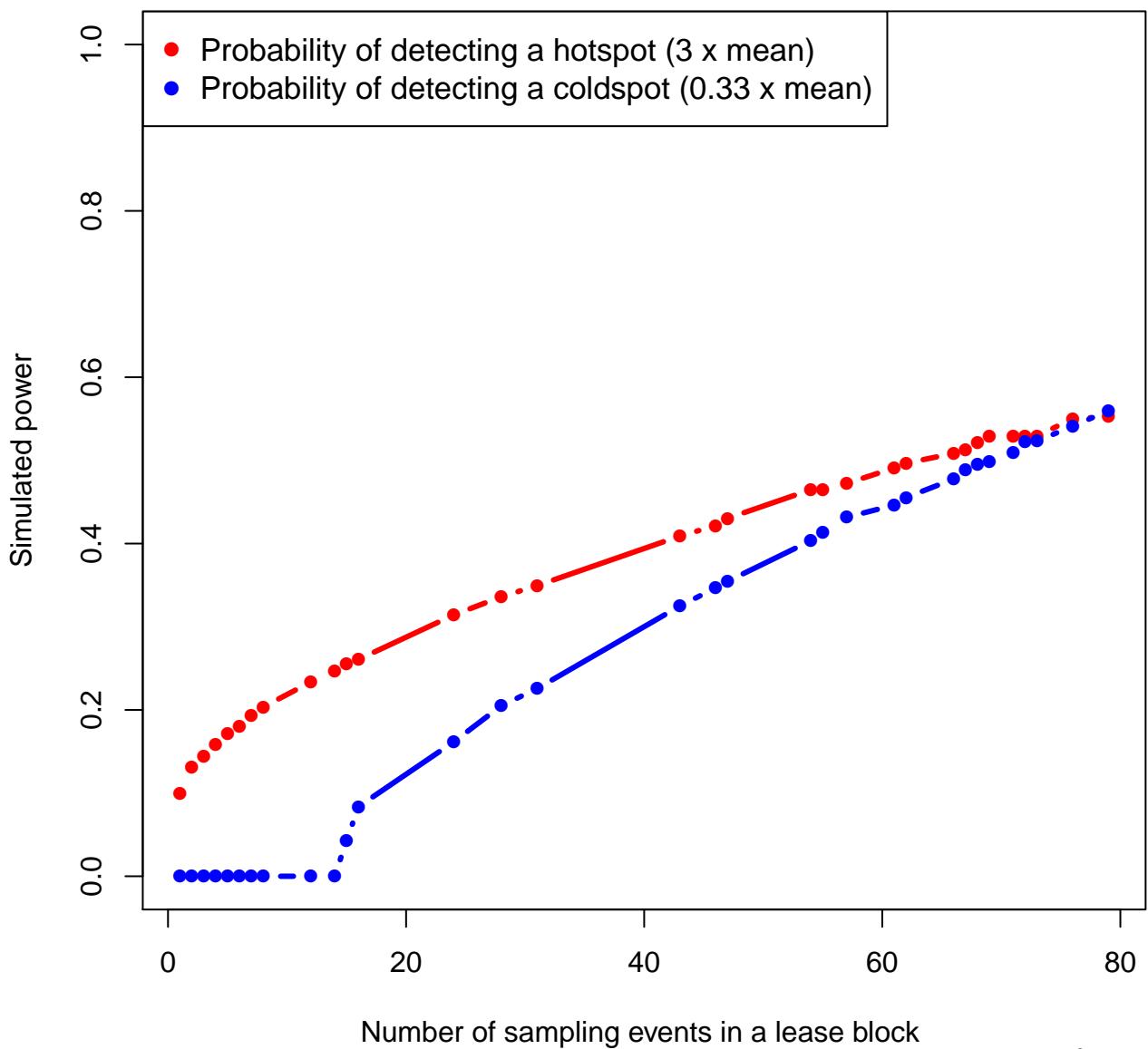
0 50 100 200 km



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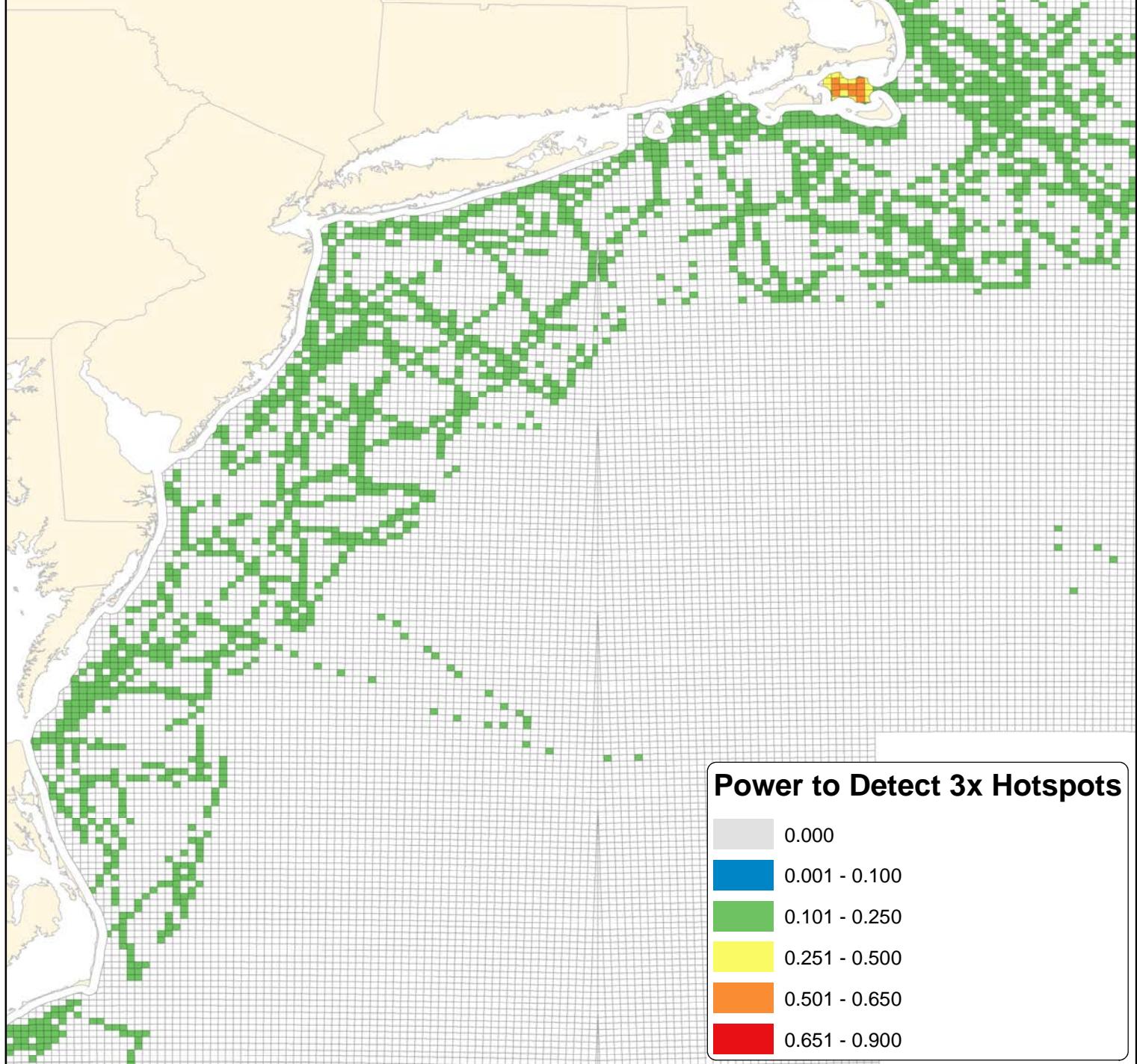
Long-tailed Duck (LTDU) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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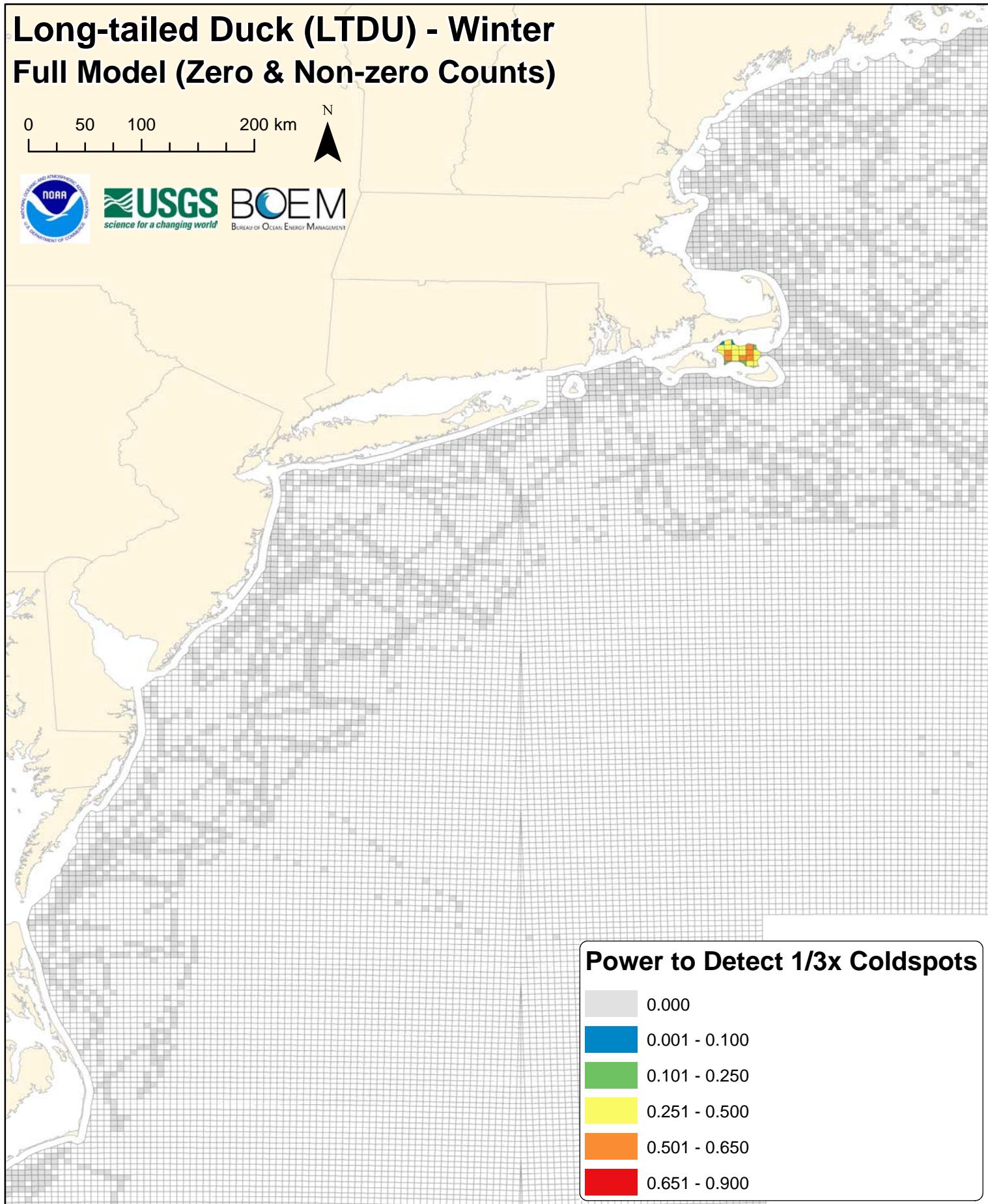
Long-tailed Duck (LTDU) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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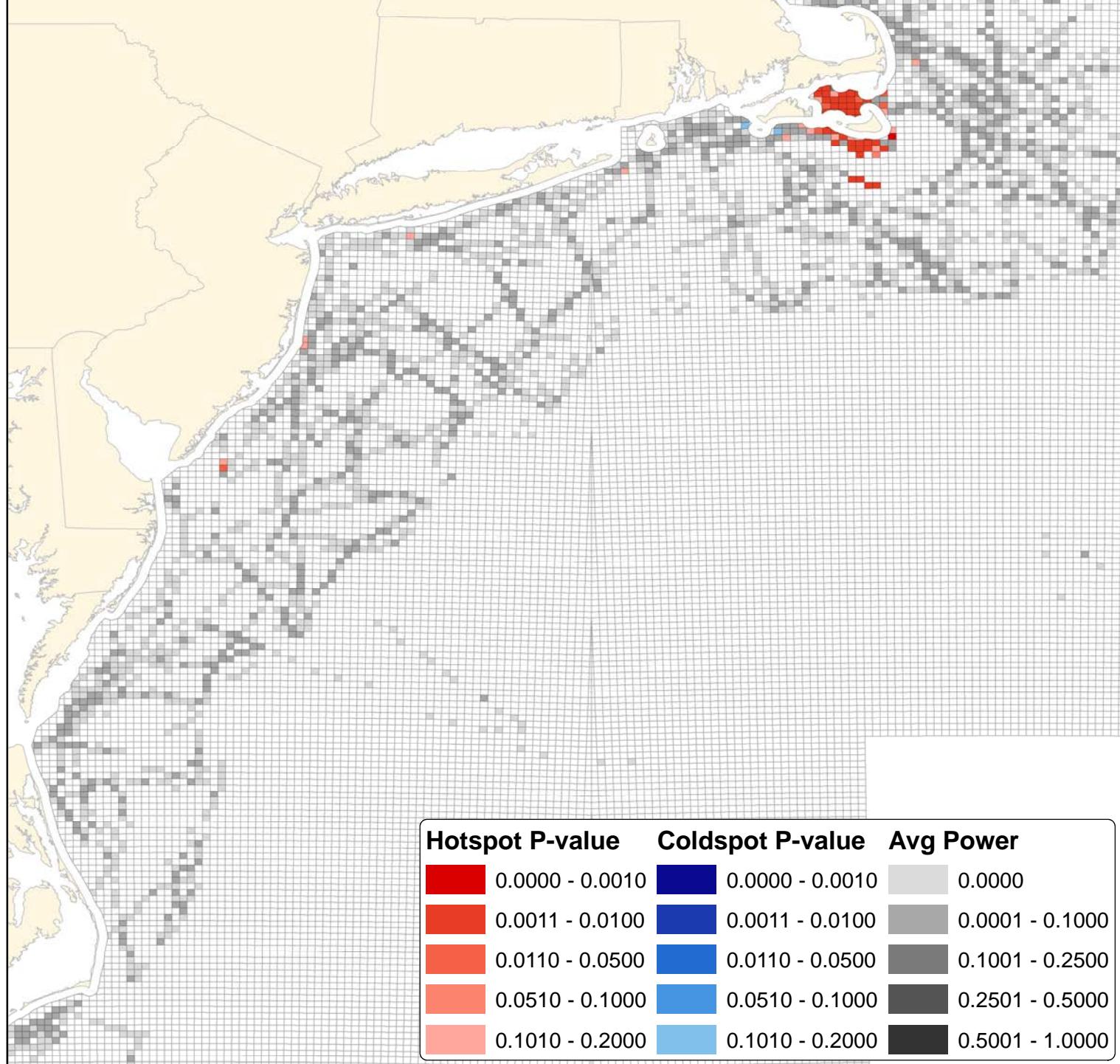
Long-tailed Duck (LTDU) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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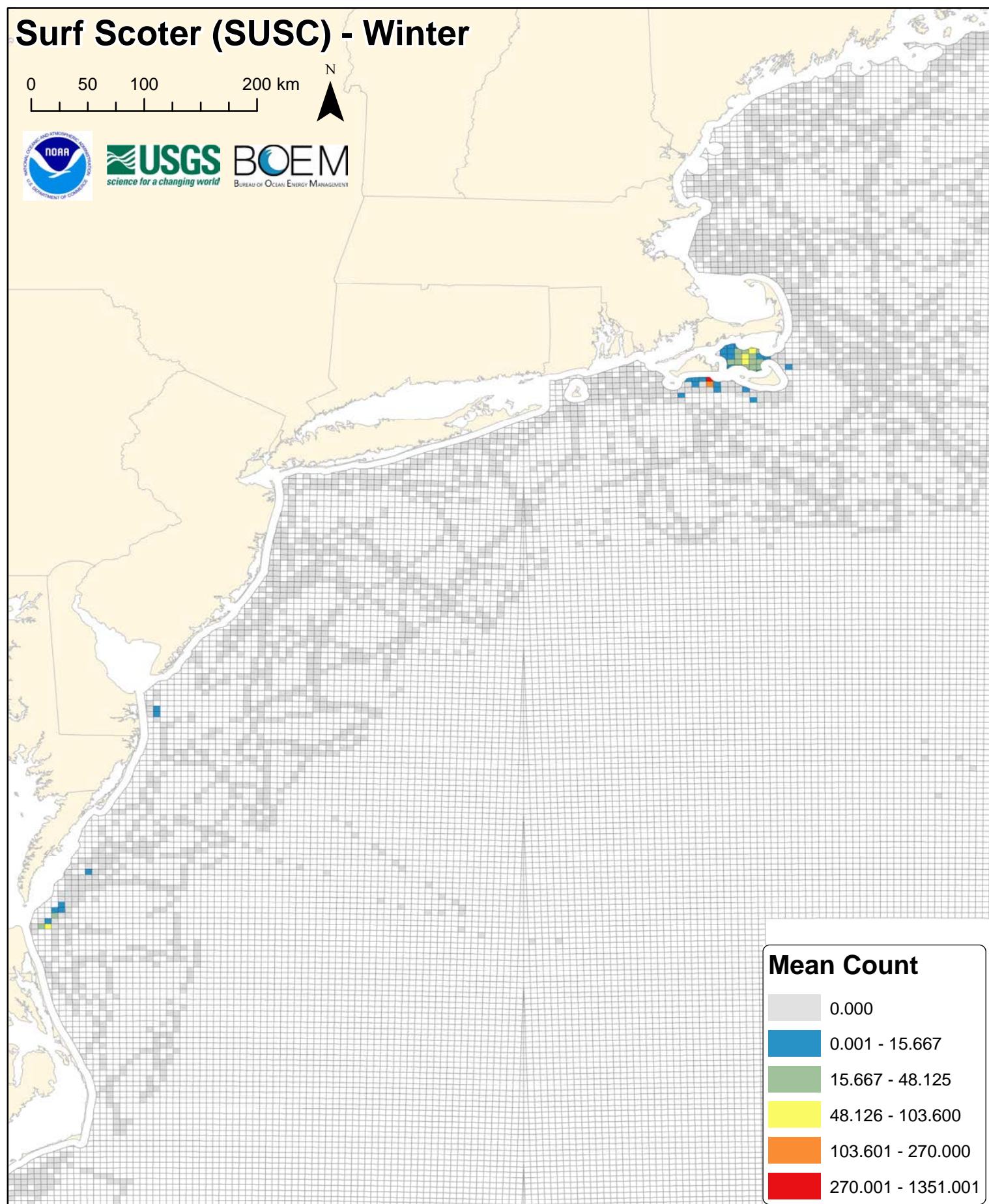
Surf Scoter (SUSC) - Winter

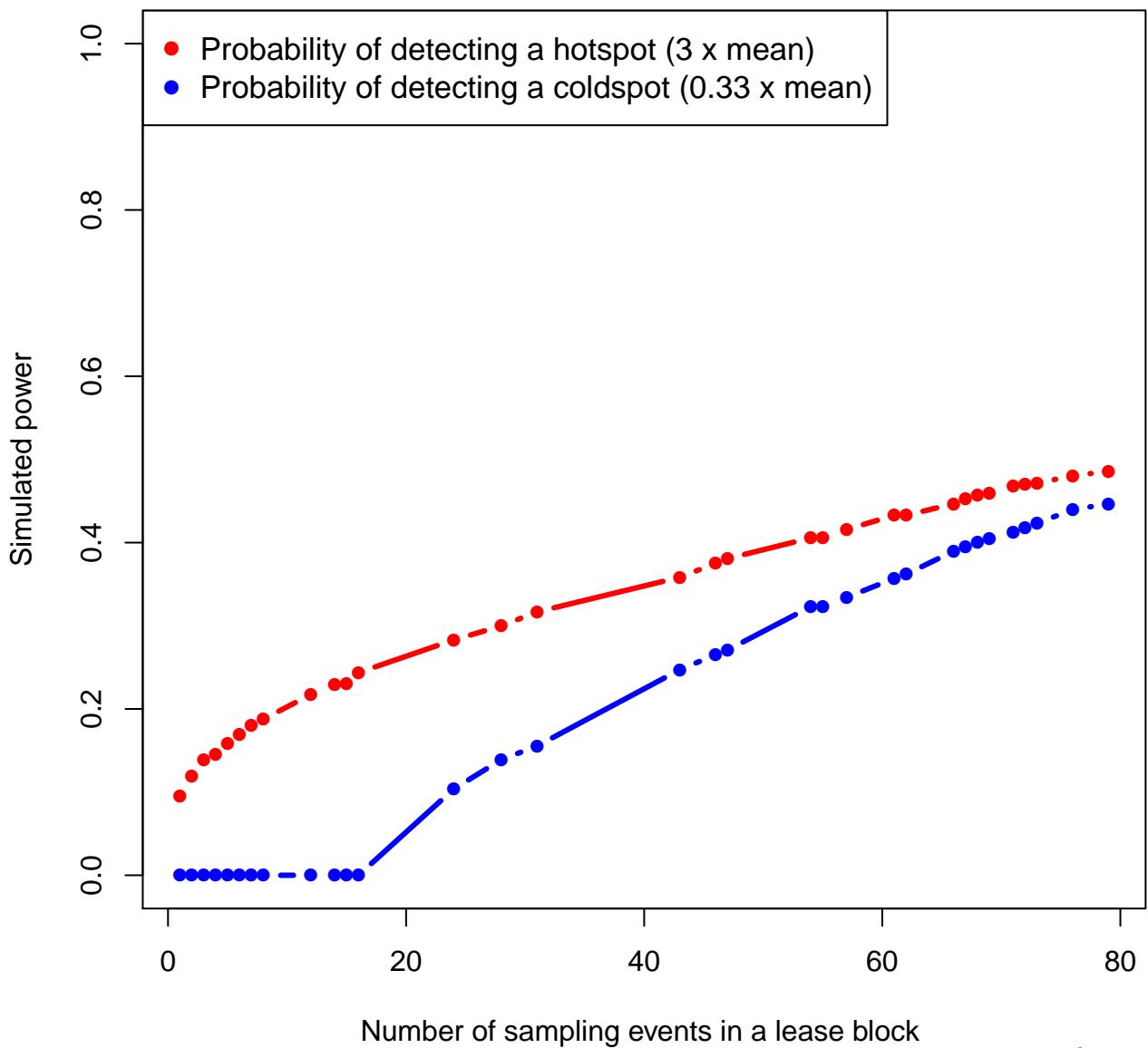
0 50 100 200 km



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susc

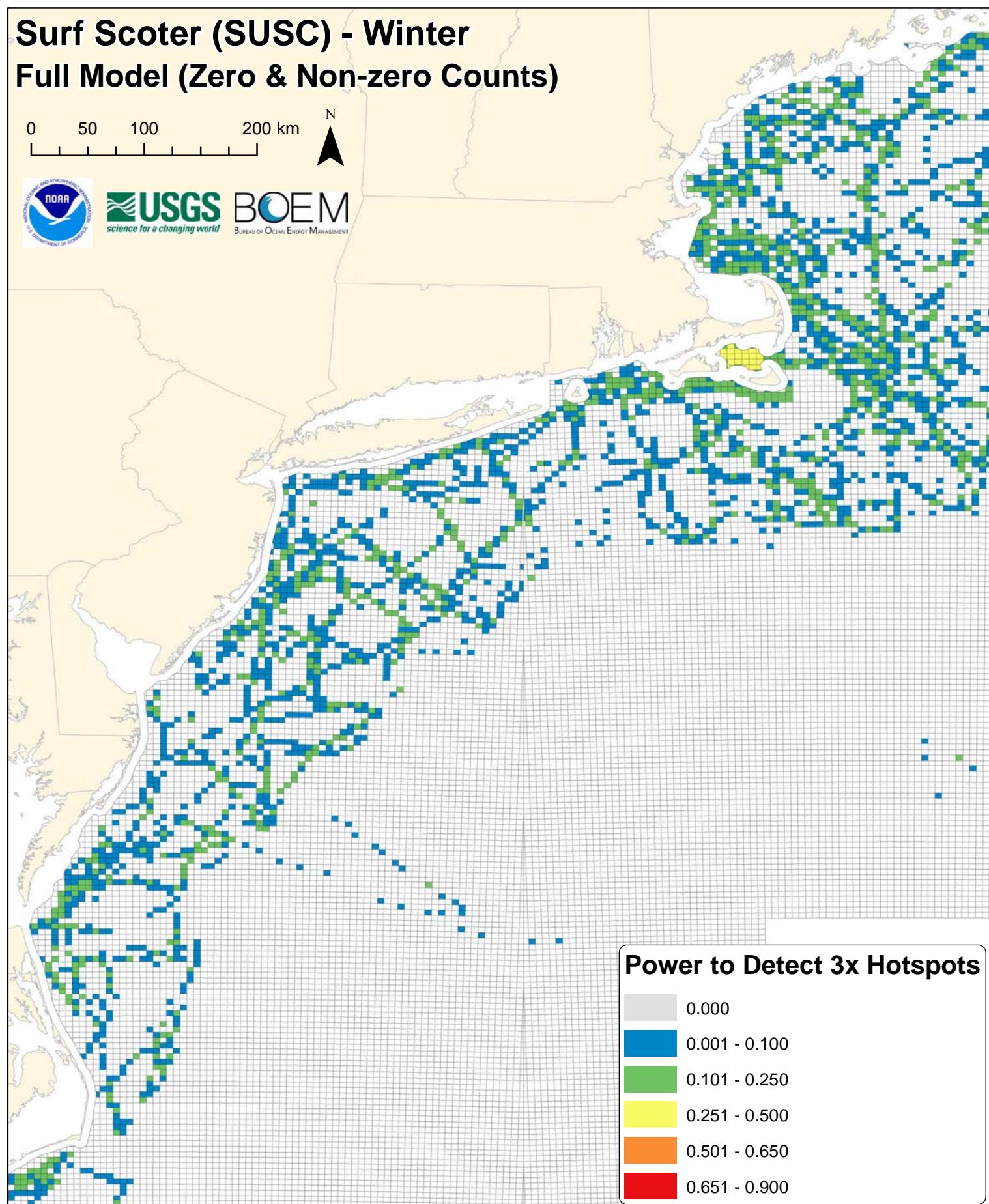
Surf Scoter (SUSC) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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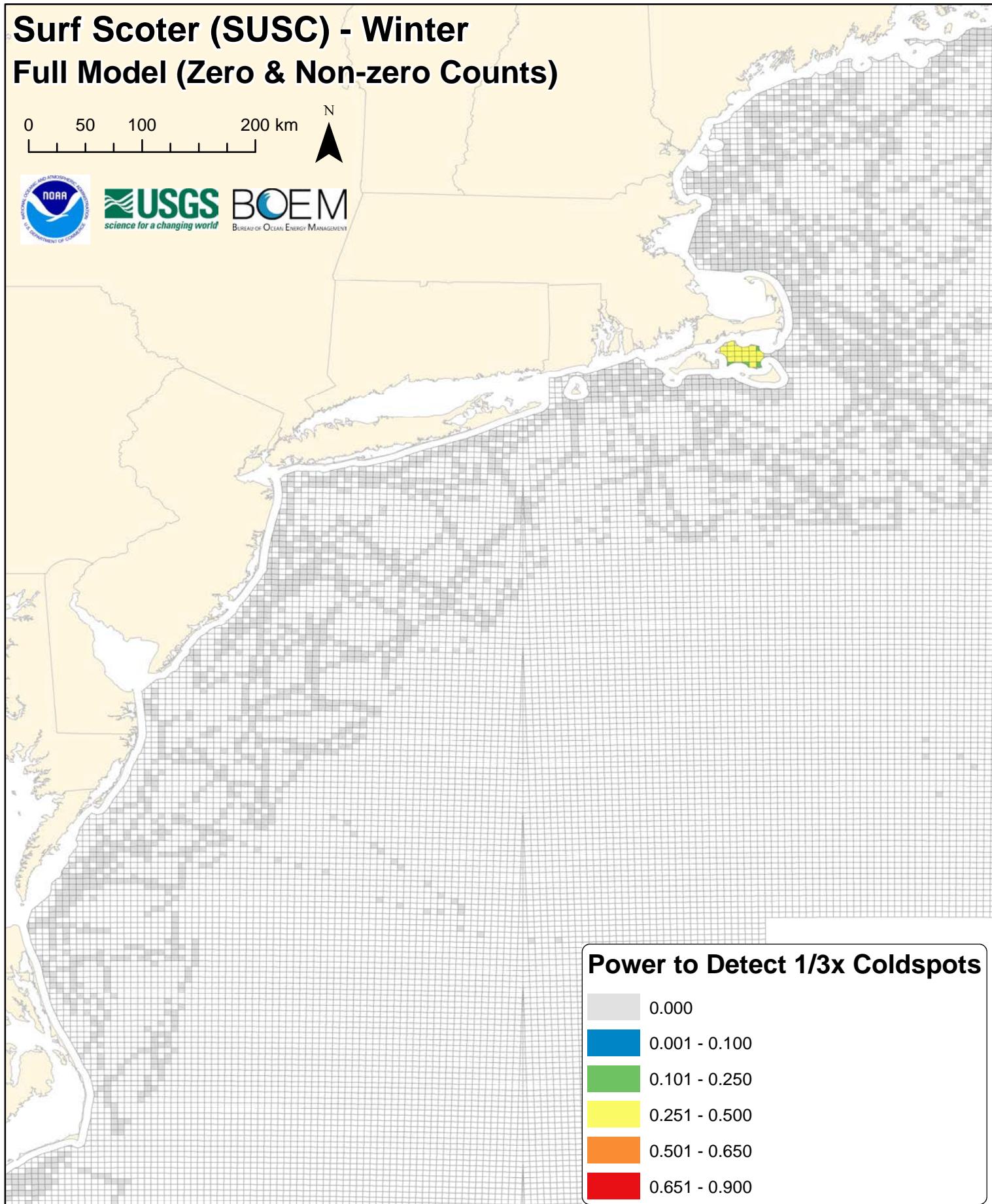
Surf Scoter (SUSC) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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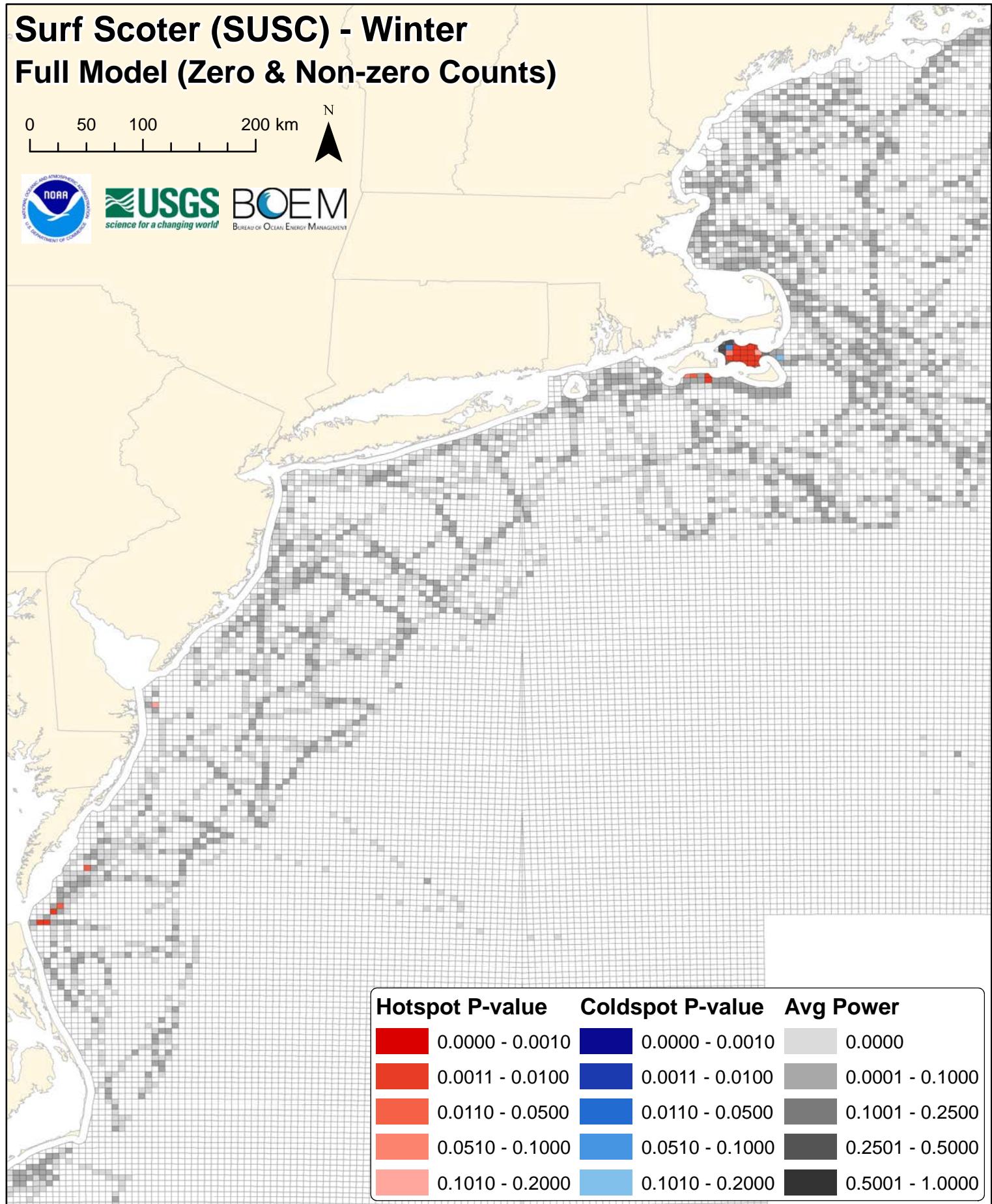
Surf Scoter (SUSC) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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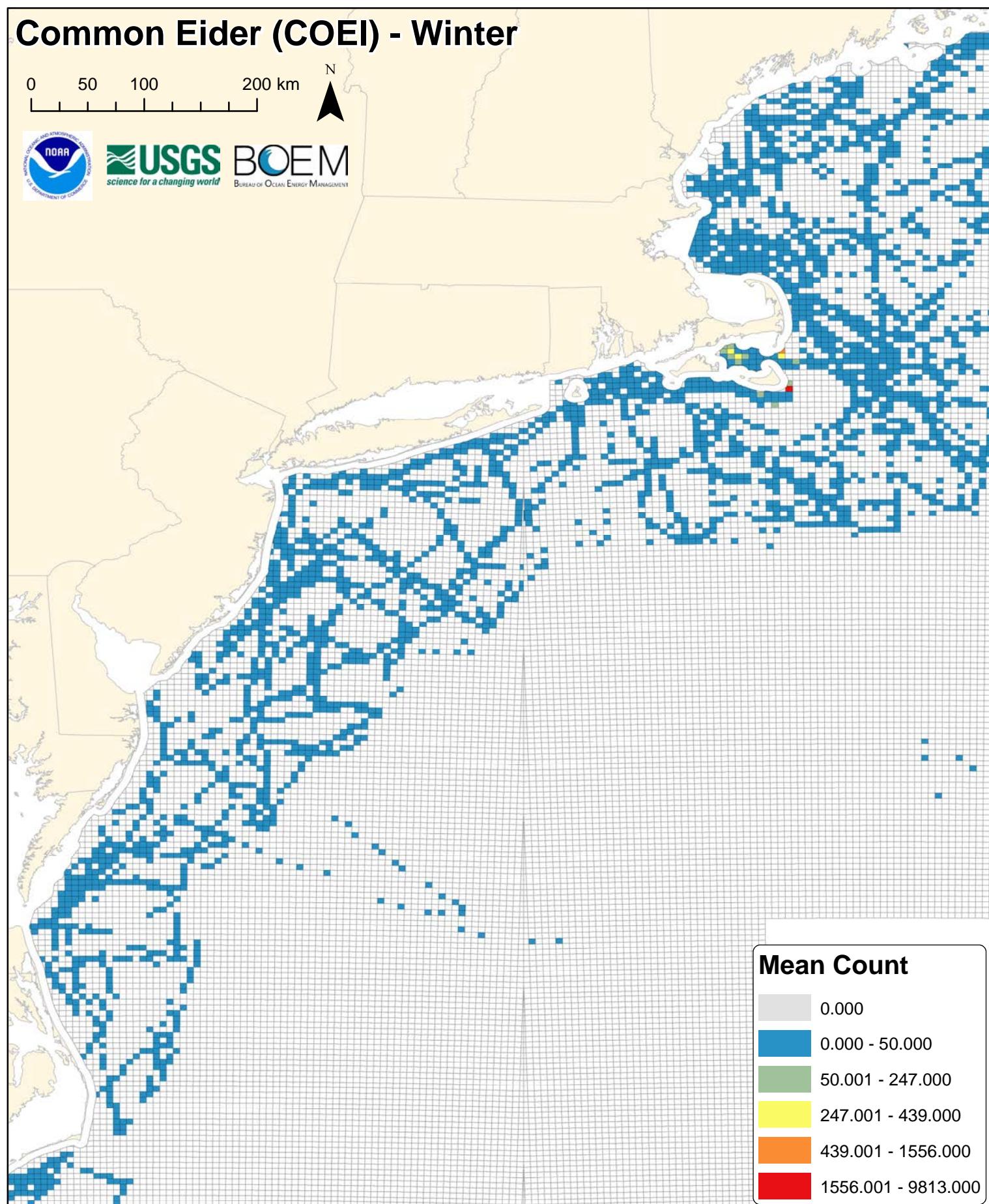
Common Eider (COEI) - Winter

0 50 100 200 km



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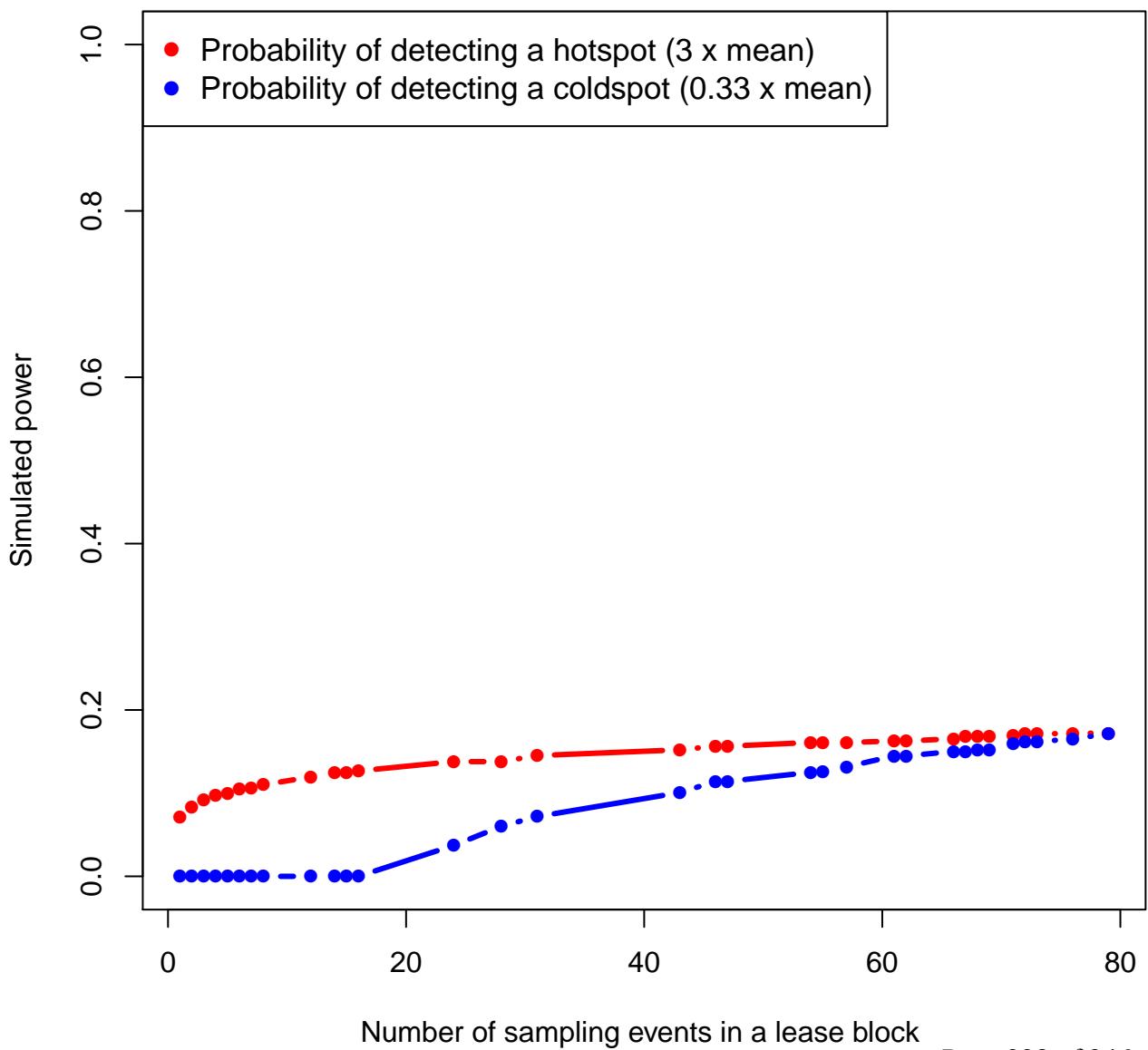
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Mean Count

0.000
0.000 - 50.000
50.001 - 247.000
247.001 - 439.000
439.001 - 1556.000
1556.001 - 9813.000

coei



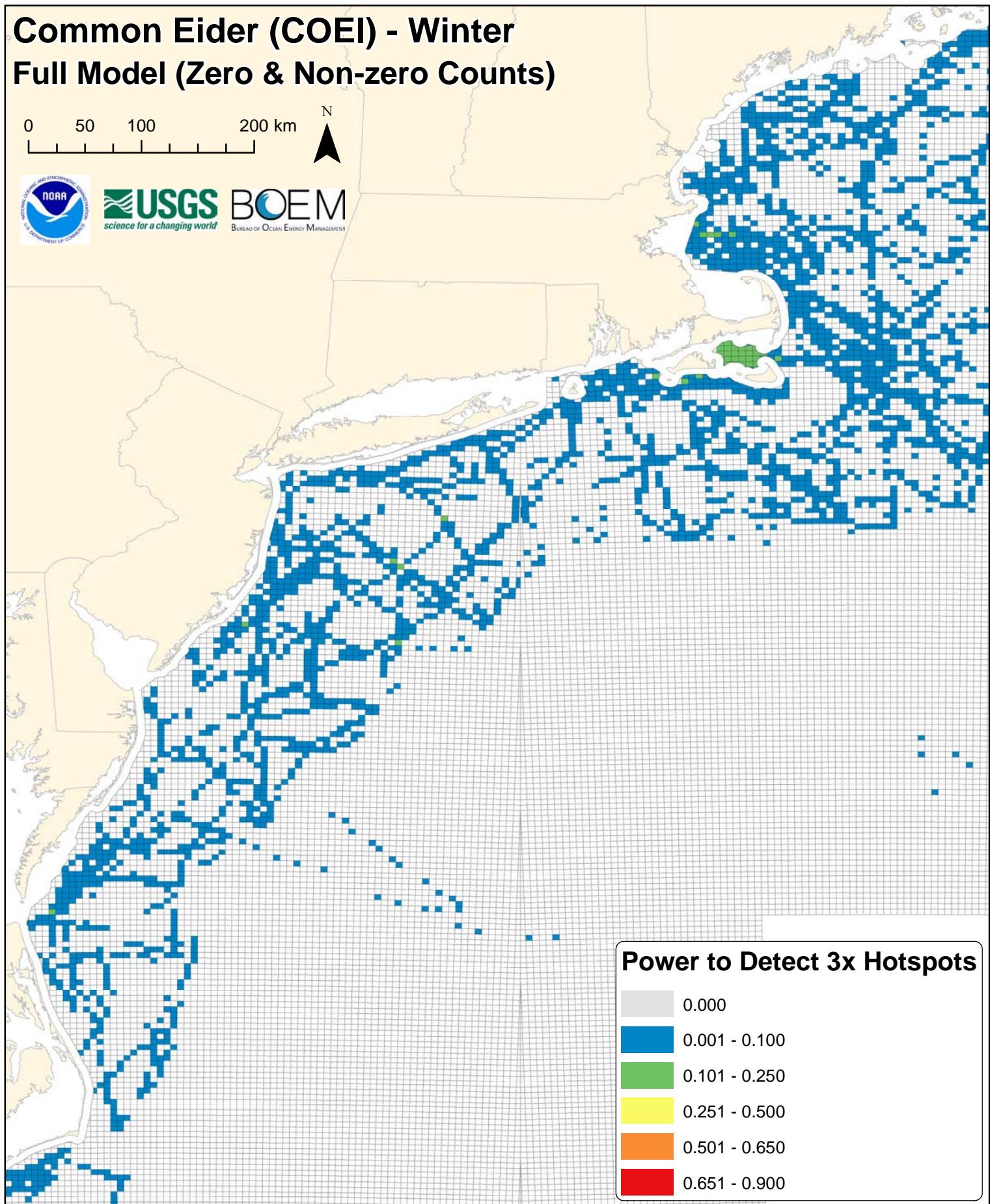
Common Eider (COEI) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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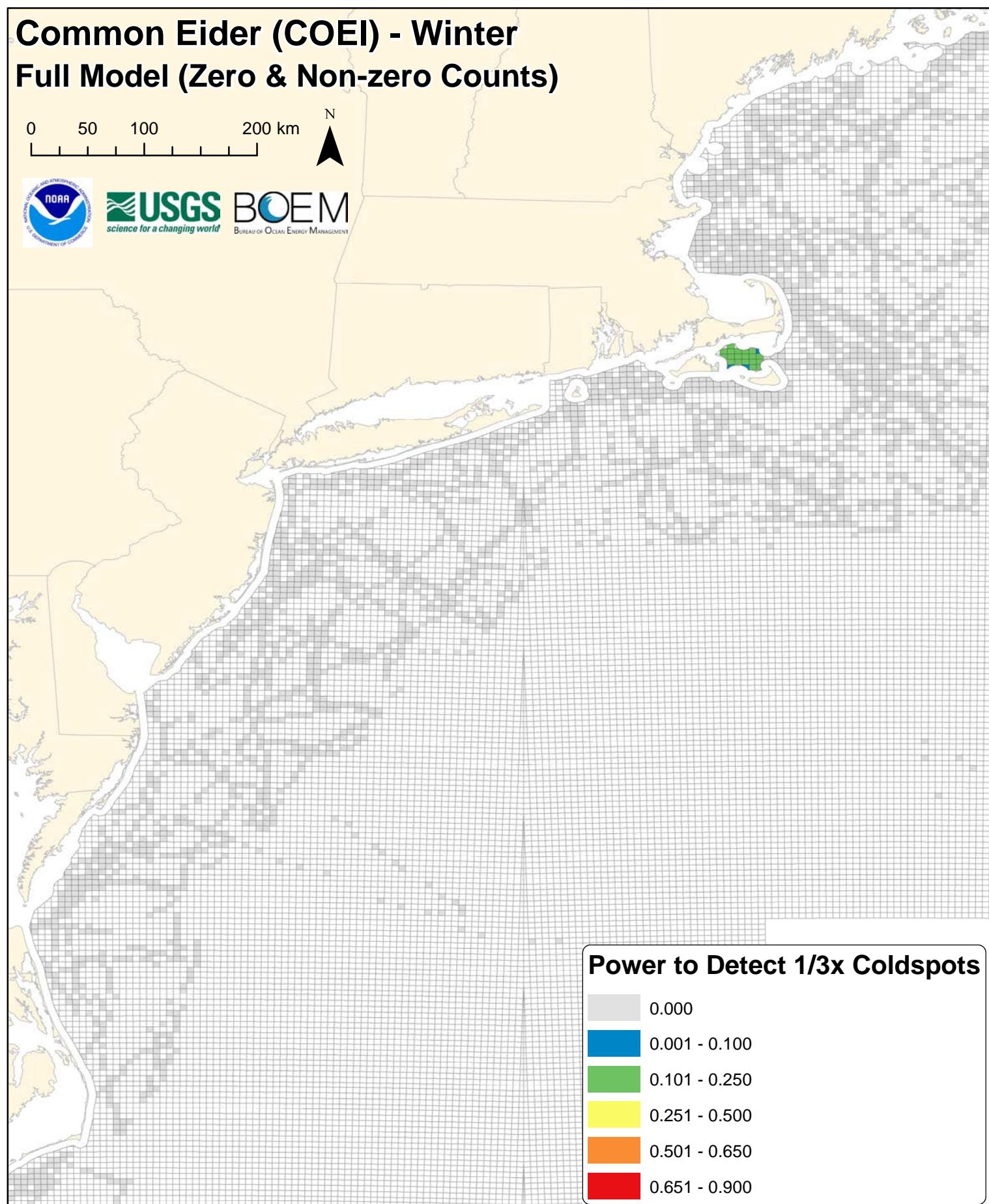
Common Eider (COEI) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Power to Detect 1/3x Coldspots

	0.000
	0.001 - 0.100
	0.101 - 0.250
	0.251 - 0.500
	0.501 - 0.650
	0.651 - 0.900

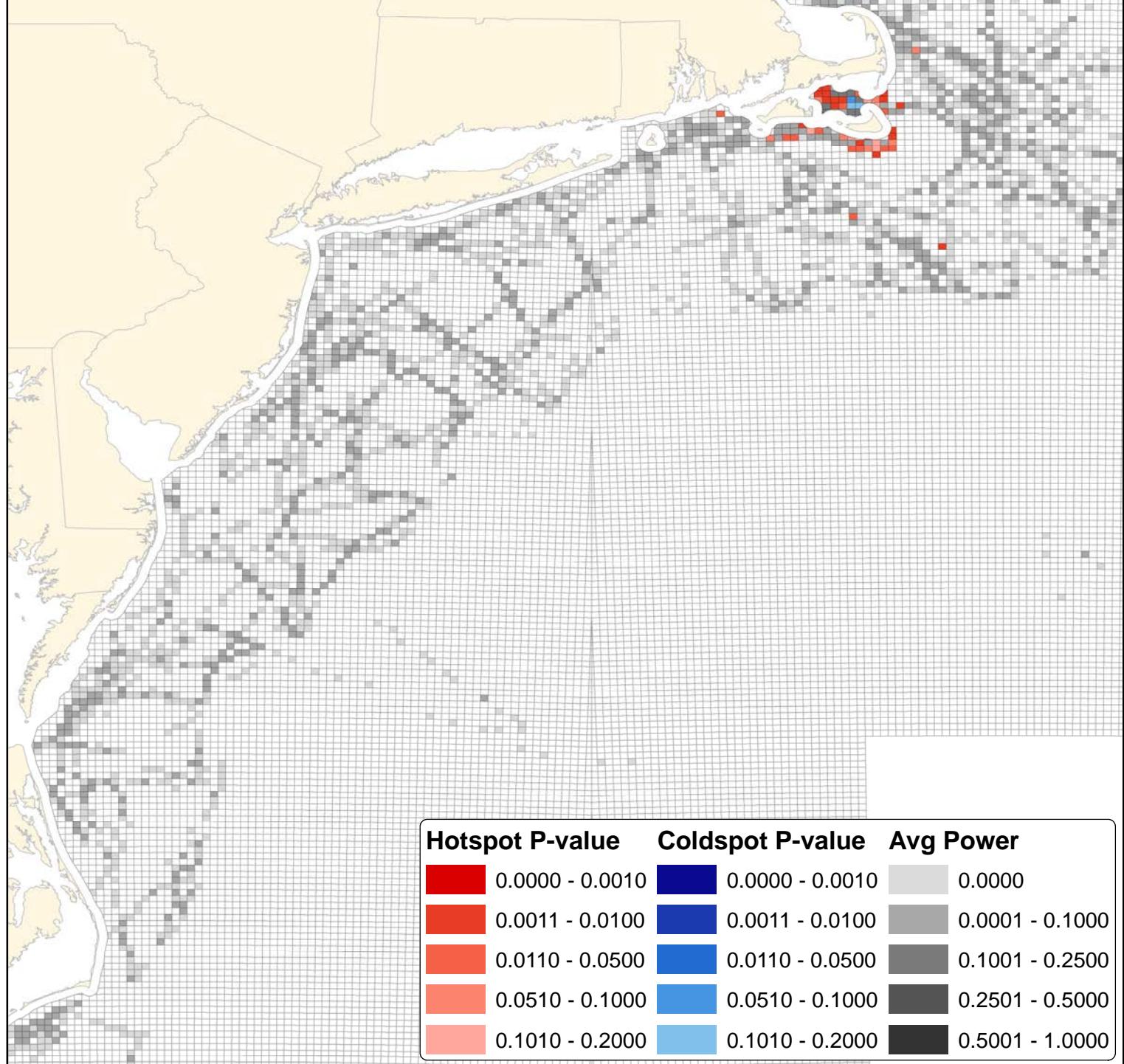
Common Eider (COEI) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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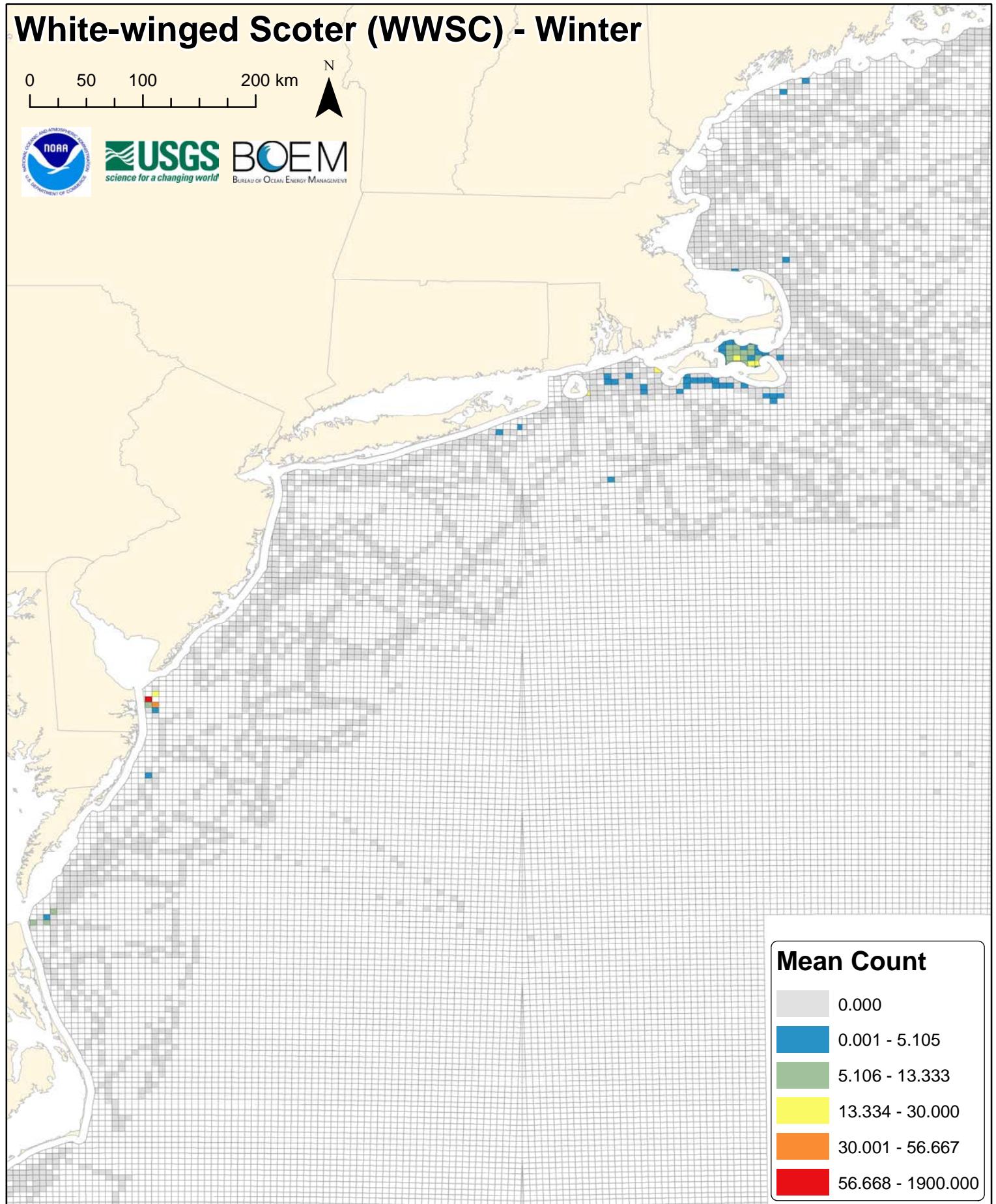
White-winged Scoter (WWSC) - Winter

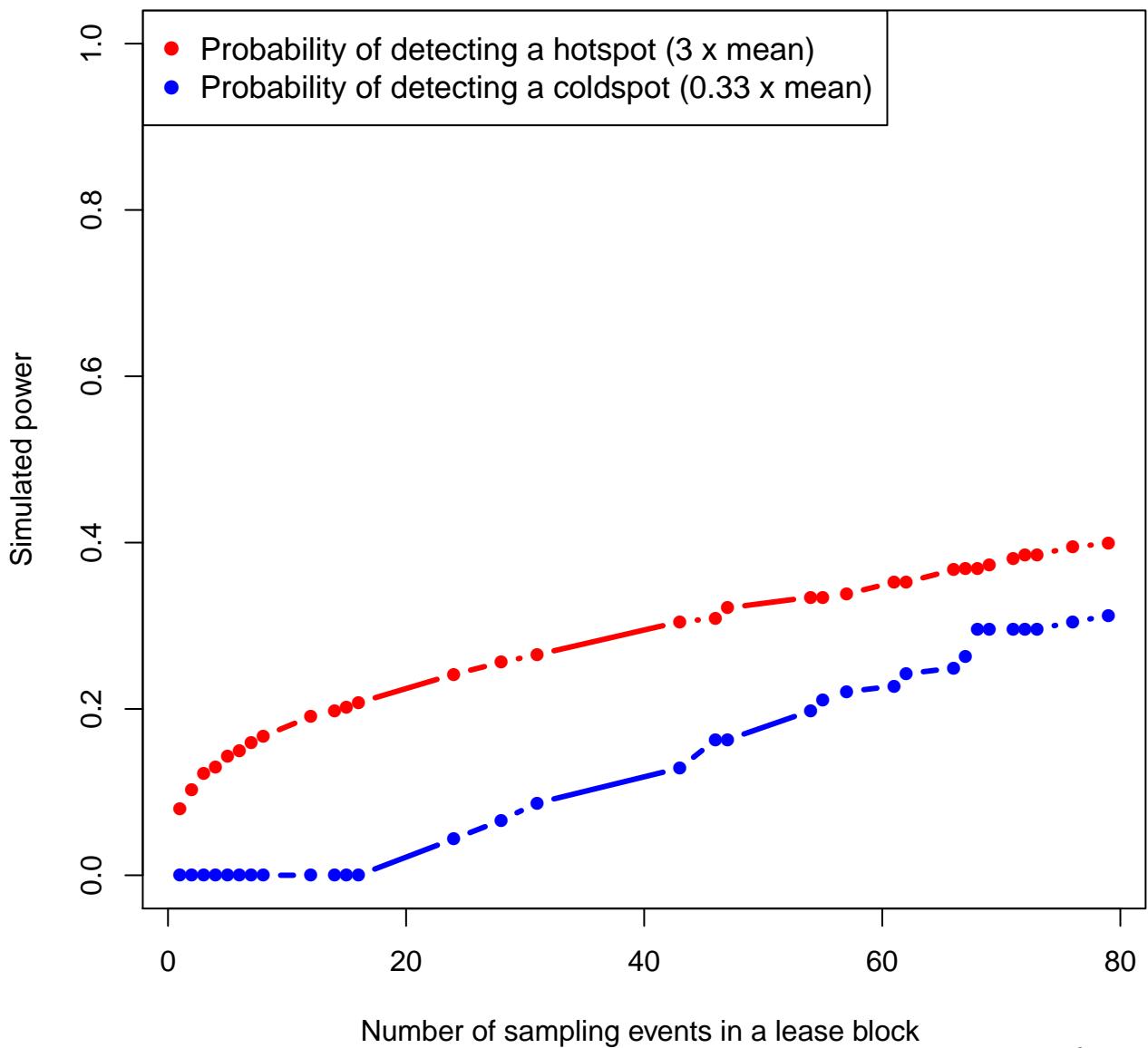
0 50 100 200 km



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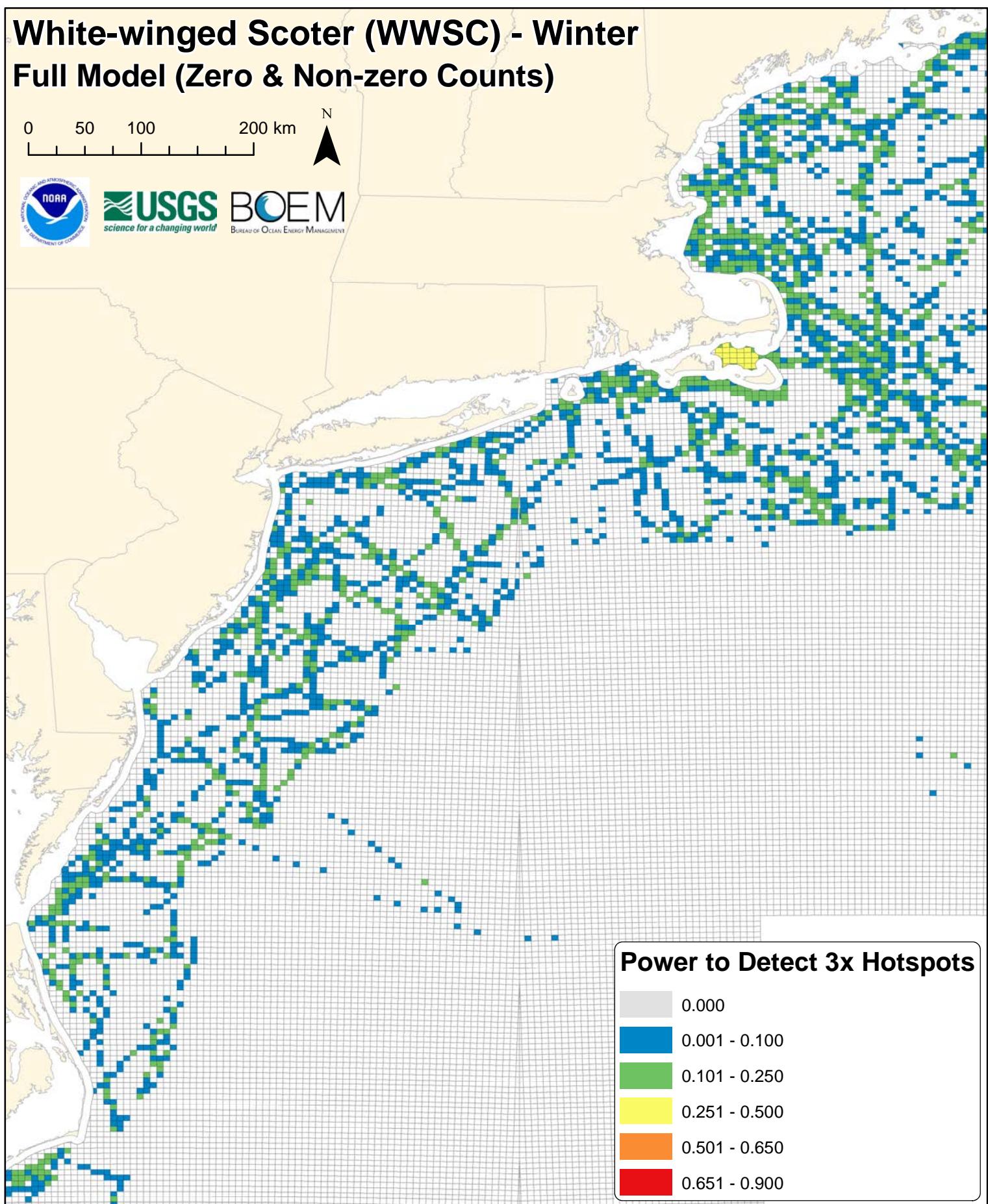
White-winged Scoter (WWSC) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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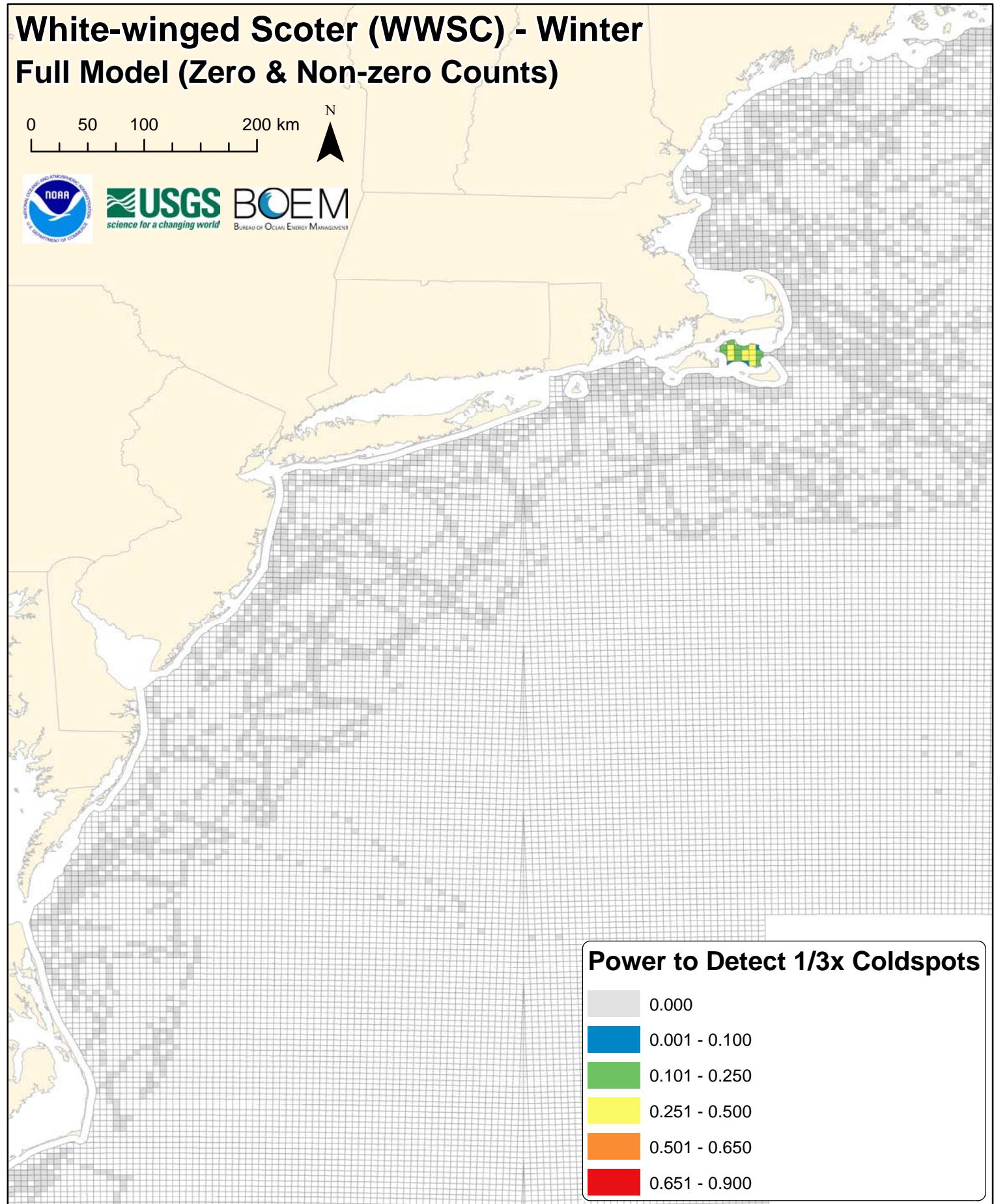
White-winged Scoter (WWSC) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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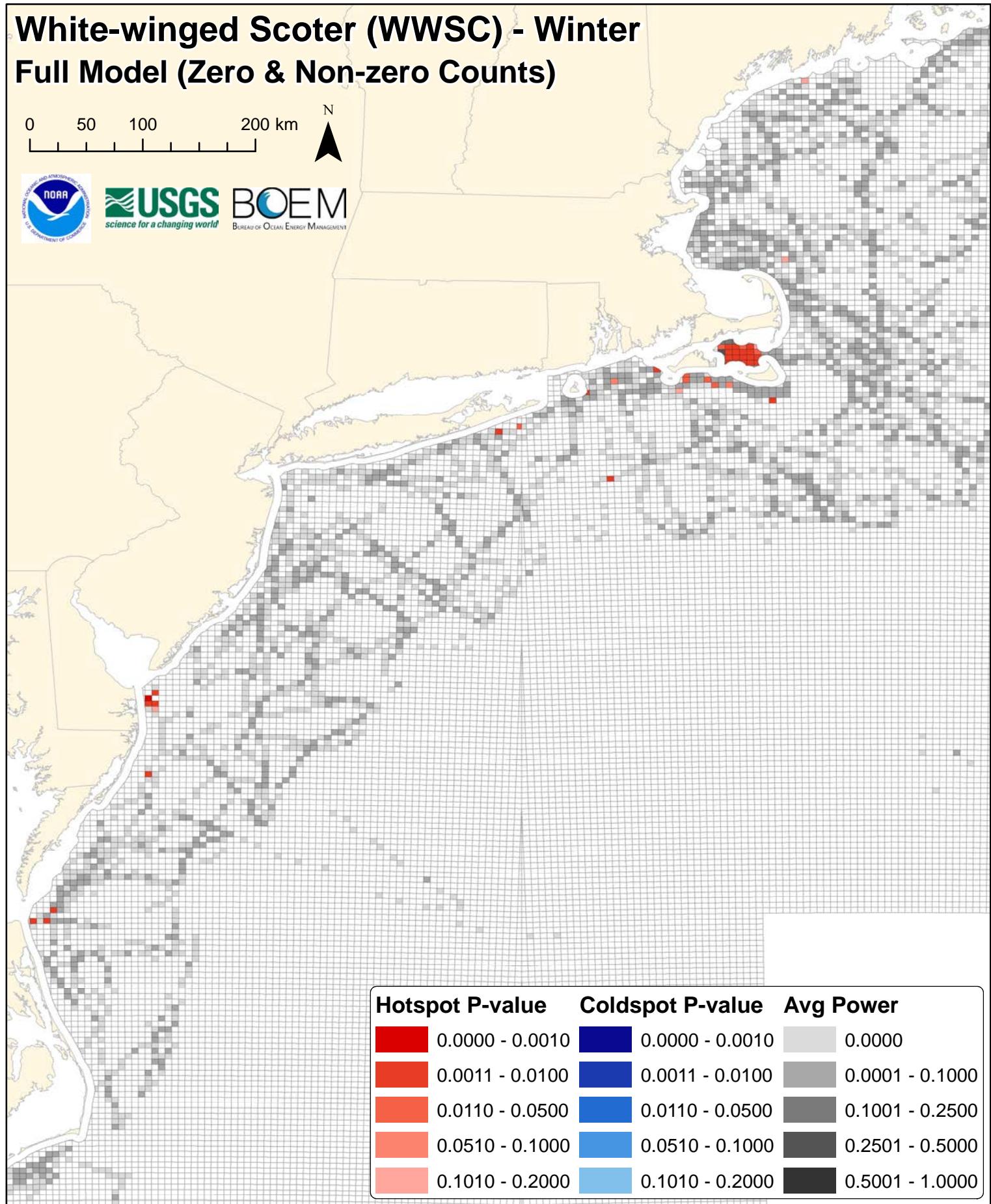
White-winged Scoter (WWSC) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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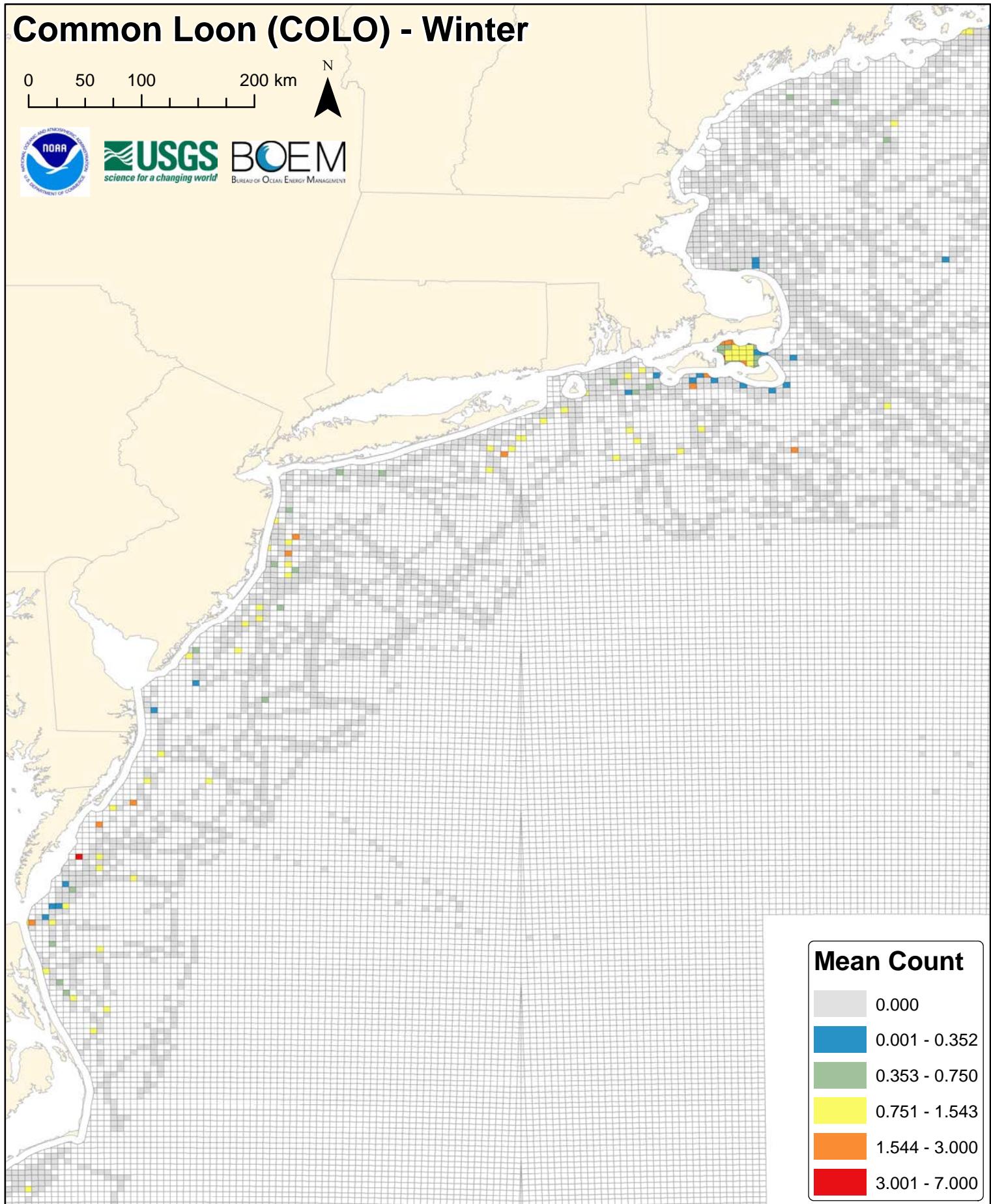
Common Loon (COLO) - Winter

0 50 100 200 km

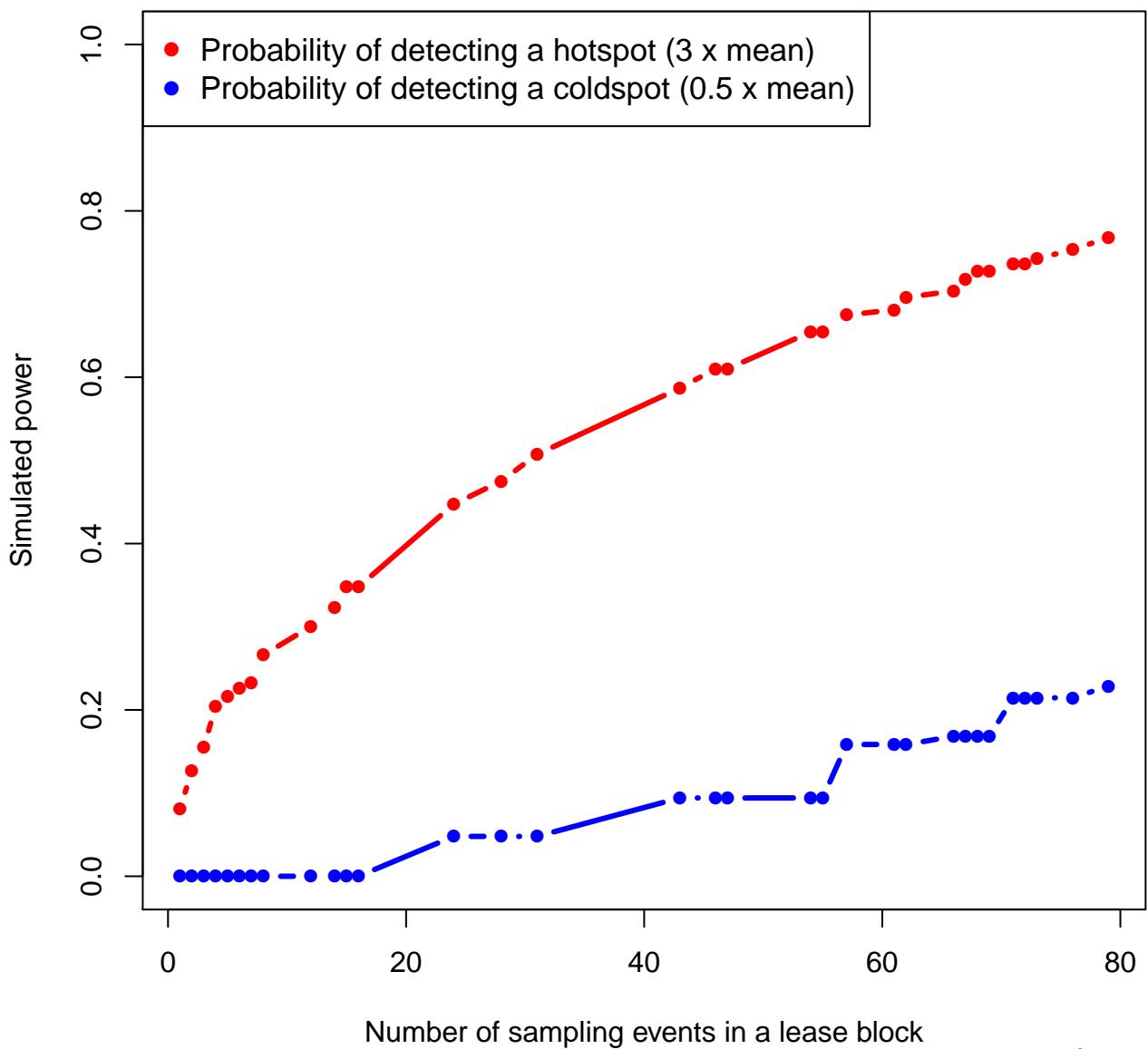


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colo



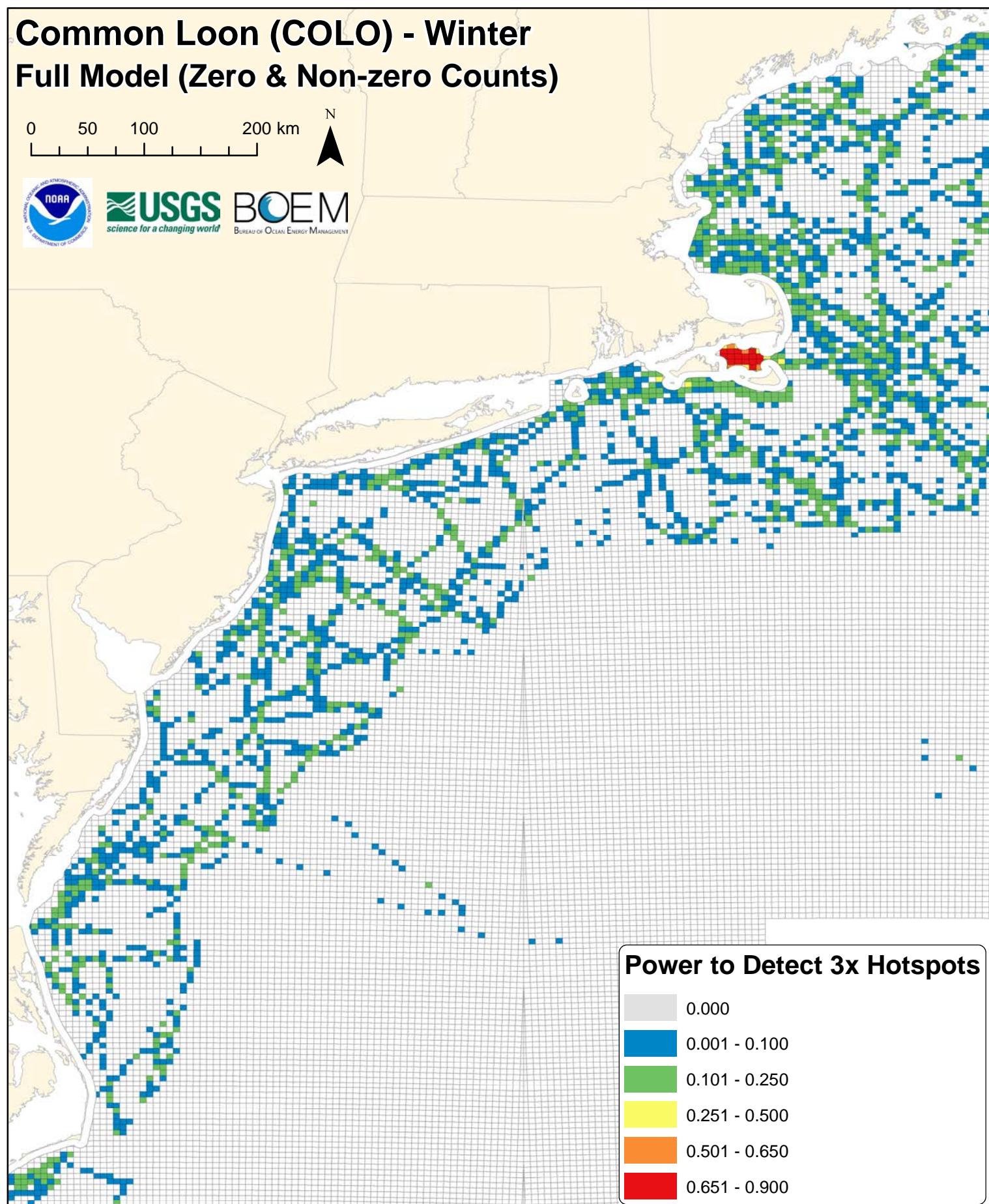
Common Loon (COLO) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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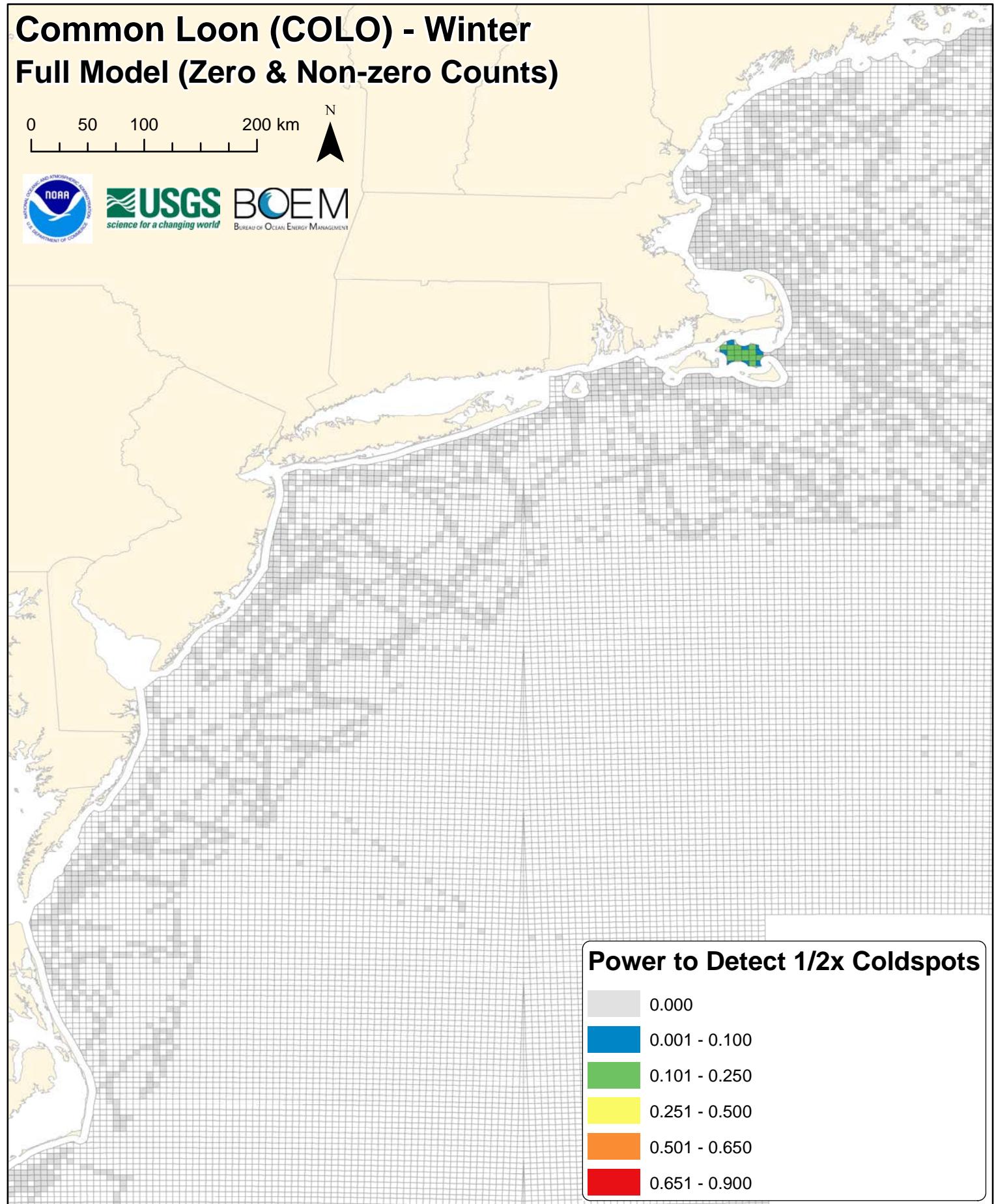
Common Loon (COLO) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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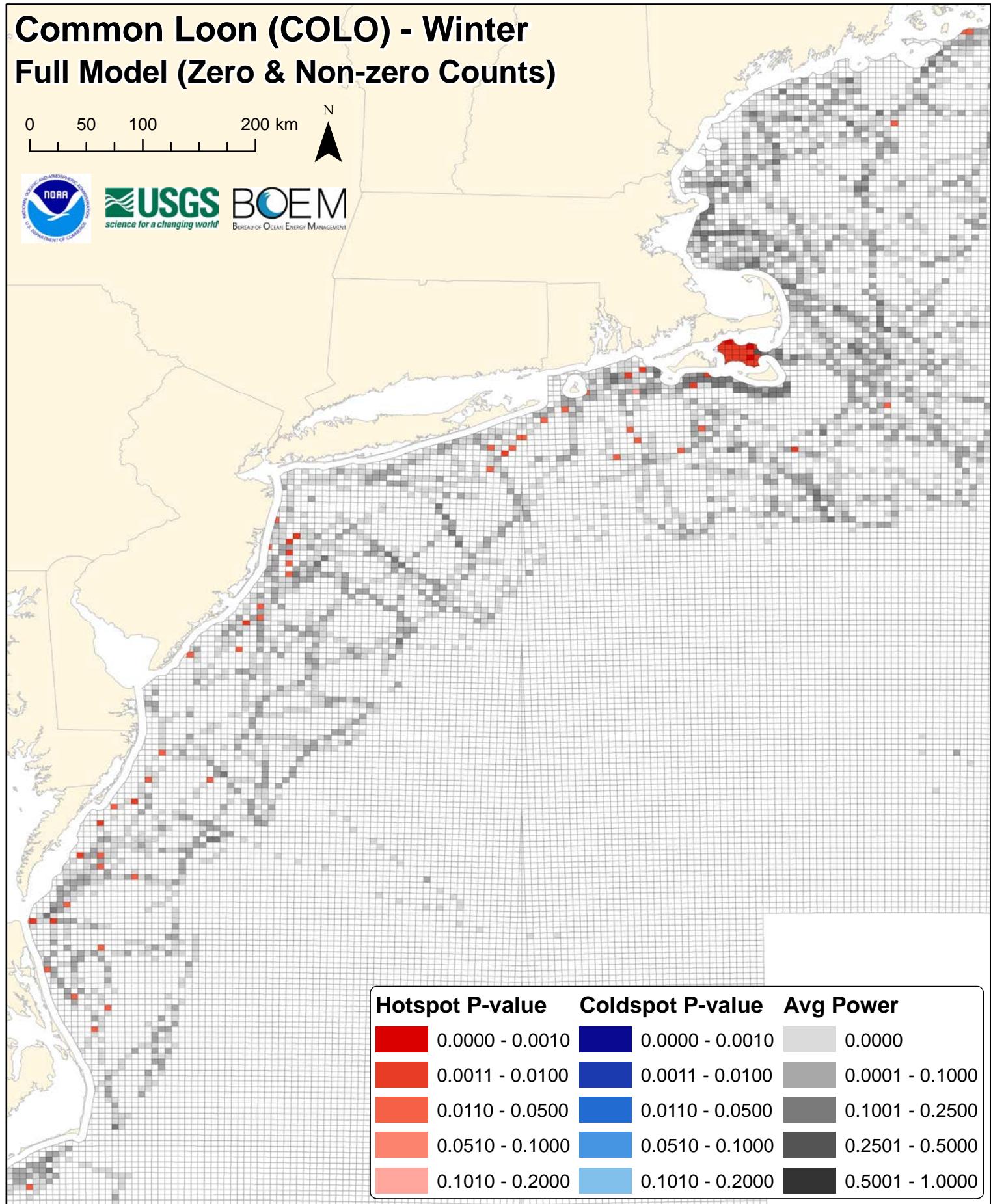
Common Loon (COLO) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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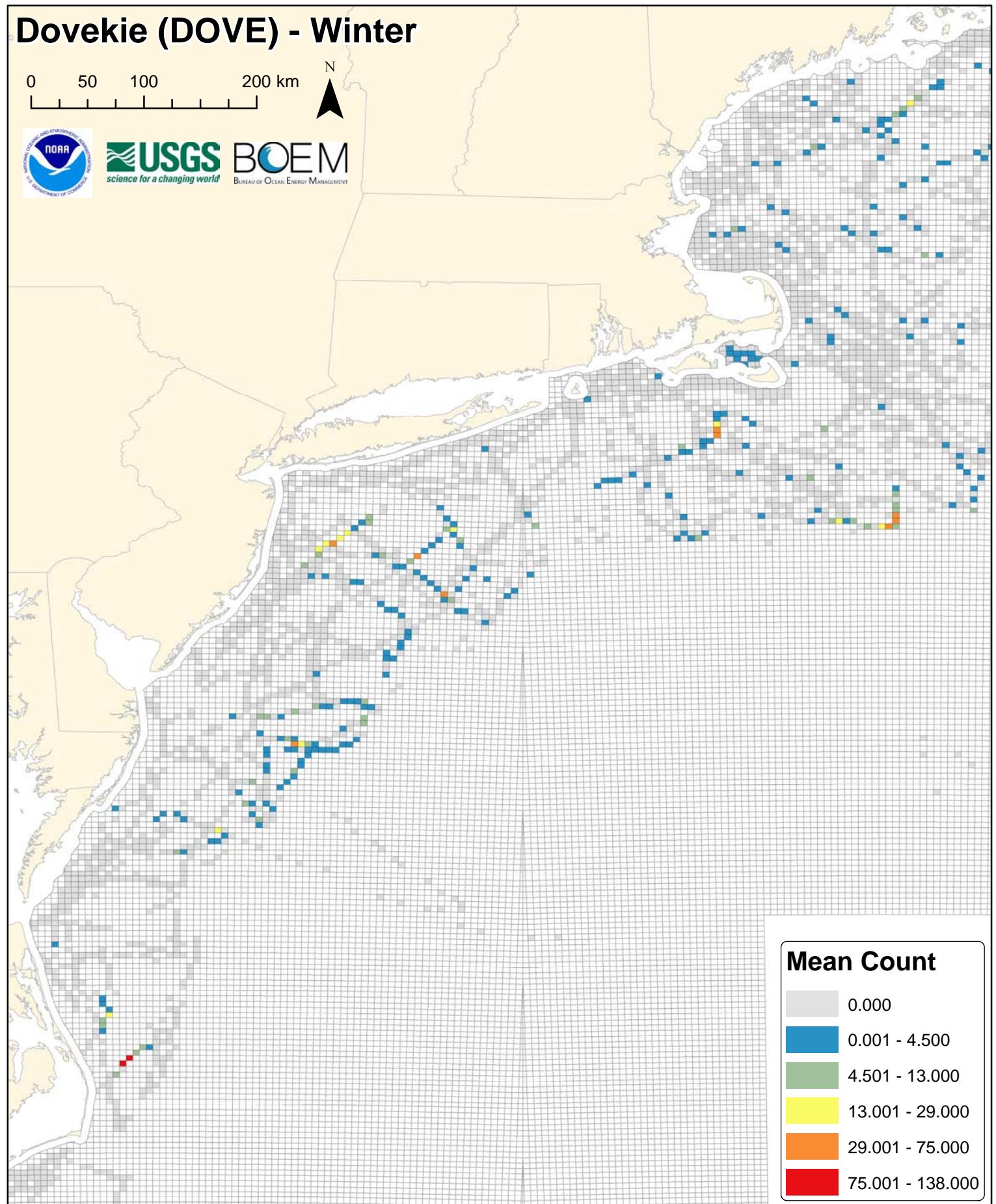
Dovekie (DOVE) - Winter

0 50 100 200 km



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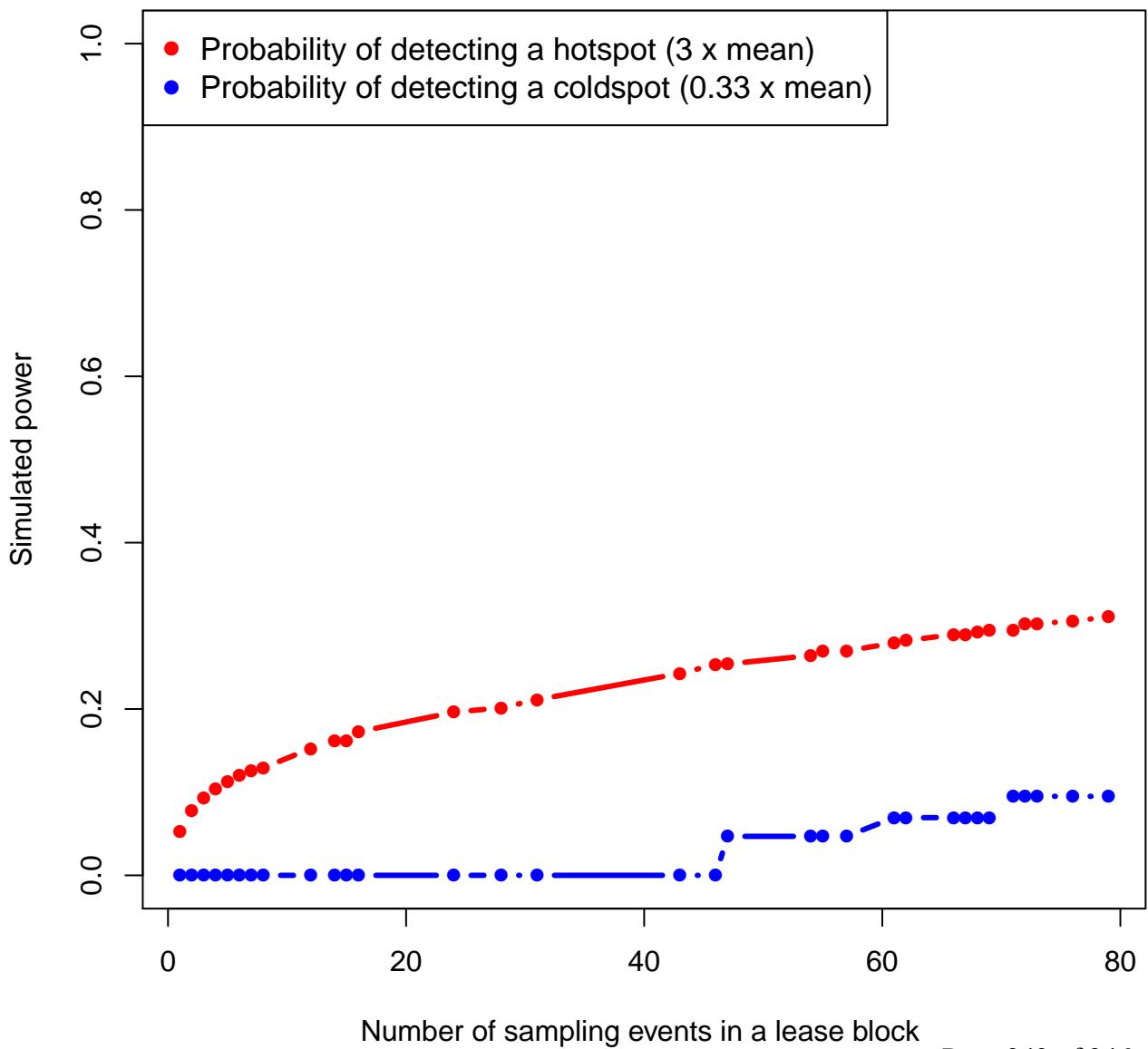
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Mean Count

0.000
0.001 - 4.500
4.501 - 13.000
13.001 - 29.000
29.001 - 75.000
75.001 - 138.000

dove



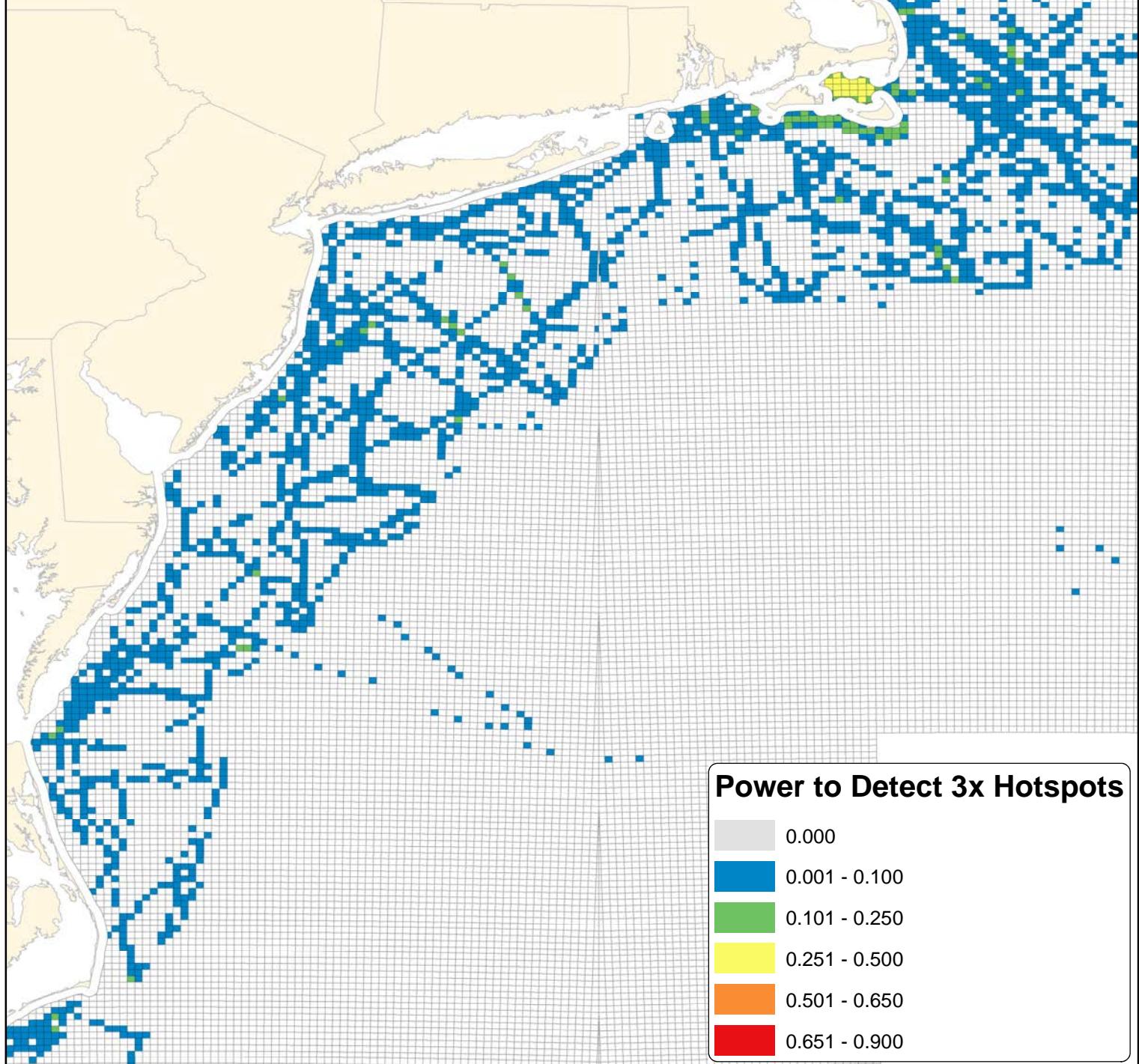
Dovekie (DOVE) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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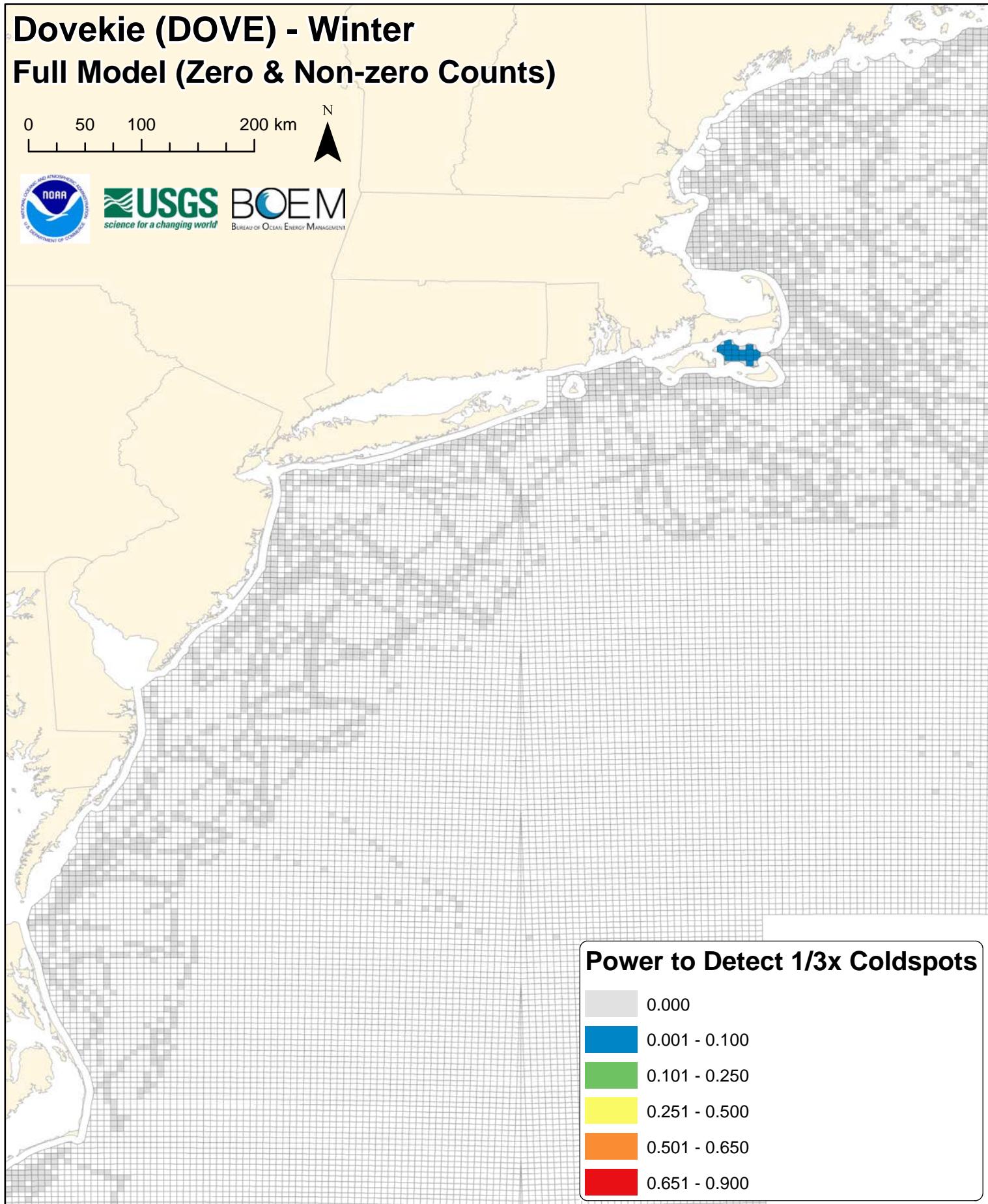
Dovekie (DOVE) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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Dovekie (DOVE) - Winter Full Model (Zero & Non-zero Counts)

0 50 100 200 km



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